

1431 FRANKLIN ST

Residential Entitlement - 11/22/2022

PLN20125 RECEIVED 12-15-2022

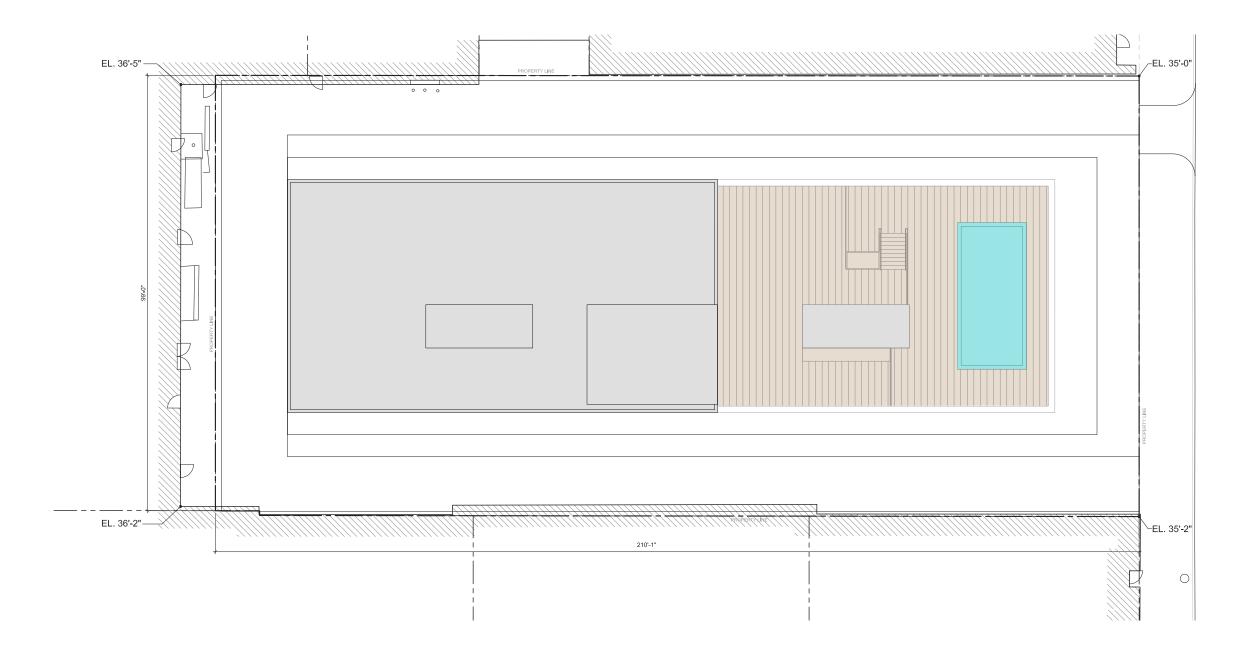
TIDEWATER

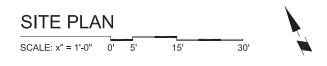


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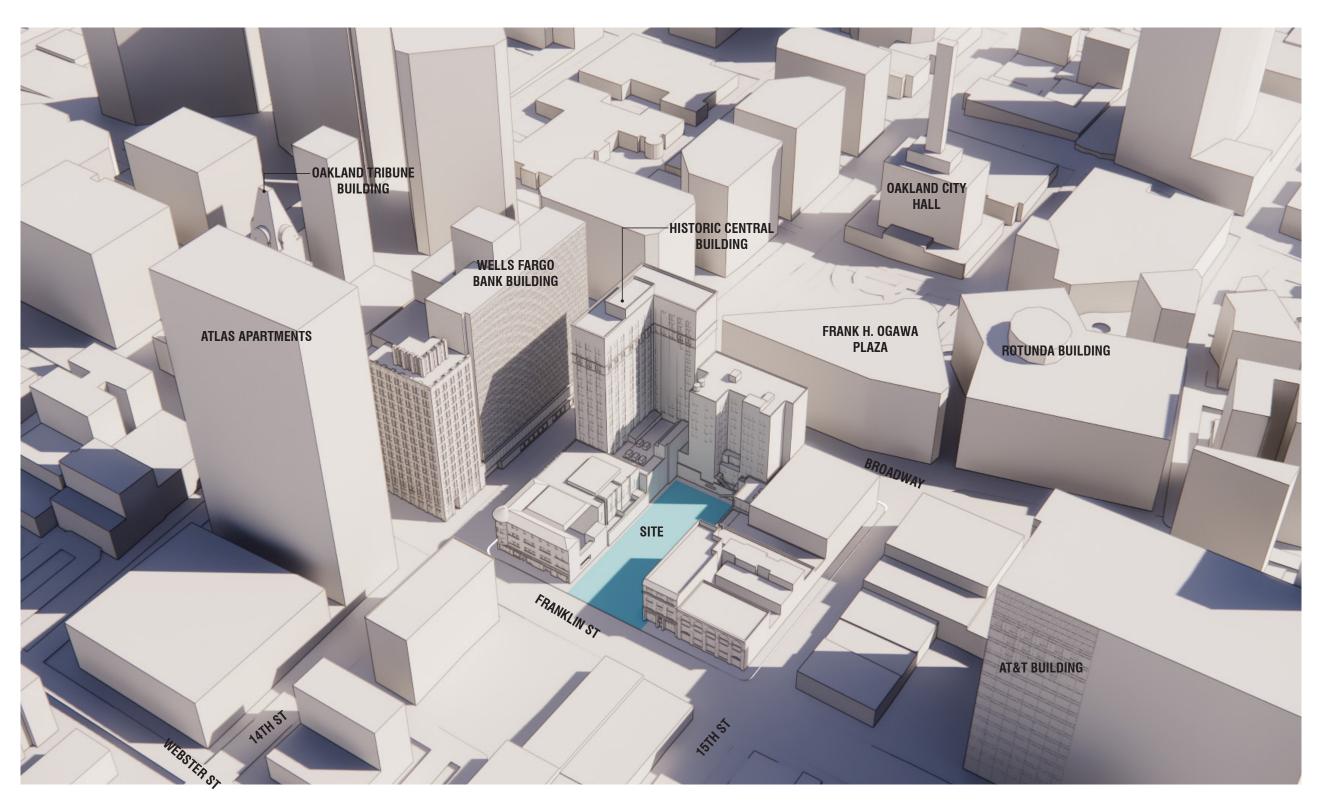
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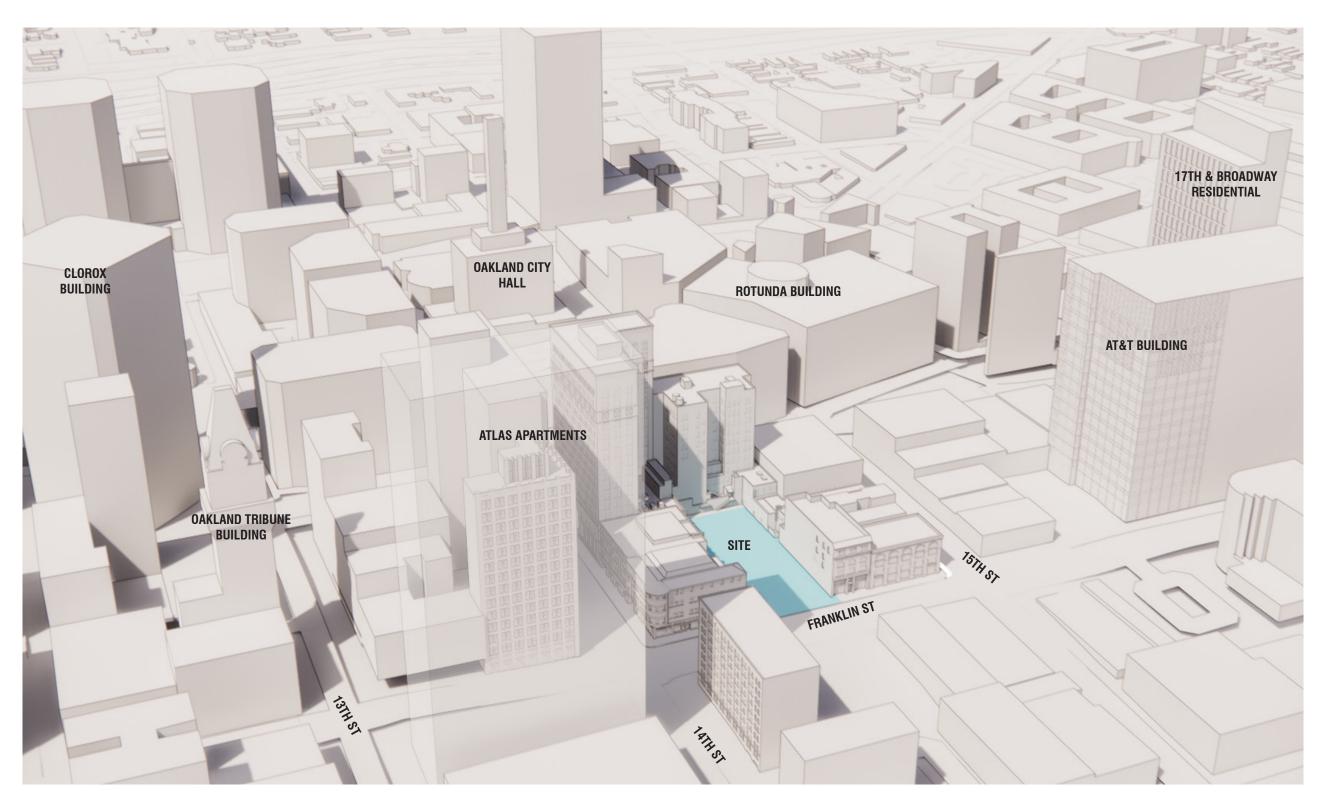
SITE

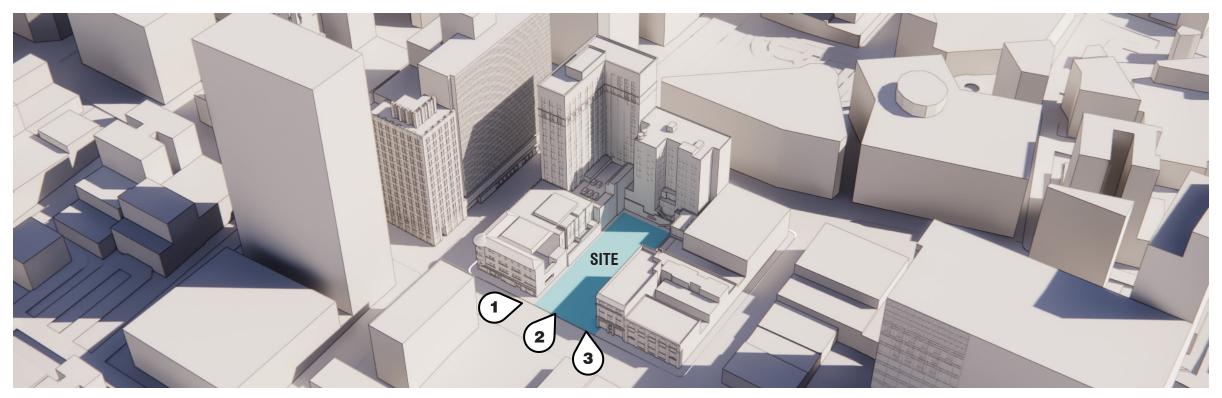




1431 FRANKLIN ST Residential Entitlement TIDEWATER









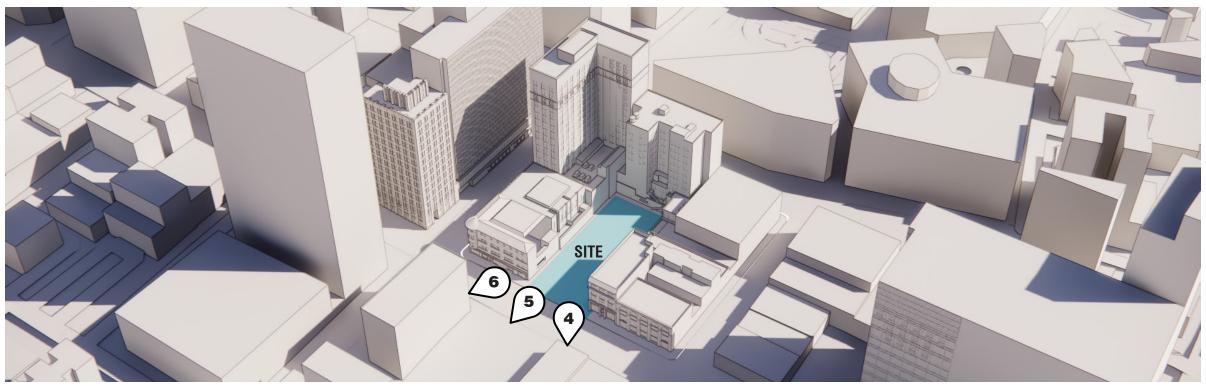




1 - View to site from south

2 - View to site from south-east

3 - View towards site from east





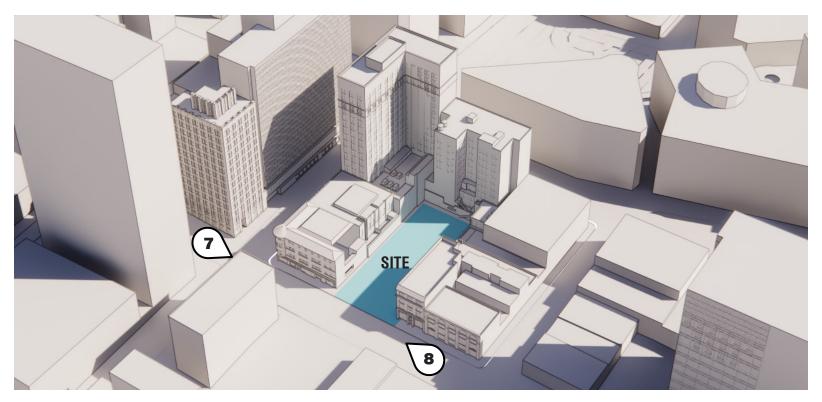




4 - View from site to east

5 - View from site to south-east

6 - View from site to south

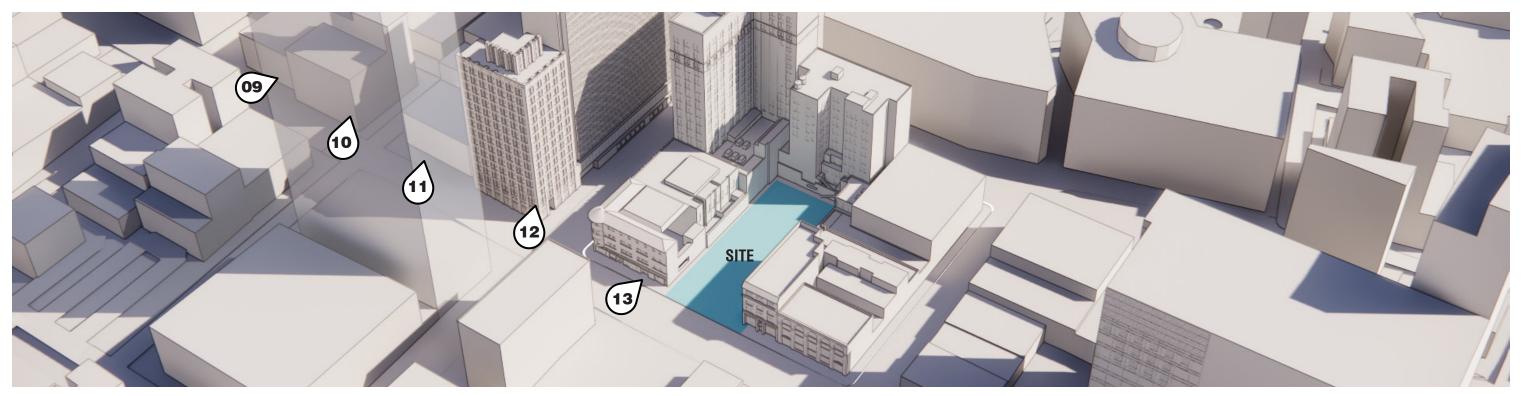








8 - View along franklin ave. to south-west











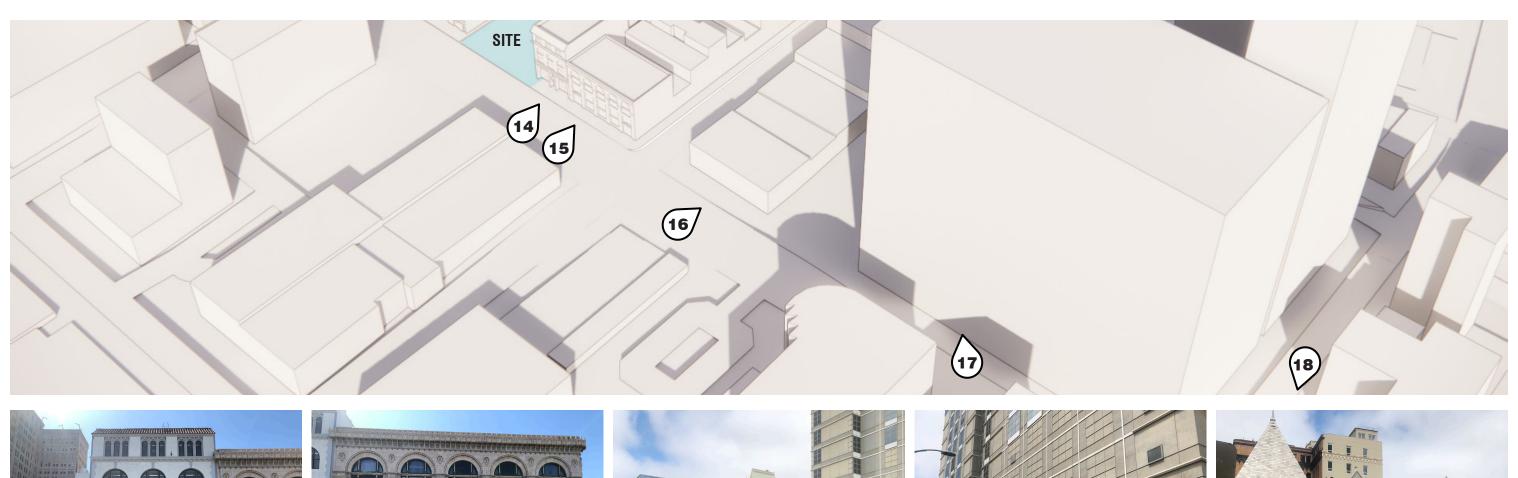


9 - 1205 Franklin St 10 - Tribune Tower, 09 13TH St

11 - 1305 Franklin St

12 - 1901 Harrison St

13 - 1407 Franklin St













14 - 1445 Franklin St

15 - 401 15™ St

16 - 1517 Franklin St

17 - 1587 Franklin St

18 - 1701 Franklin St













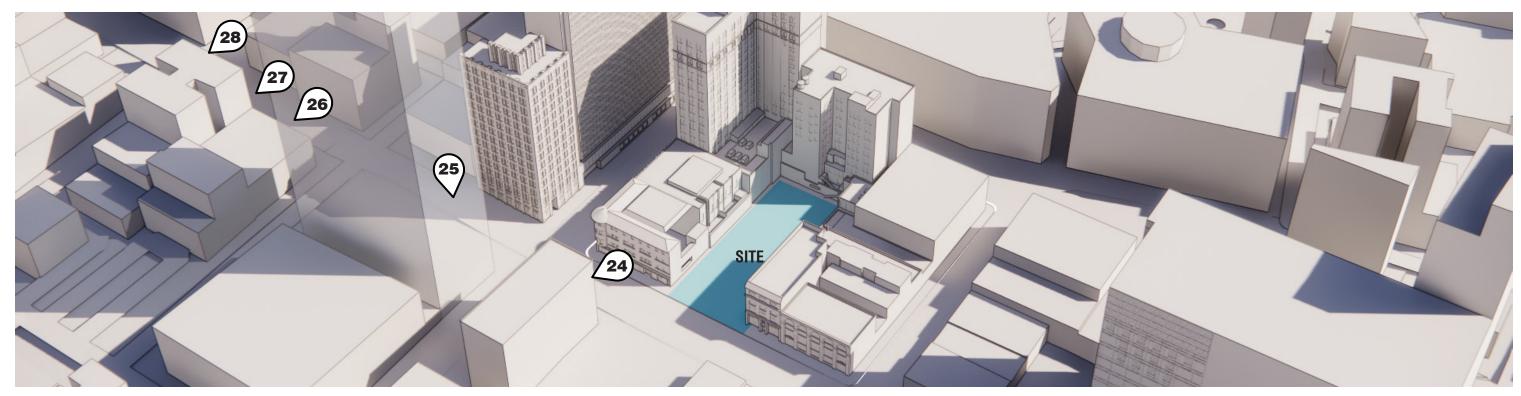
19 - 1430 Franklin St

20 - 1444 Franklin St

21 - 1504 Franklin St

22 - 1510 Franklin St

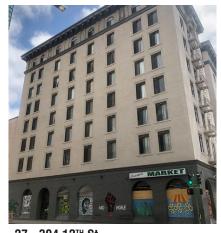
23 - 1582 Franklin St













24 - 1400 Franklin St

25 - 385 14TH St

26 - 393 13™ St

27 - 394 1

27 - 394 12TH St

28 - 1168 Franklin St

RESIDENTIAL TOWER PROGRAM

MECHANICAL

ROOFTOP AMENITY

indoor and outdoor amenities on roof







381 RESIDENTIAL UNITS







BUILDING AMENITY

PARKING GARAGE

167 stalls of 4 floors

LOBBY

Res lobby and back of house







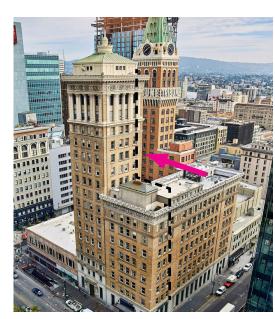
DESIGN PARTI



SPIRE-LIKE BUILDINGS AROUND THE SITE WITH STEPPED MASSING





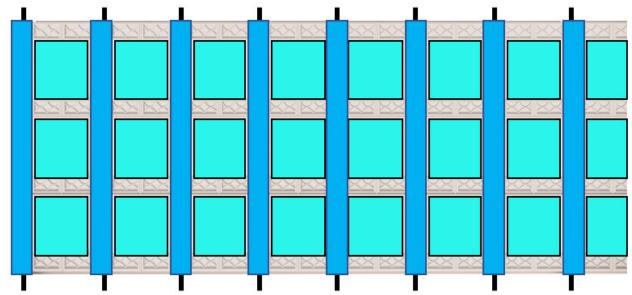


MODERN EXAMPLE

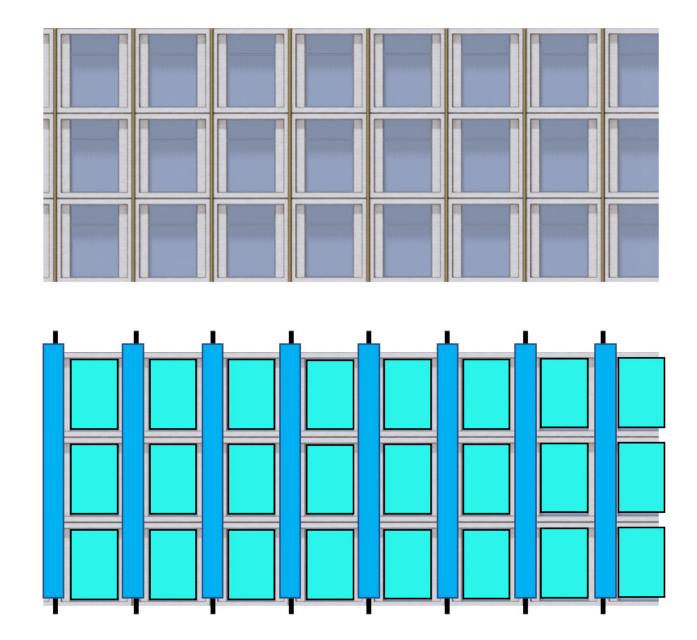


DESIGN PARTIFACADE HISTORICAL REFERENCE



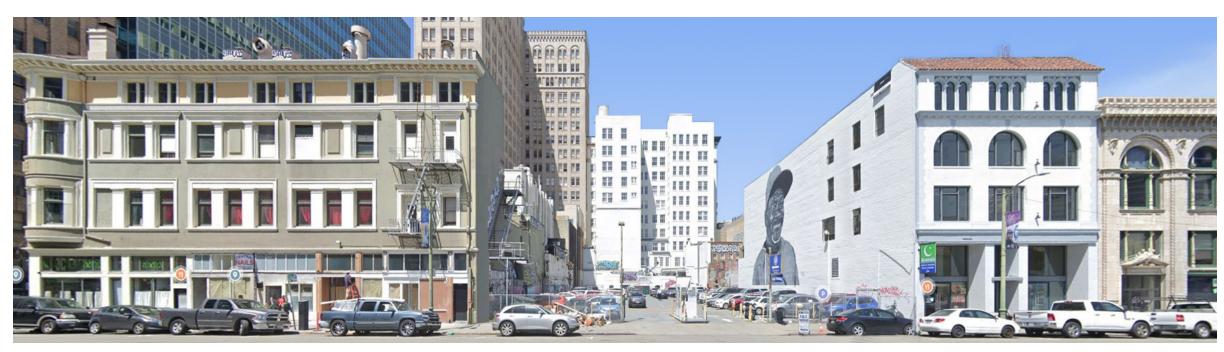


CATHEDRAL BUILDING: 1615 Broadway Cathedral Building verticality and rhythm.

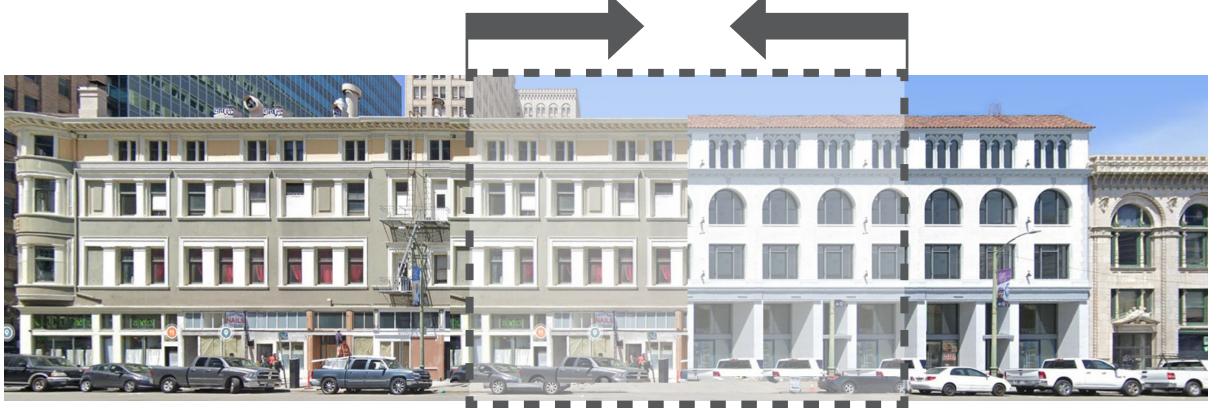


FRANKLIN RESIDENTIAL PROPOSAL: 1431 Franklin St.

Proposed building verticality and rhythm. Windows were elongated to further to reinforce historic allusions.



EXISTING STREET ELEVATION



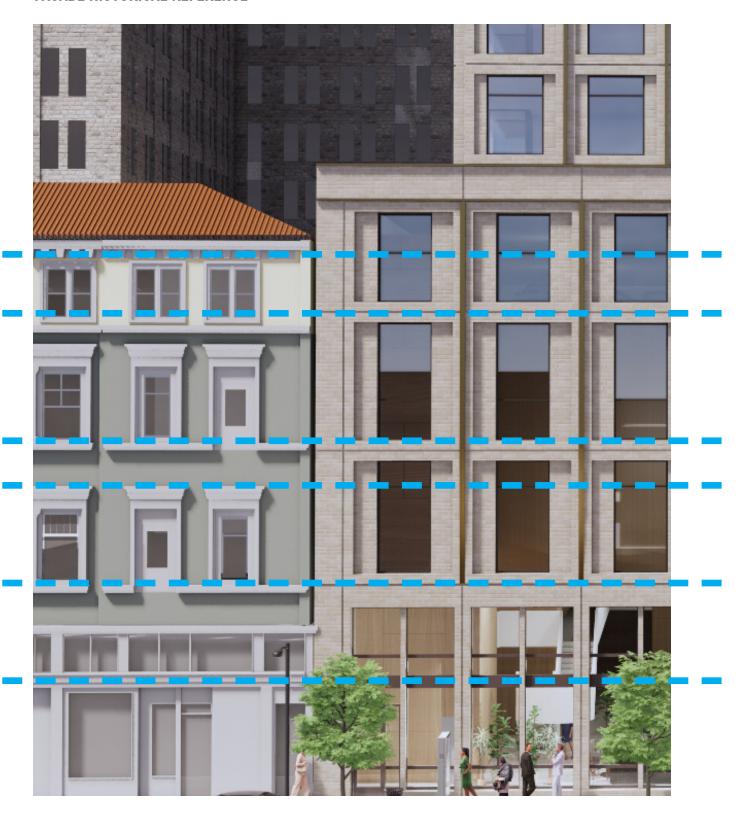
FACADES EXTENDED

Continuing the adjacent facades across the site reveals the existing relationships. The primary commonality is that both are solid walls with punched-windows. Furthermore, the facades both employ a classical three part break down. This results in approximate datum lines and window sizes that can be leveraged to create a blended proposal.

BUILDING DESIGN

DESIGN PARTI

FACADE HISTORICAL REFERENCE





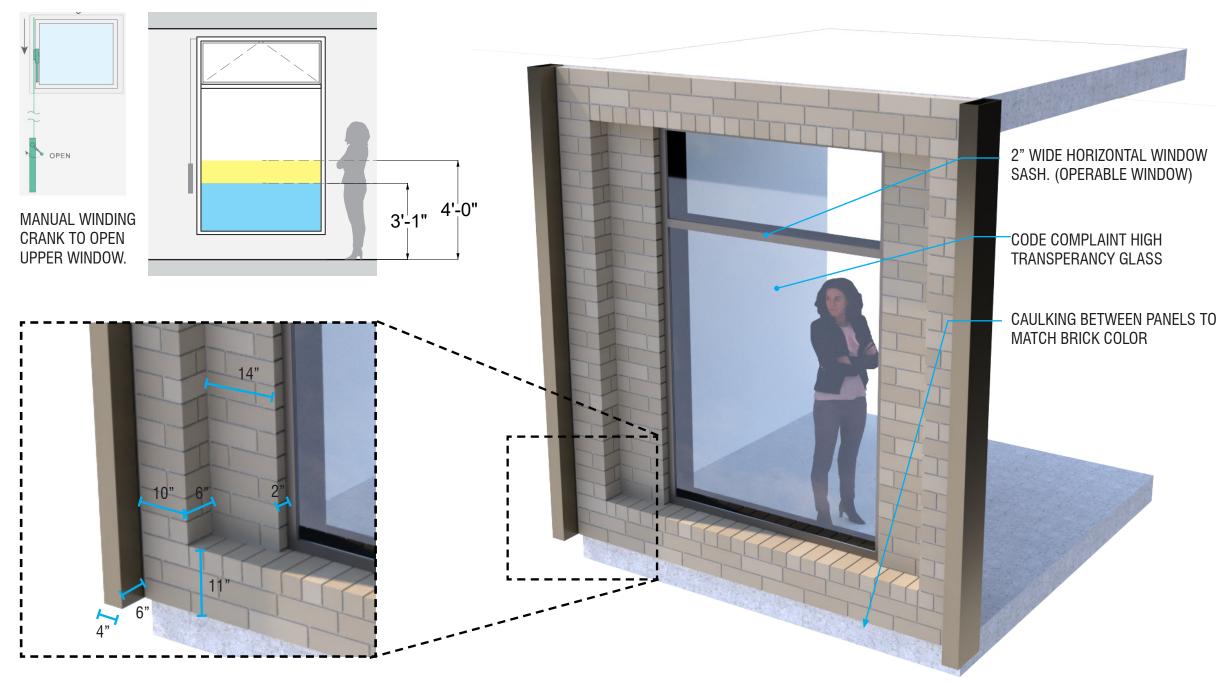
Great care was taken in aligning openings and window sashes with adjacent buildings to maintain the continuity of the streetscape.

DESIGN PARTI BUILDING MATERIALS





Variegated brick color to match Financial Center Building in the historic district.



FRANKLIN RESIDENTIAL PROPOSAL: 1431 Franklin St.

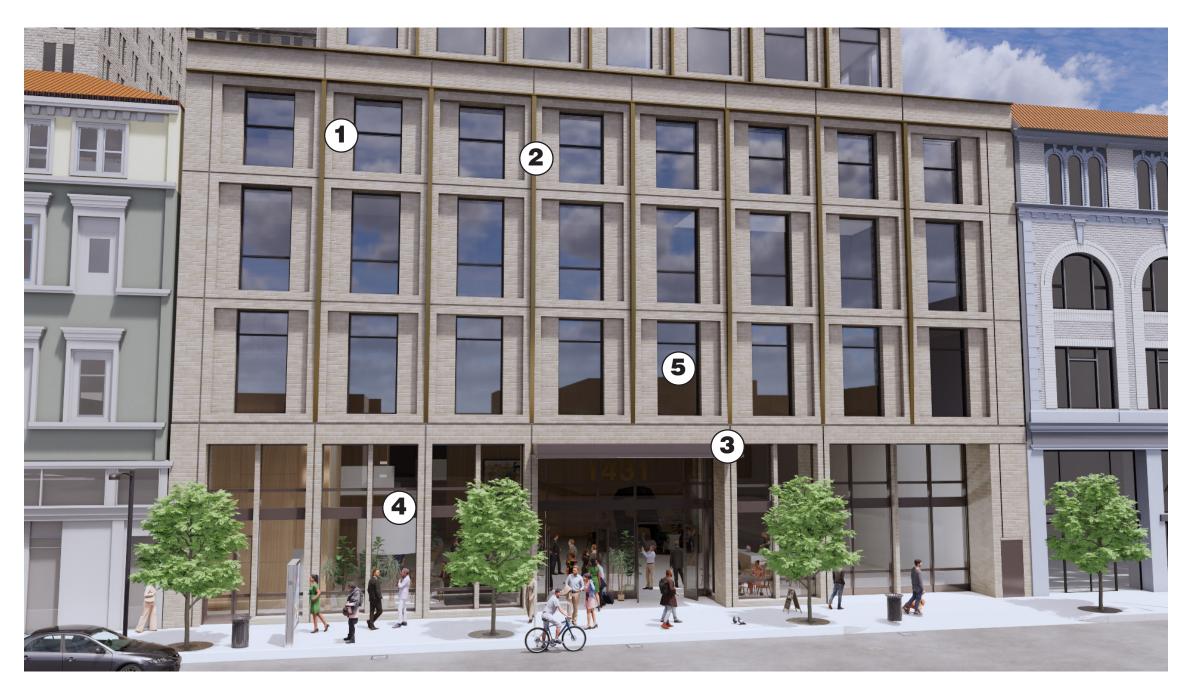
Punched window precast system with variegated brick finish and aluminum anodized windows. Color to match Financial Center Building.

> *ALL MEASUREMENTS ARE APPROXIMATE AND SUBJECT TO ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION REFINEMENT

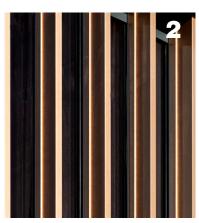
TOWER DESIGN ELEMENTS











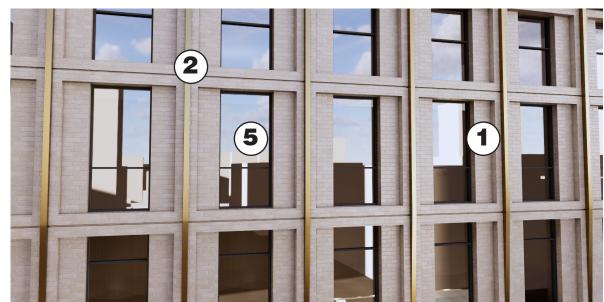






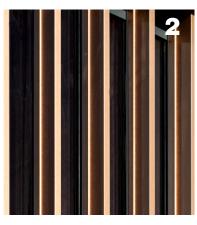
- 1. BEIGE BRICK VENEER ON PRECAST PANEL
- 2. BRONZE METAL FINS
- 3. ANODIZED ALUMINUM METAL SOFFIT
- 4. METAL FRAMED WINDOWS WITH BRICK PILASTER
- 5. CODE COMPLAINT HIGH TRANSPARENCY GLASS









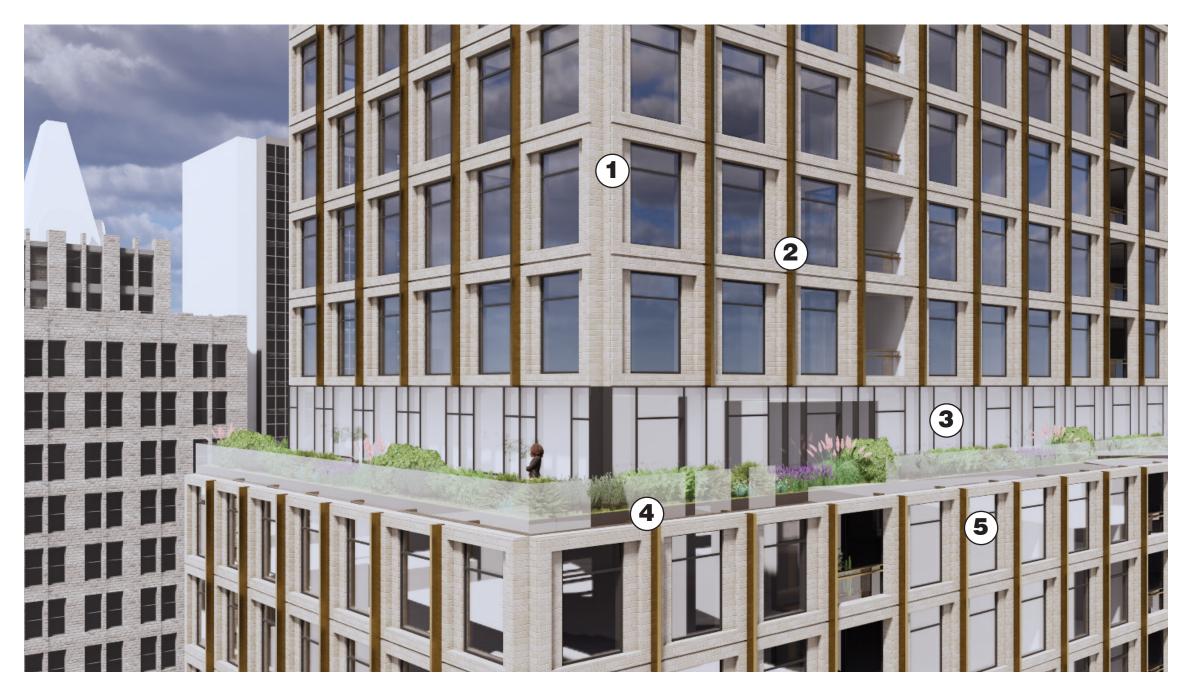






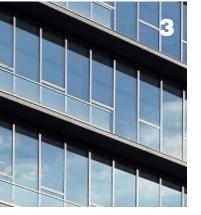


- 1. BEIGE BRICK VENEER ON PRECAST PANEL
- 2. BRONZE COLORED METAL FINS
- 3. ANODIZED ALUMINUM METAL SOFFIT
- 4. METAL FRAMED WINDOWS WITH BRICK PILASTER
- 5. CODE COMPLAINT HIGH TRANSPARENCY GLASS











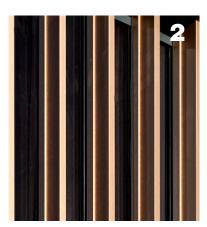


- 1. BEIGE BRICK VENEER ON PRECAST PANEL
- 2. BRONZE COLORED METAL FINS
- 3. GLAZED FACADE
- 4. DARK BRONZE COLORED PLANTERS
- 5. CODE COMPLAINT HIGH TRANSPARENCY GLASS











- 1. BEIGE BRICK VENEER ON PRECAST PANEL
- 2. BRONZE METAL FINS
- 3. CODE COMPLAINT HIGH TRANSPARENCY GLASS

OVERALL RENDERS



OVERALL LOOKING SOUTH-WEST



OVERALL LOOKING NORTH-WEST



FRANKLIN STREET ELEVATION LOOKING SOUTH-WEST



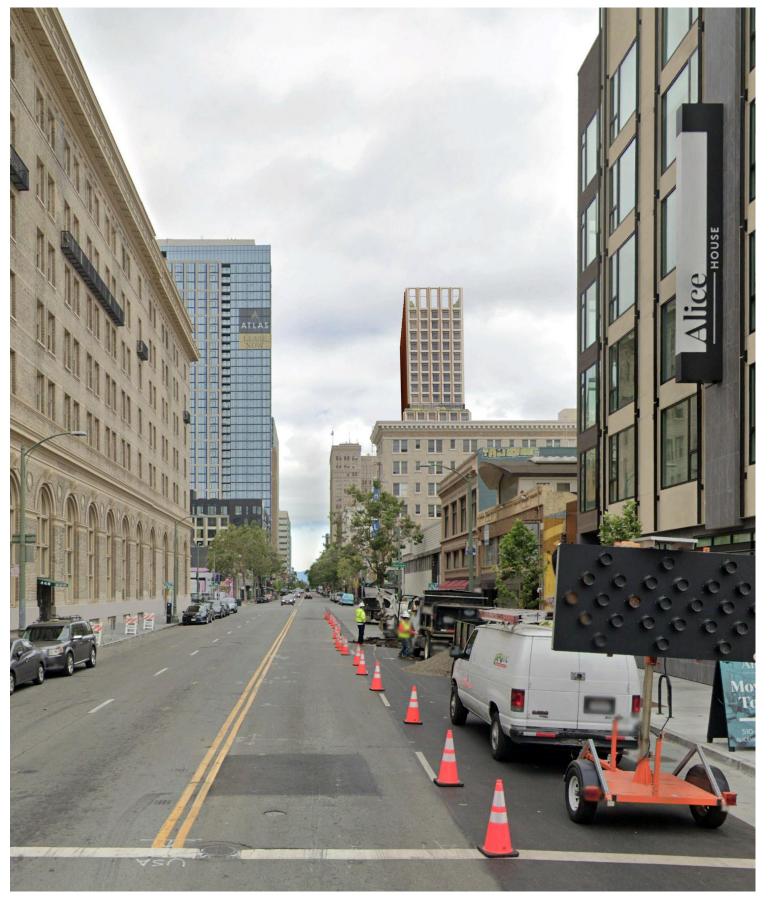
FRANKLIN STREET ELEVATION LOOKING NORTH-WEST

PROJECT IN CONTEXT

EXISTING



PROPOSED



VIEW FROM 14TH LOOKING WEST

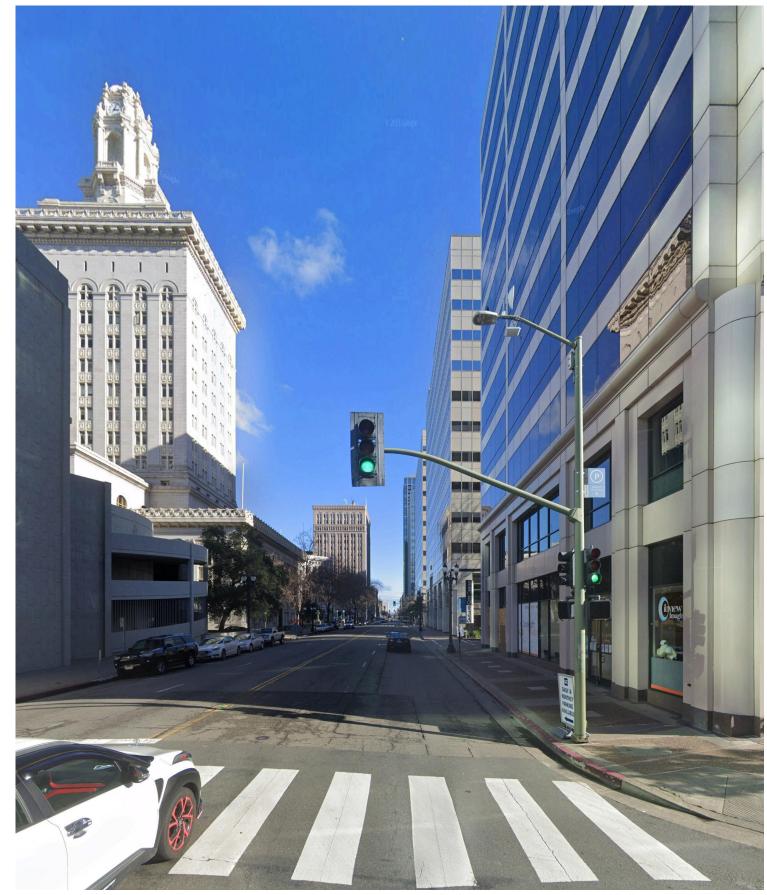
EXISTING

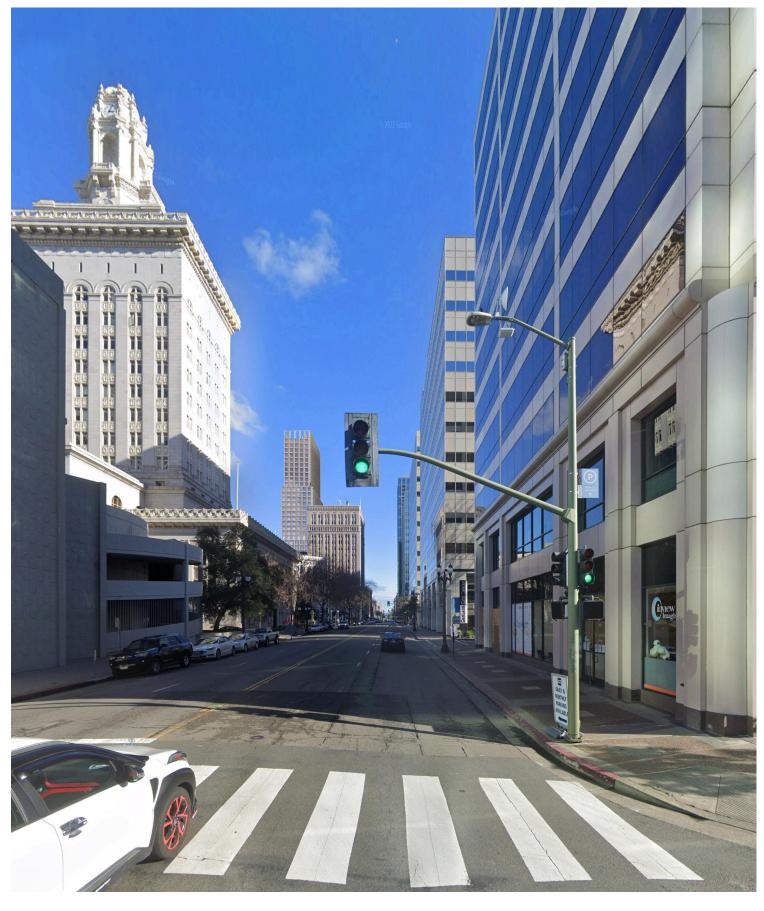


PROPOSED



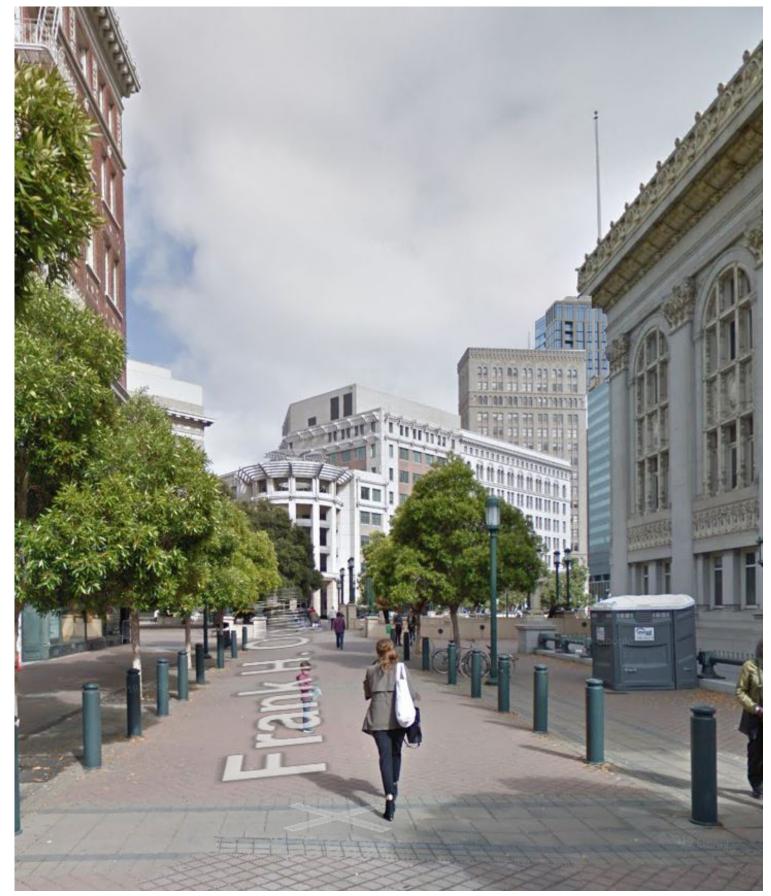
VIEW FROM BROADWAY LOOKING EAST



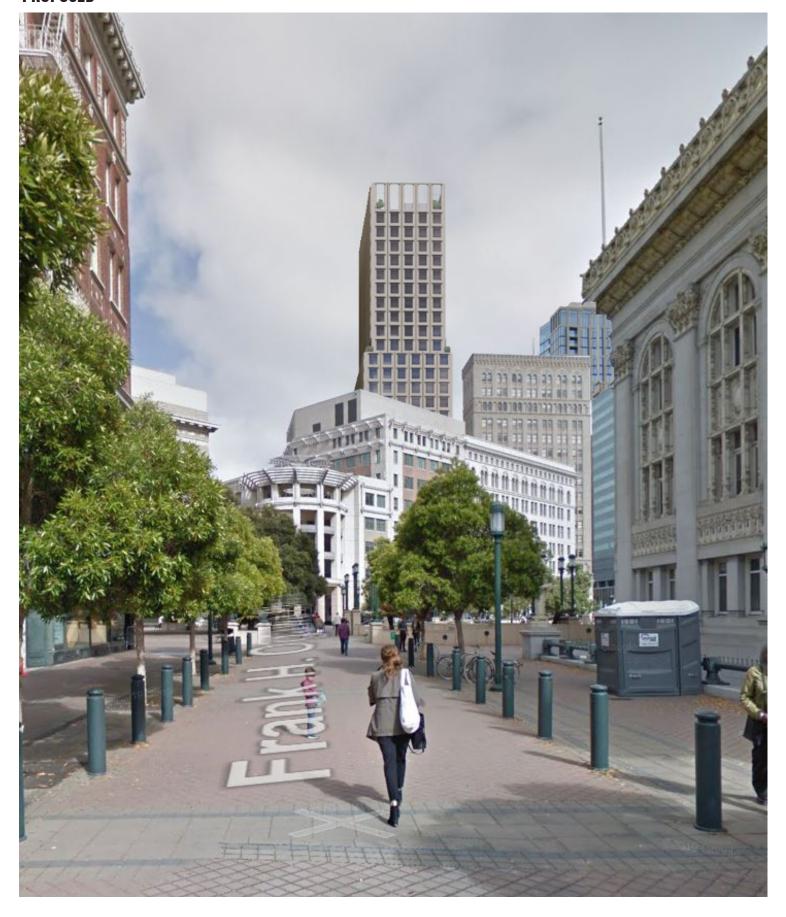


VIEW FROM CITY HALL LOOKING EAST

EXISTING

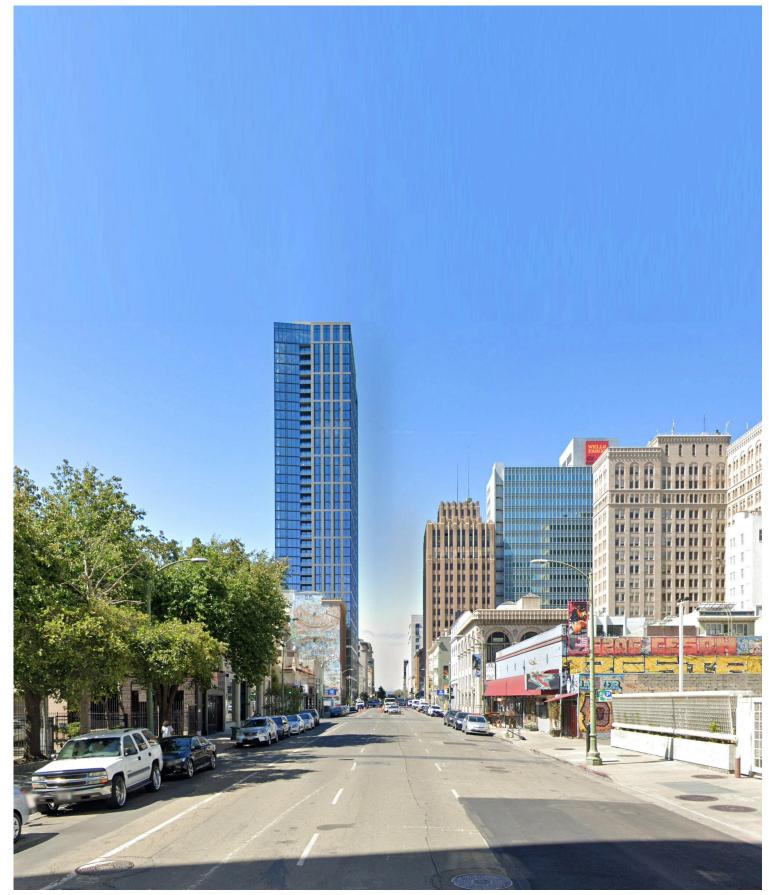


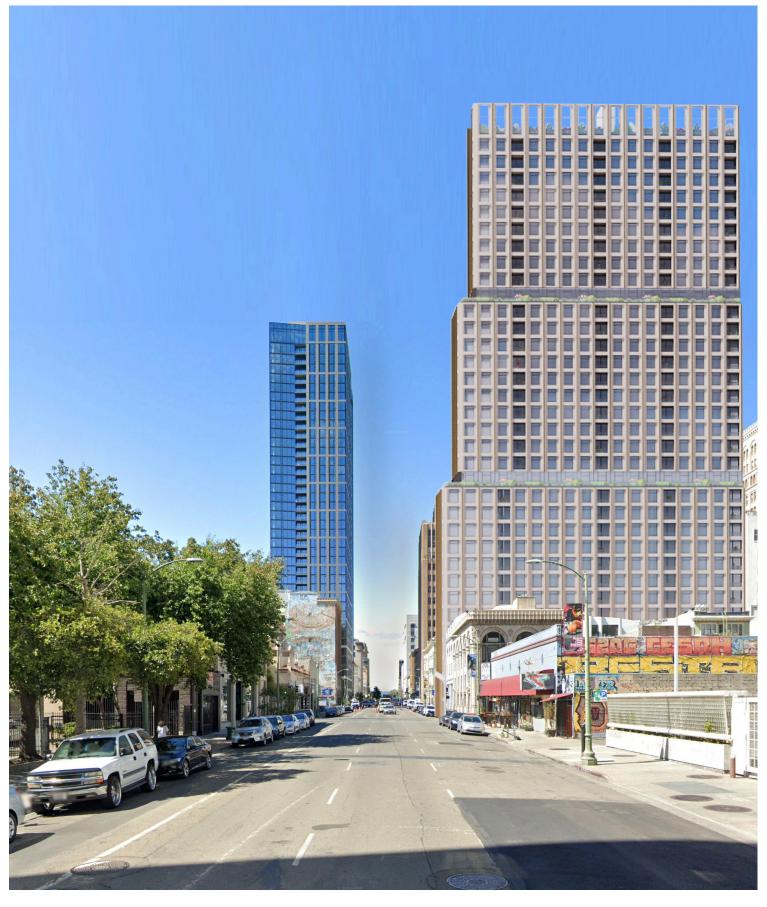
PROPOSED



VIEW FROM CITY HALL LOOKING EAST

EXISTING PROPOSED



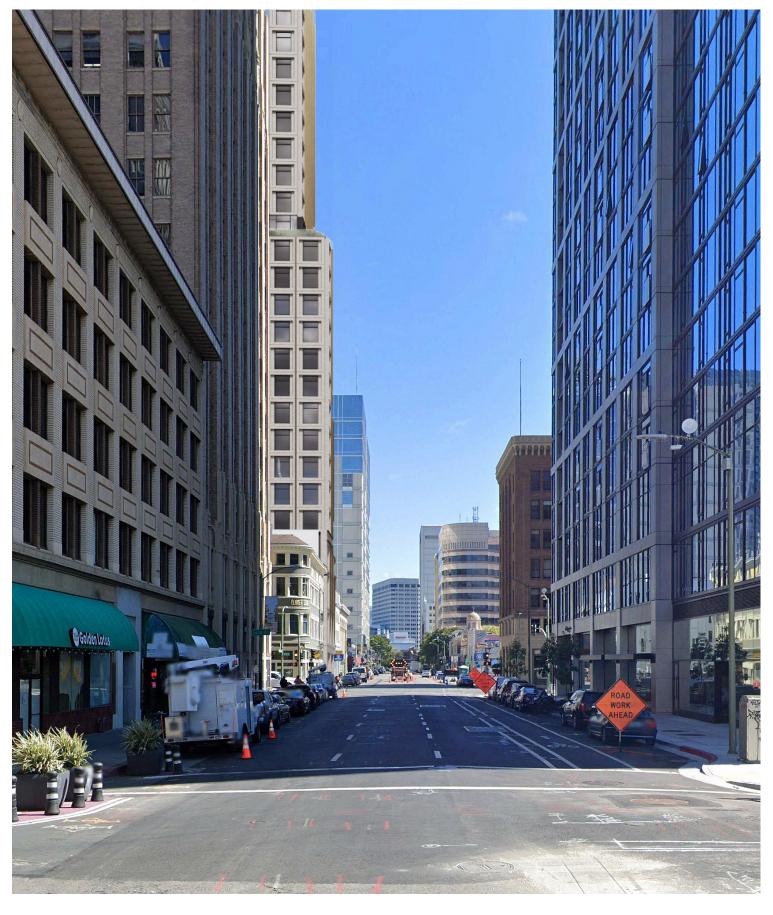


VIEW FROM CITY FRANKLIN LOOKING SOUTH

EXISTING

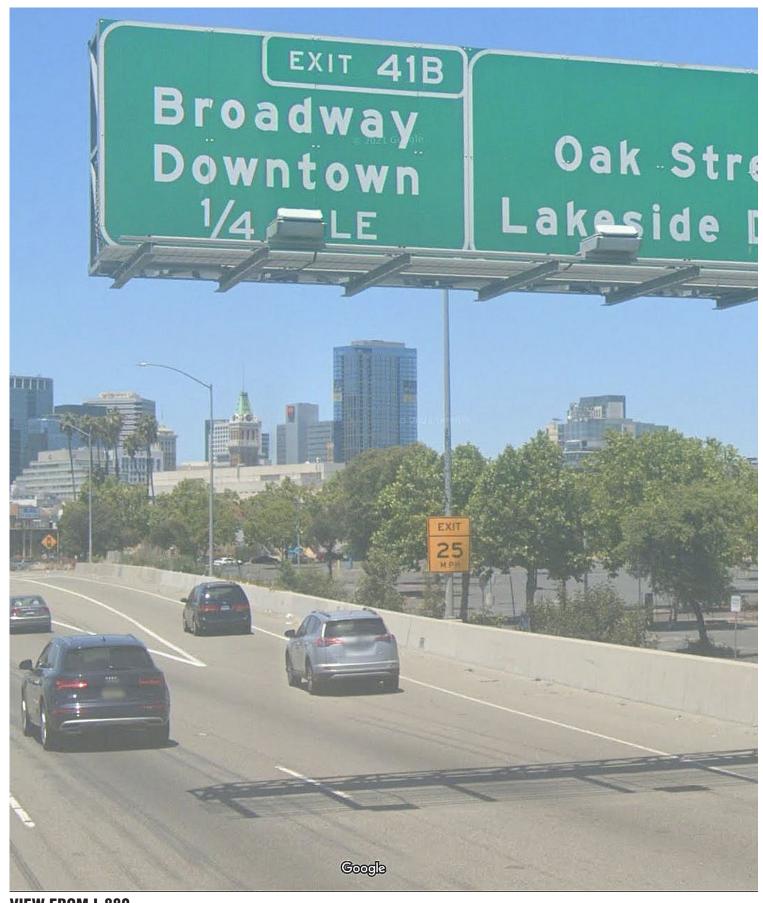


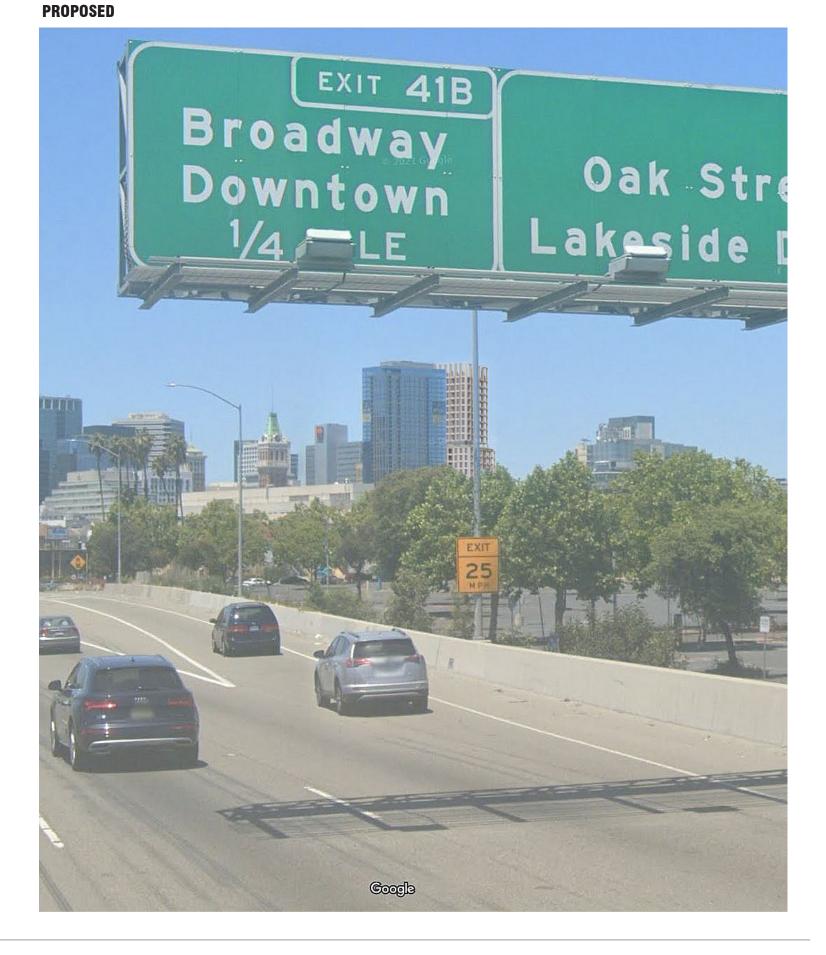
PROPOSED



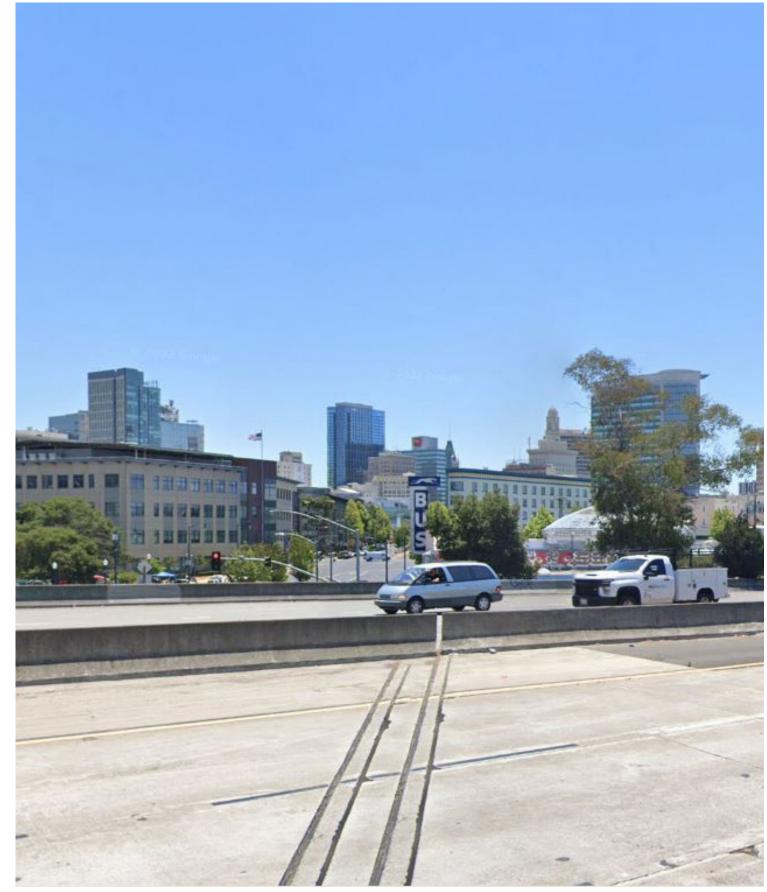
VIEW FROM FRANKLIN LOOKING NORTH

EXISTING



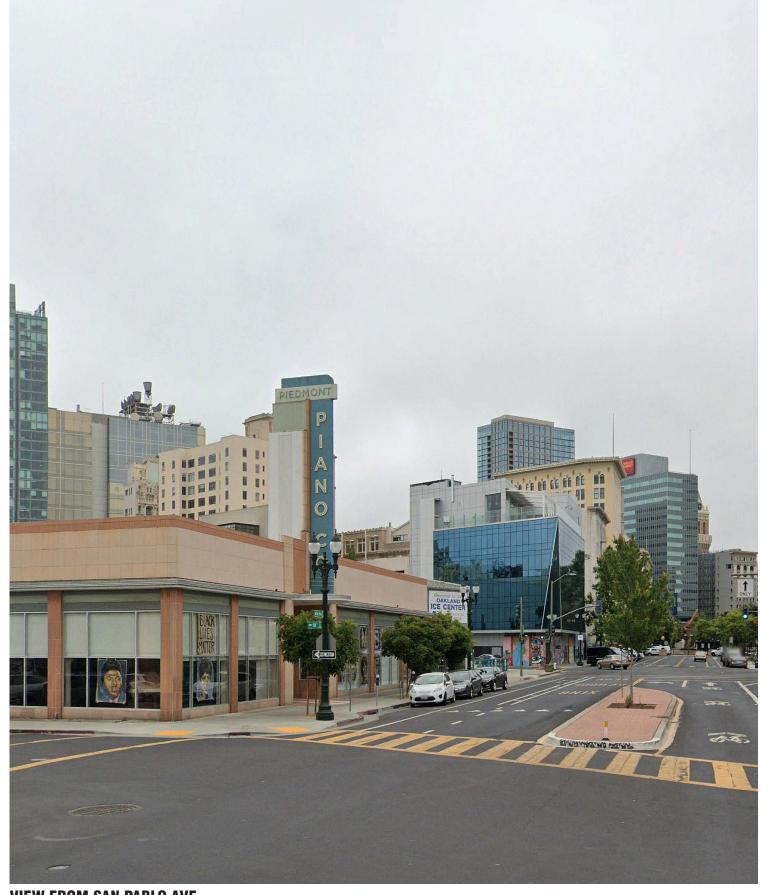


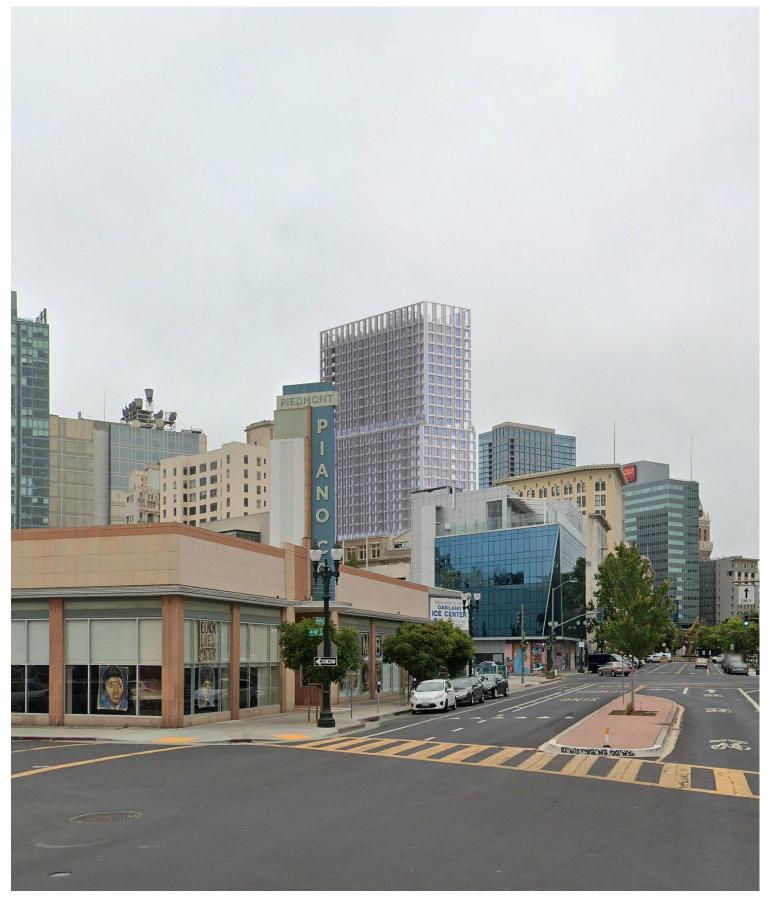
VIEW FROM I-880



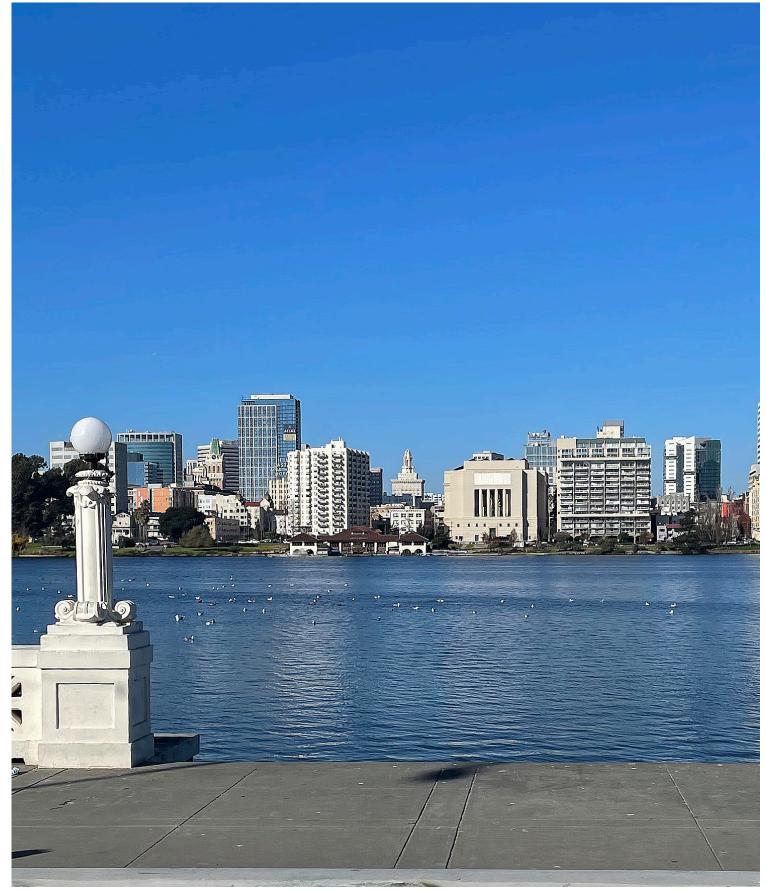


VIEW FROM I-980





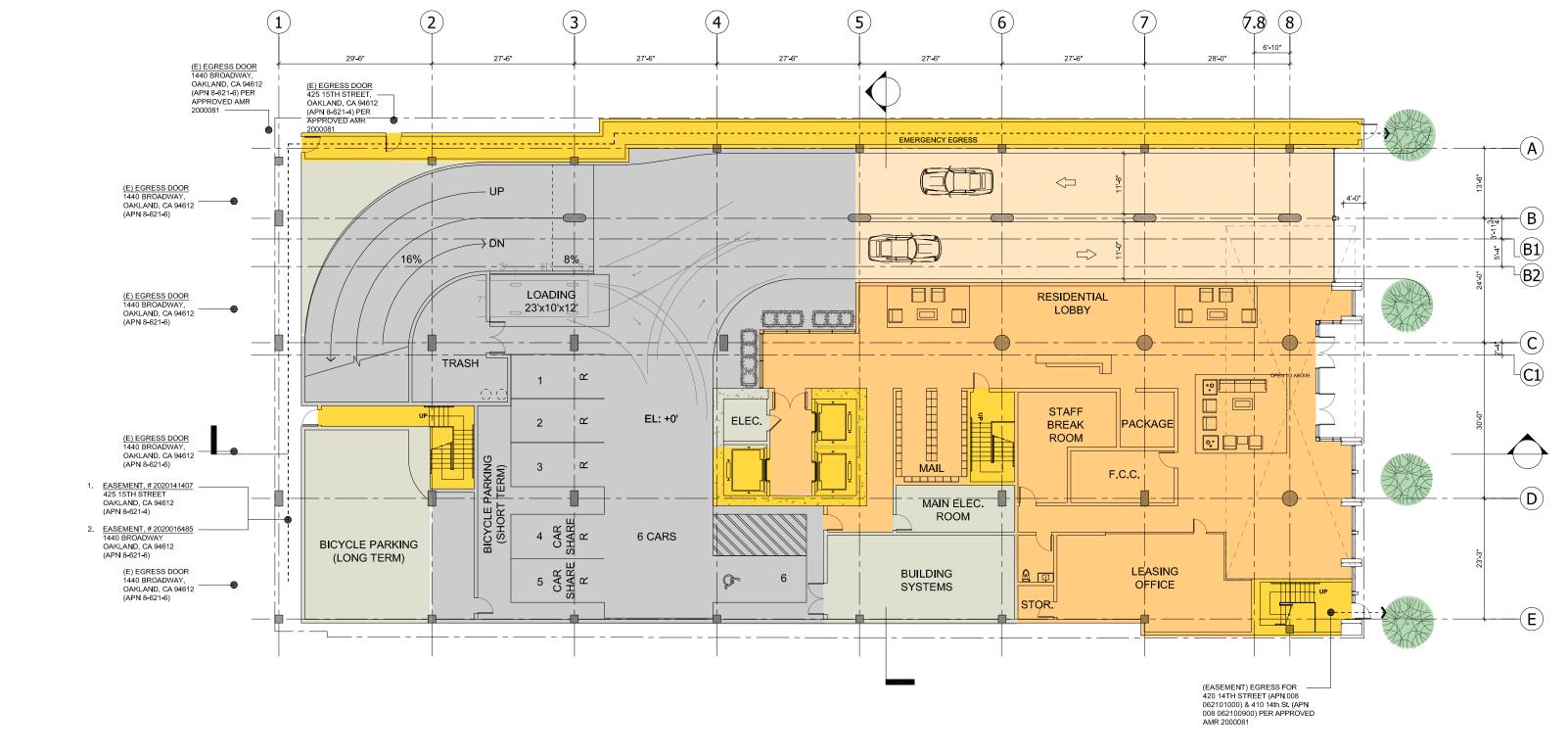
VIEW FROM SAN PABLO AVE

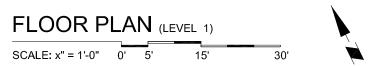




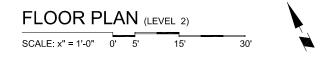
VIEW FROM 18TH ST

PLANS AND SECTIONS





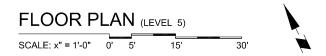


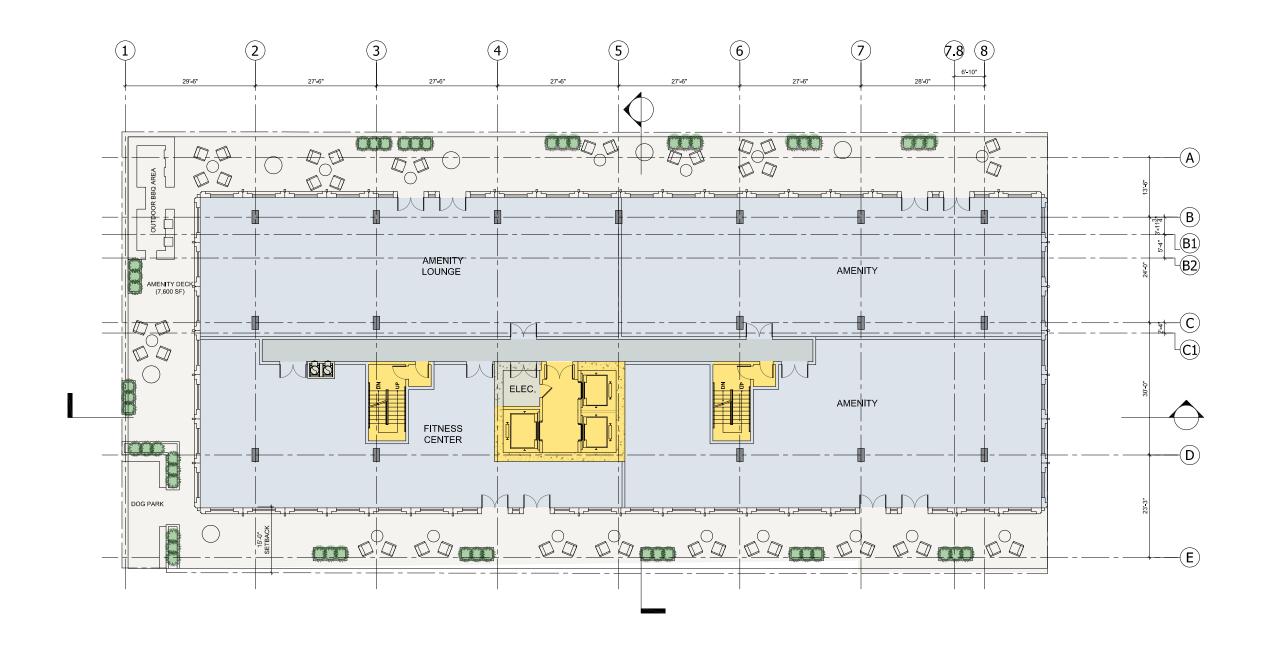


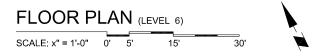


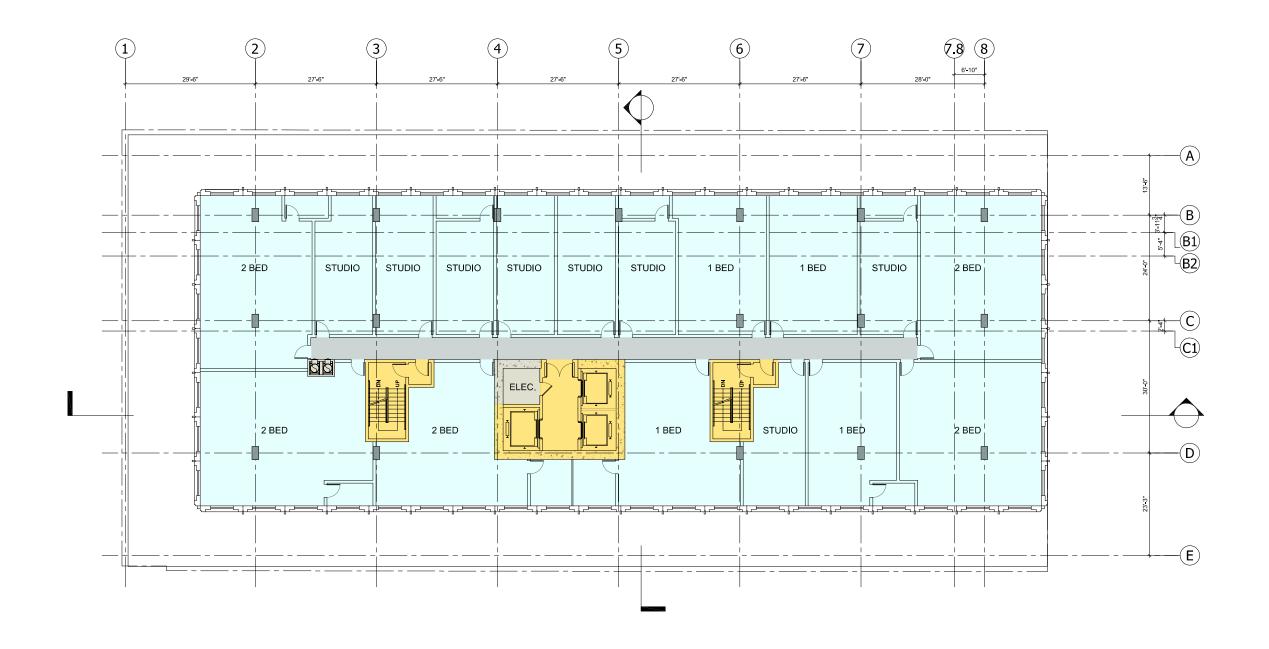




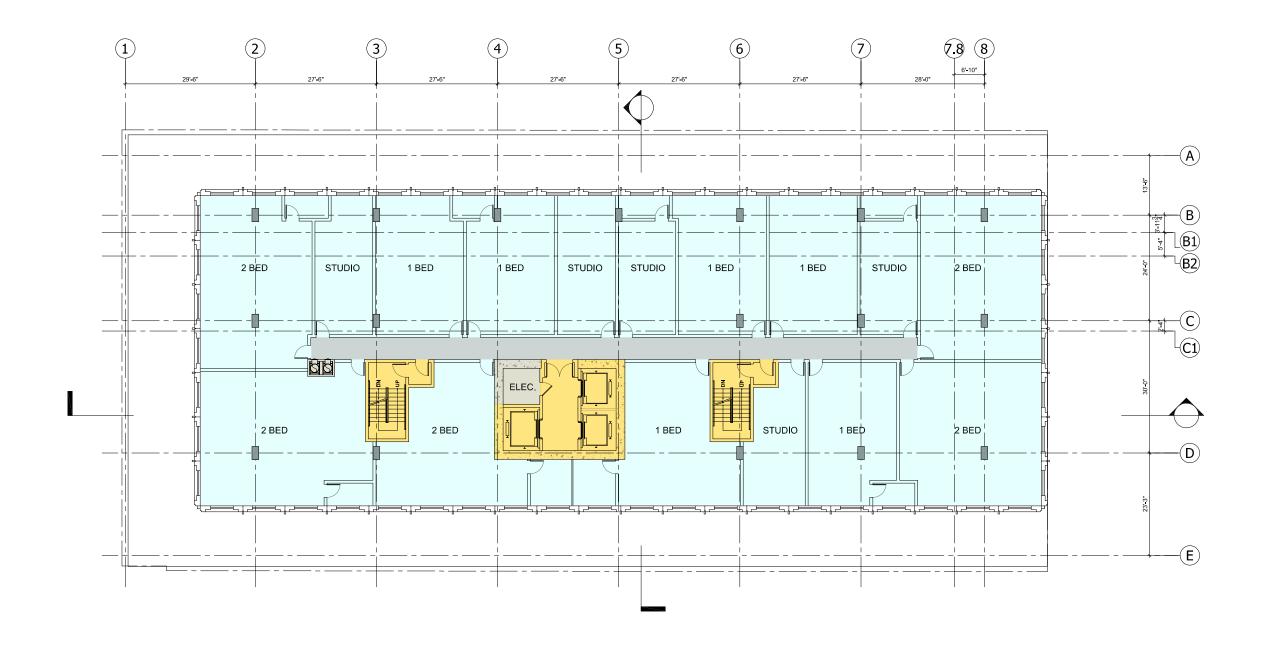




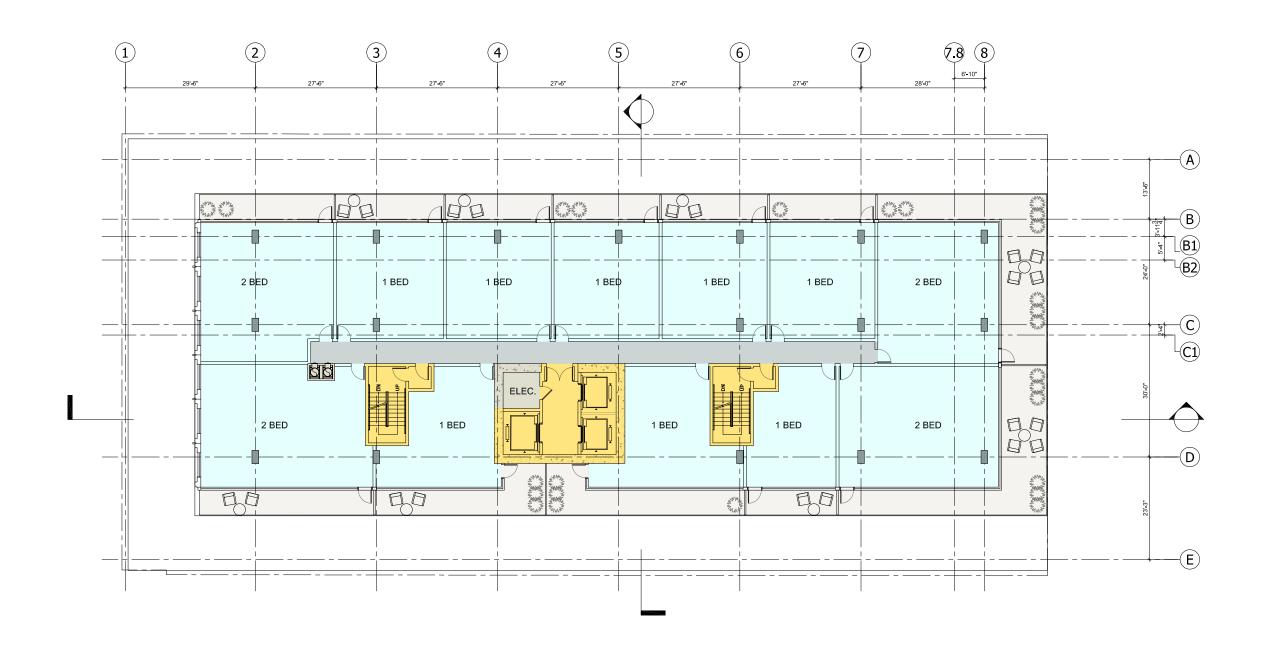




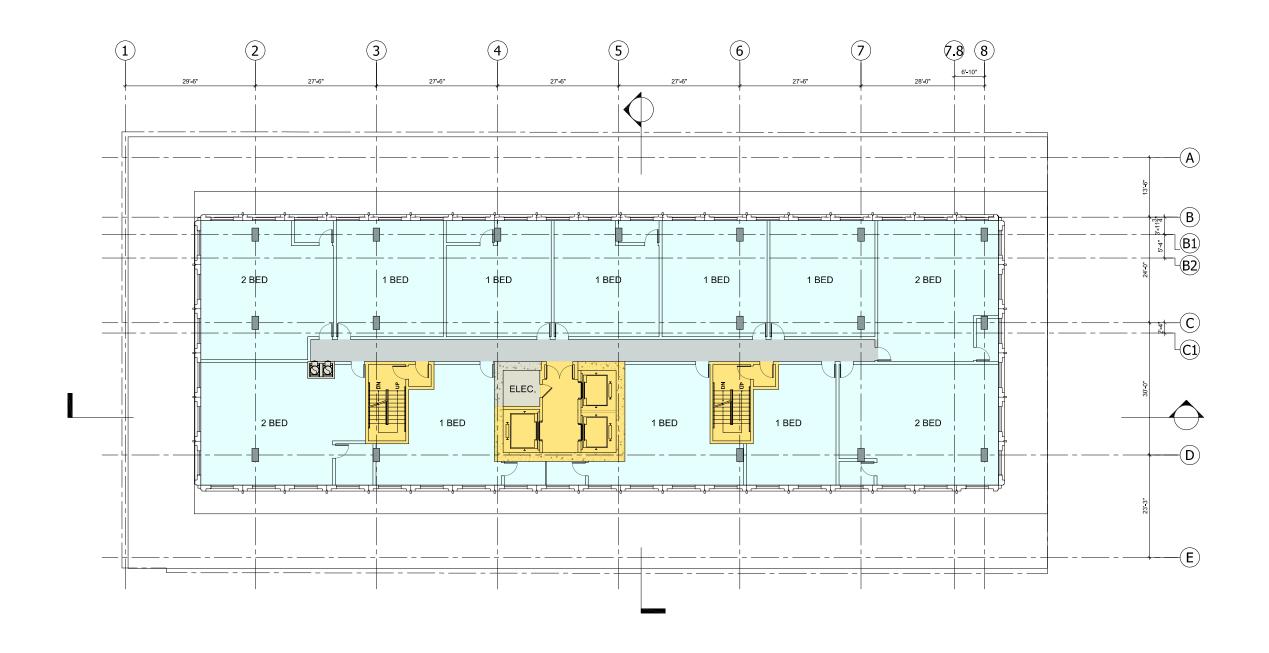




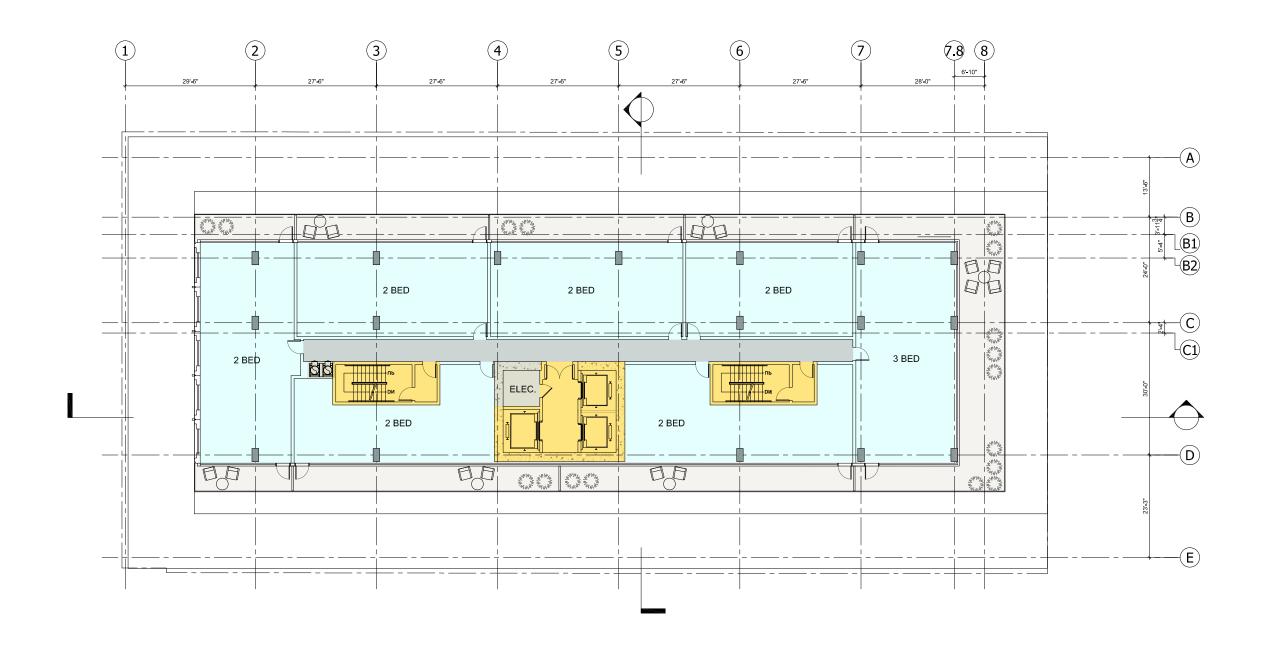


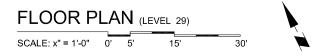


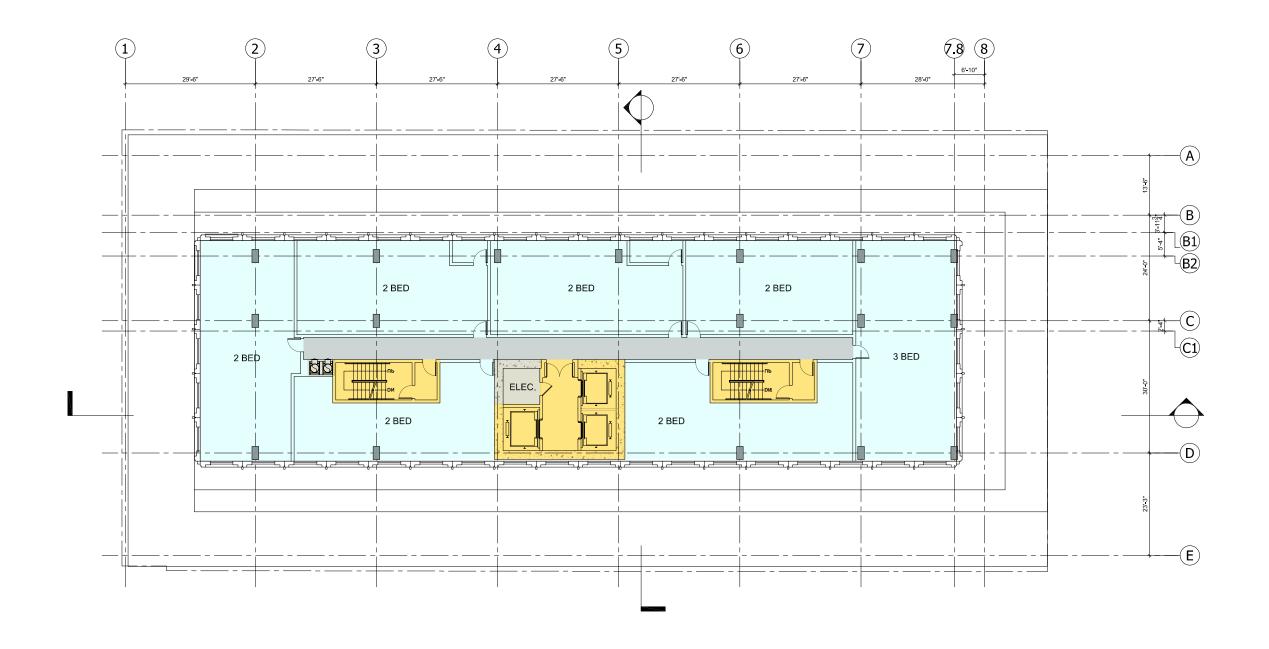




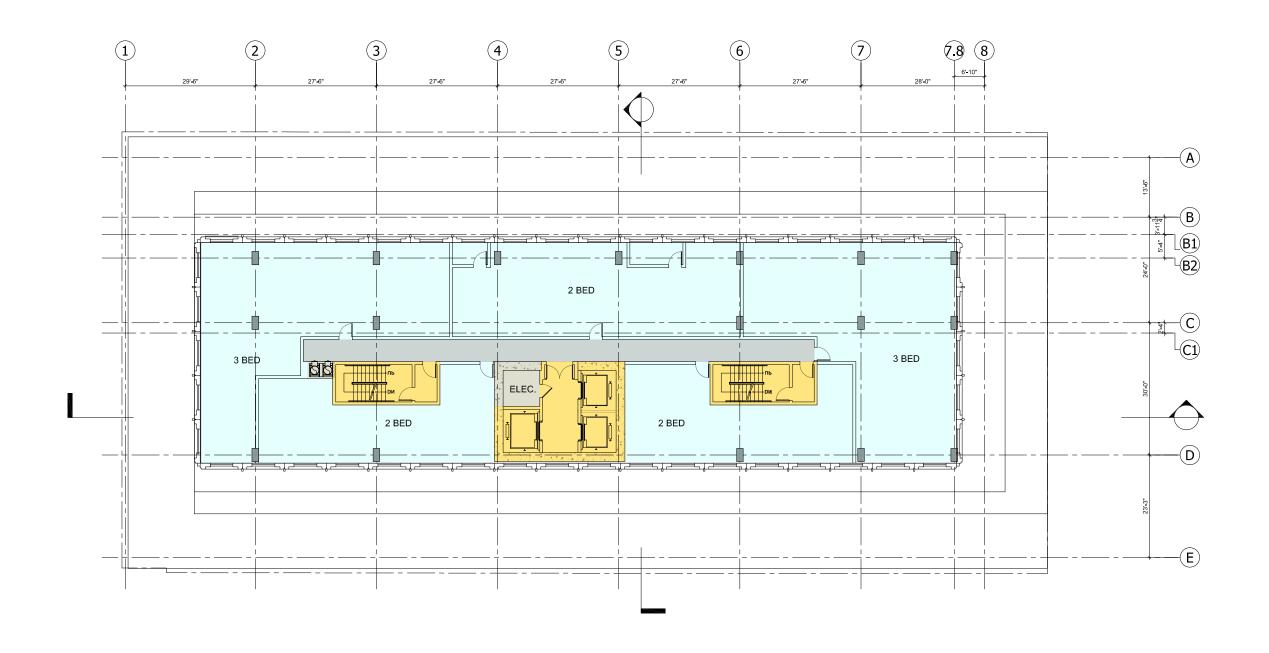




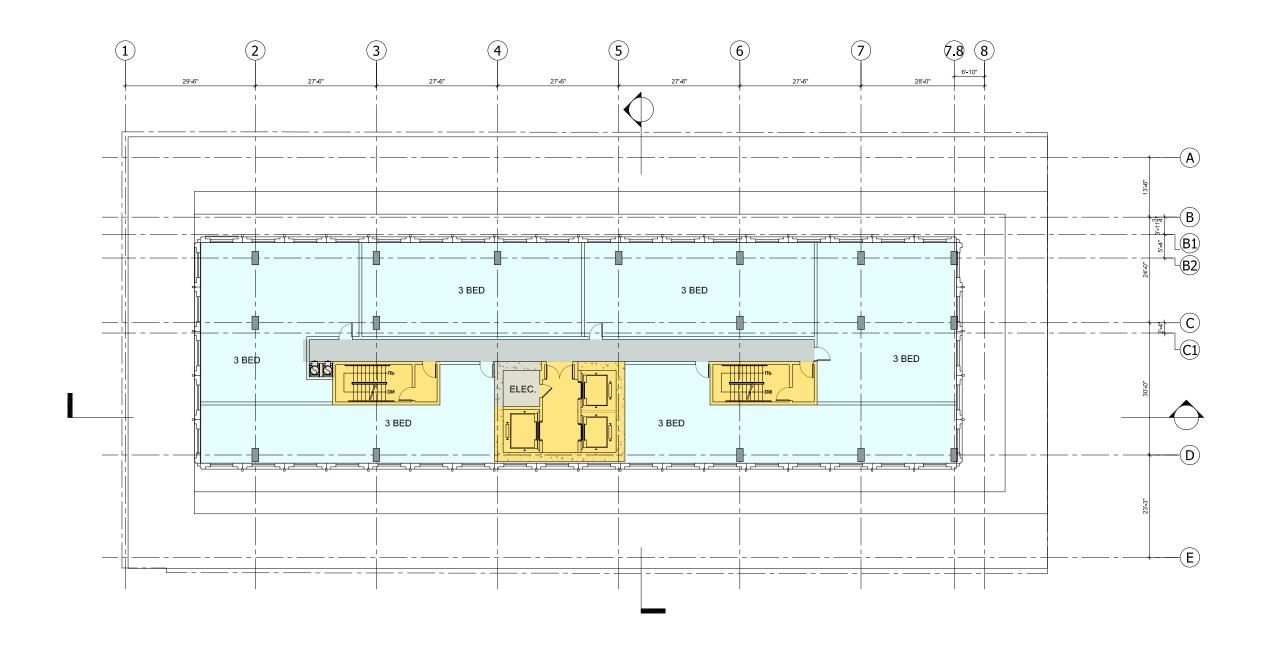


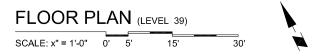


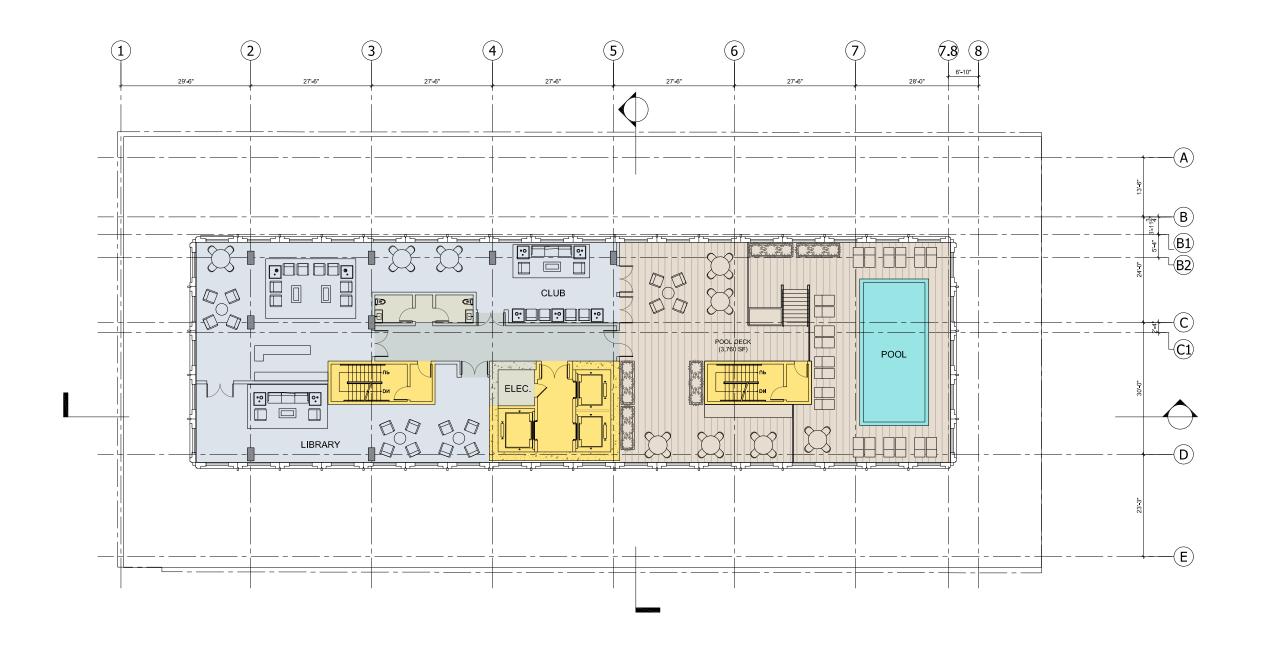


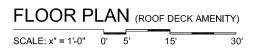




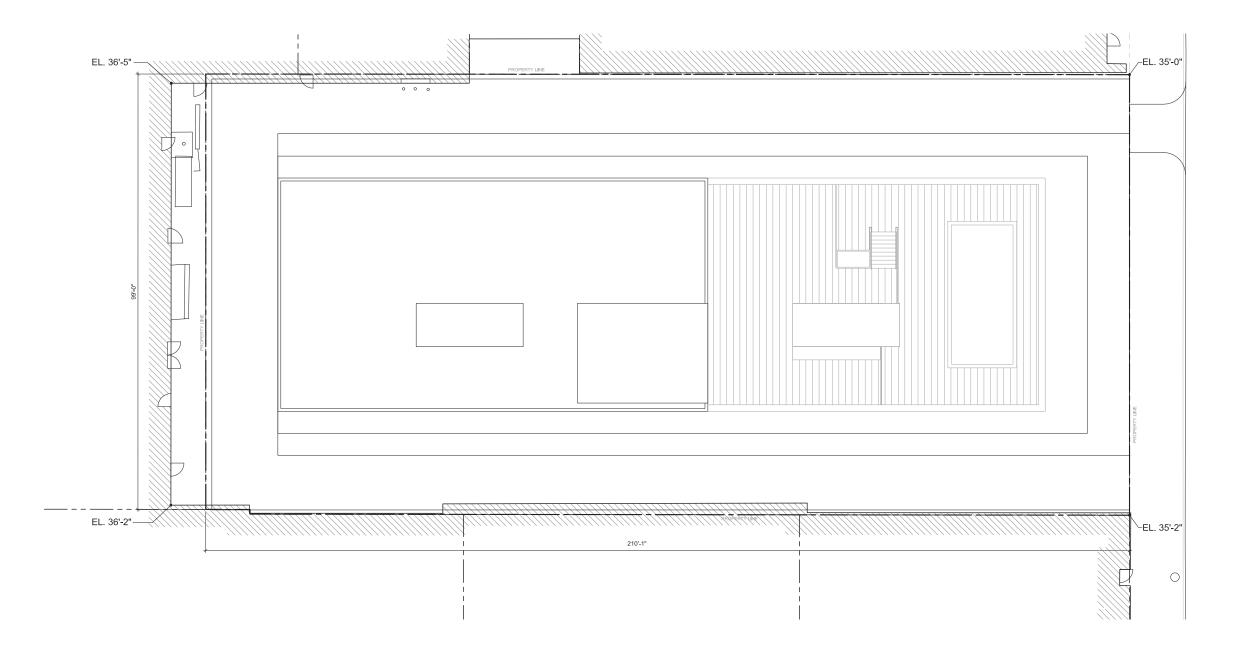


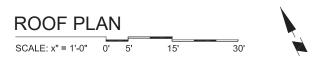




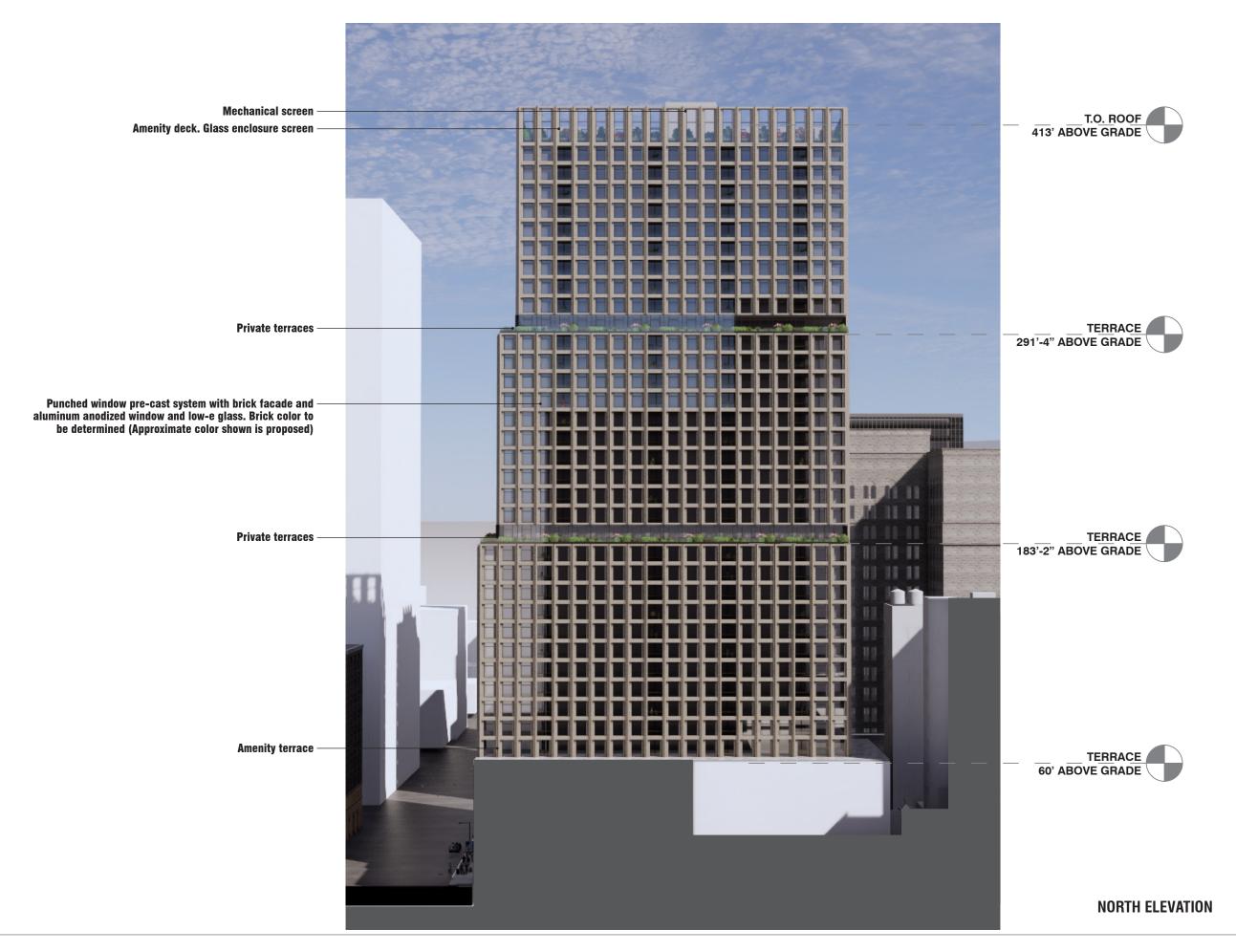


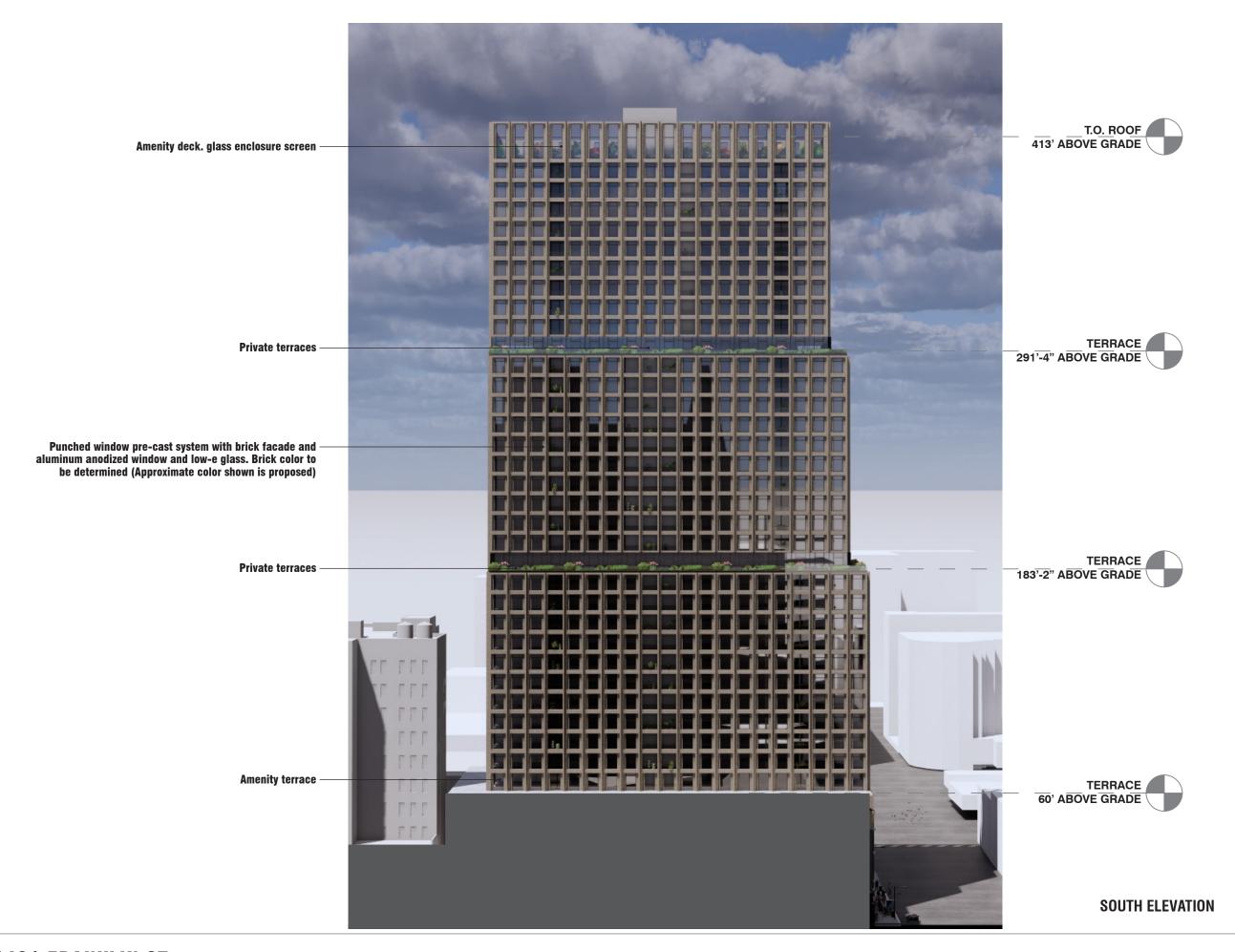


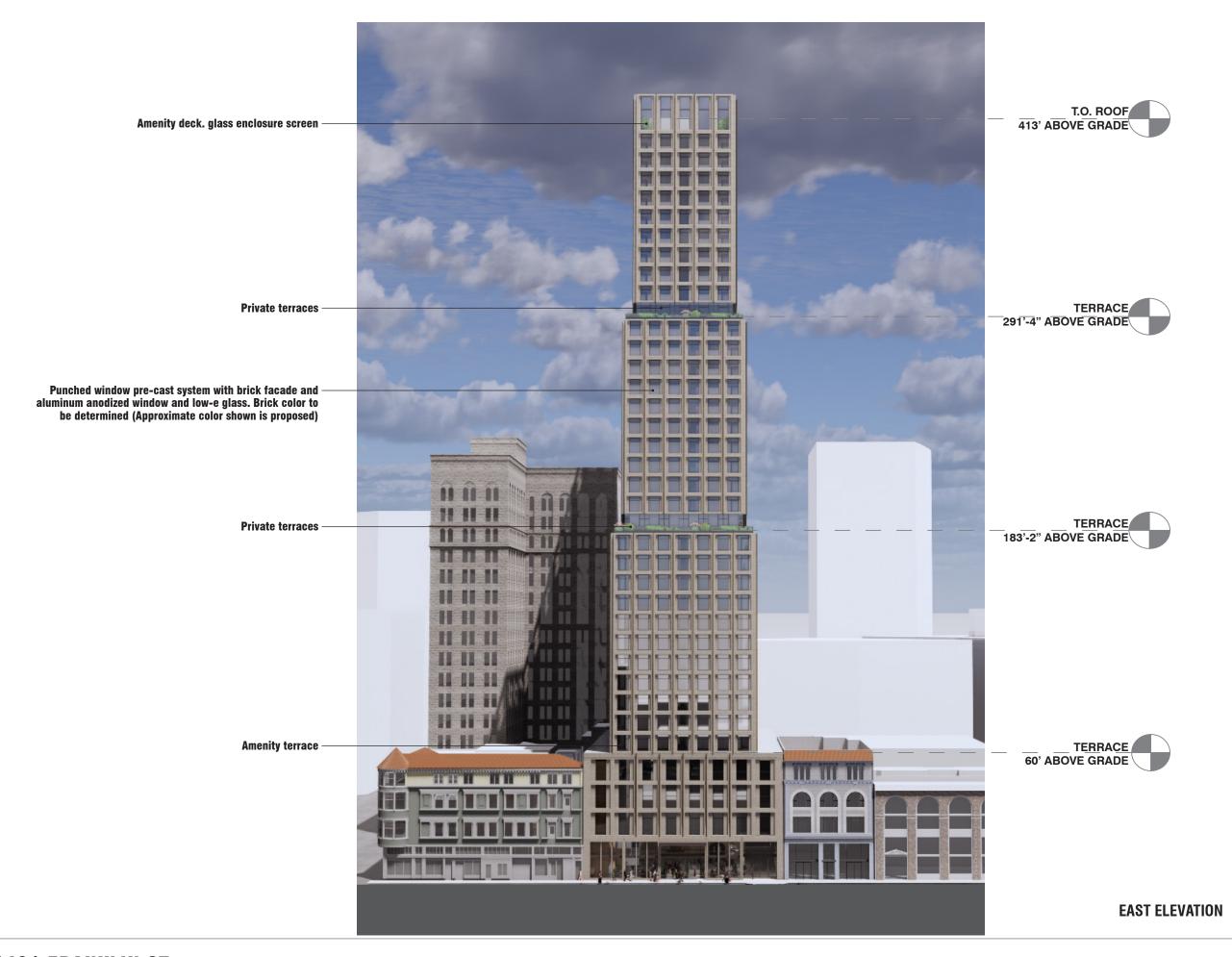


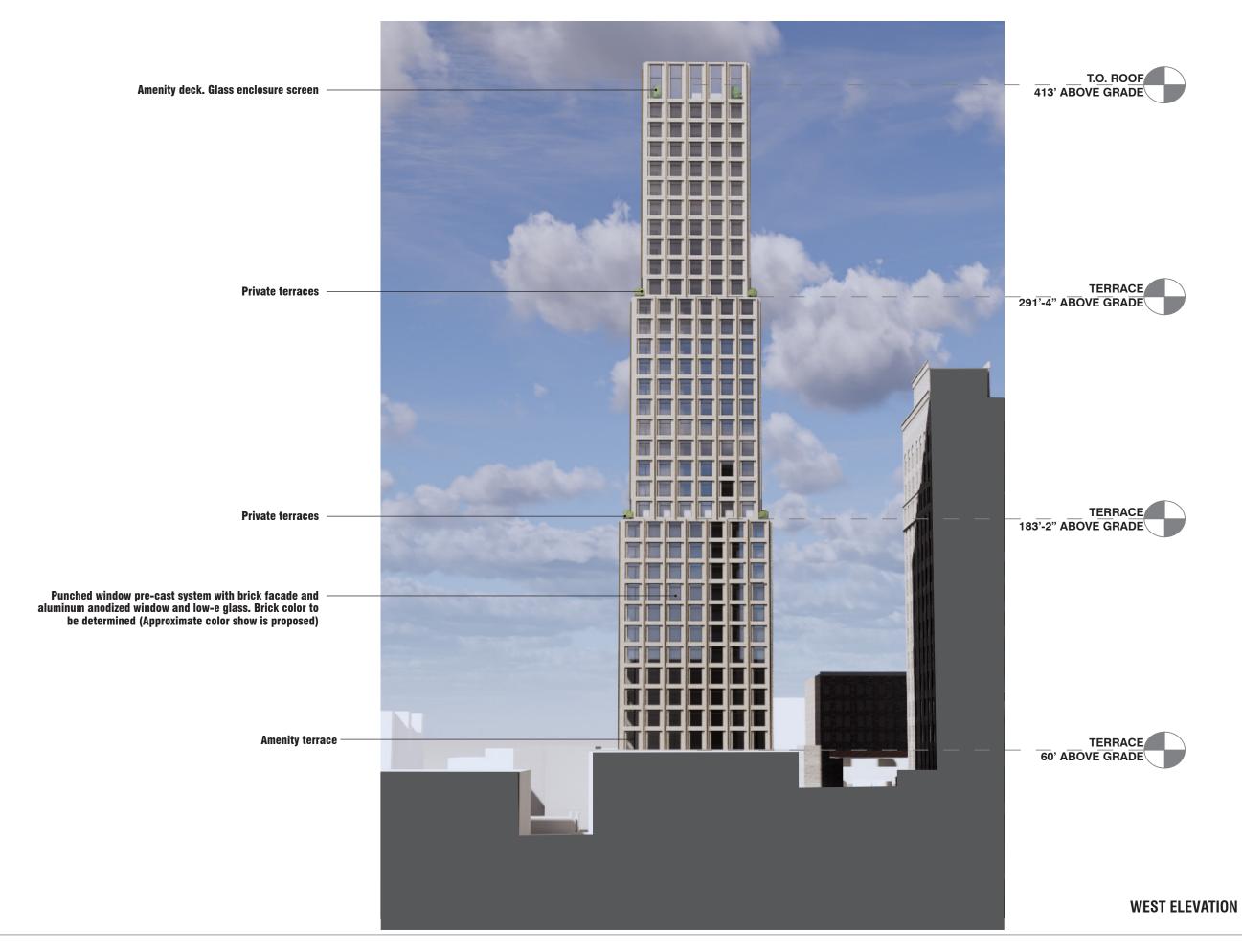


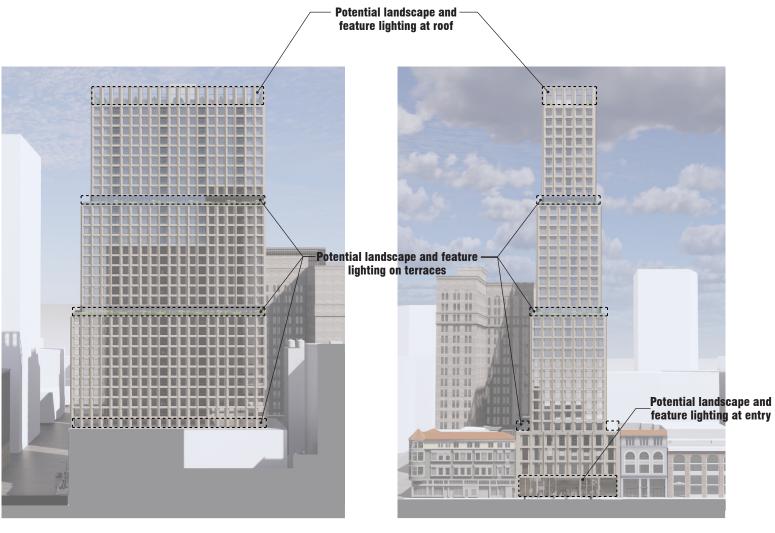


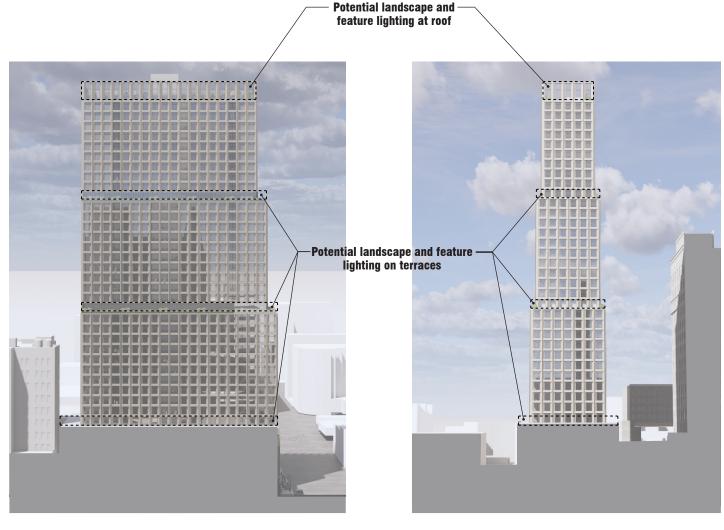












NORTH ELEVATION EAST ELEVATION SOUTH ELEVATION WEST ELEVATION

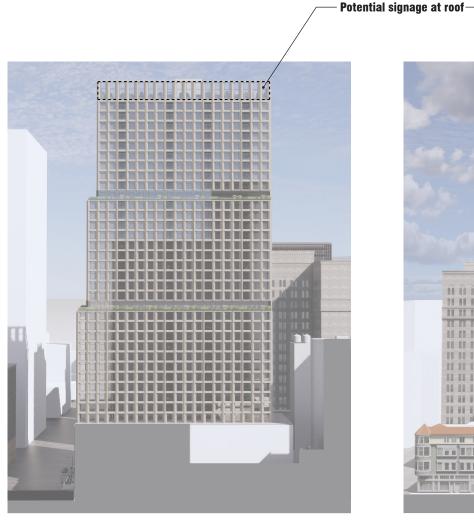


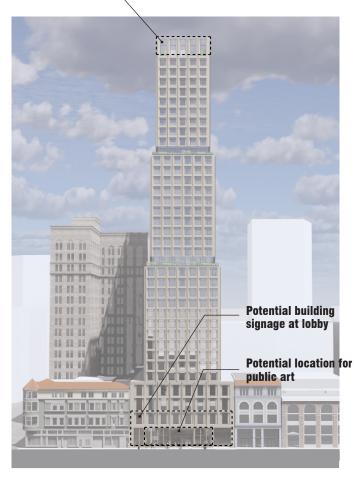






EXTERIOR LIGHTING LAYOUT









Potential signage at roof-

NORTH ELEVATION EAST ELEVATION SOUTH ELEVATION WEST ELEVATION

SIGNAGE

RESIDENTIAL BUILDING MATRIX

	LEVELS	FLOOR HEIGHT (FT.)	HEIGHT ABOVE GRADE (FT.)	STUDIO	1 BEDROOM	2 BEDROOM	3 BEDROOM	TOTAL		GROSS HORIZONTAL AREA	EXCLUDED AREA (2)	FLOOR AREA (1)
ROOF	-	-	413'-0"	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
POOL DECK	40	13'-6"	399'-6"	-	-	-	-	-		5,425	-	5,425
	39	9'-10"	389'-8"	-	-	0	6	6		9,258	-	9,258
	38	9'-10"	379'-10"	-	-	3	2	5		9,258	-	9,258
	37	9'-10"	370'-0"	-	-	3	2	5		9,258	-	9,258
	36	9'-10"	360'-2"	-	-	3	2	5		9,258	-	9,258
	35	9'-10"	350'-4"	-	-	6	1	7		9,258	-	9,258
	34	9'-10"	340'-6"	-	-	6	1	7		9,258	-	9,258
	33	9'-10"	330'-8"	-	-	6	1	7		9,258	-	9,258
	32	9'-10"	320'-10"	-	-	6	1	7		9,258	-	9,258
	31	9'-10"	311'-0"	-	-	6	1	7		9,258	-	9,258
	30	9'-10"	301'-2"	-	-	6	1	7		9,258	-	9,258
	29	9'-10"	291'-4"	-	-	6	1	7		9,258	-	9,258
	28	9'-10"	281'-6"	-	8	4	-	12		9,258	-	9,258
S	27	9'-10"	271'-8"	-	8	4	-	12		11,607	-	11,607
RESIDENTIAL LEVELS	26	9'-10"	261'-10"	-	8	4	-	12		11,607	-	11,607
ļ ģ	25	9'-10"	252'-0"	-	8	4	-	12		11,607	-	11,607
	24	9'-10"	242'-2"	-	8	4	-	12		11,607	-	11,607
	23	9'-10"	232'-4"	-	8	4	-	12		11,607	-	11,607
	22	9'-10"	222'-6"	-	8	4	-	12		11,607	-	11,607
	21	9'-10"	212'-8"	-	8	4	-	12		11,607	-	11,607
ES:	20	9'-10"	202'-10"	-	8	4	-	12		11,607	-	11,607
~	19	9'-10"	193'-0"	-	8	4	-	12		11,607	-	11,607
	18	9'-10"	183'-2"	-	8	4	-	12		11,607	-	11,607
	17	9'-10"	173'-4"	5	6	5	-	16		11,607	-	11,607
	16	9'-10"	163'-6"	5	6	5	-	16		14,167	-	14,167
	15	9'-10"	153'-8"	5	6	5	-	16		14,167	-	14,167
	14	9'-10"	143'-10"	5	6	5	-	16		14,167	-	14,167
	13	9'-10"	134'-0"	5	6	5	-	16		14,167	-	14,167
	12	9'-10"	124'-2"	5	6	5	-	16		14,167	-	14,167
	11	9'-10"	114'-4"	5	6	5	-	16		14,167	-	14,167
	10	9'-10"	104'-6"	5	6	5	-	16		14,167	-	14,167
	9	9'-10"	94'-8"	8	4	5	-	17		14,167	-	14,167
	8	9'-10"	84'-10"	8	4	5	-	17		14,167	-	14,167
	7	9'-10"	75'-0"	8	4	5	-	17		14,167	-	14,167
AMENITY	6	15'-0"	60'-0"		•	•				14,167	-	14,167
GARAGE	5	15'-0"	45'-0"	N/A						20,205	18,036	2,169
	4	10'-0"	35'-0"							20,205	18,036	2,169
4R	3	10'-0"	25'-0"		N/A					20,205	18,036	2,169
Ò	2	10'-0"	15'-0"					I		20,205	18,036	2,169
LOBBY	1	15'-0"	0'-0"							20,205	7,860	12,345
TOTAL	-,			64	148	150	19	381		501,060	80,004	421,056
				16.8%	38.8%	39.4%	5.0%	100%		•	,	,

OPEN	SPACE	SHIMM	ΔRV (2)

	UNITS	SQFT / UNIT	TOTAL (SQFT)
REQUIRED	381	75	28,575
DDO\/IDED	Private	e Open Space	14,900
PROVIDED	Public	Open Space	8,100
			23 000

PARKING SUMMARY

	UNITS	STALLS / UNIT	TOTAL
ALLOWED	381	1.25	476
PROVIDED	381	0.438	167

BICYCLE PARKING SUMMARY

		UNITS	BIKES / UNIT	TOTAL
LONG-T	ERM	381	1 BIKE / 4 UNITS	96
SHORT-	TERM	381	1 BIKE / 20 UNITS	20
PROVID	ED			116

Note

1. Per Chapter 17.09.040: "Floor area," for all projects except those with one or two dwelling units on a lot, means the total of the gross horizontal areas of all floors, including usable basements, below the roof and within the outer surfaces of the main walls of principal or accessory buildings or the center lines of party walls separating such buildings or portions thereof, or within lines drawn parallel to and two (2) feet within the roof line of any building or portion thereof without walls, but excluding the following: a. Areas used for off-street parking spaces or loading berths and driveways and maneuvering aisles relating thereto; b. Areas which qualify as usable open space under the standards for required usable open space in Chapter 17.126; c. In the case of Nonresidential Facilities: arcades, porticoes, and similar open areas which are located at or near street level, which are accessible to the general public, and which are not designed or used as sales, display, storage, service, or production areas.

2. Areas used for off-street parking spaces or loading berths and driveways and maneuvering aisles relating thereto; Areas which qualify as usable open space under the standards for required usable open space in Chapter 17.126; arcades, porticoes, and similar open areas which are located at or near street level, which are accessible to the general public, and which are not designed or used as sales, display, storage, service, or production areas.

PROJECT INFORMATION

PROJECT NAME: 1431 FRANKLIN RESIDENCES

PROJECT ADDRESS: 1431 FRANKLIN STREET OAKLAND, CA 94612

OWNER: TIDEWATER CAPITAL

APN: 8-621-8-7

ZONING: CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICT PEDESTRIAN RETAIL COMMERCIAL ZONE (CBD-P)

TOTAL LOT AREA: 20,974 SQUARE FEET

DENSITY: MARKET RATE DWELLING UNITS

20,974 X 91% = 19,086 SF, AT 1 UNIT PER 90 SF = 212 UNITS ALLOWED

EFFICIENCY DWELLING UNITS

20,974 X 9% = 1,888 SF, AT 1 UNIT PER 45 SF = 42 UNITS ALLOWED

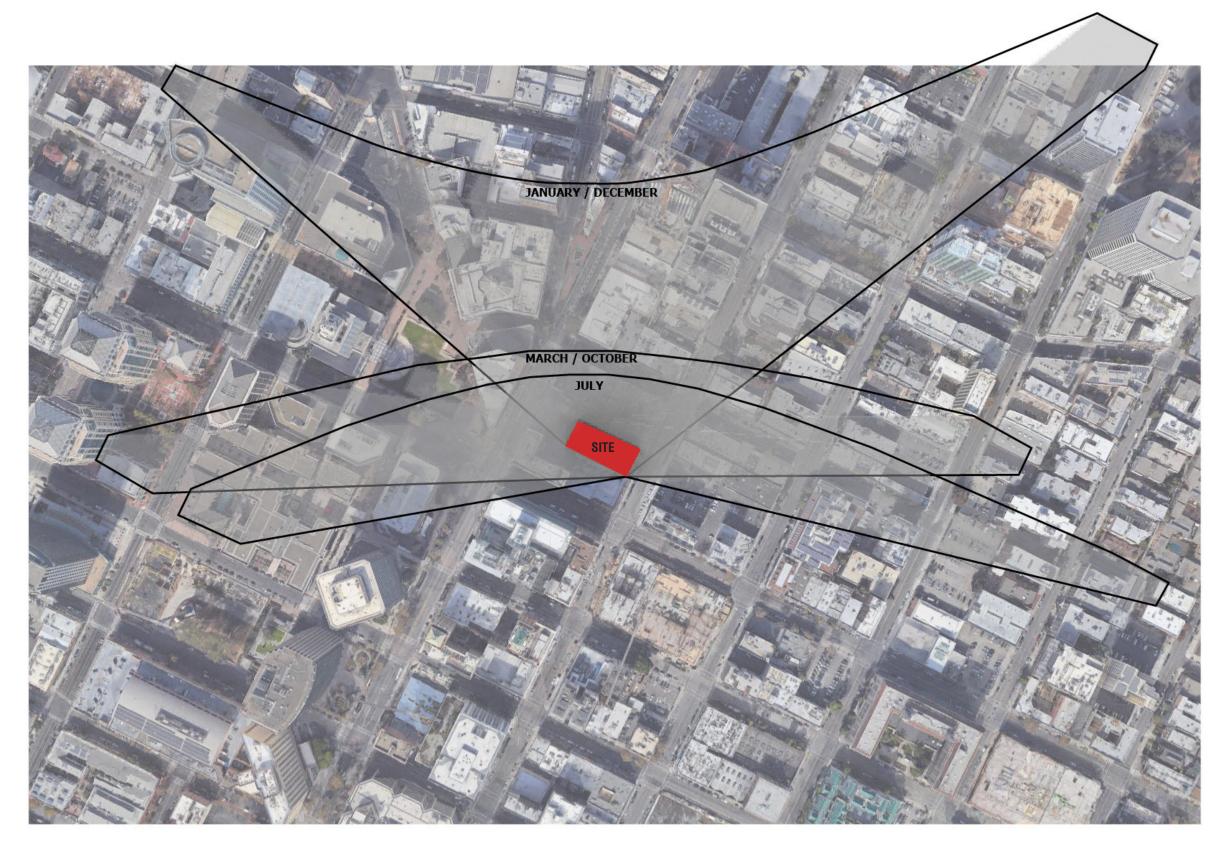
WITH STATE DENSITY BONUS

212 + 42 = 254 UNITS X 50% BONUS = 381 DWELLING UNITS

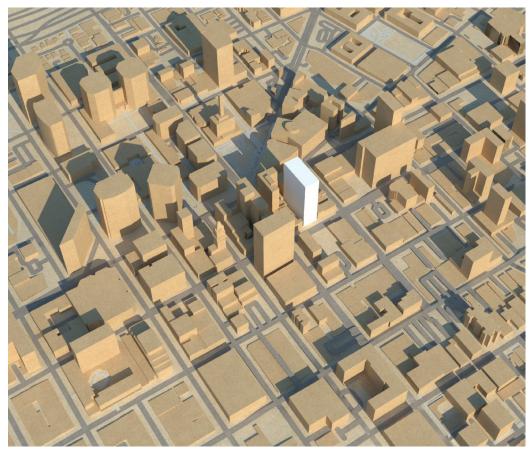
NOTE: PER AFFORDABLE HOUSING DENSITY BONUS SUPP. FORM, TABLE 3

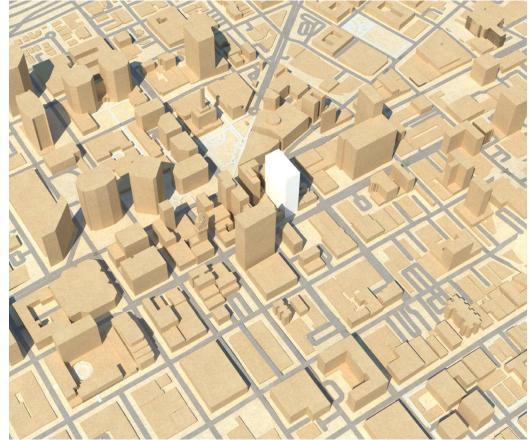
TOTAL STORIES: 40 STORIES
Lot Coverage (Allowed) 85%
Lot Coverage (Provided) 70%

APPENDIX



APPENDIX - PROJECTED SHADOW STUDY

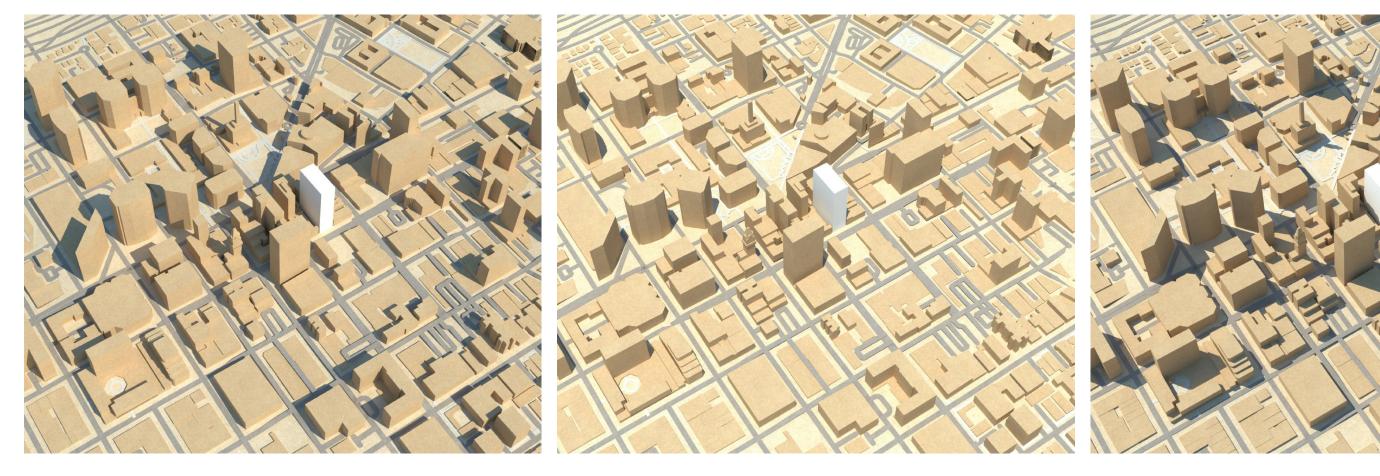






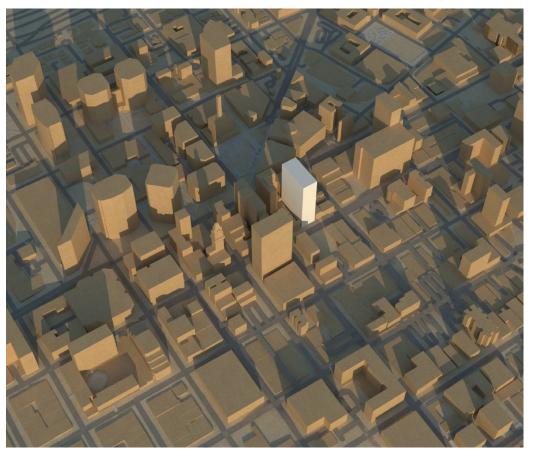
MARCH/SEPTEMBER - 9AM MARCH/SEPTEMBER - 12PM MARCH/SEPTEMBER - 3PM

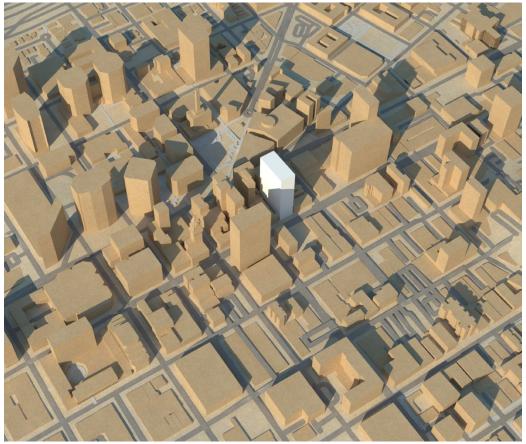
APPENDIX - SHADOW STUDIES



JUNE - 3PM JUNE - 12PM **JUNE - 9AM**

APPENDIX - SHADOW STUDIES



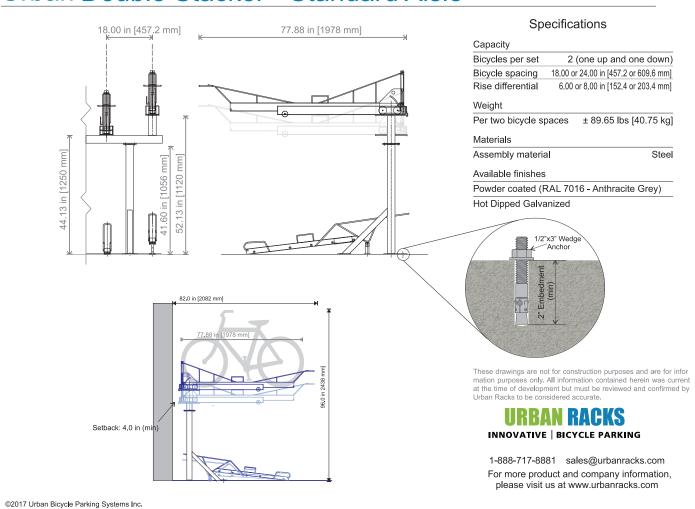




DECEMBER - 9AM DECEMBER - 12PM DECEMBER - 3PM

APPENDIX - SHADOW STUDIES

Urban Double Stacker - Standard Aisle



DOUBLE STACKER BIKE PARKING

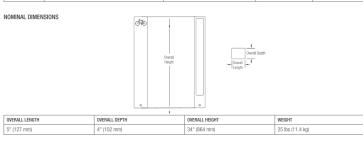
(LONG TERM)



CAPITOL™ BIKE RACK

The Capitol Bike Rack's solid, corrosion-resistant cast aluminum body provides the strength necessary to stand up to continuous use while its simple, space-saving design allows it to engage with its surrounding environment as much or as little as desired. With a design perfect for cityscapes and other contemporary architectural settings, the Capitol Bike Rack is a solution for environments of all types.

NSTALLATION & MAINTENANCE See the Forms+Surfaces Powdercoat Chart for detail Custom RAL colors are available for an upcharge.
 Due to the inherent nature of metal castings, gloss powdercoats are not offered for cast components. configurations that meet APBP guideling can be found on page 1 and 2 of this



LOCKING POINT AND CONFIGURATION EXAMPLES

The Capitol Bike Rack was designed to allow for a multitude of locking point and configuration options to meet your individual needs. Please note that for optimal performance, Forms+Surfaces recommends a 36" center-to-center placement. See diagrams below and the separate installation instructions document for more details.



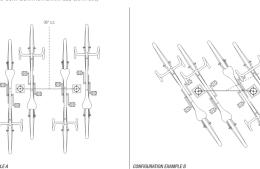
A standard U-lock can be locked at this location to meet APBP guidelines for security and functionality.

FORMS+SURFACES



CAPITOL™ BIKE RACK

LOCKING POINT AND CONFIGURATION EXAMPLES (Continued)



- Please refer to the Capitol Bike Rack Environmental Data Sheet for detailed environmental impact information.
- Capitol aluminum casting has up to 95% recycled content and is fully recyclable.
 Standard powdercoat finishes are no-VOC; non-standard powdercoat finishes are no- or low-VOC, depending on color.
- · Low maintenance.

MODEL NUMBER AND DESC	CRIPTION
MODEL	DESCRIPTION
SKCAP	Capitol Bike Rack

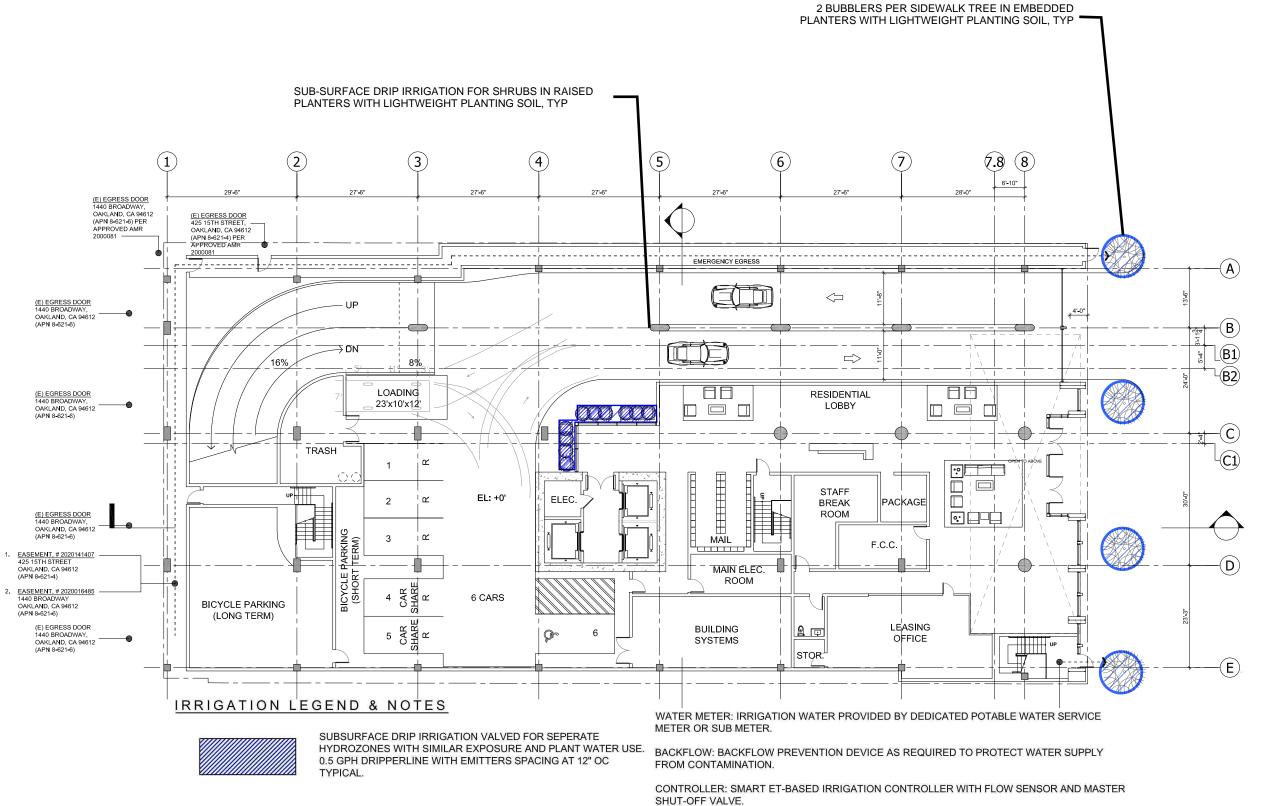
PRODUCT OPTIONS

PRICING: Please contact us at 800.451.0410 or sales@forms-surfaces.com. At Forms+Surfaces, we design, manufacture and sell our products directly to you. Our sales team is available to assist you with questions about our products, requests for quotes, and orders. Territory Managers are located worldwide to assist with the front-end specification and quoting process, and our in-house Project Sales Coordinators follow your project

TO ORDER SPECIFY: Quantity, model, powdercoat color for body casting. Quote/Order Forms are available on our website to lead you through the specification process in a simple checkbox format.

FORMS+SURFACES

BIKE RACK (SHORT TERM)



24 SQ. FT.
773 SQ. FT.
TREE BUBBLERS: ALL TREES IRRIGATED WITH TWO FLOOD BUBBLERS

THIS PROJECT WILL APPLY THE CRITERIA OF TITLE 23 MODEL WATER EFFICIENT LANDSCAPE ORDINANCE FOR EFFICIENT USE OF WATER IN THE LANDSCAPE.

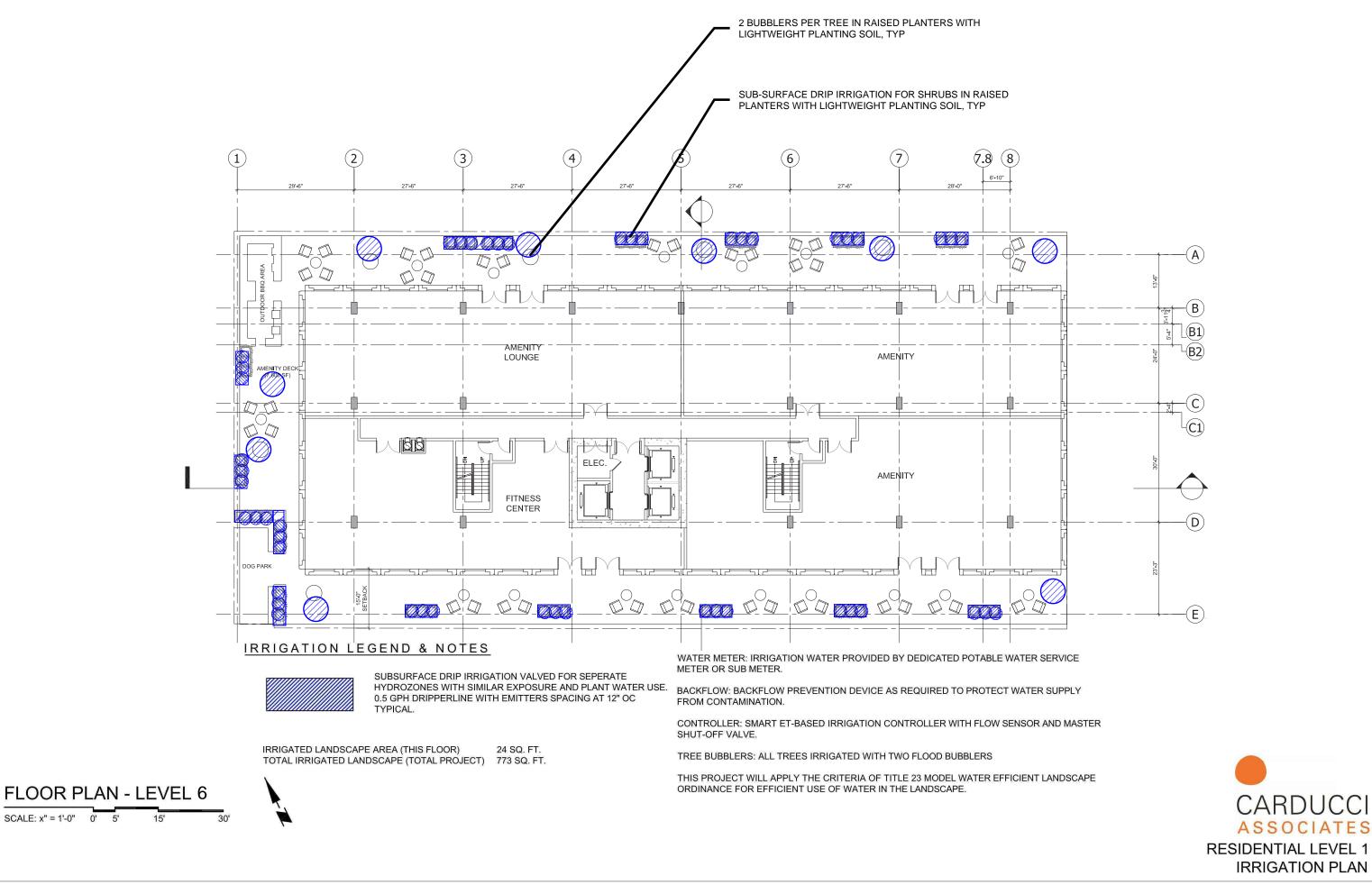
TOTAL IRRIGATED LANDSCAPE (TOTAL PROJECT)

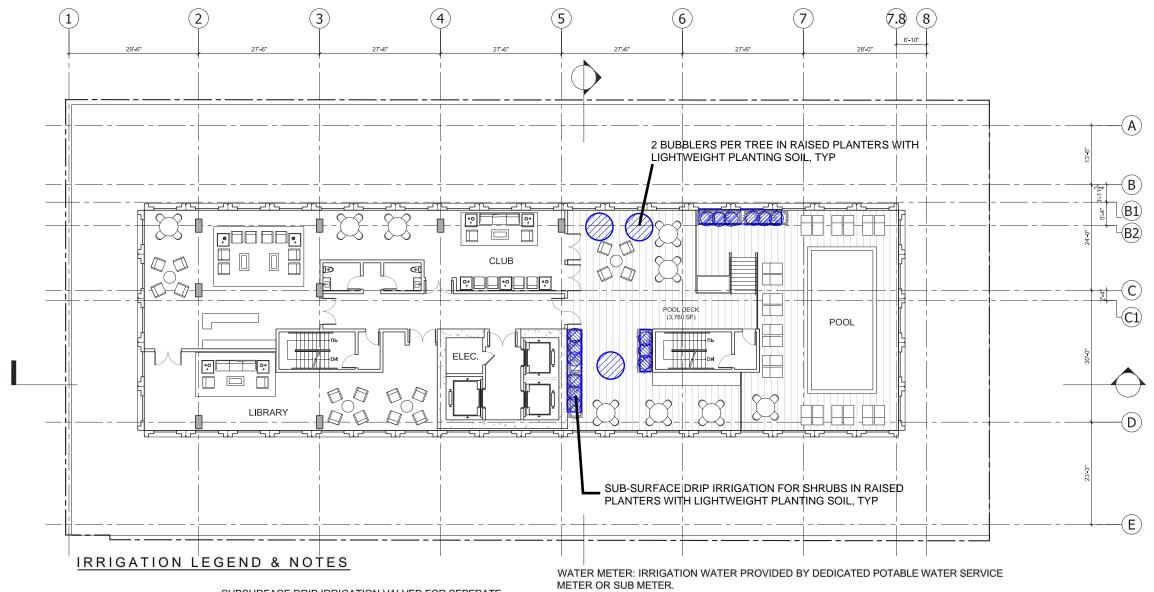




IRRIGATED LANDSCAPE AREA (THIS FLOOR)







IRRIGATED LANDSCAPE AREA (THIS FLOOR)

TOTAL IRRIGATED LANDSCAPE (TOTAL PROJECT)

SUBSURFACE DRIP IRRIGATION VALVED FOR SEPERATE HYDROZONES WITH SIMILAR EXPOSURE AND PLANT WATER USE. 0.5 GPH DRIPPERLINE WITH EMITTERS SPACING AT 12" OC TYPICAL.

24 SQ. FT.

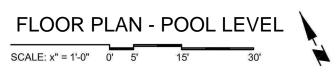
773 SQ. FT.

 BACKFLOW: BACKFLOW PREVENTION DEVICE AS REQUIRED TO PROTECT WATER SUPPLY FROM CONTAMINATION.

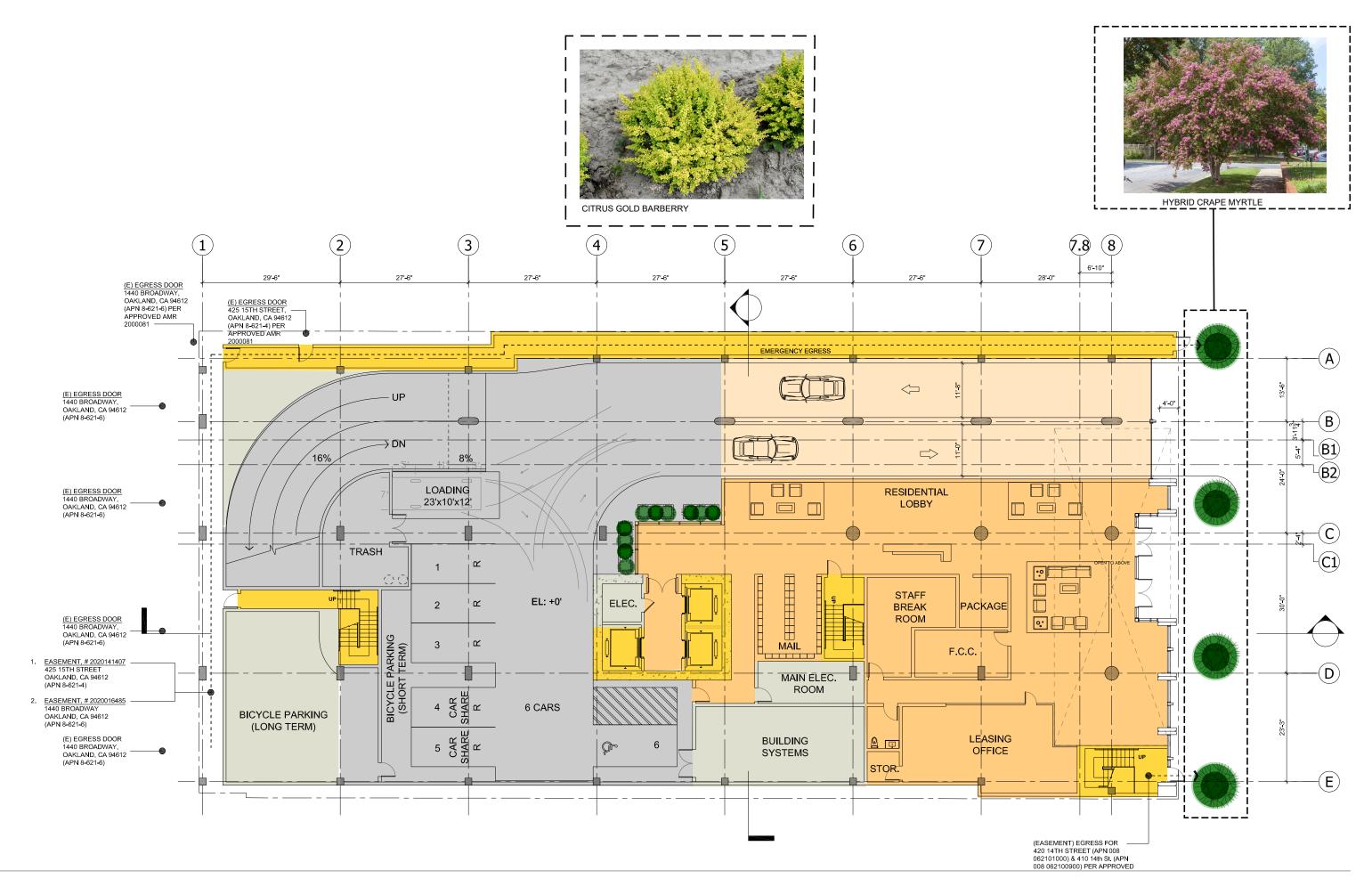
CONTROLLER: SMART ET-BASED IRRIGATION CONTROLLER WITH FLOW SENSOR AND MASTER SHUT-OFF VALVE.

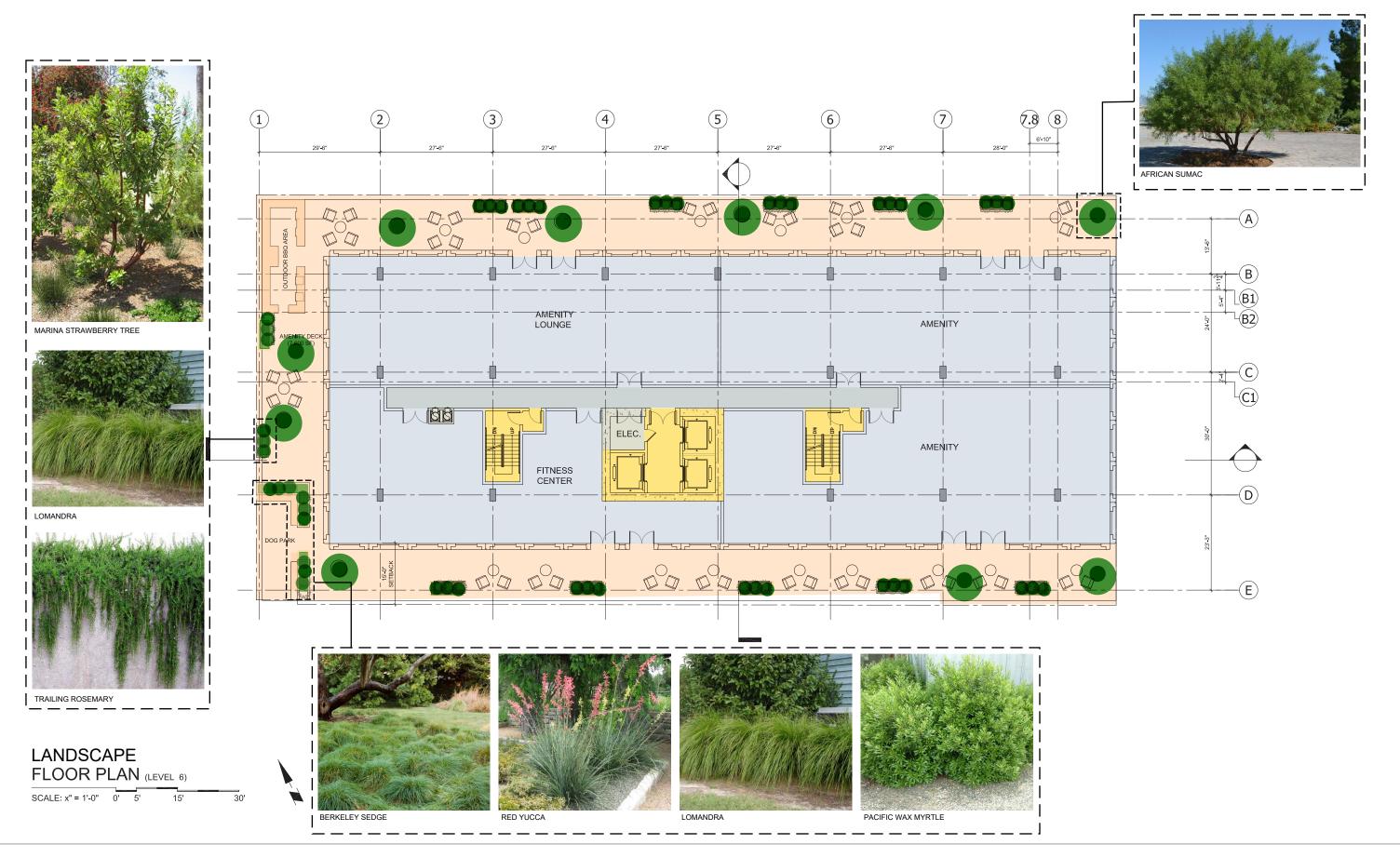
TREE BUBBLERS: ALL TREES IRRIGATED WITH TWO FLOOD BUBBLERS

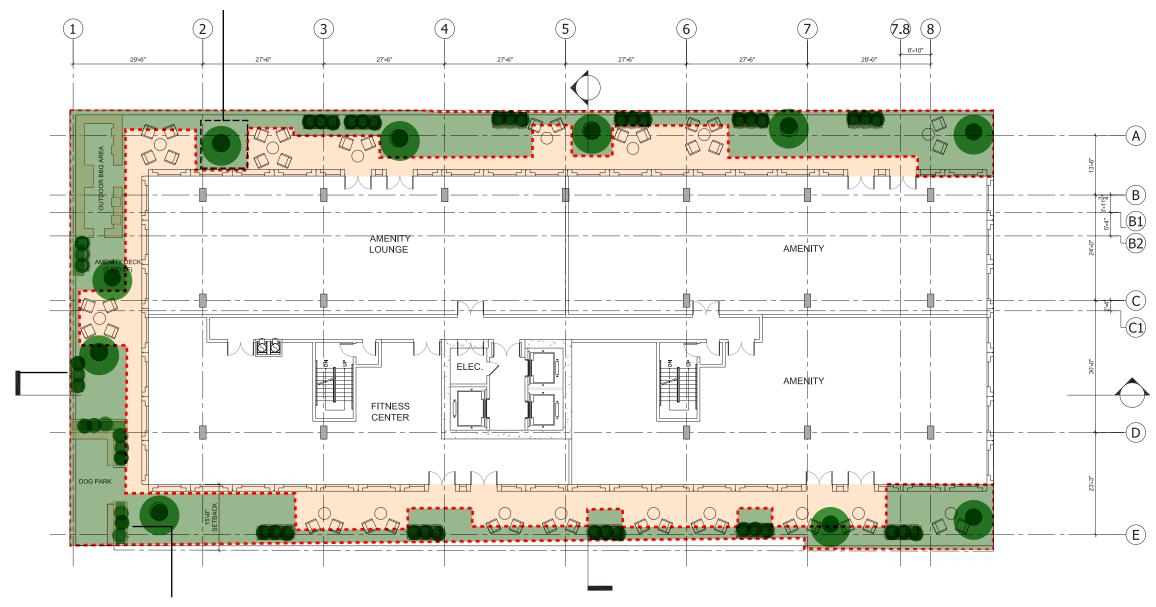
THIS PROJECT WILL APPLY THE CRITERIA OF TITLE 23 MODEL WATER EFFICIENT LANDSCAPE ORDINANCE FOR EFFICIENT USE OF WATER IN THE LANDSCAPE.







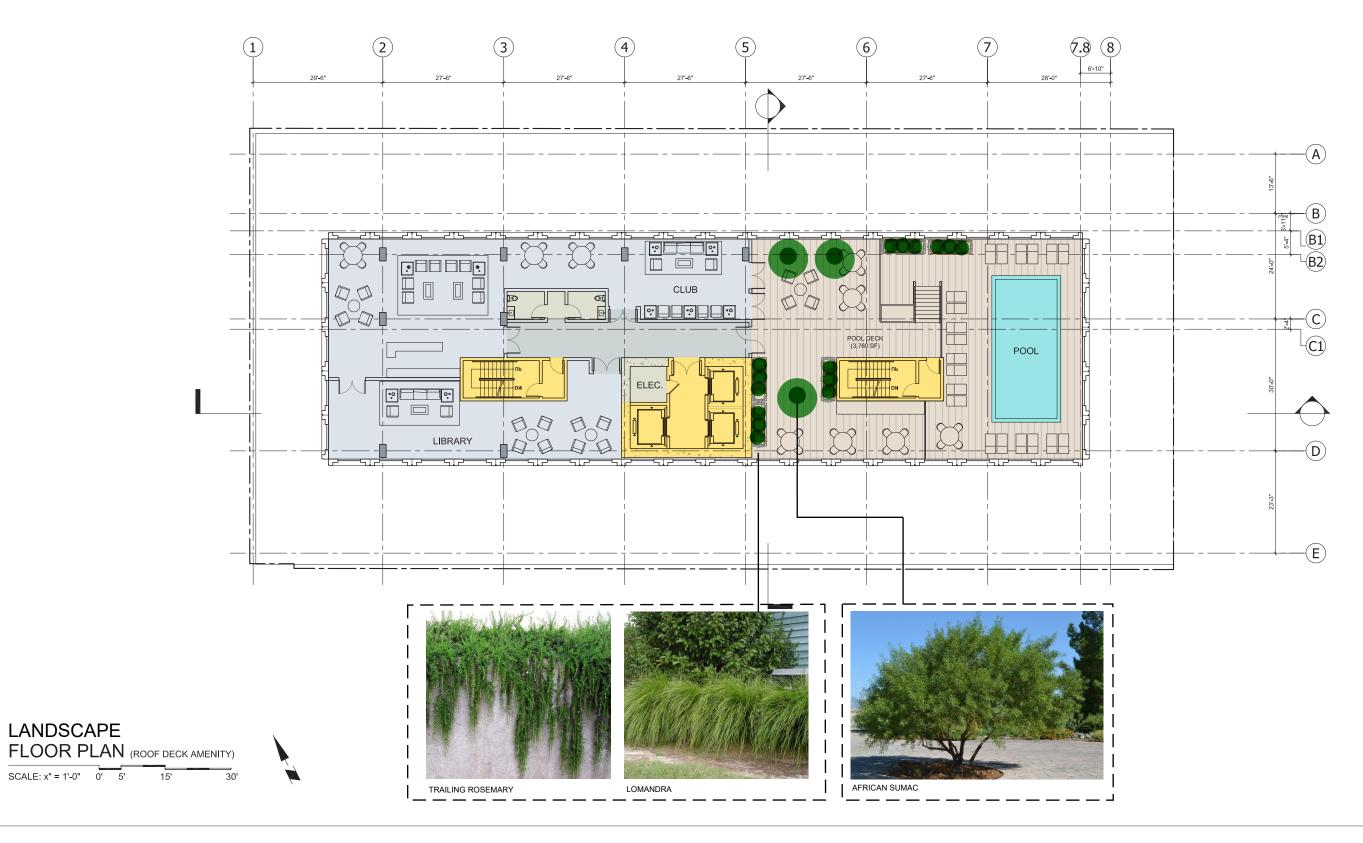


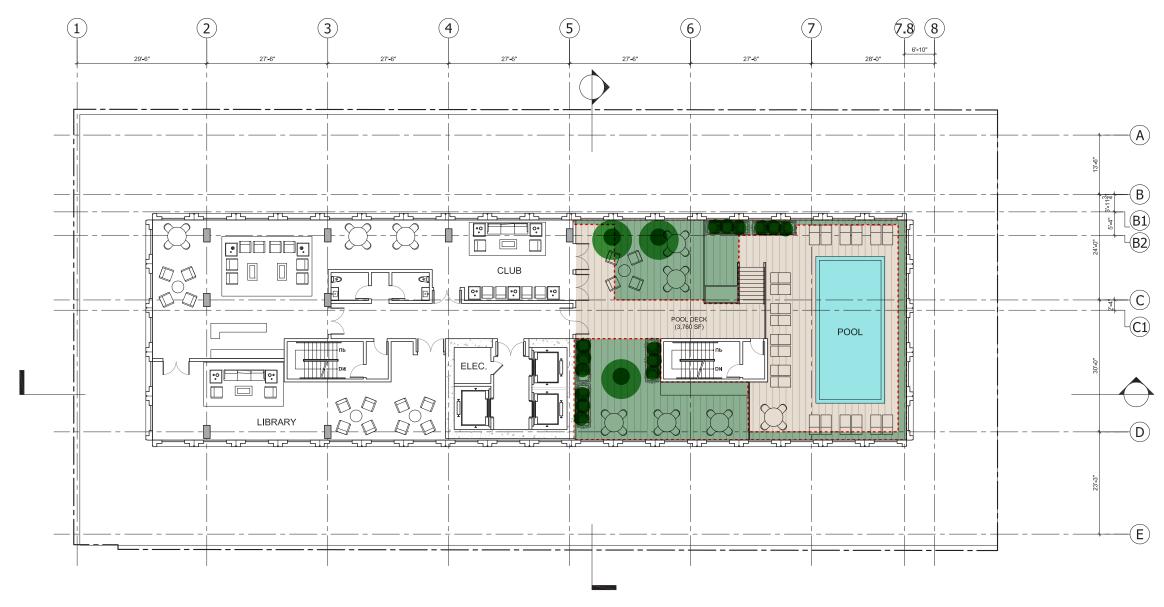


LANDSCAPE AREA: 50% OF PUBLIC OPEN SPACE

PUBLIC OPEN SPACE: 7,600 SF LANDSCAPE AREA: 3,800 SF



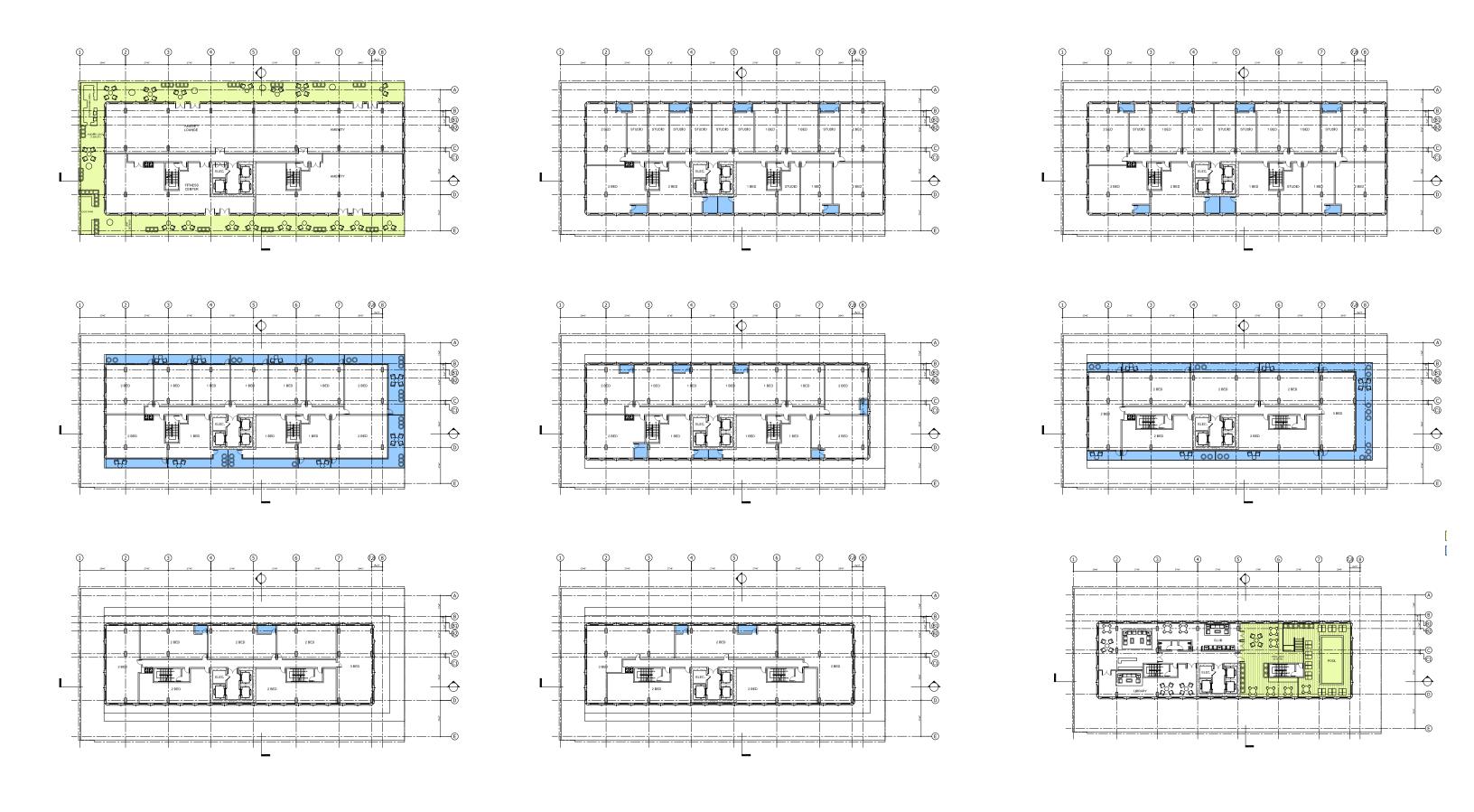


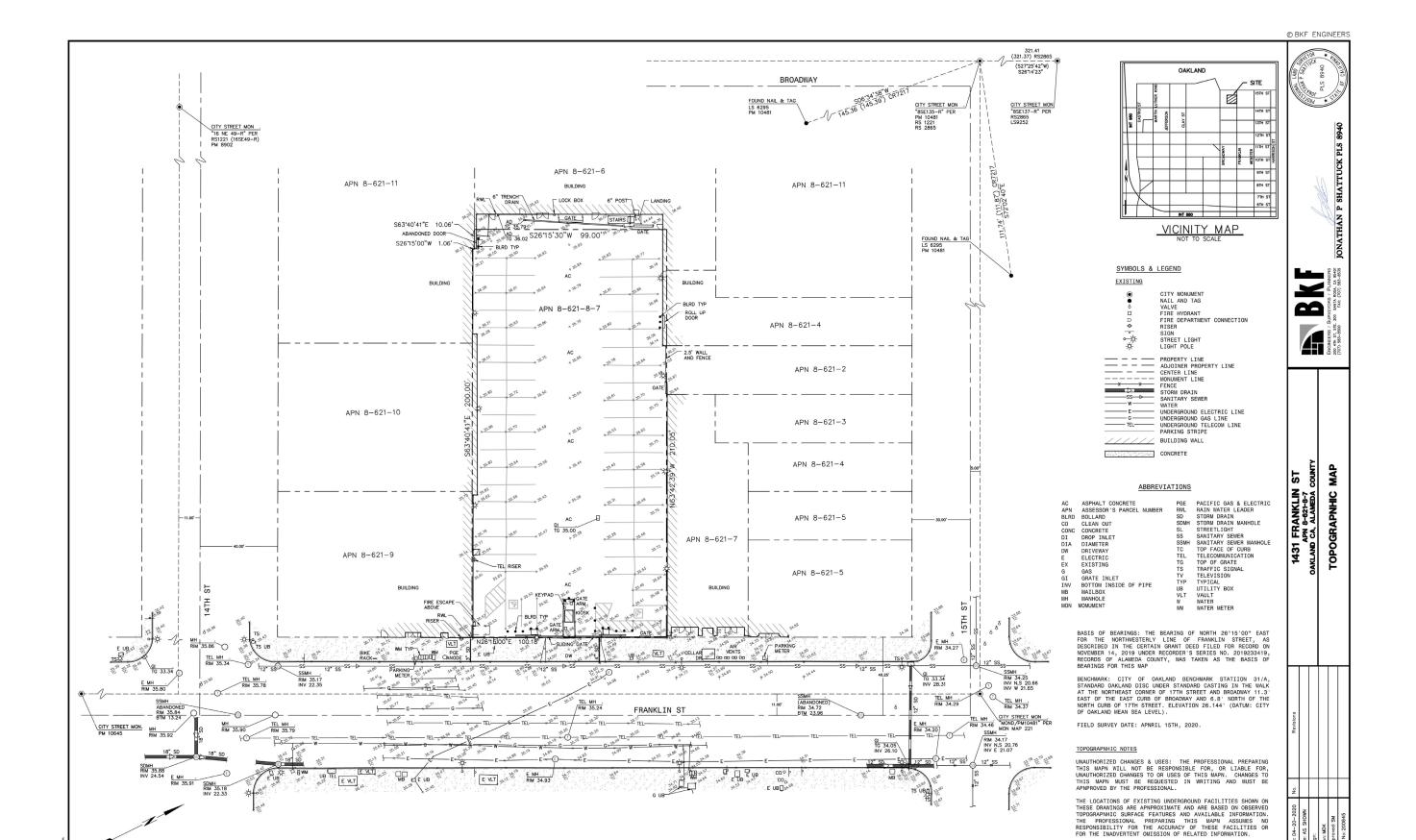


LANDSCAPE AREA: 50% OF PUBLIC OPEN SPACE

PUBLIC OPEN SPACE: 3,300 SF LANDSCAPE AREA: 1,650 SF







SITE SURVEY

1 of 1

ST.,

150 CALIFORN SUITE 600 SAN FRANCIS (415) 930-7

DMA SUMMARY TABLE

DMA ID	IMPERVIOUS AREA (SF)	PERVIOUS AREA (SF)	TREATMENT FLOW RATE (GPM)	NUMBER OF CARTRIDGES REQUIRED	NUMBER OF CARTRIDGES PROVIDED	BMP PROVIDED
1	19,907	1,067	37.0	2	2	MEDIA FILTER

STORMWATER COMPLIANCE DATA

PER THE MUNICIPAL REGIONAL STORMWATER PERMIT ORDER NO. R2-0074, TRANSIT-ORIENTED DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS ARE ELIGIBLE FOR LOW IMPACT DESIGN TREATMENT REDUCTION CREDITS. THE LID TREATMENT REDUCTION CREDIT IS THE MAXIMUM PERCENTAGE OF THE AMOUNT OF RUNOFF THAT MAY BE TREATED WITH EITHER TREE-BOX-TYPE HIGH FLOWRATE BIOFILTERS OR VAULT-BASED HIGH FLOWRATE MEDIA FILTERS. THIS PROJECT IS CLASSIFIED AS A CATEGORY C SPECIAL PROJECT (TRANSIT-ORIENTED DEVELOPMENT) AND QUALIFIES FOR A TOTAL LID TREATMENT REDUCTION CREDIT OF 100% AS DESCRIBED BELOW.

SPECIAL PROJECT CATEGORY "C"

- a. IS THE PROJECT LOCATED WITHIN A 1/4 MILE OF AN EXISTING TRANSIT HUB? YES, THE PROJECT IS WITHIN A 1/4 MILE OF THE 12TH STREET BART STATION.
- b. IS THE PROJECT CHARACTERIZED AS A NON-AUTO-RELATED PROJECT? YES, IS A RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT.
- c. DOES THE PROJECT HAVE A MINIMUM DENSITY OF 25 DWELLING UNITS PER ACRE? YES, THE PROJECT HAS A DENSITY OF 336 DU/0.48 ACRES = 700 DU/ACRE.

LOCATION CREDIT

50% TREATMENT REDUCTION CREDIT WITHIN A 1/2 MILE OF A TRANSIT HUB.

DENSITY CREDIT

30% TREATMENT REDUCTION CREDIT FOR A DENSITY GREATER THAN 100 DWELLING UNITS PER ACRE.

MINIMIZED SURFACE PARKING CREDIT

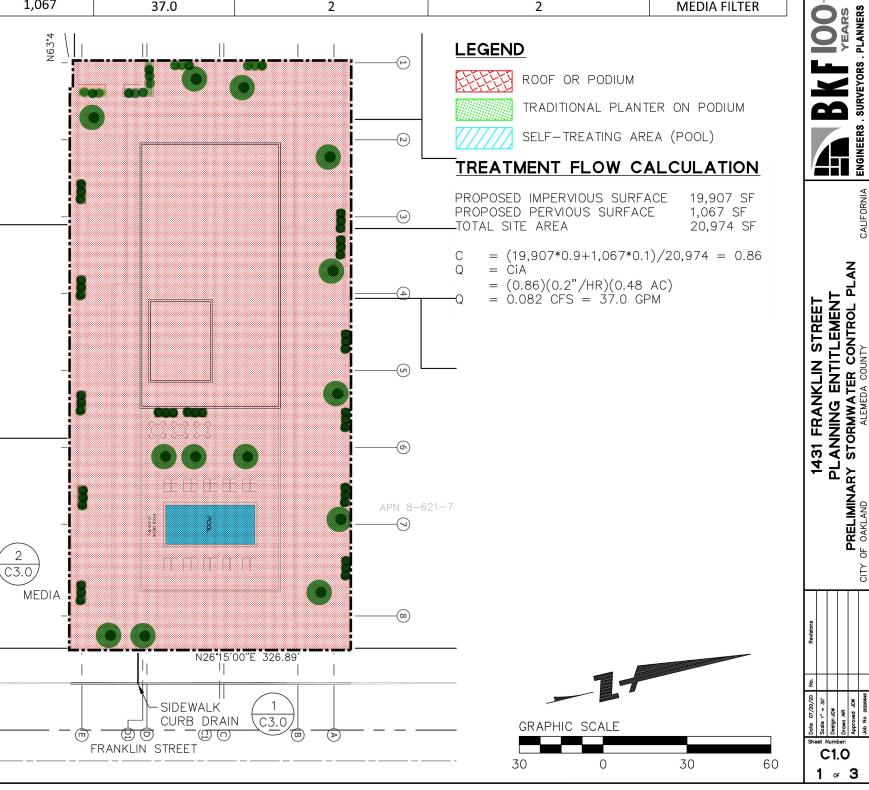
20% TREATMENT REDUCTION CREDIT FOR NOT HAVING SURFACE PARKING.

STORMWATER TREATMENT AREA DATA

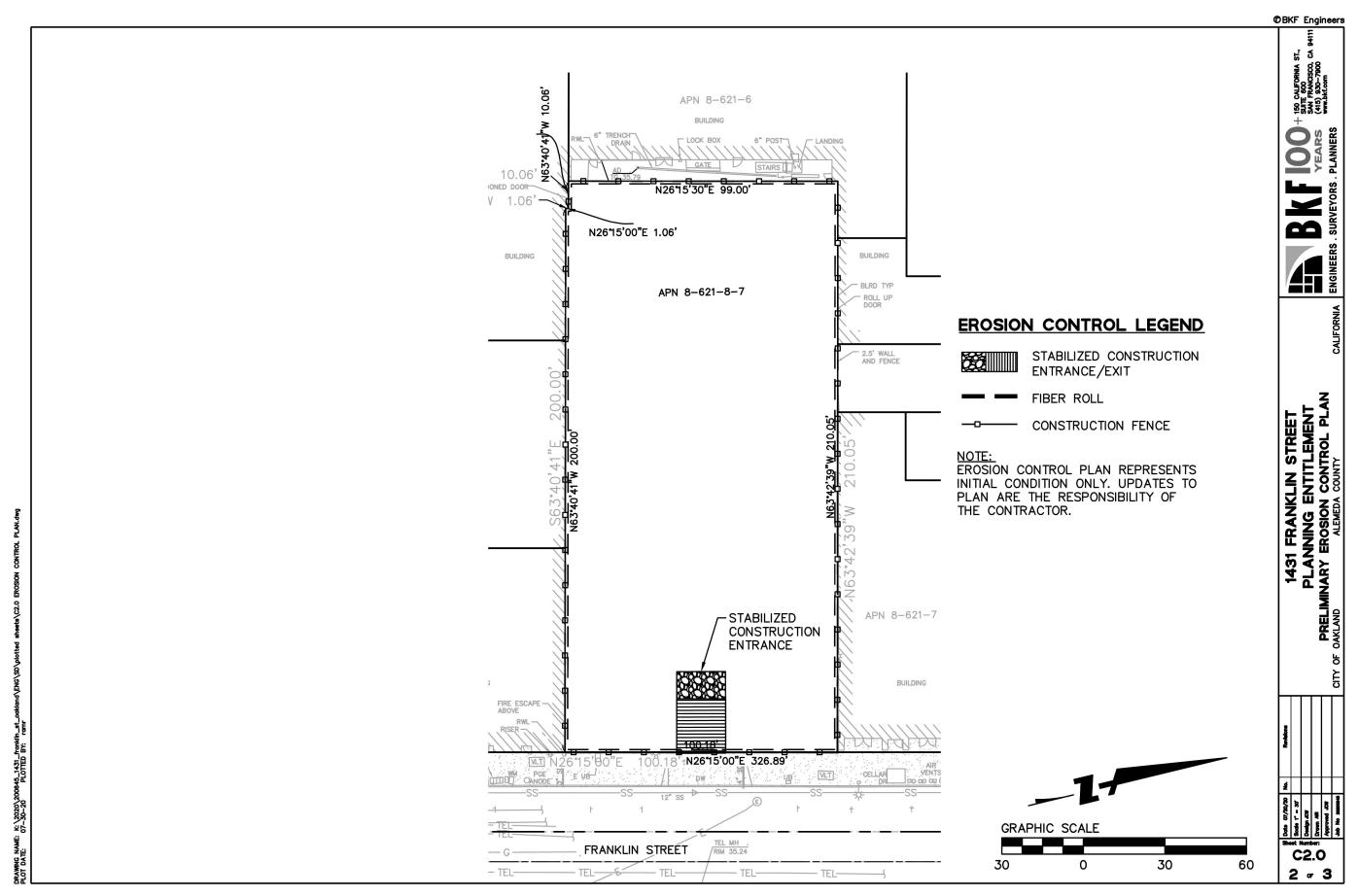
TOTAL LID TREATMENT REDUCTION CREDIT = 100%

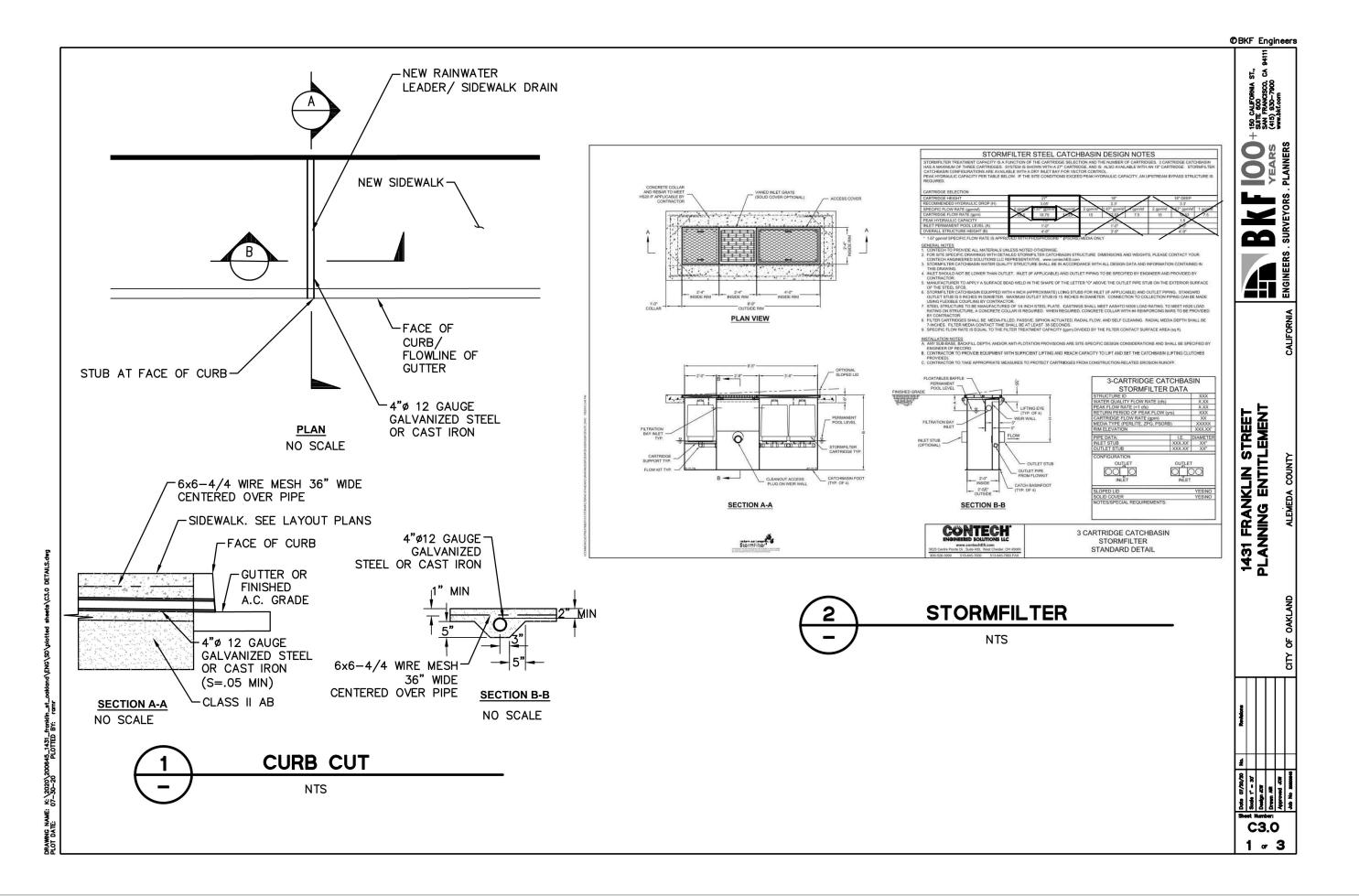
TOTAL IMPERVIOUS AREA = 19,907 SF

AREA ALLOWED TO BE TREATED W/ NON-LID TREATMENT MEASURES (MEDIA FILTER)
IMPERVIOUS AREA = 19,907 SF



PRELIMINARY STORMWATER CONTROL PLAN







LEED v4 for Core and Shell Development Project Name: 1431 Franklin Office

July 28, 2020 Date:

Silver Certification Level:



1 0	0	0		IP - Integrat	ive Process P	Possible Points:	
Y ?Y	?N	N					
1] d	1	Integrative Process		1
18 0	1	1	1	LT - Location	n and Transportation P	Possible Points:	20
Y ?Y	?N	N	1				
		20	d	1	LEED for Neighborhood Development Location		20
2			d	2	Sensitive Land Protection		2
2		1	d	3	High Priority Site		2 to 3
6			d	4	Surrounding Density and Diverse Uses		2 to 6
6			d	5	Access to Quality Transit		1 to 6
	1		d	6	Bicycle Facilities		1
1			d	7	Reduced Parking Footprint		1
1			d	8	Green Vehicles		1
- 1 -		-	1				-404
5 0	1	5	1	SS - Sustain	able Sites P	Possible Points:	11
Y ?Y	3N	Ν		220 8			
Υ			C.	Prereq 1	Construction Activity Pollution Prevention		
1		-	d	1	Site Assessment		1
	1	1	d	2	Site Development - Protect or Restore Habitat		1 to 2
		1	d	3	Open Space		1
1	1	3	d	4	Rainwater Management		2 to 3
	_		4				
2		13.00	d	5	Heat Island Reduction		1 to 2
2			d c	5 6	Heat Island Reduction Light Pollution Reduction		1 to 2 1
			1	_			
1	2	2	c	6 7	Light Pollution Reduction Tenant Design and Construction Guidelines	Possible Points:	1
1	2 ?N	2 N	c	6	Light Pollution Reduction Tenant Design and Construction Guidelines	Possible Points:	1
1 1 5 2			c	6 7 WE - Water	Light Pollution Reduction Tenant Design and Construction Guidelines	Possible Points:	1
1 1 5 2 Y ?Y			c d	6 7 WE - Water Prereq 1	Light Pollution Reduction Tenant Design and Construction Guidelines Efficiency Outdoor Water Use Reduction	Possible Points:	1
1 1 5 2 Y ?Y			c d	6 7 WE - Water Prereq 1 Prereq 2	Light Pollution Reduction Tenant Design and Construction Guidelines Efficiency Outdoor Water Use Reduction Indoor Water Use Reduction	Possible Points:	1
1 1 5 2 Y ?Y Y Y			c d d	6 7 WE - Water Prereq 1	Light Pollution Reduction Tenant Design and Construction Guidelines Efficiency Outdoor Water Use Reduction Indoor Water Use Reduction Building-Level Metering	Possible Points:	1 1 11
1 1 5 2 Y ?Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y		N	d d	6 7 WE - Water Prereq 1 Prereq 2 Prereq 3	Light Pollution Reduction Tenant Design and Construction Guidelines Efficiency Outdoor Water Use Reduction Indoor Water Use Reduction	Possible Points:	1 1 11
1 1 5 2 Y ?Y Y Y 1 1 1	?N	N 1	c d d d d	6 7 WE - Water Prereq 1 Prereq 2 Prereq 3	Light Pollution Reduction Tenant Design and Construction Guidelines Efficiency Outdoor Water Use Reduction Indoor Water Use Reduction Building-Level Metering Outdoor Water Use Reduction (v4.1 credit) Indoor Water Use Reduction	ossible Points:	1 1 11 1 to 3 1 to 6
1 1 5 2 Y ?Y Y Y Y 1 1 1 3	?N	N 1	d d d d d	6 7 WE - Water Prereq 1 Prereq 2 Prereq 3 1 2	Light Pollution Reduction Tenant Design and Construction Guidelines Efficiency Outdoor Water Use Reduction Indoor Water Use Reduction Building-Level Metering Outdoor Water Use Reduction (v4.1 credit) Indoor Water Use Reduction Cooling Tower Water Use	ossible Points:	1 1 11 1 to 3 1 to 6
1 1 2 Y ?Y Y Y Y 1 1 1 3 1	?N	N 1	d d d d d d	6 7 WE - Water Prereq 1 Prereq 2 Prereq 3 1 2 3	Light Pollution Reduction Tenant Design and Construction Guidelines Efficiency Outdoor Water Use Reduction Indoor Water Use Reduction Building-Level Metering Outdoor Water Use Reduction (v4.1 credit) Indoor Water Use Reduction	Possible Points:	1 1 11 1 to 3 1 to 6 1 to 2
5 2 Y ?Y Y 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	?N	N 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	d d d d d d	6 7 WE - Water Prereq 1 Prereq 2 Prereq 3 1 2 3 4	Light Pollution Reduction Tenant Design and Construction Guidelines Efficiency Outdoor Water Use Reduction Indoor Water Use Reduction Building-Level Metering Outdoor Water Use Reduction (v4.1 credit) Indoor Water Use Reduction Cooling Tower Water Use Water Metering	Possible Points:	1 1 11 1 to 3 1 to 6 1 to 2
5 2 Y ?Y Y Y 1 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	?N	N 1 1 1	d d d d d d	6 7 WE - Water Prereq 1 Prereq 2 Prereq 3 1 2 3 4 EA - Energy	Light Pollution Reduction Tenant Design and Construction Guidelines Efficiency Outdoor Water Use Reduction Indoor Water Use Reduction Building-Level Metering Outdoor Water Use Reduction (v4.1 credit) Indoor Water Use Reduction Cooling Tower Water Use Water Metering and Atmosphere		1 1 11 1 to 3 1 to 6 1 to 2
5 2 Y ?Y Y Y 1 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	?N	N 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	d d d d d d	6 7 WE - Water Prereq 1 Prereq 2 Prereq 3 1 2 3 4 EA - Energy	Light Pollution Reduction Tenant Design and Construction Guidelines Efficiency Outdoor Water Use Reduction Indoor Water Use Reduction Building-Level Metering Outdoor Water Use Reduction (v4.1 credit) Indoor Water Use Reduction Cooling Tower Water Use Water Metering and Atmosphere Pundamental Commissioning and Verification		1 1 11 1 to 3 1 to 6 1 to 2
5 2 Y ?Y Y Y 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	?N	N 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	d d d d d d	6 7 WE - Water Prereq 1 Prereq 2 Prereq 3 1 2 3 4 EA - Energy	Light Pollution Reduction Tenant Design and Construction Guidelines Efficiency Outdoor Water Use Reduction Indoor Water Use Reduction Building-Level Metering Outdoor Water Use Reduction (v4.1 credit) Indoor Water Use Reduction Cooling Tower Water Use Water Metering and Atmosphere		1 1 11 1 to 3 1 to 6 1 to 2
5 2 Y ?Y Y 1 1 1 3 1 1 12 5 Y ?Y Y 2	?N	N 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	d d d d d d	6 7 WE - Water Prereq 1 Prereq 2 Prereq 3 1 2 3 4 EA - Energy	Light Pollution Reduction Tenant Design and Construction Guidelines Efficiency Outdoor Water Use Reduction Indoor Water Use Reduction Building-Level Metering Outdoor Water Use Reduction (v4.1 credit) Indoor Water Use Reduction Cooling Tower Water Use Water Metering and Atmosphere Pundamental Commissioning and Verification Minimum Energy Performance Building-Level Energy Metering		1 1 11 1 to 3 1 to 6 1 to 2
5 2 Y ?Y Y Y 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	?N	N 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	d d d d d d d	6 7 WE - Water Prereq 1 Prereq 2 Prereq 3 1 2 3 4 EA - Energy Prereq 1 Prereq 2	Light Pollution Reduction Tenant Design and Construction Guidelines Efficiency Outdoor Water Use Reduction Indoor Water Use Reduction Building-Level Metering Outdoor Water Use Reduction (v4.1 credit) Indoor Water Use Reduction Cooling Tower Water Use Water Metering and Atmosphere Pundamental Commissioning and Verification Minimum Energy Performance		1 1 11 1 to 3 1 to 6 1 to 2

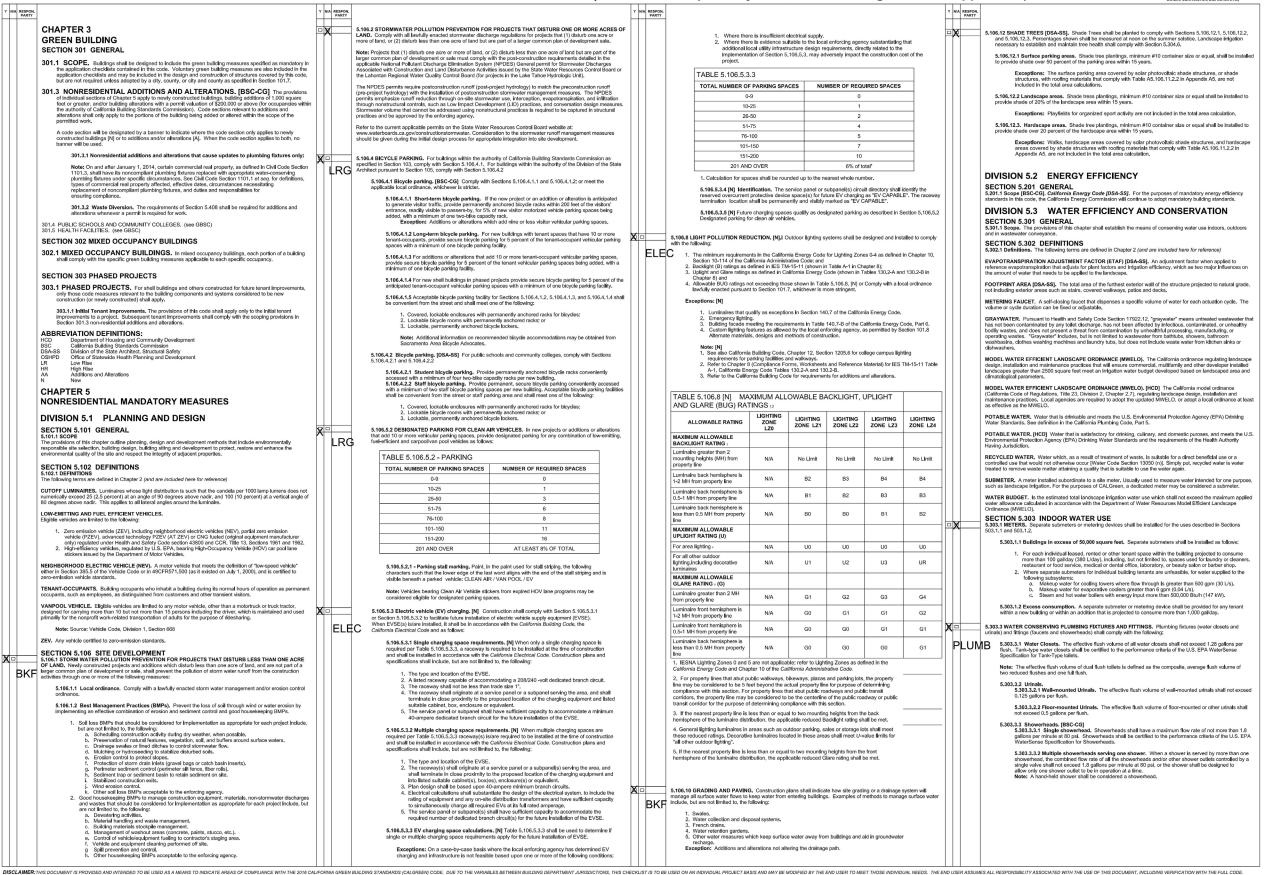
					EA - Energy	and Atmosphere (cont.) Possible Points:	33
8	2	2	6	d	2	Optimize Energy Performance (17%)	1 to 1
	1			d	3	Advanced Energy Metering	1
-			2	c	4	Demand Response	1 to 2
			3	d	5	Renewable Energy Production	1 to 3
1				d	6	Enhanced Refrigerant Management	1
	2			c	7	Green Power and Carbon Offsets	1 to 2
4	1	3	6	1 1	MR - Materi	als and Resources Possible Points:	14
Υ	?Υ	?N	N				
Υ				d	Prereg 1	Storage and Collection of Recyclables	
Ÿ				c	Prereg 2	Construction Waste Management	
_		3	3	c	1	Building Life-Cycle Impact Reduction	2 to 6
1			1	c	2	BPDO - Environmental Product Declarations (v4.1)	1 to 2
_	1		1	c	3	BPDO - Sourcing Raw Materials (v4.1)	1 to 2
1			1	c	4	BPDO - Material Ingredients (v4.1)	1 to 2
2			1	c	5	Construction Waste Management	1 to 2
2			- 7] c	5	Construction waste Management	1 10 2
3	0	2	5		Indoor Enviro	onmental Quality Possible Points:	10
Υ	?Y	?N	N				
Υ				d	Prereq 1	Minimum Indoor Air Quality Performance	
Υ				d	Prereq 2	Environmental Tobacco Smoke (ETS) Control	
		1	1	d	1	Enhanced Indoor Air Quality Strategies	1 to 2
2		1		c	2	Low-Emitting Materials	1 to 3
1				c	3	Construction IAQ Management Plan	1
			3	d	4	Daylight	1 to 3
			1	d	5	Quality Views	1
2	2	2	0		Innovation a	nd Design Process Possible Points:	6
Υ	?Υ	?N	N				
	1]	1.1	Innovation in Design	1
		1		1	1.2	Innovation in Design	1
	1			1	1.3	Pilot Credit	1
1				1	1.4	Exemplary Performance: Reduced Parking Footprint	1
		1		1	1.5	Exemplary Performance	1
1				c	2	LEED Accredited Professional	1
1	2	1	0	1	Regional Pri	ority Credits Possible Points:	4
Y	?Y	?N	N	1	5,01101-111	- Coording - Control - Con	
1				1	1.1	Access to Quality Transit (5 points)	1
	1			1	1.2	Optimize Energy Performance (10 points)	1
\neg		1		1	1.3	Building Lifecycle Impact Reduction (3 points)	1
\neg	1	_		1	1.4	BPDO Sourcing of Raw Materials (1 point)	1
-1	-			1	Alternates:	Rainwater Management (3 points), Indoor Water Use Reduction (4 points)	(75)
51	12	15	32	1 1	Total	Possible Points:	110
J-	12	13	32			to 49 points Silver 50 to 59 points Gold 60 to 79 points Platinum 80 to 13	- Annie Carlotte

CHECKLIST



2019 CALIFORNIA GREEN BUILDING STANDARDS CODE

NONRESIDENTIAL MANDATORY MEASURES, SHEET 1 (January 2020, Includes August 2019 Supplement)



1431 FRANKLIN ST Residential Entitlement TIDEWATER architecture



2019 CALIFORNIA GREEN BUILDING STANDARDS CODE

NONRESIDENTIAL MANDATORY MEASURES, SHEET 1 (January 2020, Includes August 2019 Supplement)

SECTION 5.407 WATER RESISTANCE AND MOISTURE MANAGEMENT 5.410.2 COMMISSIONING, [N] New buildings 10,000 square feet and over. For new buildings 10,000 square feet and over, building somissioning shall be included in the design and construction processes of the building project to CXA requirements. Commissioning shall be performed in accordance with this section by trained personnel with experience on projects of comparable star and complexity. For I-cocupancies that are not regulated by OSHPD or for I-cocupancies and I-cocupancies that are not regulated by OSHPD or for requirements in Sections 5.410.2 through 5.410.2.6 shall apply. 5.410.4.4 Reporting. After completion of testing, adjusting and balancing, provide a final report of testing signed by the individual responsible for performing these services. 5.303.3.4 Faucets and fountains. 5.410.4.5 Operation and maintenance (O & M) manual. Provide the building owner or representative with detailed operating and maintenance instructions and copies of guaranties/warranties for each system. O & M instructions shall be consistent with OSHA requirements in CGR, Tille 6, Section 5142, and other related **5.303.3.4.1 Nonresidential Lavatory faucets.** Lavatory faucets shall have a maximum flow rate of not more than 0.5 gallons per minute at 60 psi. 5.407.2 MOISTURE CONTROL. Employ moisture control measures by the following methods. 5.303.3.4.2 Kitchen faucets. Kitchen faucets shall have a maximum flow rate of not more than 1.8 gallons per minute at 60 psi. Kitchen faucets may temporarily increase the flow above the maximum rate, but not to exceed 2.2 gallons per minute at 60 psi, and must default to a maximum flow rate of 1.8 gallons per minute at 60 psi. 5.407.2.1 Sprinklers. Design and maintain landscape irrigation systems to prevent spray on structure LRG Note: For energy-related systems under the scope (Section 100) of the California Energy Code, including heating, ventillation, air conditioning (HVAC) systems and controls, indoor lighting systems and controls, as well as water heating systems and controls, refer to California Energy Code Section 120,8 for commissioning requirements 5.410.4.5.1 Inspections and reports. Include a copy of all inspection verifications and reports required 5.407.2.2 Entries and openings. Design exterior entries and/or openings subject to foot traffic or wind-driven rain to prevent water intrusion into buildings as follows: **5.407.2.2.1 Exterior door protection.** Primary exterior entries shall be covered to prever intrusion by using nonabsorbent floor and wall finishes within at least 2 feet around and psuch openings plus at least one of the following: DIVISION 5.5 ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY Owner's or Owner representative's project requirements.
 Basis of design.
 Commissioning measures shown in the construction documents.
 Commissioning plan.
 Functional performance testing. 5.303.3.4.4 Metering faucets. Metering faucets shall not deliver more than 0.20 gallons per cycle SECTION 5.501 GENERAL 1. An installed awning at least 4 feet in depth 5.303.3.4.5 Metering faucets for wash fountains. Metering faucets for wash fountains shall have a maximum flow rate of not more than 0.20 gallons per minute/20 [rim space (inches) at 60 psi]. The door is protected by a roof overhang at least 4 feet in depth.
 The door is recessed at least 4 feet.
 Other methods which provide equivalent protection. SECTION 5.502 DEFINITIONS
5.502.1 DEFINITIONS. The following terms are defined in Chapter 2 (and are included here for reference) Note: Where complying faucets are unavailable, aerators or other means may be used to achieve 5.407.2.2.2 Flashing. Install flashings integrated with a drainage plane. ARTERIAL HIGHWAY, A general term denoting a highway primarily for through traffic usually on a continuous rou SECTION 5.408 CONSTRUCTION WASTE REDUCTION, DISPOSAL AND Unconditioned warehouses of any size.
 Areas less than 10,000 square feet used for offices or other conditioned accessory spaces within 5.303.4.1 Food Waste Disposers. Disposers shall either modulate the use of water to no more than 1 gpm when the disposer is not in use (not actively grinding food waste/no-load) or shall automatically shut off after no more than 10 minutes of inactivity. Disposers shall use no more than 8 gpm of water.
Note: This code section does not affect local jurisdiction authority to prohibit or require disposer installation. RECYCLING

5.408.1 CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT. Recycle and/or salvage for reuse a minimum of 65% of the non-hazardous construction and demolition waste in accordance with Section 5.408.1.2, if 5.408.1.2 or 5.408.1.3; or meet a local construction and demolition waste management ordinance, whichever is more stringent. unconditioned warehouses.

Tenant improvements less than 10,000 square feet as described in Section 303.1.1.

Open parking garages of any size, or open parking garage areas, of any size, within a structure 1 BTU/HOUR. British thermal units per hour, also referred to as Btu. The amount of heat required to raise one pound of water one degree Fahrenheit per hour, a common measure of heat transfer rate. A ton of refrigeration is 12,000 Btt the amount of heat required to melt at on (2.000 pounds) of local 32^o Fahrenheit. GC Note: For the purposes of this section, unconditioned shall mean a building, area, or room which does not provide heating and or air conditioning. 5.303.5 AREAS OF ADDITION OR ALTERATION. For those occupancies within the authority of the California Building Standards Commission as specified in Section 103, the provisions of Section 5.303.3 and 5.303.4 shall apply to new futures in additions or areas of alteration to the building. **5.408.1.1 Construction waste management plan.** Where a local jurisdiction does not have a construction and demolition waste management ordinance, submit a construction waste management plan that: COMMUNITY NOISE EQUIVALENT LEVEL (CNEL). A metric similar to the day-night average sound level (Ldn), except that a 5 decibel adjustment is added to the equivalent continuous sound exposure level for evening hours (cept that a 5 decibel adjustment is added to the equivalent continuous 10pm) in addition to the 10 dB nighttime adjustment used in the Ldn. Identifies the construction and demolition waste materials to be diverted from disposal by efficient usage, recycling, reuse on the project or salvage for future use or sale.
 Determines if construction and demolition waste materials will be sorted on-site (source-separated) or 5.303.6 STANDARDS FOR PLUMBING FIXTURES AND FITTINGS. Plumbing fixtures and fittings shall be installed in accordance with the California Plumbing Code, and shall meet the applicable standards referenced in Table 1701.1 of the California Plumbing Code and in Chapter 6 of this code. IAS AC 476 is an accreditation criteria for organizations providing training and/or certification of commissioning personnel. AC 476 is available to the Authority Having Jurisdiction as a reference for qualifications of commissioning personnel. AC 476 des not certify individuals to conduct functional performance tests or to adjust and balance systems. COMPOSITE WOOD PRODUCTS. Composite wood products include hardwood plywood, particleboard and medium 2. Determines it construction are untransor was a function of the construction and demolition waste material collected will be taken.

3. Identifies diversion facilities where construction and demolition waste materials diverted shall be calculated.

4. Specifies that the amount of construction and demolition waste materials diverted shall be calculated. density fiberboard. "Composite wood products" does not include hardboard, structural plywood, structural panelis, structural composite lumber, oriented strant board, glued alminated timber, limber, prefabricated wood I—joist or finger—jointed lumber, all as specified in California Code of Regulations (CCR), Title 17, Section 93120.1(a). Functional performance testing for heating, ventilation, air conditioning systems and lighting controls must be performed in compliance with the California Energy Code. SECTION 5.304 OUTDOOR WATER USE
5.304.1 OUTDOOR POTABLE WATER USE IN LANDSCAPE AREAS. Nonresidential developments shall comptly
with a local water efficient landscape ordinance or the current California Department of Water Resources' Model Wat
Efficient Landscape Ordinance (MWELO), whichever is more stringent. Note: See CCR. Title 17. Section 93120.1. 5.408.1.2 Waste Management Company. Utilize a waste management company that can provide verifiable documentation that the percentage of construction and demolition waste material diverted from the landfill complies with this section. DAY-NIGHT AVERAGE SOUND LEVEL (Ldn). The A-weighted equivalent continuous sound exposure level for a 24-hour period with a 10 dB adjustment added to sound levels occurring during nighttime hours (10p.m. to 7 a.m.). 5.410.2.1 Owner's or Owner Representative's Project Requirements (OPR), [N] The expectations requirements of the building appropriate to its phase shall be documented before the design phase of the project begins. This documentation shall include the following:

1. Environmental and sustainability goals.

2. Building sustainable goals, and the following of the program including sustainable goals.

3. Indoor environmental quality requirements.

4. Project program, including facility functions and hours of operation, and need for after hours. **DECIBEL (db).** A measure on a logarithmic scale of the magnitude of a particular quantity (such as sound pressure sound power, sound intensity) with respect to a reference quantity. L-ARCH

1. The Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance (MWELO) is located in the California Code of Regulations, Title 23. Chapter 2.7, Division 2.

2. MWELO and supporting documents, including a water budget calculator, are available at: https://www.water.ca.gov/. ELECTRIC VEHICLE (EV). An automotive-type vehicle for on-road use, such as passenger automobiles, buses, trucks, vans, neighborhood electric vehicles, electric motorcycles, and the like, primarily powered by an electric motor Plupin Individual Control of the California Electric vehicles (FIFE) are considered electric vehicles, For purposes of the California Electric off-code, self-propoelled electric vehicles, such as industrial trucks, hoists, lifts, transports, golf carts, altrine ground support equipment, tractors, boats, and the like, are not Indusded. Excavated soil and land-clearing debris.
 Allemate waste reduction methods developed by working with local agencies if diversion or recycle facilities capable of compliance with this item do not exist.
 Demolition waste meeting local ordinance or calculated in consideration of local recycling facilities and markets. 5.304.6 OUTDOOR POTABLE WATER USE IN LANDSCAPE AREAS. For public schools and community colleges landscape projects as described in Sections 5.304.6.1 and 5.304.6.2 shall comply with the California Department of Water Resources Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance (MWELD) commencing with Section 490 of Chapter 2.7, Dislation 2, Title 23, California Code of Regulations, except that the evaportranspiration adjustment factor (ETAF) shall be 0.05 with an additional water allowance for special landscape areas (SLA) or O1. Equipment and systems expectations,
 Building occupant and operation and maintenance (O&M) personnel expectations. 5.410.2.2 Basis of Design (BOD), [N] A written explanation of how the design of the building systems meets the OPR shall be completed at the design phase of the building project. The Basis of Design document shall cover the following systems: ELECTRIC VEHICLE CHARGING STATION(S) (EVCSj). One or more spaces intended for charging electric vehicle 5.408.1.3 Waste stream reduction alternative. The combined weight of new construction disposal that does not exceed two pounds per sequere foot of building area may be deemed to meet the 65% minimum requirement as approved by the enforcing agency. ELECTRIC VEHICLE SUPPLY EQUIPMENT (EVSE), The conductors, including the ungrounded, grounded, and equipment grounding conductors and the electric vehicle connectors, attachment plugs, and all other fittings, devices, power cutlets, or apparatus installed specifically for the purpose of transferring energy between the premises wiring and the electric vehicle. Exception: Any project with an aggregate landscape area of 2,500 square feet or less may comply with the prescriptive measures contained in Appendix D of the MWELO. 5.304.6.1 Newly constructed landscapes. New construction projects with an aggregate landscape area equal to or greater than 500 square feet. **ENERGY EQUIVALENT (NOISE) LEVEL (Leq).** The level of a steady noise which would have the same energy as the fluctuating noise level integrated over the time of period of interest. 5.410.2.3 Commissioning plan. [N] Prior to permit issuance a commissioning plan shall be completed to document how the project will be commissioned. The commissioning plan shall include the following: **5.304.6.2** Rehabilitated landscapes. Rehabilitated landscape projects with an aggregate landscape area equal to or greater than 1,200 square feet. 1. General project Information.
2. Commissioning goals.
3. Systems to be commissioned. Plans to test systems and components shall include:
a. An explanation of the original design intent.
b. Commissioning commissioned. Plans to test design intent.
c. Functions to be tested.
d. Conditions under which the test shall be performed.
d. Conditions under which the test shall be performed.
e. Measurable criteria for acceptable performance.
4. Commissioning term information.
5. Commissioning term information.
5. Commissioning process activities, schedules and responsibilities, Plans for the completion of commissioning the bis included. **EXPRESSWAY.** An arterial highway for through traffic which may have partial control of access, but which may or n not be divided or have grade separations at intersections. Sample forms found in "A Guide to the California Green Building Standards Code (Nonresidential)" located at www.bsc.ca.gov/Home/CALGreen.aspx may be used to assist in documenting compliance Sample forms found in A Guide of the califorms developed building Sandards over (witnessential)
located at www.bsc.ca.gov/Home/CALGreen.aspx may be used to assist in documenting compliance
with the waste management plan.
 Mixed construction and demolition debris processors can be located at the California Department of
Resources Recycling and Recovery (CalRecycle). FREEWAY. A divided arterial highway with full control of access and with grade separations at intersections. DIVISION 5.4 MATERIAL CONSERVATION AND RESOURCE GLOBAL WARMING POTENTIAL (GWP). The radiative forcing impact of one mass-based unit of a given greent gas relative to an equivalent unit of carbon dioxide over a given period of time. Carbon dioxide is the reference compound with a GWP of one. **EFFICIENCY** 5.408.2 UNIVERSAL WASTE, [A] Additions and alterations to a building or tenant space that meet the scoping provisions in Section 301.3 for nonresidential additions and alterations, shall require verification that Universal Wastelmess uch as fluorescent lamps and ballast and mercury containing themostats as well as other California prohibit Universal Waste materials are disposed of properly and are diverted from landfills. A list of prohibited Universal Wastelmaterials shall be included in the construction documents. SECTION 5.401 GENERAL GLOBAL WARMING POTENTIAL VALUE (GWP VALUE), A 100-year GWP value published by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) in either its Second Assessment Report (SAR) (IPCC, 1995); or its Fourth Assessment A-3 Report (AR4) (IPCC, 2007). The SAR GWP values are found in column "SAR (100-yr)" of Table 2.14.; the AR4 GWP values are found in column "100 yr" of Table 2.14. 1.1 SCOPE. The provisions of this chapter shall outline means of achieving material conservation and resource lency through protection of buildings from exterior moisture, construction waste diversion, employment of indiques to reduce pollution through recycling of materials, and building commissioning or testing and adjusting. 5.410.2.4 Functional performance testing. [N] Functional performance tests shall demonstrate the correct installation and operation of each component, system and system-to-system interface in accordance with the approved plans and specifications. Functional performance testing reports shall contain information addressing each of the building components tested, the testing methods utilized, and include any readings and adjustment Note: Refer to the Universal Waste Rule link at:

Note: Refer to the Universal Waste Rule link at:

Note: Refer to the Universal Waste Rule link at: SECTION 5.402 DEFINITIONS 5.402.1 DEFINITIONS. The following terms are defined in Chapter 2 (and are included here for reference) HIGH-GWP REFRIGERANT. A compound used as a heat transfer fluid or gas that is: (a) a chlorofluorocarbon, a hdrochlorofluorocarbon, a hydrofluorocarbon, a perfluorocarbon, or any compound or blend of compounds, with a GWP value equal to or greater than 150, or (8) any coone depteting substance as defined in Title 40 of the Code or Federal Regulations, Part 82, sec.82.3 (as amended March 10, 2009). 5.408.3 EXCAVATED SOIL AND LAND CLEARING DEBRIS. 100 percent of trees, stumps, rocks and associated vegetation and solls resulting primarily from land clearing shall be reused or recycled. For a phased project, such material may be stockpiled on site until the storage site is developed. ADJUST. To regulate fluid flow rate and air patterns at the terminal equipment, such as to reduce fan speed or adjust a damper. 5.410.2.5 Documentation and training. [N] A Systems Manual and Systems Operations Training are require Including Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA) requirements in California Code of Regulations (CCR), Tille 8, Section 5142, and other related regulations. LONG RADIUS ELBOW. Pipe fitting installed between two lengths of pipe or tubing to allow a change of direction, with a radius 1.5 times the pipe diameter. GC **BALANCE.** To proportion flows within the distribution system, including sub-mains, branches and terminals, according to design quantities. Exception: Reuse, either on or off-site, of vegetation or soil contaminated by disease or pest infestation. LOW-GWP REFRIGERANT. A compound used as a heat transfer fluid or gas that: (A) has a GWP value less than 150, and (B) is not an ozone depleting substance as defined in Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 82, sec.82.3 (as amended March 10, 2009). BUILDING COMMISSIONING. A systematic quality assurance process that spans the entire design and construction process, including verifying and documenting that building systems and components are planned, designed, installet tested, operated and maintained to meet the owner's profect requirements. If contamination by disease or pest infestation is suspected, contact the County Agricultural Commissioner and follow its direction for recycling or disposal of the material.
 For a map of know pest and/or disease quarantine zones, consult with the California Department of Food and Agriculture. (www.cdfa.ca.gov) competed when the systems traducted and outerwest of the during owner or representative. The systems manual shall include the following:

1. Site information, including facility description, history and current requirements.

2. Site contact information.

3. Basic operations and maintenance, including general site operating procedures, basic troubleshooting, recommended maintenance requirements, site events log. MERV. Filter minimum efficiency reporting value, based on ASHRAE 52.2-1999 ORGANIC WASTE. Food waste, green waste, landscape and pruning wste, nonhazardous wood waste, and food MAXIMUM INCREMENTAL REACTIVITY (MIR). The maximum change in weight of ozone formed by adding a compound to the "Base REactive Organic Gas (ROG) Mixture" per weight of compound added, expressed to hundrelts of a grant [o "0"] ROC). SECTION 5.410 BUILDING MAINTENANCE AND OPERATIONS 5.410.2.5.2 Systems operations training. [N] A program for training of the appropriate maintenance staff for each equipment type and/or system shall be developed and documented in the commissioning report and shall include the following:

 System/equipment overview (what it is, what it does and with what other systems and/or **Exception:** Rural jurisdictions that meet and apply for the exemption in Public Resources Code 42649.82 (a)(2)(A) et seq. shall also be exempt from the organic waste portion of this section. PSIG. Pounds per square inch, quage. REACTIVE ORGANIC COMPOUND (ROC). Any compound that has the potential, once emitted, to contribute to ozone formation in the troposphere. **5.410.1.1 Additions.** All additions conducted within a 12-month period under single or multiple permits, resulting in an increase of 30% or more in floor area, shall provide recycling areas on site. System/equipment overview (write it is, missing in dequipment if interfaces). Review and demonstration of servicing/preventive maintenance. Review of the information in the Systems Manual.

Review of the record drawings on the system/equipment. SCHRADER ACCESS VALVES. Access fittings with a valve core installed Exception: Additions within a tenant space resulting in less than a 30% increase in the tenant space floor area. SHORT RADIUS ELBOW. Pipe fitting installed between two lengths of pipe or tubing to allow a change of direction, with a radius 1.0 times the pipe diameter. 5.410.1.2 Sample ordinance. Space allocation for recycling areas shall comply with Chapter 18, Part 3, Division 30 of the *Public Resources Code*. Chapter 18 is known as the California Solid Waste Reuse and Recycling Access Act of 1991 (Act). 5.410.4 TESTING AND ADJUSTING. New buildings less than 10,000 square feet. Testing and adjusting of systems shall be required for new buildings less than 10,000 square feet or new systems to serve an addition or afteration subject to Section 30.3.1 VOC. A volatile organic compound broadly defined as a chemical compound based on carbon chains or rings with vapor pressures greater than 0.1 millimeters of mercury at room temperature. These compounds typically contain hydrogen and may contain oxygen, nitrogen and other elements. See CCR Title 17.5 section 94508(i) 8. Note: Where specific regulations are cited from different agencies such as SCAQMD, ARB, etc., the VOC definition included in that specific regulation is the one that prevails for the specific measure in question. 5.410.4.2 (Reserved) Note: For energy-related systems under the scope (Section 100) of the California Energy Code, including heating, ventilation, air conditioning (HVAC) systems and controls, indoor lighting system and controls, as well as water heating systems and controls, effect to California Energy Code Section 120.8 for commissioning requirements and Sections 120.5, 120.6, 130.4, and 140.9(b)3 for additional testing requirements of specific systems. SECTION 5.503 FIREPLACES SECTION 5.503 FIREPLACES
Sp03.1 FIREPLACES, Install only a direct-west sealed-combustion gas or sealed wood-burning fireplace, or a sealed woodstove or pellet stove, and refer to residential requirements in the California Energy Code, Tille 24, Part 6, Subchapter 7, Section 150. Woodstoves, pellet stoves and fireplaces shall comply with applicable local ordinances. 5.503.1.1 Woodstoves. Woodstoves and pellet stoves shall comply with U.S. EPA New Source Performance Standards (NSPS) emission limits as applicable, and shall have a permanent label indicating they are certified to meet the emission limits. **5.410.4.2 Systems.** Develop a written plan of procedures for testing and adjusting systems, Systems to be included for testing and adjusting shall include at a minimum, as applicable to the project: SECTION 5.504 POLLUTANT CONTROL
5.504.1 TEMPORARY VENTILATION. The permanent HVAC system shall only be used during construction if necessary to condition the building or areas of addition or alteration within the required temperature range for material and equipment installation. If the HVAC system is used during construction, use return air filters with a Minum Efficiency Reporting Value (MEKY) of 8, based on ASHRAE 52.2-1999, or an average efficiency of 30% based on ASHRAE 52.1-1992. Replace all filters immediately prior to occupancy, or, if the building is occupied during alteration, at the conclusion of construction. 5.410.4.3 Procedures. Perform testing and adjusting procedures in accordance with manufacturer's specifications and applicable standards on each system. 5.410.4.3.1 HVAC balancing. In addition to testing and adjusting, before a new space-conditionir system serving a building or space is operated for normal use, the system shall be balanced in accordance with the procedures defined by the Testing Adjusting and Balancing Bursau National Standards; the National Environmental Balancing Bursau Procedural Standards; Associated Air B. Council National Standards or as approved by the enforcing agency. 5.504.3 Covering of duct openings and protection of mechanical equipment during construction. At the time of rough installation and during storage on the construction site until final startup of the heating, cooling and ventilation equipment, all duct and other related air distribution component openings shall be covered with tape, plastic, sheetmetal or other methods acceptable to the enforcing agency to reduce the amount of dust, water and debris which may enter the susten. GC sheetmetal or other n

1431 FRANKLIN ST Residential Entitlement TIDEWATER

architecture

Y = YES
NA = NOT APPLICABLE
RESPON. PARTY = RESPONSIBLE PARTY (Ie: ARCHITECT, ENGINE
OWNER. CONTRACTOR, INSPECTOR ETC.)



LRG GC

2019 CALIFORNIA GREEN BUILDING STANDARDS CODE NONRESIDENTIAL MANDATORY MEASURES, SHEET 1 (January 2020, Includes August 2019 Supplement)

Y = YES
N/A = NOT APPLICABLE
RESPON, PARTY = RESPONSIBLE PARTY (Ie: ARCHITECT, ENGINEER, OWNER, CONTRACTOR, INSPECTOR ETC.)

5.504.4.1 Adhesives, sealants and caulks. Adhesives, sealants, and caulks used on the project shall meet the requirements of the following standards:

 Adhesives, adhesive bonding primers, adhesive primers, sealants, sealant primers and caulks shall comply with local or regional air pollution control or air quality management district rules where applicable, or SCAQMD Fuller 1168 VOC limits, as shown in 19bes 5,504.4,1 and 5,504.4.2 Such products also shall comply with the Rule 1168 prohibition on the use of certain tools compounds (chloroform, ethylene dichloride, methylene chloride, perchloroethylene and trichloroethylene), except for aerosol products as specified in subsection 2, below.

Aerosol adhesives, and smaller unit sizes of adhesives, and sealant or caulking compounds (in units of product, less packaging, which do not weigh more than one pound and do not consist of more than 16 fluid ounces) shall comply with statewide VOC standards and other requirements, including prohibitions on use of certain toxic compounds, of California Code of Regulations, Title 17, commencing with Section 94507.

Less Water and Less Exempt Compounds in Grams	per Liter
ARCHITECTURAL APPLICATIONS	CURRENT VOC LIMIT
NDOOR CARPET ADHESIVES	50
CARPET PAD ADHESIVES	50
OUTDOOR CARPET ADHESIVES	150
WOOD FLOORING ADHESIVES	100
RUBBER FLOOR ADHESIVES	60
SUBFLOOR ADHESIVES	50
CERAMIC TILE ADHESIVES	65
VCT & ASPHALT TILE ADHESIVES	50
DRYWALL & PANEL ADHESIVES	50
COVE BASE ADHESIVES	50
MULTIPURPOSE CONSTRUCTION ADHESIVES	70
STRUCTURAL GLAZING ADHESIVES	100
SINGLE-PLY ROOF MEMBRANE ADHESIVES	250
OTHER ADHESIVES NOT SPECIFICALLY LISTED	50
SPECIALTY APPLICATIONS	
PVC WELDING	510
CPVC WELDING	490
ABS WELDING	325
PLASTIC CEMENT WELDING	250
ADHESIVE PRIMER FOR PLASTIC	550
CONTACT ADHESIVE	80
SPECIAL PURPOSE CONTACT ADHESIVE	250
STRUCTURAL WOOD MEMBER ADHESIVE	140
TOP & TRIM ADHESIVE	250
SUBSTRATE SPECIFIC APPLICATIONS	
METAL TO METAL	30
PLASTIC FOAMS	50
POROUS MATERIAL (EXCEPT WOOD)	50
WOOD	30
FIBERGLASS	80

- 1. IF AN ADHESIVE IS USED TO BOND DISSIMILAR SUBSTRATES TOGETHER, THE ADHESIVE WITH THE HIGHEST VOC CONTENT SHALL BE ALLOWED.
- 2. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REGARDING METHODS TO MEASURE THE VOC CONTENT SPECIFIED IN THIS TABLE, SEE SOUTH COAST AIR

ess Water and Less Exempt Compounds in Grams per Liter					
SEALANTS	CURRENT VOC LIMIT				
ARCHITECTURAL	250				
MARINE DECK	760				
NONMEMBRANE ROOF	300				
ROADWAY	250				
SINGLE-PLY ROOF MEMBRANE	450				
OTHER	420				
SEALANT PRIMERS					
ARCHITECTURAL					
NONPOROUS	250				
POROUS	775				
MODIFIED BITUMINOUS	500				
MARINE DECK	760				
OTHER	750				

5.504.4.3 Paints and coatings. Architectural paints and coatings shall comply with VOC limits in Table 1 of the ARB Architectural Coatings Suggested Control Measure, as shown in Table 5.504.4.3, unless more stringent local limits apply. The VOC content limit for coatings that on on teme the definitions for the specialty coatings categories listed in Table 5.504.3, shall be determined by classifying the coating as a Flat, Northat or Nonflat-High Gloss coating, based on its gloss, as defined in Subsections 4.21, 4.36 and 4.37 of the 2007 California Air Resources Board Suggested Control Measure, and the corresponding Flat, Nortlat or Nonflat-High Gloss VOC limit in Table 5.504.4.3 shall apply.

5.504.4.3.1 Aerosol Paints and coatings. Aerosol paints and coatings shall meet the PWMIR Limits for ROC in Section 94522(a)(3) and other requirements, including prohibitions on use of certain toxic compounds and cozone depleting substances, in Sections 9452(2)(2) and (d)(2) of California Code of Regulations, Title 17, commencing with Section 94502; and in areas under the jurisdiction of the Bay Area Air Cuality Management District additionally comptly with the percent VOC by weight of product limits of Regulation 8 Rule 49.

GRAMS OF VOC PER LITER OF COATING, LESS WATER & LESS EXEMPT COMPOUNDS				
COATING CATEGORY	CURRENT VOC LIMIT			
FLAT COATINGS	50			
NONFLAT COATINGS	100			
NONFLAT HIGH GLOSS COATINGS	150			
SPECIALTY COATINGS				
ALUMINUM ROOF COATINGS	400			
BASEMENT SPECIALTY COATINGS	400			
BITUMINOUS ROOF COATINGS	50			
BITUMINOUS ROOF PRIMERS	350			
BOND BREAKERS	350			
CONCRETE CURING COMPOUNDS	350			
CONCRETE/MASONRY SEALERS	100			
DRIVEWAY SEALERS	50			
DRY FOG COATINGS	150			
FAUX FINISHING COATINGS	350			
FIRE RESISTIVE COATINGS	350			
FLOOR COATINGS	100			
FORM-RELEASE COMPOUNDS	250			
GRAPHIC ARTS COATINGS (SIGN PAINTS)	500			
HIGH-TEMPERATURE COATINGS	420			
INDUSTRIAL MAINTENANCE COATINGS	250			
LOW SOLIDS COATINGS1	120			
MAGNESITE CEMENT COATINGS	450			
MASTIC TEXTURE COATINGS	100			
METALLIC PIGMENTED COATINGS	500			
MULTICOLOR COATINGS	250			
PRETREATMENT WASH PRIMERS	420			
PRIMERS, SEALERS, & UNDERCOATERS	100			
REACTIVE PENETRATING SEALERS	350			
RECYCLED COATINGS	250			
ROOF COATINGS	50			
RUST PREVENTATIVE COATINGS	250			
SHELLACS:				
CLEAR	730			
OPAQUE	550			
SPECIALTY PRIMERS, SEALERS & UNDERCOATERS	100			
STAINS	250			
STONE CONSOLIDANTS	450			
SWIMMING POOL COATINGS	340			
TRAFFIC MARKING COATINGS	100			
TUB & TILE REFINISH COATINGS	420			
WATERPROOFING MEMBRANES	250			
WOOD COATINGS	275			
WOOD PRESERVATIVES	350			
ZINC-RICH PRIMERS	340			

Manufacturer's product specification
 Field verification of on-site product containers

5.504.4.4 Carpet Systems. All carpet installed in the building interior shall meet at least one of the testing and

- Carpet and Rug Institute's Green Label Plus Program.
 Compliant with the VOC-emission limits and testing requirements specified in the California Department of Public Health Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers, Version 1.1, February 2010 (also Known as CDPH Standard Method V1.1 or Specification 01350).
- 2010 (also known as CUPH Standard Method V1.1 or Specification 01359).

 NSF/ANSI 140 at the Gold level or higher:
 Scientific Certifications Systems Sustainable Choice; or
 Compliant with the Collaborative for High Performance Schools California (2014 CA-CHPS) Criteria
 listed in the CHPS High Performance Product Database.

5.504.4.5 Composite wood products. Hardwood plywood, particleboard and medium density fiberboard composite wood products used on the interior or exterior of the buildings shall meet the requirements for formaldehyties as specified in ARS si Troixes Control Measure (ATCM) for Composite Wood (17 CCR 3120 et seq.). Those materials not exempted under the ATCM must meet the specified emission limits, as shown in Table 5.504.4.5.

- Hested by the territoria graphy,

 1. Product perilifications and specifications,

 2. Chain of custody conflications.

 3. Product labeled and involced as meeting the Composite Wood Products regulation (see CCR, Title 17, Section 93120, et seq.).

 4. Exterior grade products marked as meeting the PS-1 or PS-2 standards of the Engineered Wood Association, the Australian AS/NZS 2269 or European 636 3S standards.

 5. Other methods acceptable to the enforcing agency.

TABLE 5.504.4.5 - FORMALDEHYDE LIMITS	S ₁
MAXIMUM FORMALDEHYDE EMISSIONS IN PARTS PER	MILLION
PRODUCT	CURRENT LIMIT
HARDWOOD PLYWOOD VENEER CORE	0.05
HARDWOOD PLYWOOD COMPOSITE CORE	0.05
PARTICLE BOARD	0.09
MEDIUM DENSITY FIBERBOARD	0.11
THIN MEDIUM DENSITY FIBERBOARD2	0.13

2. THIN MEDIUM DENSITY FIBERBOARD HAS A MAXIMUM THICKNESS OF 5/16 INCHES (8 MM)

5.504.4.6 Resilient flooring systems. For 80 percent of floor area receiving resilient flooring, installed resilient flooring shall meet at least one of the following:

- Certified under the Resilient Floor Covering Institute (RFCI) FloorScore program:
 Compliant with the VOC-emission limits and testing requirements specified in the California Department of Public Health's 2010 Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation Chambers, Version 1.1, February 2010;
 Compliant with the Collaborative for High Performance Schools California (2014 CA-CHPS) Criteria and Isted in the CHPS High Performance Product Database; or
 Certified criterial Card Excelled LARG Doll (Comerty the Greenguard Children's & Schools Decisions Certified under UL GREENGUARD Gold (Comerty the Greenguard Children's & Schools

5.504.5.3 Filters. In mechanically ventilated buildings, provide regularly occupied areas of the building with air filtration media for outside and return air that provides at least a Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV) of 13. MERV 13 filters shall be installed prior to occupancy, and recommendations for maintenance with filters of the same value shall be included in the operation and maintenance manual.

5.504.5.3.1 Labeling. Installed filters shall be clearly labeled by the manufacturer indicating the MERV

5.564.7 ENVIRONMENTAL TOBACCO SMOKE (ETS) CONTROL. Where outdoor areas are provided for smoking prohibit amonising within 25 feet of building entries, outdoor air instead and operable wholeons and within the building an already prohibited by other laws or regulations; or as enforced by ordinances, regulations or policies of any city, county, city and county, California Community College, campus of the California State Luhversity, or campus of the University of California, whichever are more stringent. When ordinances, regulations or policies are not in place, post signage to inform building occupants of the prohibitions.

OWNER

SECTION 5.505 INDOOR MOISTURE CONTROL

5.505.1 INDOOR MOISTURE CONTROL. Buildings shall meet or exceed the provisions of California Building Code, CCR, Tille 24, Part 2, Sections 1202 (Ventilation) and Chapter 14 (Exterior Walls), For additional measures, see Section 5.407.2 of this code. LRG

SECTION 5.506 INDOOR AIR QUALITY
5.506.1 OUTSIDE AIR DELEVERY. For mechanically or naturally ventilated spaces in buildings, meet the minimum requirements of Section 120.1 (Requirements For Ventilation) of the California Energy Code, or the applicable local code, whichever is more stiffingent, and Division 1, Chapter 4 of CCR, Title 8.

5.506.2 CARBON DIOXIDE (CO.) MONITORING. For buildings or additions equipped with demand control ventilation, CO: sensors and ventilation controls shall be specified and installed in accordance with the requirements of the California Energy Code, Section 120(c)(4).

SECTION 5.507 ENVIRONMENTAL COMFORT

5.507.4 ACOUSTICAL CONTROL. Employ building assemblies and components with Sound Transmission Class
(STC) values determined in accordance with ASTM E 9 and ASTM E 413, or Outdoor-Indoor Sound Transmission
(Class (OITC) determined in accordance with ASTM E 1332, using either the prescriptive or performance method in
Section 5.507.4.1 or 5.507.4.2. LRG

Exception: [DSA-SS] For public schools and community colleges, the requirements of this section and all subsections apply only to new construction.

5.507.4.1 Exterior noise transmission, prescriptive method. Wall and roof-ceiling assemblies exposed to the noise source making up the building or addition envelope or altered envelope shall meet a composite STC rating of at least-50 or a composite OTTC rating of no less than 40, with exterior windows of a minimum STC of 40 or OTTC of 30 in the following locations:

1. Within the 65 CNEL noise contour of an airport

- Lee or CNEL for militiary airports shall be determined by the facility Air Installation Compatible Land Use Zone (ACUZ) plan.
 Lee or CNEL for other airports and heliports for which a land use plan has not been developed shall be determined by the local general plan noise element.

5.507.4.1.1. Noise exposure where noise contours are not readily available. Bullclings exposed to a noise level of 65 dB $_{\rm tot}$ -1-hr during any hour of operation shall have building, addition or alteration exterior wall and mod-ceiling assemblies exposed to the noise source meeting a composite STC rating of at least 45 (or OTIC 35), with exterior windows of a minimum STC of 40 (or OTIC 30).

5.507.4.2 Performance Method. For buildings located as defined in Section 5.507.4.1 or 5.507.4.1.1, wall and roof-celling assemblies exposed to the noise source making up the building or addition envelope or altered envelope shall be constructed to provide an interior noise environment attributable to exterior sources that does not exceed an hourly equivalent noise level (Leq-HH) of 50 dBA in occupied areas during any hour of operation.

5.507.4.2.2 Documentation of Compliance. An acoustical analysis documenting complying interior sound levels shall be prepared by personnel approved by the architect or engineer of record.

5.507.4.3 Interior sound transmission. Wall and floor-ceiling assemblies separating tenant spaces and tenan spaces and public places shall have an STC of at least 40.

SECTION 5.508 OUTDOOR AIR QUALITY 5.508.1 Ozone depletion and greenhouse gas reductions. Installations of HVAC, refrigeration and fire suppress equipment shall comply with Sections 5.508.1.1 and 5.508.1.2.

Exception: Refrigeration systems containing low-global warming potential (low-GWP) refrigerant with a GWP value less than 150 are not subject to this section, Low-GWP refrigerants are nonozone-depleting refrigerants that include ammonia, carbon cloixide (CO₂), and potentially other refrigerants.

5.508.2.1.2 Copper pipe. Copper tubing with an OD less than 1/4 inch may be used in systems with a refrigerant charge of 5 pounds or less.

5.508.2.1.2.1 Anchorage. One-fouth-inch OD tubing shall be securely clamped to a rigid base to keep vibration levels below 8 mills.

5.508.2.1.4 Elbows. Short radius elbows are only permitted where space limitations prohibit use of

5.508.2.2 Valves. Valves Valves and fittings shall comply with the California Mechanical Code and as

5.508.2.2.1 Pressure relief valves. For vessels containing high-GWP refrigerant, a rupture disc shall be installed between the outlet of the vessel and the inlet of the pressure relief valve.

5.508.2.2.2 Access valves. Only Schrader access valves with a brass or steel body are

5.508.2.2.2 Seal caps. If designed for it, the cap shall have a neoprene O-ring in place

5.508.2.3 Refrigerated service cases. Refrigerated service cases holding food products containing vinegar a salt shall have evaporator coils of corrosion-resistant material, such as stainless steet; or be coated to preven corrosion from these substances.

5.508.2.3.1 Coil coating. Consideration shall be given to the heat transfer efficiency of coil coating to

5.508.2.4 Refrigerant receivers. Refrigerant receivers with capacities greater than 200 pounds shall be fitted with a device tha indicates the level of refrigerant in the receiver.

5.508.2.5 Pressure testing. The system shall be pressure tested during installation prior to evacuation and

5.508.2.6 Evacuation. The system shall be evacuated after pressure testing and prior to charging 5.508.2.6.1 First vacuum. Pull a system vacuum down to at least 1000 microns (+/- 50 microns), and hold for 30 minutes

INSTALLER & SPECIAL INSPECTOR QUALIFICATIONS

702.1 INSTALLER TRAINING. HVAC existent installers shall be trained and certified in the pro-

- State certified apprenticeship programs.
 Policilic utility training programs.
 Training programs sponsored by trade, labor or statewide energy consulting or verification organizations.
 Training programs sponsored by manufacturing organizations.
 Other programs acceptable to the enforcing agency.
- 70.2.2 SPECIAL INSPECTION [IFCD]. When required by the enforcing agency, the owner or the responsible entity acting as the owner's agent shall employ one or more special inspectors to provide inspection or other duties necessary to substantiate compliance with this code. Special inspectors shall demonstrate competence that the satisfaction of the enforcing agency for the particular type of impaction or task to be performed. In addition to other certifications or qualifications acceptable to the enforcing agency, the following certifications or education may considered by the enforcing agency when evaluating the qualifications of a special inspector.

[BSC-CG] When required by the enforcing agency, the owner or the responsible entity acting as the owner's agent shall employ one or more special inspectors to provide inspection or other duties necessary to substantiate compliance with this code. Special inspectors to provide inspection or other duties necessary to substantiate compliance with this code. Special inspectors shall demonstrate completence to the satisfaction of the enforcing agency for the particular type of inspection or task to be performed. In addition, the special inspector shall have a certification from a recognized state, national or international association, as determined by the local agency. The area of certification shall be obsely related to the primary job function, as determined by the local agency.

Note: Special inspectors shall be independent entities with no financial interest in the materials or the project they are inspecting for compliance with this code.

703 VERIFICATIONS

703.1 DCUMENTATION. Documentation used to show compliance with this code shall include but is not limited to construction documents, plans, specifications, builder or installer certification, inspection reports, or other methods acceptable to the enforcing agency which demonstrate substantial conformance. When specific documentation or special inspection is necessary to verify compliance, that method of compliance will be specified in the appropriate section or identified applicable checklist.