CITY OF OAKLAND BILL ANALYSIS

Date: April 28th, 2011

Bill Number: SB 729 Good Faith Modifications before Foreclosures

Bill Author: Senator Mark Leno and Darrell Steinberg

DEPARTMENT INFORMATION

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RECOMMENDED POSITION: STRONG SUPPORT

Summary of the Bill

California Senate Bill 729 would require that lenders evaluate a timely loan modification request and provide the homeowner with a clear denial before beginning the foreclosure process with the Notice of Default. This is intended to stop the lender from double tracking the loan modification process with the foreclosure process, which has been said to sometimes result in a premature foreclosure on an otherwise qualified loan modification candidate. Under SB 729, lenders must attach a detailed Notice of Compliance. defined in bill as introduced, to the Notice of Default that attests to ownership of the note.

If the lender fails to comply with SB 729, the trustee sale can be stopped by the homeowner. If it's too late because the property was already sold to a bona fide purchaser at trustee sale or as REO, then the lender can be held liable for triple the homeowner's actual damages or \$15,000, which ever is greater, as well as attorneys fees and costs. SB 729 will help homeowners in default who might have their loan modification cut short by a premature foreclosure sale, and will also help many other defaulting homeowners by delaying the foreclosure start, allowing them to stay in their home longer.

Positive Factors for Oakland

The City of Oakland has long been a leader fighting against predatory lending practices and ensuring our residents are provided every tool possible to prevent foreclosures. Like many urban cities, Oakland has been negatively impacted by the increase in foreclosures which wreak havoc on our residents, working families and the community. SB 729 will act to keep our residents in their homes, and mitigate the effects foreclosure has had in our communities.

This bill requires loan medications be provided as an option in the case of otherwise preventable foreclosures, and that servicers to give struggling borrowers who apply for a loan modification a "yes" or "no" answer before starting the formal foreclosure process. This modest but important



requirement will prevent avoidable foreclosures of residential properties when a loan modification or other alternative is a viable and economically desirable option for both the borrower and the holder of the loan.

Negative Factors for Oakland

None noted

PLEASE RATE THE EFFECT OF THIS MEASURE ON THE CITY OF OAKLAND:

Critical (top priority for City lobbyist, city position required ASAP)

x Very Important (priority for City lobbyist, city position necessary)

Somewhat Important (City position desirable if time and resources are available)

Minimal or ____ None (do not review with City Council, position not required)

Known support:

Alliance of Californians for Community Empowerment (ACCE) California Reinvestment Coalition (CRC) People Improvi8ng Communities through Organizing (PICO) California Service Employees international Union (SEIU)

Known Opposition:

There is no known opposition at this time.

Attach bill text and state/federal legislative committee analysis, if available.

Respectfully Submitted,

Rebecca Kaplan Council Member At Large

Approved for Forwarding to Rules Committee

Office of City Administrator

Item: _____ Rules & Legislation Comte. Date xx, 2010 Introduced by Senators Leno and Steinberg (Principal coauthor: Assembly Member Feuer) (Coauthors: Senators DeSaulnier, Hancock, Liu, and Wolk) (Coauthors: Assembly Members Davis, Dickinson, and Monning)

February 18, 2011

An act to amend Sections 2923.5 and 2924b of, to amend and repeal Section 2924 of, and to add Sections 2923.4, 2923.5, 2923.7, 2923.73, 2923.74, and 2923.75 to, the Civil Code, relating to mortgages.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 729, as introduced, Leno. Mortgages and deeds of trust: foreclosure.

Existing state and federal law regulate the terms and conditions of mortgages and deeds of trust secured by real property. Existing state law requires, upon a breach of the obligation of a mortgage or deed of trust secured by real property, that the trustee, mortgagee, or beneficiary record a notice of default in the office of the county recorder where the mortgaged or trust property is situated and mail the notice of default to the mortgagor or trustor, among other acts, prior to exercising a power of sale. Existing state law, until January 1, 2013, prohibits the filing of a notice of default on a mortgage or deed of trust, as specified, secured by owner-occupied real property, as defined, until 30 days after specified parties contact the borrower or 30 days after satisfying due diligence requirements in this regard.

This bill would prohibit a mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent from recording a notice of default unless that party makes reasonable and good faith efforts to evaluate the borrower for all available loss mitigation options to avoid foreclosure. The bill would prohibit a mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent from recording a notice of default on residential mortgages and deeds of trust, as defined, until various notice requirements and other requirements regarding loan modifications are fulfilled. The bill would include among these requirements informing the borrower of the deadline for applying for a loan modification, which would be prohibited from being earlier than a specified date. The bill would prohibit a mortgagee, trustee, or beneficiary from recording a notice of default on a residential mortgage or deed of trust if a borrower who is eligible for a loan modification submits an application, as specified, unless the mortgagee, trustee, or beneficiary has, in good faith, reviewed the application, rendered a decision on the application, and sent the borrower a denial explanation letter. The bill would provide a process for reviewing a mortgage loan modification application, which would depend, in part, on whether the lender is participating in the federal Making Home Affordable Modification Program. The bill would except certain borrowers from these requirements. The bill would require that a borrower who initiates an application for a loan modification according to the procedures of the mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized agent, and who is denied a loan modification, to receive a denial explanation letter stating the reason or reasons for the denial, as specified.

The bill would require a mortgage servicer, as defined, to whom the provisions described above apply, to perform specified actions as part of foreclosing on a residential mortgage or deed of trust, including compiling a record documenting compliance with those provisions, which would be signed, certified, and transmitted to the foreclosure trustee or authorized agent. The bill would require the declaration of compliance to be included or attached to every notice of default recorded, as specified, and a notice of default recorded without the compliance declaration would be void. The bill would prescribe a form for the declaration and would require that the declaration substantially comply with it. The bill would permit an eligible borrower to enjoin a trustee sale if provisions of the bill are not satisfied, and would authorize a borrower to recover damages, attorney's fees, and costs, as specified, if the property is sold without compliance with the bill's requirements. The bill would permit the Attorney General to enforce these provisions. The bill would also establish other penalties for certain acts, including for a false declaration of a lost note representing a mortgage or deed of trust. The bill would provide that any person licensed by the State of California who violates the bill's provisions is deemed to have violated that person's licensing law. The bill would require certain information

to be recorded with a notice of default and to be provided with the notice of default sent to a borrower.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 2923.4 is added to the Civil Code, to 2 read:

3 2923.4. A mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent 4 shall not record a notice of default pursuant to Section 2924 unless 5 the mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent makes 6 reasonable and good faith efforts to evaluate the borrower for all 7 available loss mitigation options to avoid foreclosure. 8 Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, this section shall not be 9 construed to require a mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized 10 agent to act in a manner inconsistent with the terms of any 11 applicable contract for the servicing of the loan at issue.

12 SEC. 2. Section 2923.5 of the Civil Code is amended to read: 13 2923.5. (a) (1) A mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized 14 agent-may shall not-file record a notice of default pursuant to 15 Section 2924 until 30 days after initial contact is made as required by paragraph (2) or 30 days after satisfying the due diligence 16 17 requirements as described in subdivision (g), and until the 18 requirements of Section 2923.7, if applicable, have been satisfied. 19 (2) A mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized agent shall contact 20 the borrower in person or by telephone in order to assess the 21 borrower's financial situation and explore options for the borrower 22 to avoid foreclosure. During the initial contact, the mortgagee, 23 beneficiary, or authorized agent shall advise the borrower that he 24 or she has the right to request a subsequent meeting and, if 25 requested, the mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized agent shall schedule the meeting to occur within 14 days. The assessment of 26 27 the borrower's financial situation and discussion of options may 28 occur during the first contact, or at the subsequent meeting 29 scheduled for that purpose. In either case, the borrower shall be 30 provided the toll-free telephone number made available by the 31 United States Department of Housing and Urban Development 32 (HUD) to find a HUD-certified housing counseling agency, and, 33 if applicable, a deadline for the borrower to submit an initial

1 application for a loan modification and receive the associated

2 protections of state law, which shall be at least 45 days after the

3 *date the of initial telephonic or in-person contact.* Any meeting 4 may occur telephonically.

5 (b) A notice of default-filed *recorded* pursuant to Section 2924 6 shall include-a-declaration-that-the-mortgagee, beneficiary, or 7 authorized-agent-has-contacted-the-borrower, has-tried-with-due

8 diligence-to-contact-the-borrower-as-required-by-this-section,-or

9 that-uo-contact-was-required-pursuant-to-subdivision-(h) the

10 declaration of compliance described in Section 2923.74.

(c) If a mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent had
already filed the notice of default prior to the enactment of this
section and did not subsequently file a notice of rescission, then
the mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent shall, as
part of the notice of sale filed pursuant to Section 2924f, include
a declaration that either:

(1) States that the borrower was contacted to assess theborrower's financial situation and to explore options for theborrower to avoid foreclosure.

20 (2) Lists the efforts made, if any, to contact the borrower in the 21 event no contact was made.

(d) A mortgagee's, beneficiary's, or authorized agent's loss
mitigation personnel may participate by telephone during any
contact required by this section.

(e) For purposes of this section, a "borrower" shall include amortgagor or trustor.

27 (f) A borrower may designate, with consent given in writing, a 28 HUD-certified housing counseling agency, attorney, or other 29 advisor to discuss with the mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized 30 agent, on the borrower's behalf, the borrowers financial situation 31 and options for the borrower to avoid foreclosure. That contact made at the direction of the borrower shall satisfy the contact 32 33 requirements of paragraph (2) of subdivision (a). Any loan 34 modification or workout plan offered at the meeting by the 35 mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized agent is subject to approval by the borrower. 36

(g) A-Subject to the requirements of Section 2923.7, a notice
of default may be-filed recorded pursuant to Section 2924 when
a mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized agent has not contacted a
borrower as required by paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) provided

1 that the failure to contact the borrower occurred despite the due

2 diligence of the mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized agent. For

3 purposes of this section, "due diligence" shall require and mean4 all of the following:

5 (1) A mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized agent shall first 6 attempt to contact a borrower by sending a first-class letter that 7 includes the *following:*

8 (A) The toll-free telephone number made available by HUD to 9 find a HUD-certified housing counseling agency.

10 (B) If applicable, a deadline for the borrower to submit an initial 11 application for a loan modification and receive the associated 12 protections of state law, which shall be at least 45 days after the 13 date of this letter or 45 days after the date the mortgagee, 14 beneficiary, or authorized agent made initial contact with the 15 borrower pursuant to paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 16 2923.5, whichever is earlier

17 (2) (A) After the letter has been sent, the mortgagee,
18 beneficiary, or authorized agent shall attempt to contact the
19 borrower by telephone at least three times at different hours and
20 on different days. Telephone calls shall be made to the primary
21 telephone number on file.

(B) A mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized agent may attempt
 to contact a borrower using an automated system to dial borrowers,
 provided that, if the telephone call is answered, the call is
 connected to a live representative of the mortgagee, beneficiary,
 or authorized agent.

(C) A mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized agent satisfies the
telephone contact requirements of this paragraph if it determines,
after attempting contact pursuant to this paragraph, that the
borrower's primary telephone number and secondary telephone
number or numbers on file, if any, have been disconnected.

32 (3) If the borrower does not respond within two weeks after the
33 telephone call requirements of paragraph (2) have been satisfied,
34 the mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized agent shall then send a
35 certified letter, with return receipt requested- *that includes:*

36 (A) The toll-free telephone number made available by HUD to 37 find a HUD-certified housing counseling agency.

38 (B) If applicable, a deadline for the borrower to submit an initial

39 application for a loan modification and receive the associated

40 protections of state law, which shall be at least 45 days after the

1 date of the letter described in paragraph (1) of subdivision (g) or

2 45 days after the date the mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized

3 agent made initial contact with the borrower pursuant to 4 paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 2923.5, whichever is 5 earlier

6 (4) The mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized agent shall provide
7 a means for the borrower to contact it in a timely manner, including
8 a toll-free telephone number that will provide access to a live
9 representative during business hours.

(5) The mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized agent has posted
a prominent link on the homepage of its Internet Web site, if any,
to the following information:

(A) Options that may be available to borrowers who are unable
to afford their mortgage payments and who wish to avoid
foreclosure, and instructions to borrowers advising them on steps
to take to explore those options.

(B) A list of financial documents borrowers should collect and
be prepared to present to the mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized
agent when discussing options for avoiding foreclosure.

(C) A toll-free telephone number for borrowers who wish to
discuss options for avoiding foreclosure with their mortgagee,
beneficiary, or authorized agent.

(D) The toll-free telephone number made available by HUD tofind a HUD-certified housing counseling agency.

(h) Subdivisions (a), (c), and (g) shall not apply if any of thefollowing occurs:

(1) The borrower has surrendered the property as evidenced by
either a letter confirming the surrender or delivery of the keys to
the property to the mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized
agent.

(2) The borrower has contracted with an organization, person,
or entity whose primary business is advising people who have
decided to leave their homes on how to extend the foreclosure
process and avoid their contractual obligations to mortgagees or
beneficiaries.

36 (3) A case has been filed by the borrower under Chapter 7, 11,
37 12, or 13 of Title 11 of the United States Code and the bankruptcy
38 court has not entered an order closing or dismissing the bankruptcy
39 case, or granting relief from a stay of foreclosure.

1 (i) This section shall apply only to mortgages or deeds of trust 2 recorded from January 1, 2003, to December 31, 2007, inclusive, 3 that are secured by owner-occupied residential real property containing no more than four dwelling units. For purposes of this 4 5 subdivision, "owner-occupied" means that the residence is the principal residence of the borrower as indicated to the lender in 6 7 loan documents.

8 (i) This section shall remain in effect only until January 1, 2013, 9 and as of that date is repealed, unless a later enacted statute, that 10 is enacted before January 1, 2013, deletes or extends that date. 11

SEC. 3. Section 2923.5 is added to the Civil Code, to read:

12 2923.5. (a) (1) A mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized 13 agent shall not record a notice of default pursuant to Section 2924 until either 46 days after contacting the borrower in writing as 14 required by paragraph (2) or until the requirements of Section 15 16 2923.7 have been satisfied, whichever is later

17 (2) Prior to recording a notice of default pursuant to Section 18 2924, a mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent shall send the borrower a certified letter, with return receipt requested, 19 20 that includes the toll-free telephone number made available by 21 HUD to find a HUD-certified housing counseling agency; and, if 22 applicable, a description of the options that may be available to 23 the borrower if he or she wishes to avoid foreclosure, and 24 instructions setting forth the steps to take to pursue those options, 25 including, if applicable, a deadline for the borrower to submit an 26 initial application for a loan modification and receive the associated 27 protections of state law, which shall be at least 45 days after the 28 date the letter is received.

29 (b) A notice of default recorded pursuant to Section 2924 shall 30 include the declaration of compliance described in Section 2923.74.

31 (c) (1) The mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized agent shall 32 provide a means for the borrower to contact it in a timely manner, 33 including a toll-free telephone number that will provide access to 34 a live representative during business hours.

35 (2) The mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized agent shall post 36 a prominent link on the homepage of its Internet Web site, if any, 37 to all of the following:

38 (A) Information about any available options for avoiding 39 foreclosure.

1 (B) A list of financial documents borrowers should collect and 2 be prepared to present to the mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized 3 agent when discussing options for avoiding foreclosure.

4 (C) Contact information for borrowers who wish to discuss 5 options for avoiding foreclosure with their mortgagee, beneficiary, 6 or authorized agent.

7 (D) The toll-free telephone number made available by HUD to 8 find a HUD-certified housing counseling agency.

9 (d) This section shall apply only to mortgages or deeds of trust 10 secured by owner-occupied residential real property containing 11 no more than four dwelling units. For purposes of this 12 subdivision, "owner-occupied" means that the residence is the 13 principal residence of the borrower as indicated to the lender in 14 the loan documents.

15 (e) This section shall go into effect on January 1, 2013.

16 SEC. 4. Section 2923.7 is added to the Civil Code, to read:

17 2923.7. (a) If an eligible borrower initiates a loan modification 18 application on or before the 90th day of delinquency on the 19 mortgage loan at issue or the 45th day after the mortgagee, trustee, 20 or beneficiary or authorized agent makes initial contact with the borrower pursuant to Section 2923.5, whichever is later, the 21 22 mortgagee, trustee, or beneficiary shall not record a notice of 23 default unless and until it has, in good faith, reviewed the 24 application, rendered a decision on the application, and sent the 25 borrower a denial explanation letter as described in Section 26 2923.73.

27 (b) If a borrower initiates an application for a loan modification 28 by the deadline described in subdivision (a), but does not include 29 all of the documentation or information the mortgagee, beneficiary, 30 or authorized agent requires in order to consider the borrower for 31 a loan modification, the mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized 32 agent shall provide the borrower with a written notice that lists any supplemental documentation or information required, and 33 34 includes the deadline for providing that documentation or 35 information, which shall not be less than 30 calendar days from 36 the date the borrower receives the notice.

37 (c) If an eligible borrower initiates a loan modification
38 application by 30 days after receiving the statutorily required copy
39 of the notice of default by certified mail, the mortgagee, trustee,
40 or beneficiary shall not record a notice of sale until 10 business

1 days after it has, in good faith, reviewed the application, rendered

2 a decision on the application, and sent the borrower a denial3 explanation letter as described in Section 2923.73.

4 (d) If the mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized agent has signed

a Making Home Affordable Servicer Participation Agreement with
the Federal National Mortgage Association or is otherwise required
to review the borrower's loan under the Making Home Affordable

to review the borrower's loan under the Making Home Affordable
Modification Program (HAMP) guidelines, compliance with
applicable HAMP rules regarding deadlines and timeframes for
the borrower to submit and complete a loan modification
application shall satisfy the requirements of this section.

(e) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary, nothing in this
section shall be construed to require a mortgage servicer to perform
services in a manner inconsistent with the terms of any applicable
contract for the servicing of the mortgage loan at issue.

(f) This section shall not apply if any of the following occurs:

16

(1) The borrower has surrendered the property as evidenced by
either a letter confirming the surrender or delivery of the keys to
the property to the mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized
agent.

(2) The mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized agent does notoffer any loan modifications.

(3) The borrower is not eligible to be considered for a loanmodification.

(g) This subdivision shall not be construed to diminish in any
way the obligations of a mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or
authorized agent that has signed a Making Home Affordable
Servicer Participation Agreement with the Federal National
Mortgage Association or is otherwise required to review a loan
under HAMP guidelines.

(h) This section shall apply only to mortgages or deeds of trust
that are secured by owner-occupied residential real property
containing no more than four dwelling units. For purposes of this
subdivision, "owner-occupied" means that the residence is the
principal residence of the borrower as indicated to the lender in
the loan documents.

37 SEC. 5. Section 2923.73 is added to the Civil Code, to read:

2923.73. (a) If a borrower initiates an application for a loan
 modification according to the procedures of the mortgagee,

40 beneficiary, or authorized agent, and the mortgagee, beneficiary,

99

1 or authorized agent denies either a permanent loan modification

2 or a federal Making Home Affordable Modification Program

3 (HAMP) trial period plan, the mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized

4 agent shall send the borrower by certified mail, no later than 10

5 business days following the denial decision, a denial explanation

6 letter that states the reason or reasons for the denial.

(1) If the loan modification is denied because the borrower failed
to provide all required verification documents or information by
the applicable deadhne as set forth in subdivision (b) of Section
2923.7, the letter shall indicate the date by which the borrower
was directed to provide the documents or information, list the
documents or information that were not provided, and state that

13 the borrower's request for a loan modification has been denied for 14 this reason.

(2) If the borrower submits all required written application
materials for a loan modification by the applicable deadline as set
forth in subdivision (b) of Section 2923.7, and the application is
denied, the denial explanation letter shall include all of the
following information in English or, if communications with the
borrower have been primarily in one of the languages set forth in
subdivision (b) of Section 1632, then in that language:

(A) The date the mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized agent
 received the final materials required in order to complete its review
 of the borrower's application for a loan modification.

(B) The date on which the mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized
agent made the decision to deny the borrower's application for a
loan modification.

(C) If the mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized agent was
required to consider the borrower for a loan modification under
HAMP guidelines, the information required to be provided in the
borrower notice described in the most current version of the
Making Home Affordable Servicer Handbook and any subsequent
amendments thereto.

34 (D) All of the reasons the borrower did not qualify for a loan35 modification, including, as applicable, the following:

(i) If the denial decision is based on any investor guideline or
restriction on loan modifications, a description of the guideline or
restriction that resulted in the denial decision with a copy of the
applicable provision in the pooling and servicing agreement

40 evidencing the guideline or restriction.

(ii) If the denial decision is based on the borrower's income or
 expenses, the income or expense figures used in determining the
 borrower's qualification for a loan modification, including, at a
 minimum, borrower's gross and net monthly income, property
 taxes, and hazard insurance premiums.

6 (iii) If the denial decision is based on a determination that the 7 net present value of the income stream expected from the modified 8 loan is not greater than the net present value of the income stream 9 that is expected from the loan without modification, all of the 10 inputs, assumptions, and calculations used to make that 11 determination.

(iv) If applicable, a finding that the borrower was previously
offered a loan modification and failed to successfully make
payments under the terms of the modified loan.

15 (E) The name and contact information of the holder of the note 16 for the borrower's loan.

17 (F) A description of other foreclosure alternatives for which the 18 borrower may be eligible, if any, including, but not limited to, 19 other loan modification programs, a short sale, deed in lieu or 20 forbearance, and a list of the steps the borrower must take in order 21 to be considered for those options. If the servicer has already 22 approved the borrower for another foreclosure alternative, 23 information necessary to participate in or complete the alternative 24 should be included.

25 (G) Instructions regarding how to contact the mortgagee,
26 beneficiary, or authorized agent about the denial of the loan
27 modification.

(b) If a borrower is denied a loan modification, and the
mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized agent sends a denial
explanation letter in compliance with this section, the mortgagee,
trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent may proceed to record a
notice of default even if the borrower initiates a dispute relating
to the denial and the dispute has not yet been resolved.

(c) This section shall apply only to mortgages or deeds of trust
that are secured by owner-occupied residential real property
containing no more than four dwelling units. For purposes of this
subdivision, "owner-occupied" means that the residence is the
principal residence of the borrower as indicated to the lender in
the loan documents.

40 SEC. 6. Section 2923.74 is added to the Civil Code, to read:

1 2923.74. (a) After the requirements of Sections 2923.5, 2923.7, 2 and 2923.73, as applicable, have been satisfied, a mortgage servicer 3 shall do the following in order to initiate the foreclosure process: 4 (1) For purposes of completing the declaration of compliance 5 described in paragraph (2), compile in one place a record 6 demonstrating that the initial contact of subdivision (a) of Section 7 2923.5 or the due diligence requirements of subdivision (g) Section 8 2923.5 have been completed. This record shall include the dates 9 and times of, and addresses and telephone numbers used for, the 10 contact or attempted contacts with the borrower, as well as a record 11 of the good faith efforts undertaken pursuant to Section 2923.4 12 and 2923.7. The record shall be made available to the borrower 13 within 10 business days of the request if requested in writing after 14 a notice of default has been recorded.

15 (2) Transmit to the foreclosure trustee or authorized agent the 16 declaration of compliance required by this section that is signed 17 on behalf of the mortgage servicer The declaration shall be signed 18 either by an individual having personal knowledge of the facts 19 stated within, or by an individual with authority to bind the 20 mortgage servicer, who certifies that the declaration is based upon 21 records that were made in the regular course of the mortgage 22 servicer's business at or near the time of the events recorded. The declaration of compliance shall be included as part of, or attached 23 24 to, every notice of default filed pursuant to Section 2924. A notice 25 of default that does not include a declaration of compliance is void. 26 (3) The declaration of compliance shall be substantially similar

- 27 to the following form:
- 28
- 29 DECLARATION OF COMPLIANCE
- 30 I. BORROWER CONTACT
- 31 [Complete Sections A and B until December 31, 2012 only].
- 32 A. □ This loan is not subject to Cal. Civil Code Sec. 2923.5,
- 33 pursuant to (check all that apply):
- 34 \Box Cal. Civil Code Sec. 2923.5(h).
- 35 \Box Cal. Civil Code Sec. 2923.5(i).
- 36 If item (I)(A) is checked, no further information regarding

borrower contact is required. If item (I)(A) is not checked, completeitem (I)(B).

- B. □ This loan is subject to Cal. Civil Code Sec. 2923.5, and the
- 40 mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized agent has complied with the

requirements of Cal. Civil Code Sec. 2923.5 by satisfying the 1

2 applicable contact or due diligence requirements described in Cal.

3 Civil Code Sec. 2923.5(a) or (g). If checked, insert the date that

4 the applicable borrower contact requirements were completed here:

5 6

[Complete Sections C and D beginning on January 1, 2013 only].

- 7 C. \Box This loan is not subject to Cal. Civil Code Sec. 2923.5, 8 pursuant to (check all that apply):
- 9

 \Box Cal. Civil Code Sec. 2923.5(d).

10 D. □ This loan is subject to Cal. Civil Code Sec. 2923.5, and the

11 mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized agent has complied with the 12

requirements of Cal. Civil Code Sec. 2923.5(a)(2) and 2923.5(c). 13 If checked, insert the date that the certified letter required by Sec.

- 14 2923.5(a)(2) was sent here:
- 15 **11. FORECLOSURE AVOIDANCE REVIEW**
- 16 A. \Box This loan is not subject to Cal. Civil Code Sec. 2923.7, 17 pursuant to (check all that apply):
- 18 \Box Cal. Civil Code Sec. 2923.7(f)(1)(A).
- 19 \Box Cai. Civil Code Sec. 2923.7(f)(1)(B).
- 20 \Box Cal. Civil Code Sec. 2923.7(h).

21 If item (II)(A) is checked, no further information regarding 22 borrower solicitation efforts is required. If item (II)(A) is not 23 checked, complete item (II)(B).

24 **B**. \Box This loan is subject to Cal. Civil Code Sec. 2923.7 and 25 (check only one):

26 □ The borrower was evaluated for a loan modification, was not 27 approved, and the mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized agent sent 28 the borrower a denial explanation letter in compliance with the requirements of Cal. Civil Code Sec. 2923.73(a)(2). 29

30 □ The borrower did not submit all required written application 31 materials by the applicable deadline, and the mortgagee, 32 beneficiary, or authorized agent sent the borrower a denial 33 explanation letter in compliance with the requirements of Cal.

Civil Code Sec. 2923.73(a)(1). 34

35 □ The borrower did not initiate an application for a loan 36 modification by the applicable deadline.

37 □ The borrower was offered a HAMP trial period plan, but did 38 not accept the trial period plan or did not complete the plan.

39 □ The borrower was offered a permanent loan modification, but 40 the borrower did not accept the modification offered.

7

1 □ The borrower was offered and accepted a permanent loan 2 modification, but did not comply with the terms of the 3 modification.

4 □ The borrower communicated to the mortgagee, beneficiary,
5 or authorized agent that he or she does not intend to apply for a
6 loan modification.

III. PROOF OF OWNERSHIP

13 □ The trustee, mortgagee, beneficiary, or any of their authorized
14 agents are not reasonably able to obtain possession of the note
15 and/or all assignments and endorsements thereof Attached is a
16 declaration of lost note that complies with the requirements of
17 Section 2924(a)(1)(D) of the Civil Code.

(b) This section shall apply only to mortgages or deeds of trust that are secured by owner-occupied residential real property containing no more than four dwelling units. For purposes of this subdivision, "owner-occupied" means that the residence is the principal residence of the borrower as indicated to the lender in the loan documents.

(c) For purposes of this section, "mortgage servicer" shall mean
a person or entity responsible for the day-to-day management of
a mortgage loan account, including collecting and crediting
periodic loan payments, handling any escrow account or enforcing
mortgage loan terms either as the holder of the loan note or on
behalf of holder of the loan note.

31 SEC. 7. Section 2923.75 is added to the Civil Code, to read:

32 2923.75. (a) If a borrower is eligible to apply for a loan modification and the mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized 33 34 agent records a notice of sale without completing its evaluation of 35 the borrower's timely completed loan modification application or 36 waiting for the borrower's deadline for submitting a loan 37 modification application to pass or fails to send a denial explanation 38 letter that materially complies with the requirements of Section 39 2923.73, the borrower may seek an order in any court having

jurisdiction to enjoin any pending trustee's sale until any of these
 requirements not previously satisfied are satisfied.

3 (b) If a borrower is eligible to apply for a loan modification and 4 the mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent either 5 records a notice of default without completing its evaluation of 6 the borrower's timely completed loan modification application or without waiting for the borrower's deadline for submitting a loan 7 8 modification application to pass; denies a loan modification 9 application for failure to provide required verification documents 10 or information after failing to provide the borrower with a deadline 11 that complies with subdivision (b) of Section 2923.7 or after failing 12 to honor that deadline; or fails to send a denial explanation letter 13 that materially complies with the requirements of Section 2923.73, 14 and the mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent causes the property at issue to be sold at a trustee's sale, the borrower 15 16 may pursue any one of the following options within one year 17 following the trustee's sale, as apphcable, against the mortgagee, 18 trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent:

(1) If the property at issue is sold to a bona fide purchaser at a
trustee sale conducted in accordance with Section 2924f, the
borrower may recover the greater of treble actual damages or
statutory damages in the amount of fifteen thousand dollars
(\$15,000), plus reasonable attorney's fees and costs.

24 (2) If, prior to the initiation of an action under this section, the 25 property at issue is sold to a bona fide purchaser by the foreclosing 26 party subsequent to a trustee sale conducted in accordance with Section 2924f in which title was transferred to the foreclosing 27 28 party, the borrower may recover the greater of treble actual 29 damages or statutory damages in the amount of fifteen thousand 30 dollars (\$15,000), plus reasonable attorney's fees and costs. If the 31 mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent had actual 32 notice of the borrower's claim under this section prior to selling 33 the property to a bona fide purchaser, the borrower shall be entitled 34 to recover statutory damages in the amount of twenty thousand 35 dollars (\$20,000), in addition to other damages recoverable under 36 this paragraph, plus reasonable attorney's fees and costs.

37 (3) (A) If title to the property at issue is transferred to the
38 foreclosing party at a trustee sale conducted in accordance with
39 Section 2924f, but a subsequent sale to a bona fide purchaser, as
40 described in paragraph (2), has not occurred, the borrower may

1 bring an action to void the foreclosure sale, for an award of 2 attorney's fees and costs, and to obtain an injunction of the type

3 described in subparagraph (B).

4 (B) Pursuant to subparagraph (A), a borrower may seek an 5 injunction requiring the mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or 6 authorized agent to comply, at least 30 days prior to recording a 7 notice of sale, with any requirement, not previously satisfied, of 8 Section 2923.5, 2923.7, 2923.73, or 2923.74, or any similar 9 requirement that the court deems appropriate in the interest of 10 justice. The injunction shall also require the mortgagee, trustee, 11 beneficiary, or authorized agent to file a declaration affirming 12 compliance with the requirements of the injunction together with 13 the notice of sale.

(c) A mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent shall
have no civil liability under subdivision (b) if, prior to the initiation
of a legal action by the borrower, it satisfies the requirements of
either of the following paragraphs no later than 180 days after the
date of the trustee sale:

19 (1) The mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent do20 all of the following:

(A) Voluntarily rescind the foreclosure sale prior to filing anunlawful detainer action against the borrower

(B) Within three days of the rescission, send the borrower a
written communication informing the borrower of the rescission
and listing the steps the mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or
authorized agent will take prior to filing a notice of sale.

27 (C) Materially comply with all the requirements of Section 28 2923.5, 2923.7, 2923.73, or 2923.74, as applicable, that were not 29 previously satisfied, and either offer the borrower a loan 30 modification if the borrower qualifies for one, or send the borrower 31 a written communication informing the borrower of the steps that 32 were taken and the outcome, including any reason for the denial 33 of a loan modification, if applicable, at least 30 days before 34 recording a notice of sale.

35 (2) The mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent
36 shall refrain from filing an unlawful detainer action against the
37 borrower until both of the following requirements have been
38 satisfied:

39 (A) Prior to taking any steps under subparagraph (B), the 40 mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent shall send the

borrower a written communication informing the borrower that it
 will not proceed with an eviction until it has completed certain

3 steps, as set forth in the letter

4 (B) The mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent 5 shall materially comply with all of the requirements of Sections 6 2923.5, 2923.7, 2923.73, and 2923.74, as applicable, that were not 7 previously satisfied, and send the borrower a written 8 communication informing the borrower of the steps that were taken 9 and the outcome, including any reason for the denial of a loan 10 modification, if applicable. The mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, 11 or authorized agent shall wait 30 days after completing those 12 requirements before filing an unlawful detainer action against the 13 borrower However, if the mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or 14 authorized agent determines that the borrower qualifies for a loan 15 modification, it shall rescind the sale and offer the borrower the 16 loan modification.

(d) (1) If the mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized
agent fails to record a completed declaration of compliance
pursuant to subparagraph (B) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (a)
of Section 2923.74, a borrower may recover statutory damages of
up to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), but not less than one thousand
five hundred dollars (\$1,500), from the mortgagee, trustee,
beneficiary, or authorized agent.

(2) If the mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent
submits a materially false declaration of compliance, including
any declaration of lost note, a borrower may recover statutory
damages of up to twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000), but not
less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), from the mortgagee,
trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent, plus attorney's fees and
costs.

31 (3) For purposes of this subdivision, the declaration of
32 compliance shall not be considered false if it lists any incorrect
33 dates for the date that the requirements described in the declaration
34 were completed, unless the mortgagee, beneficiary, or authorized
35 agent knowingly included the wrong date on the declaration.

(e) (1) Notwithstanding anything in this section, a borrower
shall not have a cause of action under this section for any failure
or error that is technical or de minimis in nature.

39 (2) Failure to complete any required section of the declaration40 of compliance shall not be considered technical or de minimus.

1 (f) (1) The provisions of Section 2923.5, 2923.7, 2923.73, 2 2923.74, 2924, or 2924b are also enforceable by the Attorney 3 General. Any person, including a partner or officer of the 4 mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent, who violates 5 any provision of this act, shall be subject to a civil penalty of not 6 more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for each violation, except 7 as stated in paragraph (2).

8 (2) (A) Any trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent that 9 submits a false or fraudulent declaration of lost note pursuant to 10 subparagraph (D) of paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of Section 11 2924 shall be subject to a civil penalty of twenty-five thousand 12 dollars (\$25,000) for each violation.

(B) If the mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent
had actual notice of a legal claim pursuant to this section prior to
selling the property to a bona fide purchaser subsequent to a trustee
sale conducted in accordance with Section 2924f in which title
was transferred to the foreclosing party, the party shall be subject
to a civil penalty of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) for
each violation.

20 (3) The Attorney General may also bring a civil action for 21 injunctive relief, and may include in the action a claim for 22 restitution, disgorgement, or damages on behalf of the consumers 23 subject to the act or practice constituting the subject matter of the 24 action. The Attorney General may include in any action authorized 25 by this section, a claim for costs, including reasonable attorney's 26 fees and expenses and the court shall have jurisdiction to award 27 relief, authorized by this section and any other additional relief

(g) Any person licensed by the State of California who violates
any provision of Section 2923.5, 2923.7, 2923.73, 2923.74, 2924,
or 2924b shall be deemed to have violated that person's licensing
law, and shall be subject to enforcement action by its licensing
agency.

33 SEC. 8. Section 2924 of the Civil Code, as amended by Section
34 1 of Chapter 180 of the Statutes of 2010, is amended to read:

2924. (a) Every transfer of an interest in property, other than
in trust, made only as a security for the performance of another
act, is to be deemed a mortgage, except when in the case of
personal property it is accompanied by actual change of possession,
in which case it is to be deemed a pledge. Where, by a mortgage
created after July 27, 1917, of any estate in real property, other

1 than an estate at will or for years, less than two, or in any transfer in trust made after July 27, 1917, of a like estate to secure the 2 3 performance of an obligation, a power of sale is conferred upon 4 the mortgagee, trustee, or any other person, to be exercised after 5 a breach of the obligation for which that mortgage or transfer is a 6 security, the power shall not be exercised except where the 7 mortgage or transfer is made pursuant to an order, judgment, or 8 decree of a court of record, or to secure the payment of bonds or 9 other evidences of indebtedness authorized or permitted to be 10 issued by the Commissioner of Corporations, or is made by a public utility subject to the provisions of the Public Utilities Act, until 11 12 all of the following apply:

(1) The trustee, mortgagee, or beneficiary, or any of their
authorized agents shall first file for record, in the office of the
recorder of each county wherein the mortgaged or trust property
or some part or parcel thereof is situated, a notice of default. That
notice of default shall include all of the following:

(A) A statement identifying the mortgage or deed of trust by
stating the name or names of the trustor or trustors and giving the
book and page, or instrument number, if applicable, where the
mortgage or deed of trust is recorded or a description of the
mortgaged or trust property.

(B) A statement that a breach of the obligation for which themortgage or transfer in trust is security has occurred.

(C) A statement setting forth the nature of each breach actually
known to the beneficiary and of his or her election to sell or cause
to be sold the property to satisfy that obligation and any other
obligation secured by the deed of trust or mortgage that is in
default.

30 (D) Proof of ownership of the mortgage or deed of trust note 31 attached to the notice of default and noted on the declaration of 32 compliance required by Section 2923.74. This proof shall include 33 a copy of the mortgage or deed of trust note, and evidence of all 34 assignments and endorsements of the mortgage or deed of trust 35 note and mortgage or deed of trust, along with a declaration 36 attesting to the existence and possession of the note as well as all 37 the assignments and endorsements, and certifying ownership of 38 the mortgage or deed of trust and the right to foreclose. If this 39 proof cannot be located, the mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or 40 authorized agent shall attach a declaration signed either by an

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1 individual having personal knowledge of the facts stated within,

or by an individual with authority to bind the mortgagee, trustee, 2

3 beneficiary, or authorized agent, who certifies that the declaration

4 is based upon records that were made in the regular course of 5 business at or near the time of the events recorded, stating the

6 ifollowing:

7 (i) Facts sufficient to show that the mortgagee, trustee, 8 beneficiary, or authorized agent has the right to enforce the note.

9 (ii) A statement that the person cannot reasonably obtain 10 possession of the note, and a description of the reasonable efforts

11 made to obtain the note. 12 (iii) A description of the terms of the note and any riders

attached thereto, including, at a minimum: 13

14 (I) The date of execution.

(II) The parties.

16 (III) The principal amount of the loan.

17 (IV) The amortization period of the loan.

18 (V) The initial interest rate and, if applicable, the initial date

19 and the frequency of any adjustments to the interest rate, and the 20 index and margin used to calculate the interest rate at the time of

21 any scheduled adjustment.

- 22 (VI) The expiration date of any interest-only period, if 23 applicable.
- 24 (iv) Nothing in this subparagraph shall be construed in 25 derogation of the parties' rights established under Section 3-309 26 of the Uniform Commercial Code or any similar rights established 27

under California law.

28 (D)

- 29 (E) If the default is curable pursuant to Section 2924c, the 30 statement specified in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section 31 2924c.
- 32 (2) Not less than three months shall elapse from the filing of 33 the notice of default.

34 (3) Except as provided in paragraph (4), after the lapse of the 35 three months described in paragraph (2), the mortgagee, trustee, 36 or other person authorized to take the sale shall give notice of sale, 37 stating the time and place thereof, in the manner and for a time 38 not less than that set forth in Section 2924f

39 (4) Notwithstanding paragraph (3), the mortgagee, trustee, or

40 other person authorized to take sale may file a notice of sale 1 pursuant to Section 2924f up to five days before the lapse of the

2 three-month period described in paragraph (2), provided that the

3 date of sale is no earlier than three months and 20 days after the4 filing of the notice of default.

5 (b) In performing acts required by this article, the trustee shall 6 incur no liability for any good faith error resulting from reliance 7 on information provided in good faith by the beneficiary regarding 8 the nature and the amount of the default under the secured 9 obligation, deed of trust, or mortgage. In performing the acts 10 required by this article, a trustee shall not be subject to Title 1.6c 11 (commencing with Section 1788) of Part 4.

(c) A recital in the deed executed pursuant to the power of sale 12 13 of compliance with all requirements of law regarding the mailing 14 of copies of notices or the publication of a copy of the notice of 15 default or the personal delivery of the copy of the notice of default 16 or the posting of copies of the notice of sale or the publication of 17 a copy thereof shall constitute prima facie evidence of compliance 18 with these requirements and conclusive evidence thereof in favor 19 of bona fide purchasers and encumbrancers for value and without 20 notice.

21 (d) All of the following shall constitute privileged22 communications pursuant to Section 47:

(1) The mailing, publication, and delivery of notices as requiredby this section.

(2) Performance of the procedures set forth in this article.

25

(3) Performance of the functions and procedures set forth in
this article if those functions and procedures are necessary to carry
out the duties described in Sections 729.040, 729.050, and 729.080
of the Code of Civil Procedure.

(e) There is a rebuttable presumption that the beneficiary actually knew of all unpaid loan payments on the obligation owed to the beneficiary and secured by the deed of trust or mortgage subject to the notice of default. However, the failure to include an acmally known default shall not invalidate the notice of sale and the beneficiary shall not be precluded from asserting a claim to this omitted default or defaults in a separate notice of default.

37 (f) This section shall become operative on January 1, 2011.

38 SEC. 9. Section 2924 of the Civil Code, as amended by Section

39 2 of Chapter 180 of the Statutes of 2010, is repealed.

1 2924. (a) Every transfer of an interest-in property, other-than 2 in trust, made only as a security for the performance of another 3 act, is to be deemed a mortgage, except when in the case of 4 personal properfy it is accompanied by actual change of possession. 5 in which case it is to be deemed a pledge. Where, by a mortgage 6 ereated after July 27, 1917, of any estate in-real property, other 7 than an estate at-will or for years, less than two, or in any transfer in trust made-affer July-27,-1917, of a like-estate to secure-the 8 9 performance of an obligation, a power of sale-is conferred upon 10 the mortgagee, trustee, or any other person, to be exercised after 11 a breach of the obligation-for which that mortgage or transfer is a 12 security, the power shall not be exercised except where the 13 mortgage or transfer is made pursuant to an order, judgment, or 14 decree of a court of record, or to secure the payment of bonds or 15 other evidences of indebtedness authorized-or permitted to-be 16 issued by the Commissioner of Corporations, or is made by a public 17 utility subject-to the provisions of the Public-Utilities Act, until 18 all of the following apply: 19 (1) The trustee, mortgagee, or beneficiary, or any of their 20 authorized agents shall first file for record, in the office-of-the 21 recorder of each county wherein-the-mortgaged-or-trust property 22 or some part or parcel-thereof is situated, a notice of default. That 23 notice of default shall-include all of the following: 24 (A) A statement identifying the mortgage or deed-of trust by 25 stating the name or names of the trustor or trustors and giving the 26 book and-page, or instrument number, if-applicable, where-the 27 mortgage or deed of trust-is-recorded or a description of the 28 mortgaged or trust property. 29 (B) A statement that a breach of the obligation for which the 30 mortgage or transfer-in trust is security-has occurred. 31 (C)-A statement setting forth the nature of each breach actually 32 known to the beneficiary and of his or her election to sell or cause 33 to be sold the property to satisfy that obligation and any other

34 obligation secured by the deed of trust-or mortgage that is in
 35 default.

36 (D) -If the default is curable pursuant to Section 2924e, the
 37 statement specified in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b) of Section
 38 2924e.

39 (2) Not less than three months shall elapse from the filing of
 40 the notice of default.

1 (3) Except as provided in paragraph (4), after the lapse of the 2 three months described in-paragraph (2), the mortgagee, trustee, 3 or other person authorized to take the sale shall give notice of sale; 4 stating-the time and-place thereof, in the manner-and for a time 5 not less than that set forth in Section 2924f 6 (4) Notwithstanding paragraph (3), the mortgagee, trustee, or 7 other person-authorized-to take sale may-file a notice-of sale 8 pursuant to Section 2924f up to five days before the lapse of the

9 three-month period-described-in paragraph (2), provided that the
 10 date of sale is no carlier than three months and 20 days after the
 11 filing of the notice of default.

(b) In-performing acts required by this article, the trustee shall
 incur no-liability for any-good faith error resulting from reliance
 on information provided in good faith by the beneficiary regarding
 the nature and the amount of the default under the secured
 obligation, deed-of-trust, or mortgage. In-performing the acts
 required by this article, a trustee shall not be subject to Title 1.6e
 (commencing with Section 1788) of Part 4.

19 (c) A recital in the deed executed pursuant to the power of sale

20 of compliance with all requirements of law regarding-the mailing
 21 of copies of notices or the publication of a copy of the notice of

22 default or the personal delivery of the copy of the notice of default

23 or the posting of copies of the notice of sale or the publication of

24 a copy thereof shall constitute prima facic evidence of compliance

25 with-these requirements and conclusive evidence-thereof in favor

26 of bona fide purchasers and encumbrancers for value and without
 27 notice.

28 (d) All of the following shall constitute privileged
 29 communications pursuant to Section 47:

30 (1) The mailing, publication, and delivery of notices as required
 31 by this section.

32 (2) Performance of the procedures set-forth in this article.

33 (3) Performance of the functions and procedures set-forth in

34 this article if those-functions and procedures are necessary to carry

35 out the duties described in Sections 729.040, 729.050, and 729.080

36 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

37 (c) There is a rebuttable presumption-that the beneficiary

38 actually knew of all unpaid loan payments on the obligation owed
 39 to-the beneficiary and secured by the deed of trust or mortgage

40 subject to the notice of default. However, the failure to include an

acmally-known-default-shall-not-invalidate-the-notice-of-sale-and 1

2 the-beneficiary-shall-not-be-precluded-from-asserting-a-claim-to

this-omitted-default-or-defaults-in-a-separate-notice-of-default-3 (f) This-section-shall-become-operative-on-January-1-201-1-4

5 SEC. 10. Section 2924b of the Civil Code is amended to read:

2924b. (a) Any person desiring a copy of any notice of default 6 and of any notice of sale under any deed of trust or mortgage with 7 power of sale upon real property or an estate for years therein, as 8 9 to which deed of trust or mortgage the power of sale cannot be exercised until these notices are given for the time and in the 10 manner provided in Section 2924 may, at any time subsequent to 11 12 recordation of the deed of trust or mortgage and prior to recordation of notice of default thereunder, cause to be filed for record in the 13 office of the recorder of any county in which any part or parcel of 14 the real property is situated, a duly acknowledged request for a 15 copy of the notice of default and of sale. This request shall be 16 signed and acknowledged by the person making the request, 17 specifying the name and address of the person to whom the notice 18 19 is to be mailed, shall identify the deed of trust or mortgage by stating the names of the parties thereto, the date of recordation 20 21 thereof, and the book and page where the deed of trust or mortgage is recorded or the recorder's number, and shall be in substantially 22 23 the following form:

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"In accorda	nce with Section 2924b	, Civil Code, 1	request is hereby		
made that a co	ppy of any notice of def	ault and a cop	by of any notice of sa	le	
under the dee	d of trust (or mortgage)	recorded	,, in Book		
page _	records ofCo	unty, (or filed	for record with		
recorder's ser	al number,	County) (California, executed		
	stor (or mortgagor) in				
	r mortgagee) and			э	
	at				
Name			Address		
NOTICE: A	copy of any notice of d	efault and of	any notice of sale wi	ll be	
sent only to t	he address contained it	n this recorde	d request. If your ad	ldress	
changes, a ne	w request must be recor	ded.			
		Signature		,,	

39 Upon the filing for record of the request, the recorder shall index 40 in the general index of grantors the names of the trustors (or

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ć

mortgagor) recited therein and the names of persons requesting
 copies.

3 (b) The mortgagee, trustee, or other person authorized to record 4 the notice of default or the notice of sale shall do each of the 5 following:

6 (1) (A) Within 10 business days following recordation of the 7 notice of default, deposit or cause to be deposited in the United 8 States mail an envelope, sent by registered or certified mail with 9 postage prepaid, containing a copy of the notice with the recording 10 date shown thereon, addressed to each person whose name and 11 address are set forth in a duly recorded request therefor, directed 12 to the address designated in the request and to each trustor or 13 mortgagor at his or her last known address if different than the 14 address specified in the deed of trust or mortgage with power of 15 sale.

16 (B) Together with the copy of the notice of default, send to each 17 trustor or mortgagor at his or her last known address if different 18 than the address specified in the deed of trust or mortgage with 19 power of sale, a life of loan accounting for the mortgage at issue.

20 A life of loan accounting shall include each of the following:

21 (i) An accounting of all payments made on the mortgage or deed

22 of trust loan account from the close of escrow to the date the notice

23 of default was recorded in the form of a spreadsheet showing all

account activity, including running balances for each account,
 including balances for principal, interest, escrow, unapplied funds,

26 and fees.

(ii) An itemization and description of all late fees, late charges,
appraisal fees, property inspection fees, forced placed insurance
charges, legal fees, and recoverable corporate advances charged
on the mortgage or deed of trust loan account and an explanation
as to why those fees were charged.

(iii) A copy of all interest rate adjustment notices and the two
 most recent escrow analysis notices sent to the borrower

34 *(iv)* A breakdown of the current escrow charges showing how

35 they are calculated and the reasons for any increase within the 36 last 24 months and a breakdown of any shortage, dificiency, or 37 surplus in the escrow account over the past three years.

38 (2) At least 20 days before the date of sale, deposit or cause to
39 be deposited in the United States mail an envelope, sent by
40 registered or certified mail with postage prepaid, containing a copy

1 of the notice of the time and place of sale, addressed to each person

2 whose name and address are set forth in a duly recorded request

3 therefor, directed to the address designated in the request and to 4 each trustor or mortgagor at his or her last known address if

4 each trustor or mortgagor at his or her last known address if 5 different than the address specified in the deed of trust or mortgage

6 with power of sale.

(3) As used in paragraphs (1) and (2), the "last known address" 7 8 of each trustor or mortgagor means the last business or residence 9 physical address actually known by the mortgagee, beneficiary, 10 trustee, or other person authorized to record the notice of default. For the purposes of this subdivision, an address is "actually known" 11 12 if it is contained in the original deed of trust or mortgage, or in 13 any subsequent written notification of a change of physical address 14 from the trustor or mortgagor pursuant to the deed of trust or 15 mortgage. For the purposes of this subdivision, "physical address" 16 does not include an e-mail or any form of electronic address for a 17 trustor or mortgagor. The beneficiary shall inform the trustee of 18 the trustor's last address actually known by the beneficiary. 19 However, the trustee shall incur no liability for failing to send any 20 notice to the last address unless the trustee has actual knowledge 21 of it.

(4) A "person authorized to record the notice of default or the
notice of sale" shall include an agent for the mortgagee or
beneficiary, an agent of the named trustee, any person designated
in an executed substitution of trustee, or an agent of that substituted
trustee.

(c) The mortgagee, trustee, or other person authorized to recordthe notice of default or the notice of sale shall do the following:

29 (1) Within one month following recordation of the notice of 30 default, deposit or cause to be deposited in the United States mail 31 an envelope, sent by registered or certified mail with postage 32 prepaid, containing a copy of the notice with the recording date 33 shown thereon, addressed to each person set forth in paragraph 34 (2), provided that the estate or interest of any person entitled to 35 receive notice under this subdivision is acquired by an instrument 36 sufficient to impart constructive notice of the estate or interest in 37 the land or portion thereof that is subject to the deed of trust or 38 mortgage being foreclosed, and provided the instrument is recorded 39 in the office of the county recorder so as to impart that constructive 40 notice prior to the recording date of the notice of default and

provided the instrument as so recorded sets forth a mailing address
 that the county recorder shall use, as instructed within the
 instrument, for the return of the instrument after recording, and
 which address shall be the address used for the purposes of mailing
 notices herein.

6 (2) The persons to whom notice shall be mailed under this 7 subdivision are:

8 (A) The successor in interest, as of the recording date of the 9 notice of default, of the estate or interest or any portion thereof of 10 the trustor or mortgagor of the deed of trust or mortgage being 11 foreclosed.

(B) The beneficiary or mortgagee of any deed of trust or mortgage recorded subsequent to the deed of trust or mortgage being foreclosed, or recorded prior to or concurrently with the deed of trust or mortgage being foreclosed but subject to a recorded agreement or a recorded statement of subordination to the deed of trust or mortgage being foreclosed.

(C) The assignee of any interest of the beneficiary or mortgagee
 described in subparagraph (B), as of the recording date of the notice
 of defauh.

(D) The vendee of any contract of sale, or the lessee of any
lease, of the estate or interest being foreclosed that is recorded
subsequent to the deed of trust or mortgage being foreclosed, or
recorded prior to or concurrently with the deed of trust or mortgage
being foreclosed but subject to a recorded agreement or statement
of subordination to the deed of trust or mortgage being foreclosed.
(E) The successor in interest to the vendee or lessee described

in subparagraph (D), as of the recording date of the notice ofdefault.

30 (F) The office of the Controller, Sacramento, California, where,
as of the recording date of the notice of default, a "Notice of Lien
for Postponed Property Taxes" has been recorded against the real
property to which the notice of default applies.

(3) At least 20 days before the date of sale, deposit or cause to
be deposited in the United States mail an envelope, sent by
registered or certified mail with postage prepaid, containing a copy
of the notice of the time and place of sale addressed to each person
to whom a copy of the notice of default is to be mailed as provided
in paragraphs (1) and (2), and addressed to the office of any state
taxing agency, Sacramento, California, that has recorded,

1 subsequent to the deed of trust or mortgage being foreclosed, a

2 notice of tax lien prior to the recording date of the notice of default

3 against the real property to which the notice of default applies. 4 (4) Provide a copy of the notice of sale to the Internal Revenue 5 Service, in accordance with Section 7425 of the Internal Revenue 6 Code and any applicable federal regulation, if a "Notice of Federal 7 Tax Lien under Internal Revenue Laws" has been recorded, 8 subsequent to the deed of trust or mortgage being foreclosed, 9 against the real property to which the notice of sale applies. The 10 failure to provide the Internal Revenue Service with a copy of the 11 notice of sale pursuant to this paragraph shall be sufficient cause 12 to rescind the trustee's sale and invalidate the trustee's deed, at 13 the option of either the successful bidder at the trustee's sale or 14 the trustee, and in either case with the consent of the beneficiary. 15 Any option to rescind the trustee's sale pursuant to this paragraph 16 shall be exercised prior to any transfer of the property by the 17 successful bidder to a bona fide purchaser for value. A recision of 18 the trustee's sale pursuant to this paragraph may be recorded in a 19 notice of recision pursuant to Section 1058.5.

(5) The mailing of notices in the manner set forth in paragraph
(1) shall not impose upon any licensed attorney, agent, or employee
of any person entitled to receive notices as herein set forth any
duty to communicate the notice to the entitled person from the fact
that the mailing address used by the county recorder is the address
of the attorney, agent, or employee.

26 (d) Any deed of trust or mortgage with power of sale hereafter 27 executed upon real property or an estate for years therein may 28 contain a request that a copy of any notice of default and a copy 29 of any notice of sale thereunder shall be mailed to any person or 30 party thereto at the address of the person given therein, and a copy 31 of any notice of default and of any notice of sale shall be mailed 32 to each of these at the same time and in the same manner required 33 as though a separate request therefor had been filed by each of 34 these persons as herein authorized. If any deed of trust or mortgage 35 with power of sale executed after September 19, 1939, except a 36 deed of trust or mortgage of any of the classes excepted from the 37 provisions of Section 2924, does not contain a mailing address of 38 the tmstor or mortgagor therein named, and if no request for special 39 notice by the trustor or mortgagor in substantially the form set 40 forth in this section has subsequently been recorded, a copy of the

1 notice of default shall be published once a week for at least four 2 weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which 3 the property is situated, the publication to commence within 10 4 business days after the filing of the notice of default. In lieu of 5 publication, a copy of the notice of default may be delivered 6 personally to the trustor or mortgagor within the 10 business days 7 or at any time before publication is completed, or by posting the 8 notice of default in a conspicuous place on the property and mailing 9 the notice to the last known address of the trustor or mortgagor.

10 (e) Any person required to mail a copy of a notice of default or 11 notice of sale to each trustor or mortgagor pursuant to subdivision 12 (b) or (c) by registered or certified mail shall simultaneously cause 13 to be deposited in the United States mail, with postage prepaid and 14 mailed by first-class mail, an envelope containing an additional 15 copy of the required notice addressed to each trustor or mortgagor 16 at the same address to which the notice is sent by registered or 17 certified mail pursuant to subdivision (b) or (c). The person shall 18 execute and retain an affidavit identifying the notice mailed, 19 showing the name and residence or business address of that person, 20 that he or she is over the age of 18 years, the date of deposit in the 21 mail, the name and address of the trustor or mortgagor to whom 22 sent, and that the envelope was sealed and deposited in the mail 23 with postage fully prepaid. In the absence of fraud, the affidavit 24 required by this subdivision shall establish a conclusive 25 presumption of mailing.

26 (f) (1) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), with respect to separate 27 interests governed by an association, as defined in subdivision (a) 28 of Section 1351, the association may cause to be filed in the office 29 of the recorder in the county in which the separate interests are 30 situated a request that a mortgagee, trustee, or other person 31 authorized to record a notice of default regarding any of those 32 separate interests mail to the association a copy of any trustee's 33 deed upon sale concerning a separate interest. The request shall 34 include a legal description or the assessor's parcel number of all 35 the separate interests. A request recorded pursuant to this 36 subdivision shall include the name and address of the association 37 and a statement that it is a homeowners' association. Subsequent 38 requests of an association shall supersede prior requests. A request 39 pursuant to this subdivision shall be recorded before the filing of 40 a notice of default. The mortgagee, trustee, or other authorized

1 person shall mail the requested information to the association

2 within 15 business days following the date the trustee's deed is3 recorded. Failure to mail the request, pursuant to this subdivision,

4 shall not affect the title to real property.

5 (2) A request filed pursuant to paragraph (1) does not, for 6 purposes of Section 27288.1 of the Government Code, constitute 7 a document that either effects or evidences a transfer or 8 encumbrance of an interest in real property or that releases or 9 terminates any interest, right, or encumbrance of an interest in real 10 property.

(g) No request for a copy of any notice filed for record pursuant to this section, no statement or allegation in the request, and no record thereof shall affect the title to real property or be deemed notice to any person that any person requesting copies of notice has or claims any right, title, or interest in, or lien or charge upon the property described in the deed of trust or mortgage referred to them.

17 therein.

18 (h) "Business day," as used in this section, has the meaning 19 specified in Section 9.

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FULED DEVICE OF THE CITY GLEEP DEVICE OF THE CITY GLEEP APPROVED AS TO FORM AND LEGALITY

2011 APR 14 PH 4: 48

City Attorney

OAKLAND CITY COUNCIL

RESOLUTION NO.

C.M.S.

Introduced by Councilmember Rebecca Kaplan

Resolution In Support of Senate Bill 729 (Leno and Steinberg) This bill would prohibit a mortgagee, trustee, beneficiary, or authorized agent from recording a notice of default unless that party makes reasonable and good faith efforts, defined in bill, to evaluate the borrower for all available loss mitigation options to avoid foreclosure.

WHEREAS, the foreclosure crises continues in California :

- One in five U.S. foreclosures is in California.ⁱ
- California is the hardest hit of all states with the highest number of foreclosures- 700,000 homes in some stage of foreclosure.ⁱⁱ
- There have been 1.2 million foreclosures since 2008 in California and that number is expected to climb to 2 million through 2012.ⁱⁱⁱ
- Foreclosures in 2011 are expected to exceed 2010 levels.^{iv}
- More than a third of California homeowners with a mortgage already owe more on their mortgages than their homes are worth.^v

WHEREAS, the costs of the foreclosure crisis in California include (2008-2012):

- Homeowner losses to foreclosed and neighboring homes estimated at \$600 billion to as much as \$1 trillion,
- Property tax revenue losses estimated at \$4 billion, and
- Local government losses for multiple agencies and multiple levels of government to respond to absorb the increased foreclosure-related costs including maintenance of blighted properties, sheriff evictions, inspections, public safety, trash removal, and other costs estimated at \$17 billion—\$19,229 cost for every foreclosure.

WHEREAS, foreclosures in our community have had a fiscal impact on education, public services, infrastructure and essential safety-net services in our neighborhoods.

WHEREAS, banks continue to use flawed, and in some cases fraudulent, procedures which create foreclosures in our community. The revelations of widespread foreclosure mismanagement by mortgage servicers who failed to properly document the seizure and sale of homes has prompted investigation of foreclosure practices. In some cases, the banks who took those homes can't even prove that they had the authority to do so.

APPROVED AS TO FORM AND LEGALITY

City Attorney

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WHEREAS, unless we address the California foreclosure crisis, the damage to communities and the local economy will be staggering and long-lasting.

RESOLVED: The City of Oakland urges support for Senate Bill 729 (Leno and Steinberg),

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that our elected representatives in Sacramento be notified of the benefits of this bill to the City of Oakland.

IN COUNCIL, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, _____, 20_____, 20_____,

PASSED BY THE FOLLOWING VOTE:

AYES - BROOKS, DE LA FUENTE, KAPLAN, KERNIGHAN, NADEL, QUAN, REID, and PRESIDENT BRUNNER NOES -

ABSENT -

ABSTENTION -

ATTEST:

LaTonda Simmons City Clerk and Clerk of the Council of the City of Oakland, California

RealtyTrac.com.

"RealtyTrac.com 2010 year end foreclosure filings and Center for Responsible Lending.