SENATE BILL

No. 420

FILED OFFICE OF THE CITY CLERK OAKLAND

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2015 MAY 14 PM 3: 49

Introduced by Senator Huff

February 25, 2015

An act to amend Section 647 of the Penal Code, relating to prostitution.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 420, as introduced, Huff. Prostitution.

Existing law provides that a person who solicits or agrees to engage in or engages in any act of prostitution is guilty of disorderly conduct, a misdemeanor.

This bill would recast these provisions and eliminate engaging in an act of prostitution from the definition of the offense. The bill would rename "prostitution" as "commercial sexual contact" for purposes of these provisions. The bill would provide that the offense is committed when (1) an individual solicits another to engage in an act of commercial sexual contact with the intent to receive compensation, money, or anything of value, and with the specific intent to so engage; (2) an individual solicits another who is 18 years of age or older to engage in an act of commercial sexual contact in exchange for the individual providing compensation, money, or anything of value to the other, or, who manifests an acceptance of an offer or solicitation by another who is 18 years of age or older to so engage, regardless of whether the offer or solicitation by the other was made by a person who also possessed the specific intent to engage in an act of commercial sexual contact; or (3) an individual solicits another who is a minor to engage in an act of commercial sexual contact in exchange for the individual providing compensation, money, or anything of value to the minor, or who manifests an acceptance of an offer or solicitation by someone who is a minor to so engage, regardless of whether the offer or solicitation by

the minor was made by a person who also possessed the specific intent to engage in an act of commercial sexual contact.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 647 of the Penal Code is amended to 2 read:

647. Except as provided in subdivision (*l*), every person who
commits any of the following acts is guilty of disorderly conduct,
a misdemeanor:

6 (a) Who An individual who solicits anyone to engage in or who 7 engages in lewd or dissolute conduct in any public place or in any 8 place open to the public or exposed to public view.

9 (b) Who solicits or who agrees to engage in or who engages in any act of prostitution. A person agrees to engage in an act of 10 prostitution when, with specific intent to so engage, he or she 11 12 manifests an acceptance of an offer or solicitation to so engage, regardless of whether the offer or solicitation was made by a person 13 who also possessed the specific intent to engage in prostitution. 14 15 No agreement to engage in an act of prostitution shall constitute 16 a violation of this subdivision unless some act, in addition to the 17 agreement, is done within this state in furtherance of the commission of an act of prostitution by the person agreeing to 18 19 engage-in that act. As used in this subdivision, "prostitution" 20 includes any lewd act between persons for money or other 21 consideration.

22 (b) (1) An individual who solicits another to engage in an act 23 of commercial sexual contact with the intent to receive 24 compensation, money, or anything of value, and with the specific 25 intent to so engage.

(2) An individual who solicits another who is 18 years of age or older, to engage in an act of commercial sexual contact in exchange for the individual providing compensation, money, or anything of value to the other, or, who manifests an acceptance of an offer or solicitation by another who is 18 years of age or older to so engage, regardless of whether the offer or solicitation by the other was made by a person who also possessed the specific interval.

33 intent to engage in an act of commercial sexual contact.

1 (3) An individual who solicits another who is a minor to engage 2 in an act of commercial sexual contact in exchange for the 3 individual providing compensation, money, or anything of value to the minor, or who manifests an acceptance of an offer or 4 5 solicitation by someone who is a minor to so engage, regardless 6 of whether the offer or solicitation by the minor was made by a 7 person who also possessed the specific intent to engage in an act 8 of commercial sexual contact. 9

(4) No manifestation of acceptance of an offer or solicitation 10 to engage in an act of commercial sexual contact shall constitute 11 a violation of this subdivision unless some act, in addition to the manifestation of acceptance, is done within this state in furtherance 12 13 of the commission of the act of commercial sexual contact by the 14 person manifesting an acceptance of an offer or solicitation to 15 engage in that act. As used in this subdivision, "commercial sexual 16 contact" includes any lewd act between persons for money or other 17 consideration.

18 (c) Who accosts other persons in any public place or in any19 place open to the public for the purpose of begging or soliciting20 alms.

(d) Who loiters in or about any toilet open to the public for the
purpose of engaging in or soliciting any lewd or lascivious or any
unlawful act.

(e) Who lodges in any building, structure, vehicle, or place,
whether public or private, without the permission of the owner or
person entitled to the possession or in control of it.

27 (f) Who is found in any public place under the influence of 28 intoxicating liquor, any drug, controlled substance, toluene, or any 29 combination of any intoxicating liquor, drug, controlled substance, 30 or toluene, in a condition that he or she is unable to exercise care 31 for his or her own safety or the safety of others, or by reason of 32 his or her being under the influence of intoxicating liquor, any 33 drug, controlled substance, toluene, or any combination of any intoxicating liquor, drug, or toluene, interferes with or obstructs 34 35 or prevents the free use of any street, sidewalk, or other public 36 wav.

(g) When a person has violated subdivision (f), a peace officer,
if he or she is reasonably able to do so, shall place the person, or
cause him or her to be placed, in civil protective custody. The
person shall be taken to a facility, designated pursuant to Section

5170 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, for the 72-hour 1 2 treatment and evaluation of inebriates. A peace officer may place 3 a person in civil protective custody with that kind and degree of 4 force which would be lawful were he or she effecting an arrest for 5 a misdemeanor without a warrant. A person who has been placed 6 in civil protective custody shall not thereafter be subject to any 7 criminal prosecution or juvenile court proceeding based on the 8 facts giving rise to this placement. This subdivision shall not apply 9 to the following persons:

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10 (1) Any person who is under the influence of any drug, or under 11 the combined influence of intoxicating liquor and any drug.

(2) Any person who a peace officer has probable cause to believe
has committed any felony, or who has committed any misdemeanor
in addition to subdivision (f).

(3) Any person who a peace officer in good faith believes will
attempt escape or will be unreasonably difficult for medical
personnel to control.

18 (h) Who loiters, prowls, or wanders upon the private property 19 of another, at any time, without visible or lawful business with the 20 owner or occupant. As used in this subdivision, "loiter" means to 21 delay or linger without a lawful purpose for being on the property 22 and for the purpose of committing a crime as opportunity may be 23 discovered.

(i) Who, while loitering, prowling, or wandering upon the private
property of another, at any time, peeks in the door or window of
any inhabited building or structure, without visible or lawful
business with the owner or occupant.

28 (j) (1) Any person who looks through a hole or opening, into, 29 or otherwise views, by means of any instrumentality, including, 30 but not limited to, a periscope, telescope, binoculars, camera, 31 motion picture camera, camcorder, or mobile phone, the interior 32 of a bedroom, bathroom, changing room, fitting room, dressing 33 room, or tanning booth, or the interior of any other area in which 34 the occupant has a reasonable expectation of privacy, with the 35 intent to invade the privacy of a person or persons inside. This subdivision shall not apply to those areas of a private business 36 37 used to count currency or other negotiable instruments.

38 (2) Any person who uses a concealed camcorder, motion picture
39 camera, or photographic camera of any type, to secretly videotape,
40 film, photograph, or record by electronic means, another,

identifiable person under or through the clothing being worn by
 that other person, for the purpose of viewing the body of, or the
 undergarments worn by, that other person, without the consent or
 knowledge of that other person, with the intent to arouse, appeal
 to, or gratify the lust, passions, or sexual desires of that person and
 invade the privacy of that other person, under circumstances in
 which the other person has a reasonable expectation of privacy.

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8 (3) (A) Any person who uses a concealed camcorder, motion 9 picture camera, or photographic camera of any type, to secretly 10 videotape, film, photograph, or record by electronic means, another, identifiable person who may be in a state of full or partial undress, 11 for the purpose of viewing the body of, or the undergarments worn 12 13 by, that other person, without the consent or knowledge of that 14 other person, in the interior of a bedroom, bathroom, changing 15 room, fitting room, dressing room, or tanning booth, or the interior 16 of any other area in which that other person has a reasonable 17 expectation of privacy, with the intent to invade the privacy of that 18 other person.

(B) Neither of the following is a defense to the crime specifiedin this paragraph:

(i) The defendant was a cohabitant, landlord, tenant, cotenant,
employer, employee, or business partner or associate of the victim,
or an agent of any of these.

24 (ii) The victim was not in a state of full or partial undress.

25 (4) (A) Any person who intentionally distributes the image of 26 the intimate body part or parts of another identifiable person, or an image of the person depicted engaged in an act of sexual 27 28 intercourse, sodomy, oral copulation, sexual penetration, or an 29 image of masturbation by the person depicted or in which the 30 person depicted participates, under circumstances in which the 31 persons agree or understand that the image shall remain private, 32 the person distributing the image knows or should know that 33 distribution of the image will cause serious emotional distress, and 34 the person depicted suffers that distress.

(B) A person intentionally distributes an image described in
subparagraph (A) when he or she personally distributes the image,
or arranges, specifically requests, or intentionally causes another
person to distribute that image.

39 (C) As used in this paragraph, "intimate body part" means any 40 portion of the genitals, the anus and in the case of a female, also 1 includes any portion of the breasts below the top of the areola, that

2 is either uncovered or clearly visible through clothing.

3 (D) It shall not be a violation of this paragraph to distribute an 4 image described in subparagraph (A) if any of the following 5 applies:

6 (i) The distribution is made in the course of reporting an 7 unlawful activity.

8 (ii) The distribution is made in compliance with a subpoena or 9 other court order for use in a legal proceeding.

10 (iii) The distribution is made in the course of a lawful public 11 proceeding.

(5) This subdivision shall not preclude punishment under anysection of law providing for greater punishment.

14 (k) In any accusatory pleading charging a violation of 15 subdivision (b), if the defendant has been once previously convicted 16 of a violation of that subdivision, the previous conviction shall be 17 charged in the accusatory pleading. If the previous conviction is 18 found to be true by the jury, upon a jury trial, or by the court, upon a court trial, or is admitted by the defendant, the defendant shall 19 20 be imprisoned in a county jail for a period of not less than 45 days 21 and shall not be eligible for release upon completion of sentence, 22 on probation, on parole, on work furlough or work release, or on 23 any other basis until he or she has served a period of not less than 24 45 days in a county jail. In all cases in which probation is granted, 25 the court shall require as a condition thereof that the person be confined in a county jail for at least 45 days. In no event does the 26 27 court have the power to absolve a person who violates this 28 subdivision from the obligation of spending at least 45 days in 29 confinement in a county jail. 30 In any accusatory pleading charging a violation of subdivision (b), if the defendant has been previously convicted two or more 31

32 times of a violation of that subdivision, each of these previous convictions shall be charged in the accusatory pleading. If two or 33 more of these previous convictions are found to be true by the jury, 34 35 upon a jury trial, or by the court, upon a court trial, or are admitted by the defendant, the defendant shall be imprisoned in a county 36 37 jail for a period of not less than 90 days and shall not be eligible 38 for release upon completion of sentence, on probation, on parole, 39 on work furlough or work release, or on any other basis until he 40 or she has served a period of not less than 90 days in a county jail.

1 In all cases in which probation is granted, the court shall require

as a condition thereof that the person be confined in a county jailfor at least 90 days. In no event does the court have the power to

4 absolve a person who violates this subdivision from the obligation

5 of spending at least 90 days in confinement in a county jail.

6 In addition to any punishment prescribed by this section, a court 7 may suspend, for not more than 30 days, the privilege of the person 8 to operate a motor vehicle pursuant to Section 13201.5 of the 9 Vehicle Code for any violation of subdivision (b) that was 10 committed within 1,000 feet of a private residence and with the use of a vehicle. In lieu of the suspension, the court may order a 11 12 person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle restricted, for not 13 more than six months, to necessary travel to and from the person's 14 place of employment or education. If driving a motor vehicle is 15 necessary to perform the duties of the person's employment, the court may also allow the person to drive in that person's scope of 16 17 employment.

(*l*) (1) A second or subsequent violation of subdivision (j) is
punishable by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one
year, or by a fine not exceeding two thousand dollars (\$2,000), or
by both that fine and imprisonment.

(2) If the victim of a violation of subdivision (j) was a minor at
the time of the offense, the violation is punishable by imprisonment
in a county jail not exceeding one year, or by a fine not exceeding
two thousand dollars (\$2,000), or by both that fine and
imprisonment.

27 (m) (1) If a crime is committed in violation of subdivision (b) 28 and the person who was solicited was a minor at the time of the 29 offense, and if the defendant knew or should have known that the 30 person who was solicited was a minor at the time of the offense, 31 the violation is punishable by imprisonment in a county jail for 32 not less than two days and not more than one year, or by a fine not 33 exceeding ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or by both that fine and 34 imprisonment.

(2) The court may, in unusual cases, when the interests of justice
 are best served, reduce or eliminate the mandatory two days of
 imprisonment in a county jail required by this subdivision. If the

court reduces or eliminates the mandatory two days' imprisonment,
 the court shall specify the reason on the record.

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Approved as to Form and Legality DRAFT

City Attorney's Office

2015 MAY 14 PM 3: 40 AKLAND CITY COUNCIL

Resolution No.

C.M.S.

INTRODUCED BY COUNCIL PRESIDENT LYNETTE GIBSON MCELHANEY AND COUNCILMEMBER ABEL GUILLEN

ADOPT A RESOLUTION IN SUPPORT OF CALIFORNIA SENATE BILL 420 (HUFF) WHICH WOULD CLEARLY DISTINGUISH THE "SELLER" FROM THE "PURCHASER" OF SEX WITH MINORS IN THE STATE PENALTY CODE. IN ORDER TO ENABLE BETTER DATA COLLECTION AND TRACKING, AND THUS BETTER SHAPE POLICIES TO REDUCE THE DEMAND FOR SEX.

WHEREAS, Oakland has been identified by the Federal Bureau of Investigations as a large hub of sexual exploitation and human trafficking; and

WHEREAS, for many years, the Oakland Police Department, the Department of Human Services, Oakland Unified School District, and non-profit service providers, and community leaders have been working to prevent trafficking through education and advocacy, and have been providing intervention services for victims; and

WHEREAS, however, these partners recognize that their efforts are not reducing the demand for the purchasing of sex, and have called on elected leaders to change the laws to address that demand; and

WHEREAS, in order to better understand the demand for sex with children and adults, accurate data must be made available on the numbers of offenses for buyers and sellers of sex; and

WHEREAS, California State Law does not distinguish between persons who sell people for sexual acts and persons who buy sexual acts; and

WHEREAS, Senate Bill 420 divides Penal Code Section 6.47B into three separate sections in order to more accurately differentiate the types of crimes that are occurring; and

WHEREAS, such a differentiation will allow for better data collection on these types of crimes so that policy makers, law enforcement, and service providers have better data to understand the problem in order to propose solutions to end sexual exploitation; and

WHEREAS, Senate Bill 420 would provide that the offense is committed when (1) an individual solicits another to engage in an act of commercial sexual contact with the intent to receive compensation, money, or anything of value, and with the specific intent to so engage; (2) an individual solicits another who is 18

years of age or older to engage in an act of commercial sexual contact in exchange for the individual providing compensation, money, or anything of value to the other, or, who manifests an acceptance of an offer or solicitation by another who is 18 years of age or older to so engage, regardless of whether the offer or solicitation by the other was made by a person who also possessed the specific intent to engage in an act of commercial sexual contact; or (3) an individual solicits another who is a minor to engage in an act of commercial sexual contact in exchange for the individual providing compensation, money, or anything of value to the minor, or who manifests an acceptance of an offer or solicitation by someone who is a minor to so engage, regardless of whether the offer or solicitation by; and

WHEREAS, on May 4, 2015 the California State Senate unanimously approved SB 420; and

WHEREAS,; and now therefore be it

RESOLVED: that the City Council of Oakland strongly supports the passage of Senate Bill 420.

IN COUNCIL, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, PASSED BY THE FOLLOWING VOTE:

AYES - BROOKS, CAMPBELL-WASHINGTON, GALLO, GUILLEN, KALB, KAPLAN, REID AND PRESIDENT GIBSON MCELHANEY

NOES – ABSENT – ABSTENTION –

ATTEST:

LATONDA SIMMONS City Clerk and Clerk of the Council of the City of Oakland, California