# Oakland General Plan Update 2045

Presentation to the Community and Economic Development (CED) Committee

Planning and Building Department September 27, 2022





# **General Plan Background**

- "Constitution" for development and conservation.
- Establishes citywide vision and supporting goals, policies, and implementation measures.
- Minimum Required Elements
  - Land Use, Circulation, Housing, Conservation, Open Space, Noise, Safety, Environmental Justice
  - Other Elements may be added, as needed
- Oakland will approach the General Plan Update in two (2) phases.





7

## Phase 1 – General Plan Update November 2021 – Spring 2023



HOUSING Adopted 2014

- Addresses housing needs, at all income levels (2023-2031).
- **Protect** tenants and keep people in their homes. Preserve existing stock of affordable housing. Produce more affordable housing - lowerincome. Identify appropriate locations for housing.



SAFETY

Adopted 2004 (Last amended 2021)

Identifies natural and human-made hazards (wildfire, earthquake, climate change, flooding, etc.) and ways to reduce and manage impacts



### **ENVIRONMENTAL** JUSTICE \*New Requirement\*

- communities

### Addresses needs of **most** impacted and vulnerable

Includes air quality and pollution; safe and sanitary housing; healthy food access; physical activity; investment prioritization; civic engagement



### **INDUSTRIAL** LANDS Study

Evaluate feasibility of various **industrial** sectors, including longevity of the **Port of** Oakland, and quality of life and environmental justice considerations.

## Phase 2 – General Plan Update Spring 2023 – Mid 2025







**OPEN SPACE**, **CONSERVATION & RECREATION** (OSCAR) Adopted 1996

NOISE Adopted 2005

### LAND USE & TRANSPORTATION

### Adopted 1998

Includes Estuary Policy Plan for areas below Interstate 880



### **INFRASTRUCTURE & FACILITIES**

\*New Element\*

- Overarching goals and policies for city infrastructure.
- Reflects **capital** improvements identified in the LUTE, OSCAR, Safety, and other General Plan elements.



# Timeline

### **SPRING 2022** LAYING THE GROUNDWORK

### SUMMER & FALL 2022 **REVIEW & CO-DESIGN**

Collect and uplift known issues, key data, proposed solutions, goals and policies from current and past City adopted plans and community-led planning initiatives

Not Starting From Scratch: Review existing EJ and and policies: What is working well?

Identify Gaps: Where are there gaps? Where is imp needed?

Co-Design: Develop Draft EJ and Safety Goals, Obje Policies, and Programs. Develop comprehensive inc study and recommendations for policy developmer

Ongoing Engagement for General Plan Update

FOCUSED COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

All Community Events and Public Meetings: <u>oaklandca.gov/topics/meetings-and-events</u>

	WINTER 2022 AND SPRING 2023 EVALUATE, REFINE, & ADOPT	
d Safety goals	Assess Impacts and Tradeoffs	
provement	Public Draft Release of EJ and Safety Elements in January 2023	
ectives, dustrial lands nt.		
F: FOCUS GROUPS, NEIGHBORHOOD		

WORKSHOPS, STAKEHOLDER INTERVIEWS, SURVEYS, CULTURAL EVENTS, **POP-UPS, & PRESENTATIONS AT NEIGHBORHOOD COUNCILS** 

## Oakland's First Environmental Justice Element



# **Environmental Justice Element**

- Identify the location and characteristics of Environmental Justice (EJ) Communities\* within the area covered by the General Plan.
- Identify objectives and policies to reduce the unique or compounded health risks in EJ Communities by:
  - Reduction of **pollution exposure**, including the improvement of air quality
  - Promotion of public facilities, food access, safe and healthy homes, and physical activity.
  - Promote community engagement in the public decision-making process.
  - Prioritize improvements and programs that address the needs of EJ Communities.
  - Reduction of any unique or compounded health risk not otherwise addressed above.



## **Updated EJ Communities Map**



### **DRAFT Environmental Justice Communities**

Map Date: 9/12/2022

Ave		
	Composite Indicator Score	
Golf Links P	Score Range	
	90 - 100	
	80 - 90	
	70 - 80	
	60 - 70	
	50 - 60	
	40 - 50	
VIII	30 - 40	
Parks	20 - 30	
Paci Ave	10 - 20	
$\langle \lambda \rangle$	0 - 10	
A	Top 25% Composite & Top 10% Category So	ores
	West Oakland AB617 Community Boundary	,
	No Data/Low Population Area	
	Base Map	
	Railroads	
	——— Major Highways	
	——— Major Roads	
	City of Oakland	0
	Alameda County	ש

# **Potential EJ Policy Outcomes**

### **Reduce Pollution Exposure**

- Reduce and mitigate pollution from industrial uses & freeway traffic.
- Address and prevent health impacts of illegal dumping.
- Separate pollution sources from sensitive land uses, such as homes, schools, hospitals, libraries, etc.
- Address the **impacts of Goods Movement**: truck impacts and transportation of hazardous material.

### **Promote Safe and Healthy Homes**

- Address the ongoing **impacts of redlining** by permitting more housing variety across all of Oakland.
- Provide ongoing support for, and address root causes of, homelessness in particular, the disproportionate impact of homelessness on Black, Indigenous, and People of Color. • Facilitate development without displacement intentionally encouraging development
- that benefits existing residents.
- Address unsafe and unhealthy housing conditions by reducing exposure to mold, asbestos, lead, and other toxic substances. Reduce and mitigate pollution from industrial uses, freeway traffic



### **Promote Physical Activity and Public Facilities**

- •Ensure EJ Communities have affordable, accessible, reliable, and safe transportation options.
- •Expand access to Oakland's **shoreline** for EJ Communities.
- •Implement the Urban Forest Master Plan: Expand and protect tree canopy cover in underrepresented areas of East and West Oakland - provide shade, reduce urban heat island impacts, and reduce exposure to air pollution emissions.
- •Provide an equitable distribution of safe and well-designed parks and playgrounds, libraries, schools, childcare centers, public restrooms, and other public facilities.
- •Implement the City's 2018 cultural plan by promoting the value of "placemaking," "Place and Identity," and the "Civic Commons."

### **Promote Healthy Food Access**

- Identify gaps in healthy food access, expand access to local healthy food to reduce food insecurity.
- Support local agriculture and equitable food production, for example by promoting community gardens.
- Address the overconcentration of unhealthy retail (liquor stores, tobacco retailers).

### **Reduce Barriers to Civic Engagement**

- Eliminate cultural and language barriers.
- Promote broad and balanced participation and increase representation in government.
- Support participatory budgeting.
- Promote cultural competence.
- Increase opportunities for youth.

### **Prioritize Improvements in EJ Communities**

- Reduce economic inequities by targeting growth to build wealth in communities harmed by disinvestment, segregation and generational denial of opportunity.
- Promote clean, green jobs with focus on job training and opportunities for Black Americans, Indigenous peoples, Immigrants, and formerly incarcerated.
- Prioritize historically underserved areas for **infrastructure improvements**.
- Implement projects identified by existing residents in EJ Communities as funds become available.

# Safety Element Update



# Safety Element

- Oakland faces many hazards, including:
  - Environmental: wildfire, earthquakes/seismic hazards, flooding, extreme weather, climate change
  - Humanmade: hazardous materials
  - Certain populations may be more vulnerable to hazards
- SB 379 requires cities to address climate change adaptation and resilience in their general plan safety element
- Safety Element identifies natural and human-made hazards (wildfire, earthquake, climate change, flooding, etc.) and ways to reduce and manage impacts



Infants and youth









Pre-existing conditions



Older populations or mobility impairments



Low-income communities



No vehicle/accessible transit

# Safety Element Requirements

### Requirements

Seismic and Geologic Hazards	<ul> <li>Slope instability</li> <li>Policies and mapping relation of the second shaking, ground far subsidence, liquefaction, experience, liquefacti</li></ul>
Emergency Preparedness	<ul> <li>Evacuation routes</li> <li>Peakload water supply re</li> <li>Minimum road widths an</li> <li>Essential public facilities a</li> <li>Cooperative relationships</li> </ul>
Flooding	<ul> <li>Mapped flood hazard zon</li> <li>Appropriate mitigations features</li> </ul>
Wildland and Urban Fires	<ul> <li>Fire Hazard Severity Zone</li> <li>Avoid and minimize fire right</li> </ul>
Climate Change Adaptation and Resilience (SB 379)	<ul> <li>Cal-Adapt information- ris ,resources, and population</li> <li>Set of adaptation and resi results</li> </ul>

Topics

lated to seismic hazards (surface rupture, failure, tsunami, seiche, dam failure, etc.)

equirements nd clearances around structures and their location s with relevant public agencies

nes and FEMA maps for new development in hazard areas

e mapping, historical fire data risk for new development

isk of climate change, including assets ns

silience goals, policies and objectives based on

# **Other Topics**

Topics	
Hazardous Materials	<ul> <li>Materials spills and transport</li> <li>Cleanup</li> </ul>
Public Safety	<ul> <li>Crime Prevention through Environmental Design (CPT)</li> <li>Other topics cross-referenced with other elements. F</li> <li>Collisions and safer streets (EJ and LUTE elements)</li> <li>Community gathering places (LUTE, OSCAR, EJ)</li> <li>Interdepartmental/community collaboration to address</li> </ul>

### TED) For example: its)

lress community safety



### Select the planning area of interest on the filter bar on the top right

# Initial Findings

### Seismic Impacts

- Most of Oakland at risk for violent shaking.
- Aging housing stock and public infrastructure esp. in low-income areas.
  - Approximately 22,000 units with a soft-story condition
- Liquefaction susceptibility highest in the low-lying coastal areas.
  - Lower-income areas and communities of color at risk of liquefaction

### Landslide Impacts

- Severe impact to Oakland Hills.
  - Higher-income and white residents at risk of landslides and ground shaking.
  - Vulnerable households are 22% black, 18% hispanic or Latinx, and 40% earn less than \$50,000 AMI

### esp. in low-income areas ndition **ing coastal areas**. at risk of liquefaction

ndslides and ground shaking. Inic or Latinx, and 40% earn

# **Initial Findings**

### Flood Impacts

- High risk in the low-lying areas, e.g., Coliseum and West Oakland
  - Tracts in Downtown, Chinatown and West Oakland have high concentration of people living with a disability

### Wildfire Impacts

- Wildfire smoke greatly impacts at-risk populations e.g., unhoused, outdoor workers, children, and residents who live in poorly insulated or ventilated homes.
- Wildfire threats impact to Oakland Hills and some neighborhoods with limited means of ingress and egress

# **Key Concerns and Policy Priorities**

### Concerns

- Extreme heat events disproportionately affect unhoused populations, people who live in housing with poor ventilation, and home-bound individuals
- Gaps in the 2021-2026 LHMP regarding city facilities for emergency response support
  - Many facilities do not have air conditioning or high-capacity HVAC air filtering systems or are not located where they are needed
- Need to expand emergency response capacity
- Concern about preemptive emergency response training model that is inclusive and reaches more diverse audiences
- Need to understand unintended consequences of policies

### **Policy Priorities**

- •Maintain an equity lens throughout the entire update process •Prioritize collaborating with frontline communities •Address hazards from wildfire smoke •Ensure adequate facilities for relief during wildfire smoke

- emergencies
- •Make decisions related to disaster risk within a disabilitycentered context - as populations age, people will develop more disabilities and so important to address these challenges in terms of an aging population
- •Consider equitable nature-based adaptation and urban greening that protects against sea level rise, urban flooding, and urban heat
- •Consider requiring new buildings to accommodate increase in sea level rise
- •Consider policies that enforce groundwater monitoring •Consider policies that take into account the cost of
- maintenance

## Industrial Lands Vision



## **Overview: Industrial Lands Vision**

### Phase 1

Phase 2

- Identify key opportunities and key challenges related to industrial lands.
- Phase I will culminate in an Industrial Lands Study.

• Evaluate land use alternatives and define policies to support diverse and thriving industrial nodes in the city and protect residential zones from adverse air quality, noise, and other environmental impacts.

## **Current Industrial Landscape**

One of the Bay Area's largest industrial submarkets

- Transportation, warehousing & distribution employs 13,070 people and accounts for 39% of total industrial jobs
- Manufacturing employs 4,880 people, 14% of total industrial jobs

Occupies 10 square miles, with 60% of industrial land in West and East Oakland neighborhoods and along the I-880 freeway and rail corridors

### Industrial sector is an important contributor to city's economy

- 18% of total wage and salary employment in city
- ~ 33,553 people in ~1,100 businesses

### Port of Oakland is nexus of industrial activity in the city

- Employs approximately 42,000 people
- 9th busiest container port in the United States (2021)
- Transportation, warehouse, and distribution + manufacturing are key port-serving sectors





# **Key Challenges and Opportunities**

### Land Use Conflicts

- Residential and industrial uses are in close proximity and conflict
- Historic zoning of industrial uses near low-income communities
- Communities next to industrial lands have some of the highest pollution burden in the state, mainly due to diesel particulate matter
- Siting and pollution burdens concentrated in West Oakland, Fruitvale, and "Deep East" Oakland
- Legal and illegal truck routes run through neighborhoods

### Property and Infrastructure Constraints

- Streets not safe for pedestrians and cyclists (severely inadequate pavement)
- Infiltration/inflow is a concern for sewers (citywide issue)
- Sea-level rise and flood zone + liquefaction / seismic issues
- Utility upgrades (power, gas, comm., fiber, water) needed for more intensive use
- Building stock old and lacking investment  $\rightarrow$  properties are underutilized
- ore intensive use erutilized

# **Key Challenges and Opportunities**

## **Regional Growth in Life Science Sectors**

- Bay Area has world-class agglomeration of Life Science Sectors
  - Strong clusters in Berkeley, Emeryville, and Alameda
  - Supported by UC Berkeley, industry leaders (e.g., Bayer and Zymergen) and healthcare (e.g., Kaiser, Sutter, and Summit), and others

### Constraints

- Infrastructure challenges
- Pollution from goods-movement activity
- Unhoused encampments
- Entitlement risk

# **Key Challenges and Opportunities**

## The Port's Changing Competitive Position

### Challenges

- Port is losing market share and cannot expand
- Sierra Nevada is a bottleneck for goods-movement
- Other ports (e.g., Port of Seattle) closer to key export markets in East Asia

### • **Opportunities**:

- Entertainment (e.g., waterfront ballpark)
- Other sectors (green tech, food and beverage, maker space)
- Doubling down on niche role
- Nation's leading exporter of high-quality agricultural commodities
- Serving the Northern CA consumer market

27

## Wrap Up & Next Steps



## Feedback Requested

- **Policy Direction:** Key Goals Needed To Address Environmental Justice Issues, Advance Equitable Processes For Integrating Climate Resilience And Public Safety Strategies, and Inform The Vision For Oakland's Industrial Growth to address
  - **Key Issues:** Emerging environmental justice issues, issues related to natural and human-made hazards, and challenges related to industrial lands
  - **Policy Gaps:** Current policy gaps related to environmental justice issues and issues related to natural and human-made hazards. What is needed for Oakland to attract the industrial activities of the 21st century? What current industries should the City seek to retain, support, or expand?
  - **Racial Equity:** How can the City more intentionally address racial equity or needs of vulnerable communities through these policies?

## **Next Steps**

### **SPRING 2022** LAYING THE GROUNDWORK

### SUMMER & FALL 2022 **REVIEW & CO-DESIGN**

Collect and uplift known issues, key data, proposed solutions, goals and polices from current and past City adopted plans and community-led planning initiatives

Not Starting From Scratch: Review existing EJ and and policies: What is working well?

Identify Gaps: Where are there gaps? Where is imp needed?

**Co-Design**: Develop Draft EJ and Safety Goals, Obje Policies, and Programs. Develop comprehensive ind study and recommendations for policy developmer

Ongoing Engagement for General Plan Update

FOCUSED COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT WORKSHOPS, STAKEHOLDER INTERVIEWS, SURVEYS, CULTURAL EVENTS, **POP-UPS, & PRESENTATIONS AT NEIGHBORHOOD COUNCILS** 

All Community Events and Public Meetings: <u>oaklandca.gov/topics/meetings-and-events</u>

	WINTER 2022 AND SPRING 2023 EVALUATE, REFINE, & ADOPT	
d Safety goals	Assess Impacts and Tradeoffs	
provement	Public Draft Release of EJ and Safety Elements in January 2023	
ectives, dustrial lands nt.		
: FOCUS GROUPS, NEIGHBORHOOD		

## LEARN MORE

To learn more about the **General Plan Update**, visit the website below and sign up for updates:

bit.ly/OaklandGPU