City of Oakland

FY 2019-20 Fourth Quarter FY 2020-21 First Quarter Revenues & Expenditures

Presenters

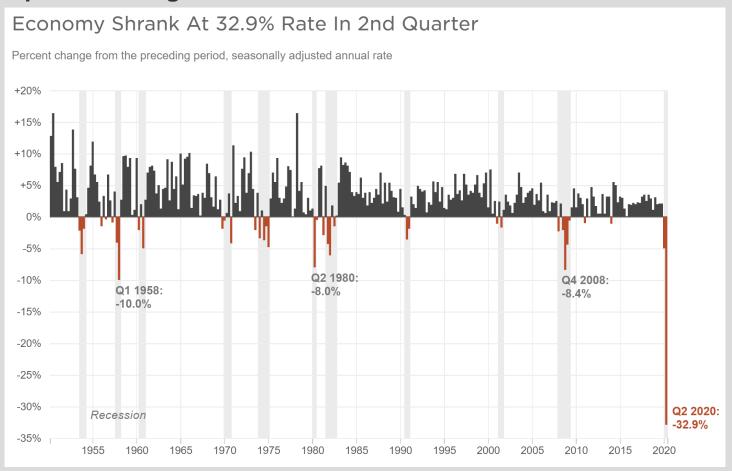
Margaret O'Brien, Interim Finance Director Lisa Agustin, Budget Administrator Rogers Agaba, Interim Revenue & Tax Administrator Bradley Johnson, Assistant Budget Administrator

December 7, 2020 Finance & Management Committee



COVID-19 Recession vs Great Recession

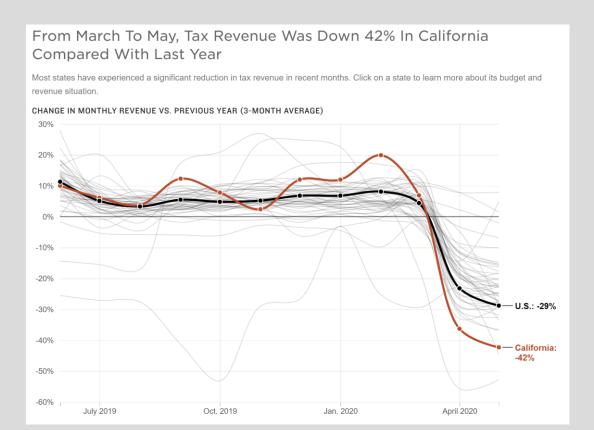
"The economic shock in April, May and June was more than three times as sharp as the previous record — 10% in 1958 — and nearly four times the worst quarter during the Great Recession."



Source: NPR, Bureau of Economic Analysis



COVID-19 Impact on State Revenue



"In January, California was projecting a \$5.6 billion surplus, but the pandemic quickly transformed that into a \$54 billion deficit. The Golden State tried a little bit of everything to help stanch the fiscal bleeding: lawmakers canceled new spending, drew from the state's rainy-day fund and limited tax breaks for large and medium-sized businesses."

Source: NPR, Urban Institute's State and Local Finance Initiative



COVID-19 Impact on City Finances

"The sudden, deep and all-encompassing crisis and ensuing economic decline has left city budgets with gaping revenue losses and unexpected expenses."

Lansing, Michigan expects to lose \$6-10 \$3-4 million cut \$1-5 million million in state revenue sharing payments. in income tax in expenses.4 As a result, the city revenues will need to... Longmont, Colorado faces a shortfall of \$15.3 and will have to tap into reserves to manage million costs associated with the pandemic.5 Corpus Christi, Texas estimates a loss between \$14-21 million.6 Evanston, Illinois expects to lose primarily from lost sales \$10.6 tax revenue and parking million ticket revenue.7 Detroit, Michigan projects that it will lose \$194 in Fiscal Year 2021.8 million Lakeland, Florida plans to eliminate \$10.2 from its budget.9 million

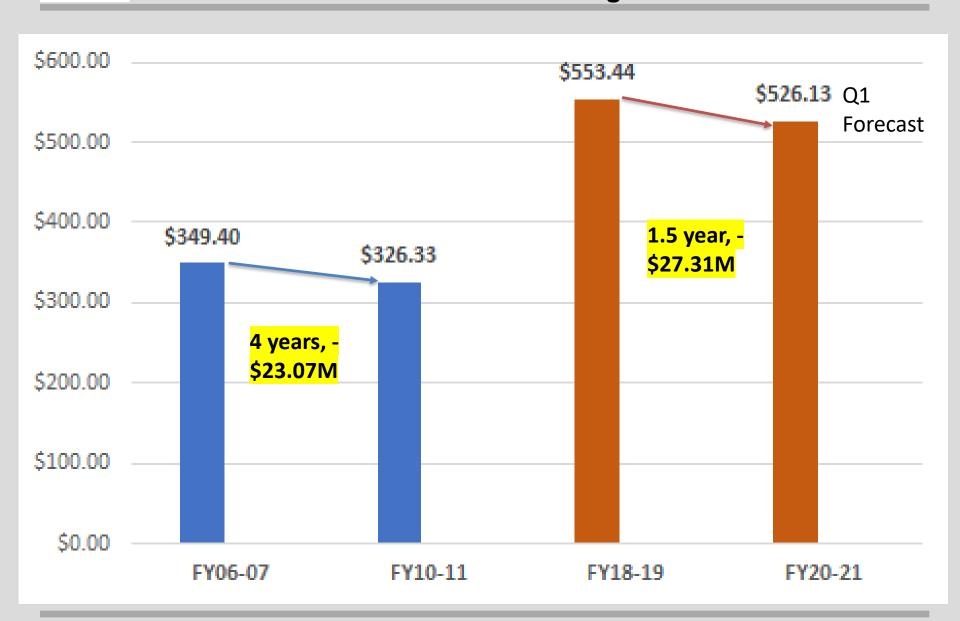
\$360 Billion Projected Revenue Loss for Cities, Towns, and Villages



Source: National League of Cities



Oakland GPF Tax Revenues, Great Recession v. Covid-19, Peak to Trough





Local impact of COVID-19?

- Sudden and Severe Revenue shortfalls
 - ☐ Hundreds of local businesses shuttered unemployment rate skyrocketed
 - Oakland Unemployment Rate¹: October 2019:
 3.20% vs. October 2020: 10.00% (3x increase)
 - ☐ Consumer and business spending expected to drop significantly and lead to key revenue sources to come in well below forecasts
 - Business Tax: -\$4.75 million (-5.4%)
 - Transient Occupancy Tax: -\$5.44 million (-3.4%)
 - Parking Tax: -\$3.28 million (-3.7%)
 - It is anticipated that there will be further forecasted reductions at the Second Quarter analysis due to the County move into the purple category of the tiered system.

¹Source: <u>CA EDD, Local Area Unemployment Statistics</u>:



Stimulus Funding

CARES Act Funding- City's award \$36.99M spent in accordance with Resolution No. 88274

- \$26.9M External Community Programming & Grants
- \$10M Internal City COVID-19 Costs²

FEMA – The City assumed \$3.6M reimbursement in current fiscal year budget.

Receipt of this revenue is highly speculative and uncertain

²\$5.42M will be transferred to OFD from OIT, the same value in OFD GPF appropriation will be transferred to complete OAKWIFI Project



FY 2019-20 Year-End Results

General Purpose Fund

Actions Already Taken:

- Suspend transfers to reserves
- Releasing part-time employees
- Instituting a selective hiring freeze

FY 2019-20	Beginning Fund Balance - Audited	\$ 97.86
	Revenue	\$ 630.92
	Expenditures	\$ 683.25
	Estimated Current Year Surplus/(Shortfall)	\$ (52.33)
	Subtotal Fund Balance	\$ 45.53
	FY19-20 / FY20-21 Obligated Fund Balance	\$ (25.28)
	Designated / Mandated Reserves	\$ (50.67)
	Estimated Ending Available Fund Balance	\$ (30.42)

	Beginning Fund Balance - Estimated	\$ (30.42)
FY 2020-21	Revenue	\$ 630.46
	Expenditures	\$ 662.33
	Estimated Ending Available Fund Balance	\$ (62.29)

<u>Immediate, aggressive, corrective action is required to bring current fiscal year into balance.</u>



GPF Expenditure Year-End Results

Department		Adjusted Budget (Q4 less CF)		Q4 Year-End Actuals		Year-End (Over) / Under Budget	
FY 2019-20 Expenditures	\$	656.36	\$	683.25	\$	(26.89)	
MAYOR	\$	3.74	\$	2.92	\$	0.81	
CITY COUNCIL	\$	5.98	\$	5.66	\$	0.32	
CITY ADMINISTRATOR		16.39	\$	16.05	\$	0.34	
CITY ATTORNEY	\$	13.53	\$	14.09	\$	(0.56)	
CITY AUDITOR	\$	2.27	\$	2.36	\$	(0.08)	
CITY CLERK	\$	2.11	\$	1.89	\$	0.22	
POLICE COMMISSION	\$	4.13	\$	2.99	\$	1.14	
PUBLIC ETHICS COMMISSION	\$	1.16	\$	1.24	\$	(0.08)	
FINANCE DEPARTMENT	\$	26.68	\$	25.92	\$	0.76	
INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY	\$	10.61	\$	10.50	\$	0.12	
RACE & EQUITY	\$	0.64	\$	0.76	\$	(0.12)	
HUMAN RESOURCES	\$	6.57	\$	7.14	\$	(0.57)	
DEPARTMENT OF VIOLENCE PREVENTION	\$	0.63	\$	0.47	\$	0.17	
POLICE DEPARTMENT	\$	287.59	\$	319.77	\$	(32.18)	
FIRE DEPARTMENT	\$	164.91	\$	162.91	\$	1.99	
OAKLAND PUBLIC LIBRARY	\$	12.96	\$	13.04	\$	(0.07)	
PARKS & RECREATION	\$	13.61	\$	13.46	\$	0.15	
HUMAN SERVICES	\$	16.21	\$	15.37	\$	0.84	
ECONOMIC & WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT	\$	5.30	\$	5.04	\$	0.26	
HOUSING & COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT		0.13	\$	0.01	\$	0.12	
PLANNING & BUILDING		0.06	\$	0.06	\$	_	
OAKLAND PUBLIC WORKS		4.24	\$	4.30	\$	(0.05)	
TRANSPORTATION		10.97	\$	10.23	\$	0.74	
NON-DEPARTMENTAL	\$	44.67	\$	46.10	\$	(1.42)	
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM	\$	1.26	\$	0.97	\$	0.28	

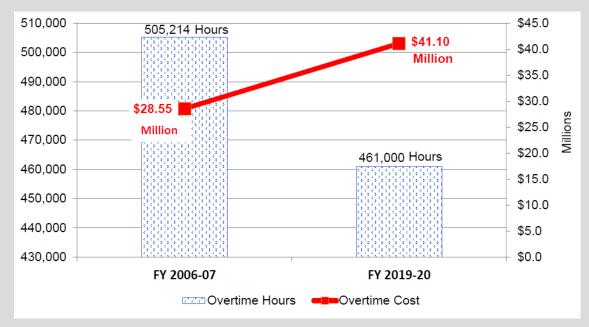


Police Expenditures

Police overspending is due to:

- "The City Still Does Not Realistically Budget for Police Overtime Costs" -City Auditor's Finding from 2019.
- The budget for Police overtime has not grown with negotiated wage increases.

Police Overtime Hours & Cost



- Additional filled officer positions not allocated to patrol, thus not reducing OT. Instead they
 are allocated to non-patrol units e.g. (Ceasefire, Homelessness, Walking Officers, Criminal
 Investigations).
- Increased demand for services from the protests and recent spike in violent crime.



Police Expenditures

Reducing police expenditures will REQUIRE a reduction to the services.

This will likely require some combination of:

- Longer 911 response times to resident calls
- Slower and fewer criminal investigations operations
- Eliminating specialized / dedicated units like traffic enforcement, foot patrols, crime reduction teams, ceasefire teams, and community resource officers
- Reduced responses to events such as side shows and other special enforcement activities



Contextualizing the Projected Shortfall

\$62M ≈



<u>400</u> Civilian FTE

\$62M >



Total Sales Tax Revenues in FY 2018-19

\$62M ≈



260 Sworn FTE

\$62M > GPF Budgets for EWD, DOT, Libraries, OPRYD, DVP, and HSD Combined \$62M >



Total Hotel Tax, Parking Tax, Parking Citations Revenues in FY 2018-19

Equivalent to 10% of the total Adopted Midcycle GPF Budget.



What has changed since this analysis?

THE CONDITIONS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE REVENUE SHORTFALL HAVE WORSENED

- Alameda County was in Category "Orange" of the State's tiered warning system.
- The City is now facing a substantial shutdown of local businesses for most of December.
- Uncertainty of depth of the additional damage to revenues.



CORRECTIVE ACTION IS REQUIRED

Actions Already Taken

Suspend transfers to reserves, Releasing part-time employees, & Instituting a selective hiring freeze

Possible Future Actions

- Deferral of upcoming City employee wage increases (requires negotiation)
- Wage reductions for City employees (requires negotiation)
- Increase employee share of City benefit costs (requires negotiation)
- Service Reductions, including:
 - Slower 911 Emergency Response times
 - Reduce specialized OPD units & services
 - Close City services (e.g., operate four-day work weeks, close during holiday weeks, etc.)
 - Brownout one Fire Engine company
 - Reduce recreation programs
 - Reduce Senior Services
 - Reduce programs funded by Sugar Sweetened Beverage Tax

- Reduce Animal Care Services
- Reduce funding for Affordable Housing (unrestrict fund 1870)
- Reduce Vegetation Management in Fire Zones
- Reduce economic development efforts
- Suspend all subsidies for all workforce development programs
- Freeze all civilian vacancies (141 FTE in GPF, as of 11/16/20)

Other Cost Control Measures

Questions?