CITY OF OAKLAND FILED AGENDA REPORT

10 OCT 29 PM 2: 42

TO: Office of the City Administrator

ATTN: Dan Lindheim

FROM: City Coúncil President Pro-Tempore Larry E. Reid

DATE: December 14, 2010

RE: A Resolution Authorizing The \$500 Payment From Gale For Publishing Rights To The Juvenile Protection Ordinance Be Donated To The OK Program

SUMMARY

President Pro-Tempore Reid respectfully requests that funds received from the publishing of the Juvenile Protection Ordinance be transferred to the OK Program. This proposed resolution authorizes the City Of Oakland to transfer \$500 from Fund 1010, Account 24213 to the OK Program.

FISCAL IMPACT

The payment for the publishing rights (see Attachment B) was made out to the City of Oakland because the City owns the rights to information published in agenda reports. As such, the City never expended any money throughout this process. However, since the check was made out to the City of Oakland it could only deposited by the City. In order for the money to be donated to the OK Program the City needs to transfer the funds from Fund 1010 Account 24213 to the OK Program (Vendor ID#: 92828).

BACKGROUND

In February 2009 President Pro Tempore Larry E. Reid in conjunction with the Oakland Police Department proposed a Juvenile Protection Ordinance to the Oakland City Council. Although the initiative failed it caught the attention of Gale Publishing. Gale Publishing is an internationally known research and educational publishing company that specializes in multi-volume reference works in religion, history, and social science.

A representative from Gale contacted the City of Oakland in January 2010 and informed City staff that the report had been selected as one of the best national models for teenage curfews and for having the best articulated justifications for a curfew ordinance. Accordingly, Gale requested permission to publish excerpts (See Attachment A) from the report in the introductory edition of *Introducing Issues with Opposing Viewpoints: Violence*. The book was published in May 2010.

After clarifying legal issues with the City Attorney's Office, the price agreed upon for the publishing rights was \$500. The check was received in June 2010 and was deposited into Fund 1010, Account 24213 in September 2010.

Item: _____ Public Safety Committee December 14, 2010

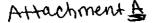
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Respectfully submitted,

Larry E. Reid

President Pro Tempore Councilmember- District 7

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Permissions Agreement

January 14, 2010 IIOVPV1 Entry # 918572

Press Date: January 15, 2010

Mr. Larry Reid President Pro Tempore of the City Council c/o Ms. Reygan Harmon CITY OF OAKLAND CALIFORNIA One Frank H, Ogawa Plaza Oakland, CA 94612

Plans are now underway for the introductory edition of Introducing Issues with Opposing Viewpoints: Violence (IIOVPV-1), scheduled for release on May 14, 2010. IIOVPV-1, with 128 pages, will be published by Gale, a part of Cengage Learning, (www.gale.cengage.com), a provider of high quality educational and reference materials to libraries. We are expecting to produce 2,000 hardcover copies of this reference work to sell at \$34.70 each.

Edited by Jacqueline Langwith, the Opposing Viewpoints series examines current issues from different viewpoints, set up in a pro/con format. To help students more easily access the material, we title the articles, insert subheads, omit notes and references and insert an editorial cartoon, graphic, or quotation from another source, which will be identified and set so as to be obviously from another source. If necessary, we may do some minor editing (for style or to clarify time references, dates or names). Any deletions - usually done because of our length requirements - will be indicated with ellipses. We credit the original source on the first page of each article.

We seek your permission for non-exclusive, all-language use for hardcover, online, and e-book formats in the global market (non-U.S.A. sales are less than 5% of total sales) for this and future editions of **IIOVPV-1** and for incidental promotional pieces. Attached is a Permissions Agreement that identifies the material we wish to use.

Please Indicate your approval by countersigning the Permissions Agreement and returning to me by fax or by mail. If you are not the copyright holder, please let me know to whom I should write for permission.

I look forward to hearing from you by the Press Date given above.

Kind regards.

Sarah Tomasek, on behalf of Gale, a part of Cengage Learning 26715 Hill Avenue Warren, MI 48091 Ph: 586-756-1295 Fax: 586-486-5485 srtomasek@hotmail.com Dan Lindheim OPD - Juvenile Curfew Ordinance

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BACKCROUND

Parents and guardians have traditionally set curfews for their children, but as a result of social trends and a decrease in parental supervision, many youth are at risk for delinquency and conclusion. Rising numbers of young people loitering and aimlessly present on the City's major thoroughfares at night, the significant level of night-time crime involving youth as perpetrators and victims, and with more young women engaging in prostitution, the need for early intervention, parental involvement, and a curfew ordinance can not be more urgent. Other cities in California and across the country have already responded by enacting juvenile curfew ordinances; some of these cities include Dallas, Texas; Denver, Colorado; and Long Beach, California.

Dallas, Texas

sub: Bartlas - Success Ful Curting in Dailed

In response to a spike in crimes involving juveniles, the City of Dallas enacted a curfew ordinance in 1993. Three months after the enactment of the ordinance the Dallas Police Department found that juvenile victimization during curfew hours declined by 17.7 % and juvenile arrests during curfew hours decreased by 14.6% compared to the same time the year before, according to the 1996 Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Report.² Since that time juvenile crime and victimization has remained unchanged during curfew hours. Dallas officers that have been on the force since the enactment of the ordinance site public awareness of the ordinance and individuals choosing to abide by the law as the reason for the leveling off of juvenile crime and victimization.⁹ Components of the Dallas' ordinance include:

- Curfew violators are taken to the police station where their parents/guardians are called.
- Businesses that allow minors on the premises during curfew hours can be fined up to \$500 for each violation.
- Counseling and other social services are only provided to curfew violators determined to be runaways.
- The ordinance sunsets every three years to provide an opportunity for review and evaluation.

Denver, Colorado

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sub: Denven Experienced A Decrease in chine

Denver enacted its curfew ordinance in 1994 in response to community concerns about juvenile crime. Immediately after enactment of the ordinance, Denver experienced a decrease in crime, particularly in its commercial districts. Denver enhances enforcement efforts according to crime trends; e.g., during the months of April through September when juvenile crime is on the rise, teen centers are opened to handle the increased number of youth. "Key components of Denver's ordinance include:

² Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, U.S. Department of Justice, Juvenile Justice Bulletin, Curfew: An Answer to Juvenile Delinquency and Victimization 4 (April 1996).

- Phone conversation with Lt. Hentom Dallas Police Department, Youth Services Division.
- Phone Conversation with Tiffany Vu, Dever Department of Safety

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Dan Lindheim OPD - Juvenile Curfew Ordinance

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- Curfew violators are taken to teen centers where counselors work with the minor and their parent/guardian during summer months (April-September).
- During non-summer months curfew violators are given tickets, whereupon diversion is an option. If diversion is not successfully completed parents/guardian may be responsible for paying the citation.
- Where applicable, diversion classes are offered to habitual offenders as an alternative to prosecution.
- Parents/guardians are cited (an infraction) if the minor in their charge is a habitual (three times during April-September) curfew violator.

Long-Beach, Colifornia

sub: Long Beach, CA In an attempt to thwart escalating gang activity and juvenile crime, in January 1994 Long Beach officials established a 10:00 p.m. to 6:00 a.m. curfew ordinance. The ordinance led to a 14 % decrease in the average number of crimes committed per hour by juveniles, and a 23 % decrease in gang related shootings compared to the same time period in 1993." Although the ordinance is in effect daily, operations or sweeps are performed in the summer months and during major school recesses (e.g., holiday breaks). As such, during the summer of 2008 juvenile victims of violent crime decreased by 22 % compared to the same time period in 2007." Components of Long Beach's ordinance include:

- Curfew violators are taken home during curfew hours.
- If a parent or responsible adult is not at the residence the minor is taken to the police station where their parents/guardians are called.
- Counseling is only recommended for minors suspected of gang membership.
- Parents/guardians are not subject to legal penalties for a minor's violation of the ordinance.

Sub: Oakland Should Adopt A Juvenile Curtew As a result of the social trends affecting the City of Oakland, staff recommends the adoption of a Juvenile Protection Curfew Ordinance. The purpose of this ordinance is to promote the safety and well-being of the City's youngest citizens (persons under the age of 18) whose inexperience renders them particularly vulnerable to participation in unlawful activities (i.e., drug and gang) and victimization by older perpetrators of crime; and to promote the general welfare and protect the general public through the reduction of juvenile violence and crime within the City, and assist in

^b Office of Juvenile Justice and Dellaquency Prevention, U.S. Department of Justice, Juvenile Justice Bulletin, Curfew: An Answer to Juvenile Delinquency and Victimization 4 (April 1996).

"Phone conversation with LL Tyrone Hatfield, Long Beach Police Department, Youth Division.

fostering and strengthening parental responsibility for their children.

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OPD - Juvenile Curfew Ordinance

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The enforcement of the Juvenile Protection Curfew Ordinance is a means of early intervention and is focused on reducing the risks of juvenile delinquency and victimization through increased accountability for the juveniles, and their parents and/or guardians. It also provides a means of identifying at-risk youth and providing them and their families with social services and other resources.

I. Data

An OPD analysis of crime statistics (January 1, 2007 – June 30, 2008) shows that from 10:00 p.m. to 6:00 a.m. during this 18 month period, a total of 830 juveniles were identified as suspects in violent crimes (23% of all juvenile crime), and that juveniles were victims in 533 violent crimes (29% of all juvenile crimes). It is important to note that these statistics only reflect the number of youths who came in contact with officers. It should be noted that these statistics do not include lower level crimes such as shoplifting and vandalism.

Historically, the Oakland Police Department spends most of its time responding to calls for service, rather than patrolling to observe crimes in progress or to make contact with suspicious persons. Consequently, unless special operations are being conducted, officers are often unable to make contact with groups of youth and sexually exploited minors. Furthermore, these numbers do not reflect the full number of young people in public places during the proposed curfew hours. In preparation for this report staff went on OPD ride-alongs in East and West Oakland in October and November to gauge the number of young people present on public streets. It is also important to note that staff stopped recording the number of youth after 2:00 a.m. Additionally, Area Commanders report that during summer hours these numbers often riple.

These numbers, as well as the statistics provided by the OPD from January 2007-June 2008, clearly indicate that there is a significant potential for juvenile crime problems during certain night-time hours. As such, the City has a compelling interest in the protection and prevention of violent crimes perpetrated by and against youth.

In an effort to prevent youth from involvement in unsafe and illegal activities that can lead to victimization and even death, the proposed ordinance will address the following crimes:

Crime	Curfew Ordinance
Prostitution and Human Trafficking	This ordinance is a mechanism to set sexually exploited minors off the street during hours when street prostitution is most prevalent and provide them with much needed services.
Loitering	The ordinance would allow counselors to engage youth, find out why they were out during curfew hours, and provide activities and services to them and their parents/guardians.

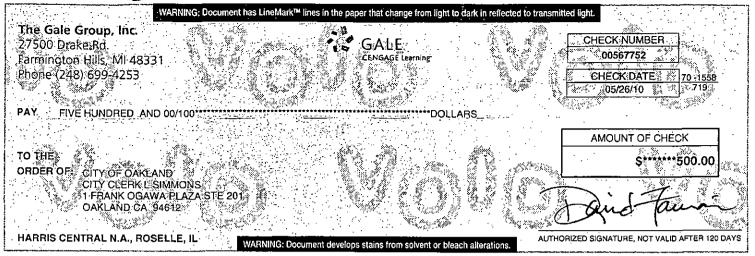
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CONCLUSION	sub:Curfew	Might Have	Saved Live	5
VanMourik Avenue at to death in East Oaklan of our major thoroughfi are a myriad of social p common thread is that to morning where there is Had a curfew ordinance life could have been say This possibility alone, a 29% of juveniles are vio juveniles and violent cri a curfew ordinance. Sull The Oakland Police Dep that even the most deter navigate the difficult pa provide mechanisms for human trafficking, this o normally have limited c	8, 2008, the body of a 16 y 12:45 a.m. On August 28, 2 d. On any given night in the ares prostituting themselve. roblems that contribute and the events occur during cur an increase in certain types been in effect when these yed or a young woman would se well as the aforemention of violent crimes dur ime and creates a compelling of An AHem partment and President Pro- mined children have diffice the to adulthood. As such, the intervention. Specifically, ordinance is crucial to com- contact) to services and pose	2008 at 11:45 p.m., a 12 e City numerous under s until the early mornin d may have caused thes few hours, during a tin s of crimes (namely sho incidents occurred, the id be spared from the v ed successes from other ing these hours, demon- ing interest for the City of DT TD T I do-Tempore Larry Reid ualty overcoming crimehe intent of this ordinanas it relates to sexuallysecting a population (wissibly removing them from	7 year old male was shot age girls walk the streets g hours. Although there e unfortunate events, one ne of night and early notings and prostitution), re is a possibility that a rices of the sex trade. reities, and the fact that strates a nexus between of Oakland to implement entry A+Risi nderstand and appreciate and violence as they cc is to protect youth and exploited minors and th whom the OPD would om the sex industry.	KK And He
ordinance seeks to encour and impact on the lives or means of keeping young does not seek to replace unlawful contact by the	people who have parents o urage and provide resource of their children. Studies de adults on track is positive the family unit by setting s police. Instead it is an atter countability, and to provid hildren.	s to them, as they have monstrate that the mos parental involvement. ⁺ tandards, nor should it npt to provide early inte	the greatest influence t consistent and effective "As such, this ordinance be used to encourage ervention, encourage	- /
SUSTAINABLE OPPO	DRTUNITIES	•		
Environmental: There a	re no environmental issues	related to this proposal		

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 ¹⁰ Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention, U.S. Department of Justice, Juvenile Justice Bulletin, Curfew: An Answer to Juvenile Delinquency and Victimization 4 (April 1996).
¹¹ Blum, RW, Beuhring T, Rinehart PM. Protecting Teens: Beyond Race. Income, and Family Structure. Minneapolis ; Center for Adolescent Health, University of Minnesota; 2000.

Attachment B



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The Gale Group, Inc.

The Gale Group Inc is now part of CENGAGE Learning. The company's legal/taxpayer name and number remain the same.

GALE CENGAGE Learning

INVOICE NUMBER		DESCRIPTION	GROSS AMOUNT	DISCOUNT OR ADJUSTMENT	NET AMOUN
041310	04/13/10	IIOVPV-1	500.00		500.00
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			500.00		500.0

FILED OAKLAND CITY COUNCIL

City Attorney

RESOLUTION NO. C.M.S. 2010 NOV -2 AM 10: 38 Introduced by Councilmember Larry E. Reid

A RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE \$500 PAYMENT FROM GALE FOR PUBLISHING RIGHTS TO THE JUVENILE PROTECTION ORDINANCE BE DONATED TO THE OK PROGRAM

WHEREAS, the Office of President Pro Tempore Larry E. Reid and the Oakland Police Department authored a Juvenile Protection Ordinance in February 2009; and

WHEREAS, Gale Publishing Company initiated contact with the City of Oakland in January 2010 to request publication rights for excerpts from the Agenda Report associated with the Juvenile Protection Ordinance; and

WHEREAS, The excerpts will be used in the May 2010 publication of *Introducing Issues with Opposing Viewpoints: Violence*; and

WHEREAS, In return for publishing rights the City received five-hundred dollars (\$500) which was deposited in Fund 1010 and Account 24213; and

WHEREAS, President Pro Tempore Reid requests that the funds be transferred from Fund 1010, Account 24213 to the OK Program, Vendor ID 92828 so that they may continue their positive work with Oakland's underserved youth; now, therefore be it

RESOLVED: That five-hundred dollars (\$500) be transferred from Fund 1010, Account 24213 to the OK Program, Vendor ID 92828.

IN COUNCIL, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, December 14, 2010

PASSED BY THE FOLLOWING VOTE:

ΟΛΚΕΛΗΘ

AYES - BROOKS, DE LA FUENTE, KAPLAN, KERNIGHAN, NADEL, QUAN, REID, and PRESIDENT BRUNNER

NOES -

ABSENT -

ABSTENTION -

ATTEST:

LaTonda Simmons City Clerk and Clerk of the Council of the City of Oakland, California

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