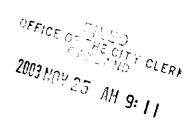
CITY OF OAKLAND COUNCIL AGENDA REPORT



TO:

Office of the City Manager

ATTN: Deborah Edgerly

FROM: Director of Housing and Community Development

DATE: December 9, 2003

RE:

REPORT REGARDING (1) THE EVALUATION OF YEAR 2002-2003 **COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT PROGRAMS (2)** REVIEW OF OAKLAND'S CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL PERFORMANCE AND EVALUATION REPORT (CAPER) FOR COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT, HOME, HOUSING OPPORTUNITIES FOR PEOPLE WITH AIDS AND EMERGENCY SHELTER GRANT PROGRAMS PERFORMANCE FOR THE YEAR 2002-2003 (3) CHANGE IN USE AND SERVICES OF CONTRACT WITH SENECA CENTER AT OAK KNOLL; and RESOLUTION ALLOCATING AN ESTIMATED AWARD OF \$10,106,000 OF COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUNDS FOR FY 2004-2005 BETWEEN THE CATEGORIES OF HOUSING. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, NEIGHBORHOOD PROGRAMS AND ADMINISTRATION; ALLOCATING AN ESTIMATED \$1,800,000 IN PROGRAM INCOME TO HOUSING AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT **ACTIVITIES; AND SETTING ASIDE \$300,000 FOR VIOLENCE** PREVENTION SERVICES.

SUMMARY

This report transmits to the City Council the evaluation report of the 2002-03 Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) activities, written by Gibson and Associates, and the annual Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER) required by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). This report also contains the Mayor/City Manager's recommendation of the percentage allocation among eligible CDBG activities for the FY 2004-05 program year.

The evaluation report discusses the impact of programs funded with CDBG and includes a number of findings and recommendations to further enhance the CDBG programs and the future evaluation thereof. Exhibit A is a copy of the Executive Summary and Individual Project Synopses of the Evaluation Report conducted by Gibson and Associates. The full Evaluation Report is available on our website (www.oaklandnet.com/government/hcd) and copies are available for pick-up from Community and Economic Development Agency (CEDA).

As part of efforts to respond to the Gibson report recommending changes to the way housing services are provided, a Housing Related Services Request For Proposal (RFP) was included in the CDBG application. The RFP allocated \$400,000 to cover a range of services that provide

direct assistance to tenants, including Landlord/Tenant Counseling, legal assistance, fair housing, etc.

The CAPER was submitted to HUD in October to comply with reporting requirements. That report also contains a description of the activities completed with grant funds during FY 2002-03. Exhibit B is a copy of The Narrative Regarding Annual Performance and The Housing and Homelessness Goals & Accomplishments of the CAPER. The full CAPER Report is available on our website and copies are available for pick-up from CEDA.

This report also recommends the allocation of CDBG funds, including program income, among program activities as provided for in the process noted here. The following proportional allocation, based on the FY 2003-04 CDBG grant of \$10,106,000, is recommended for FY 2004-05:

Program Type	<u>Percentage</u>	Anticipated Allocation
Housing	36%	\$3,616,340
Economic Development	24%	\$2,410,750
Neighborhood Programs	25%	\$2,563,010
Administration	15%	\$1,515,900

In addition to this allocation, \$1,800,000 in program income is anticipated to be generated from repayment of housing rehabilitation loans. Of this amount, it is recommended that 80% be allocated to housing activities and 20% to economic development activities.

In relation to the allocations listed above, there has been much discussion around targeting funding for specific services within the Neighborhood Programs allocations. While staff does not recommend adding an allocation requirement that will make the process more complex, the Mayor, City Manager and City Council have made violence prevention a priority for the City of Oakland. Therefore, \$300,000 will be set aside to address the area of violence prevention. A Request for Proposal/Qualification will be available at a later date requesting proposals for programs to provide services for violence prevention.

This report also provides information on the contract with Seneca Center for the provision of mental health treatment services at Oak Knoll. HUD has directed that, because the program to be located in the facility and the number of children to be served is different from that described in the initial funding proposal, information must be presented at a public hearing to make interested citizens aware of the changes and provide an opportunity for them to provide comments to the City.

FISCAL IMPACT

By adopting the allocation of funds as noted, the City Council will determine the proportional allocation of funds for the 2004-05 fiscal year and the activities eligible for funding.

In addition to allocating the new grant funds, the City Manager is recommending that the City Council act now to allocate program income. Inclusion of the allocation now will provide the CDBG review process with more up to date information on the funding available for programs.

The \$1,800,000 in program income is almost entirely derived from residential rehabilitation loan repayments. Smaller amounts come from servicing fees for loans. The amount is an estimate of what we expect to collect during the next fiscal year. If the amount is lower than estimated, the budgets for housing and economic development programs will be reduced.

By allocating \$300,000 to violence prevention programs, the funding available for housing (homeownership) and economic development programs will be reduced, which would require changes to the approved 2004-05 budget.

BACKGROUND

Each year, the City of Oakland receives federal grant funds under the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program and other programs. In June 2000 the City submitted to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) a Five Year Consolidated Plan for Housing and Community Development, outlining needs, priorities, strategies and proposed actions. Each year, the City prepares an annual action plan prior to the program year, and an annual performance report at the end of the program year. The City has also adopted a citizen participation plan describing the process for involving low and moderate income persons in the development of these plans.

The Community Development District Boards are the core of the citizen participation process and accountable to the Council members who are responsible for the development of procedures for district elections. The District Boards provide input and recommendations to the Citizen Advisory Committee (CAC), Mayor, City Manager and City Council on allocations. In the fall of 2003, the City Council members conducted their District Board member elections and are in the process of designating the Citizen Advisory Committee members. The CAC will receive the staff analysis of projects proposed for funding and with general citizen and District Board input, make recommendations to the Mayor/City Manager. The District Boards, the CAC and the City Council will have the benefit of the evaluations conducted when making decisions. As required by HUD, the City Council will hold two public hearings – one to review proposed program and assess community needs (December 16, 2003), and one to review proposed program allocations and obtain additional public input on the proposed annual action plan. Final City Council approval of the annual plan and proposed allocations of funds for FY 2004-05 will occur at the second public hearing, to be held in May 2004.

The City Council has also mandated that programs funded by CDBG funds be evaluated for efficiency and effectiveness. For the past three years, these evaluations have been performed by an outside consultant, Gibson and Associates.

On November 12, 2003, the City Manager held a Community Development Block Grant Town Hall Meeting. The purpose of this meeting was to share with the community the results of the Gibson and Associates evaluation of the FY 02-03 CDBG projects and to gather input from the community on these issues in order to advise the City Council regarding program priorities after receiving citizen input.

The community made the following recommendations and comments around the CDBG program.

Evaluation

- > Overall consensus from the Housing Providers that in this last evaluation of their programs there was not a true reflection of the services they provide and Gibson needs to do further research.
- When recommendations are made there should also be some type of implementation plan as a resource to utilize in completing the recommendations.
- > There is a need to continue the dialogue around the collaboration of the Housing Related Services since there was not adequate time given.
- > When parties collaborate to provide services, as Gibson has recommended, the core competency in providing the services can be lost, too many types of services end up with one agency that is not good at providing any of the services.
- > Make sure the evaluation includes information from the clients who receive the services from the programs that receive CDBG funding.
- > Need to look at the Section 8 Voucher Program, and identify the gatekeeper over this program.

CDBG Funding Priorities

- > Need to develop funding streams that are service specific so that only the agencies who provide those services can apply for the funding.
- Look at the supply side of the services and use this as a basis for funding parameters.
- When developing Request for Proposals and allocating funding for housing, make sure there are also dollars allocated for social programs, parks and recreation, schools, etc.

CDBG Process

- > There needs to be adequate staff to develop and process the contracts in a timely manner.
- > Contracts should be written in a manner in which there is a way to hold the provider accountable for the services being provided.
- Financial information or any other pertinent information from the applicants should be provided to the District Boards for review prior to their presentation.

KEY ISSUES AND IMPACTS

The City's Consolidated Plan identifies substantial unmet needs for affordable housing, services for homeless families and individuals, economic development, and public services and neighborhood facilities. The City uses federal grant funds to address these needs. However,

these funds continue to be inadequate to address more than a fraction of the total needs. As a result, the annual Consolidated Plan process is used to set priorities among competing needs.

The Community Development Block Grant Program was restructured by the City Council in 2000. At that time, the Citizen Participation Plan was amended and a new structure for the District Councils was implemented. The City Council expressed particular concern about the efficiency and effectiveness of CDBG-funded programs, and directed staff to conduct annual program evaluations to ensure that scarce federal grant resources were being used to their maximum advantage.

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

I. Status of Community Development District Boards

There are still seven CD District Boards with 15 members each. Some boards do not have a full complement of board members. Selection of the Chairperson and Vice-Chairperson is by appointment of the City Council member or through an election. The boards are receiving orientation, training, and results of the FY 02-03 evaluations, in preparation for making recommendations to the seventeen member Citizen Advisory Committee during the months of January and February 2004.

II. Seventeen Member Citizen Advisory Committee (CAC)

The Citizen Advisory Committee (CAC) role is to recommend to the City Manager which programs to fund from the CDBG Program. CAC recommendations will be made during the month of April 2004. Each Council Member, with the exception of the President who appoints three, is in the process of appointing two representatives to the seventeen member Citizen Advisory Committee.

During December 2003 and January 2004, the Committee will receive orientation and training, and obtain copies of the needs assessments, evaluation results and proposals in preparation for making recommendations to the City Manager.

III. Evaluations

The City contracted with the Oakland-based consulting firm of Gibson & Associates to conduct evaluations of 24 programs assisted with CDBG funds in FY 2002-03. These programs were those that had the highest finding levels, histories of unresolved issues or were newly funded in 2002-03. Attached is a copy of the Executive Summary and Individual Project Synopses of the evaluation report. Copies of the completed document are available for review in the offices of CEDA and the City Clerk and on the city's website. Every elected member of the seven CD District Boards has received a copy of the complete evaluation.

The scope of services for this evaluation includes:

- 1. An assessment of 24 programs funded through the 2002-03 Community Development Grant Program (CDBG). For 2002-03 this included a deeper scope in the evaluation by increasing the level of field research, client interviews and program observation;
- 2. An update on the implementation of recommendations made in prior year's evaluations.
- 3. An in-depth review of six programs that provide fair housing and other counseling and referral services to renters.

The report provides evaluations of specific programs carried out by the City and non-profit agencies and findings and recommendations regarding potential enhancements to the CDBG programs and the evaluation processes. In this year's evaluation, Gibson & Associates provide greater detail in the reports of each program's evaluation and presents the information in a variety of formats to make the report findings more accessible.

The evaluation provides twenty-seven General Findings; in the table below are those that are most significant. The evaluation also provides nine recommendations which are also included in the table, as well as a response from staff.

Findings

- 1. Housing rehabilitation programs repair unsafe conditions for the low-income homeowner and preserve the community's housing stock. CDBG programs rehabilitated 55 homes, but the cost ratio for the City-operated Home Maintenance and Improvement Program (HMIP) is high.
- 3. Two first-time homebuyer programs have performed well, assisting 83 mostly low-income Oakland residents to become homeowners and counseling approximately 100 others on predatory lending and managing mortgages in default.
- 4. Housing services for renters in Oakland receive only 7% of the overall CDBG housing funds. The city uses 56% of its HOME program resources to support renters.
- 14. Economic development programs are supporting job creation and retention in Oakland, but improved documentation of results is necessary.
- 15.CEDA's efforts to revitalize neighborhoods are yielding mixed results: Neighborhood Commercial (NCR) is widely recognized among merchants as effective in improving both the appearances and business environment in commercial districts; While proving extremely effective in many neighborhoods, the façade improvement program may require adjustments to increase effectiveness in the most distressed commercial areas.
- 17. All funded social service agencies have improved their data collection and reporting procedures as a result of the CDBG evaluation. Client satisfaction data gathering is also much improved and as a result project summaries are richer, more detailed and better able to answer City Council evaluation questions.
- 19. CDBG funds provide critical support services to Oakland families and individuals to address domestic violence and the absence of parental support.
- 21. CEDA has successfully addressed many problems noted in past year's evaluations: 1) contract language is consistent and objectives are measurable: 2) no funding delays occur once contracts are generated; 3) the client's low-moderate income status is documented; and 4) some performance measures for City programs have been aligned with more meaningful measures.

Recommendations

1. Analyze and address the causes of the increasing delays in the HMIP. Make transparent the costs associated with HMIP and other CEDA Rehabilitation programs.

Response: The delays in the HMIP are cyclical. The delays reported by Gibson were due to an increase in applicants that require an extensive amount of rehab work on their property and require the coordination of work by a number of contractors. However, in this current fiscal year there have been a number of completions of these projects reducing the number of delays. This year's CDBG application provides detailed information breaking down the cost of all CEDA Rehab programs.

2. The Vacant Housing Program should continue its efforts to combine affordable and market rate units on these difficult blighted lots.

Response: The Vacant Housing Program continues to receive CDBG funds and will continue its efforts to combine affordable and market rate units on difficult blighted lots.

- As both homebuyer programs have exceeded homeownership goals and demonstrated positive benefits for both clients and the community, they merit continued CDBG support.
 Response: The homebuyer program will continue to receive CDBG support and the program is looking at further ways to continue and improve the services to benefit both the clients and the community.
- 4. Housing services to renters should continue, but restructure the services to consolidate the services, reduce administrative overhead, and to facilitate easier, less confusing entry points into the system. Fund one agency to provide fair housing services in Oakland to centralize services to reduce client confusion and assess difficulties.

Response: A Housing Related Services Request For Proposal (RFP) was included in the CDBG application. The RFP allocated \$400,000 to cover a range of services that provide direct assistance to tenants, including Landlord/Tenant Counseling, legal assistance, fair housing, etc.

- Oakland Small Business Growth Center (OSBGC) and Oakland Business Development Corporation (OBDC) should increase efforts to document job creation and retention as well as other positive effects of their efforts on the community.
 - Response: Staff has begun and will continue to work with the OSBGC and OBDC to increase their efforts to document job creation and retention, as well as the other positive effects their services have had on the community.
- 6. NCR should explore alternatives for financing merchant contributions to the Façade Improvement Program in severely distressed commercial districts. It should also examine whether current City policy requiring removal of visible security features, such as iron gates and bars, should be relaxed in those areas.

Response: NCR is exploring alternatives for financing merchant/property owner contributions to the Façade Improvement Program in severely distressed commercial districts that are designated Redevelopment areas. Property owners and business would be offered an enhanced matching grant at 2:1 (2=NCR and Redevelopment Contribution and 1=Applicant's Contribution). Also, staff works with each Façade Improvement Program applicant to explore alternatives to exterior mounted security bars, scissor gates and like devices. Applicants are encouraged to take a comprehensive approach to security that includes burglar alarm systems, security cameras, etc. and not to simply apply exterior barricades on their buildings making it unwelcoming to customers and negatively impacting the commercial district. Façade Improvement Program architects develop designs that offer a variety of ways to address security concerns.

7. San Antonio Community Development Corporation's (SACDC) Technical Assistance Program should focus on business development issues such as financial and strategic planning, cash flow management, inventory management, and staffing. It should be marketed more aggressively to companies of a suitable size and sophistication level to utilize it. SACDC should develop a strategic and action plan to address the revitalization needs of San Antonio and work with the City to ensure that programs suitable to San Antonio merchants are available.

Response: This agency did not receive CDBG funding for FY 2003-04. Based upon the

recommendations from this evaluation and the District Boards, SACDC is developing a strategic plan.

- 8. Forward Evaluation Report references to the contract process to Moving Oakland Forward.
 Response: There has been a vast improvement in the contract process for CDBG. The contracts are now processed through the City approval within 30 days of receipt of all required documentation from the contractor. All contracts, except those where no documentation has been submitted, were processed by 10/31/03.
- The City should continue the scope of current evaluation activities with the City Manager selecting
 another program cluster for in-depth review, maintaining the same criteria for selecting programs for
 project evaluations.

Response: While the City would like to continue the scope of the previous evaluation activities to include another program cluster for an in-depth review, the budget for the year's evaluation service (\$100,000) does not allow for it. However, the evaluation services for this year do maintain the same criteria for selecting the programs for project evaluation and the same level of review for those programs receiving an evaluation. Eighteen programs will be evaluated and progress on recommendations from prior evaluation reports will be analyzed.

IV. The Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER)

The Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report provides information on accomplishments in the City of Oakland, for the program year July 1, 2002 through June 30, 2003, in meeting goals set forth in the Annual Action Plan of the Consolidated Plan for providing affordable housing, supportive services for the homeless and persons with special needs, and non-housing community development. Exhibit B is a copy of The Narrative Regarding Annual Performance section of the CAPER.

The full CAPER includes narrative sections that provide a summary of the City's progress during the reporting period to address the City's stated housing and community development goals and objectives. The information corresponds to each priority area established in the Consolidated Plan published June 27, 2000. Specific information regarding investments and expenditures during the year, as well as specific accomplishments for individuals, is contained in the HUD Integrated Disbursement Information System (IDIS).

Housing and Homelessness

The Five Year Consolidated Plan established priorities and goals for addressing issues of affordable housing and homelessness. These are organized into seven key priority areas:

- Preservation/Expansion of the Supply of Affordable Housing
- Assistance to First-Time Homebuyers
- Housing Rehabilitation and Neighborhood Improvement
- Rental Assistance to Extremely Low Income Renters
- Prevention and Reduction of Homelessness
- Housing for Seniors and Persons with Disabilities
- Fair Housing

In FY 2002-03, 38 units of rental housing for families were completed, with 641 underway. There were 61 units of new ownership housing, with another 195 underway. A total of 160 existing affordable units were preserved, 75 are underway. An additional 82 units of housing for seniors or persons with disabilities were completed, with 154 underway. In cooperation with the Oakland Housing Authority, 307 units of public housing are in the process of renovation. Five year goals for preservation and expansion of the supply of affordable housing will be exceeded.

A total of 97 first-time homebuyers were assisted with the purchase of existing homes. Five year goals for this category will not be met, primarily because rapid increases in sales prices required an increase in maximum loan amounts starting two years ago, which has reduced the number of households that can be assisted.

Rehabilitation work was completed on 32 owner-occupied homes, and 21 are underway. Goals for this program will not be met, in part because of increased rehabilitation costs (especially as a result of costly new federal requirements for abatement of lead paint hazards), and partly because anticipated funding sources did not prove feasible. Minor and emergency repairs were completed on 190 properties; five-year goals for these activities are likely to be met.

With a few exceptions, annual goals for assistance to the homeless were met or exceeded, and most of the five-year goals will be exceeded.

Exhibit B also provides a table with details showing goals and accomplishments for FY 2002-03, and the five-year goals and cumulative accomplishments to date.

Economic Development

Economic development accomplishments for FY 2002-03 include the following:

- The National Development Council assisted in the structuring and approval of development of complex financing structures for approximately 8 projects.
- Business Development assisted 409 businesses to remain in Oakland, retained 4,984 jobs in Oakland, attracted 22 new businesses and created 516 jobs, many of which benefited low and moderated income residents and neighborhoods.
- The Neighborhood Commercial Revitalization (NCR) Program completed 50 façade improvement projects, assisted 800 businesses, provided assistance to 18 merchant associations, implemented 5 streetscape improvement projects in East Oakland, maintained baseline data for 15 NCR areas, and implemented the Main Street program to carry out 4 façade improvement projects in the Eastlake district and 7 façade improvement projects in the Fruitvale district.
- The Oakland Business Development Corporation (OBDC) approved 2 and funded 1 EEC Section 108 loan and approved 12 and funded 8 NEDF loans.

- The Oakland Small Business Growth Center provided technical assistance and business services to micro-enterprise businesses.
- The One Stop Capital Shop made \$2,700,000 in loans and created 77 new jobs, assisted 1,200 clients and sponsored more than 25 different business skills development workshops and seminars.

Public Services and Infrastructure (Neighborhood Improvements)

(A) Public Services

CDBG funds were used for 30 programs operated by 25 private, nonprofit agencies ("subrecipients") that serve low- and moderate-income persons in the seven Community Development Districts of Oakland. In addition, 7 City-administered programs were funded. The activities are in the categories identified in the Strategic Plan for Non-Housing Community Development Needs contained in the Consolidated Plan for July 1, 2000 to June 30, 2005. The number of programs by category is as follows:

Anti-Crime	4
Employment Training	2
Hunger Relief	2
Senior Services	7
Social Services	2
Substance Abuse Intervention and Prevention	2
Youth Services	13

In addition, one of the subrecipient agreements was not implemented during FY 02-03 due to delay in submission of required data by the subrecipient. Also, because of staff reductions, the Office of Parks and Recreation's Hip Hop Urban Dance Program and Technology Literacy Program were partially implemented in FY 02-03.

(B) Infrastructure (Neighborhood Improvements)

Consistent with the five-year strategy to meet the needs of low-and moderate-income Oakland residents, funds from the FY 02-03 grant were allocated to 3 private, nonprofit agencies to assist with affordable housing development, design and construction of a community activity center, leasehold improvements for a health care center, capital improvements to a multi-service community center; and commercial façade and street improvements. In addition, renovations were done to two (2) City-owned recreational facilities.

Additionally, the Elmhurst CD District recommended \$54,116 in FY96 CDBG funds to assist Seneca Center with architectural and engineering design costs as well as foundation and other improvements to convert an existing 14,000 square foot building on 8 acres at

Oak Knoll, the former Oakland Naval Medical Center. The initial proposal was for the building to house an educational and mental health treatment facility for two programs serving 174 seriously emotionally disabled (SED) children: the Building Blocks Program for children aged 4 to 6 years, 90-100% of them Oakland residents, located in a leased facility at 2370 Grande Vista place in the Fruitvale District; and the School Age Program for children in grades 1 to 12, 30% of them Oakland residents, located at 2275 Arlington Drive in San Leandro.

For several reasons the contract with Seneca Center has not yet been awarded. Because the location is not in a primarily low- and moderate-income area, an eligibility determination was required from HUD. The Department of the Navy did not approve Seneca Center's application for a public benefit conveyance until November 2001. Internal administrative changes delayed Seneca Center's identifying of the scope of the work.

Because it may be difficult for children and youth with special education needs and emotional and behavioral disabilities to meet the eligibility criteria for the CDBG Program, Seneca Center has proposed a change in the use of the funds. The facility would still house a mental health treatment program but would instead serve the 68 foster children enrolled in Alameda County's Project DESTINY, 54% of whom are placed in Oakland and/or have family of origin ties to Oakland. Removal of the children from their biological/relative homes is because of substantiated abuse/neglect issues, and all of them have serious emotional problems. They would, therefore, meet HUD's presumptive test for abused children.

Although the allocation for Seneca Center went through the review process by the citizen participation bodies and at the City Council public hearing in the development of the FY96 Annual Action Plan, HUD has directed that, because the program to be located in the facility and the number of children to be served are different from that described in the initial funding proposal, information must be presented at a public hearing to make interested citizens aware of the changes and provide an opportunity for them to provide comments to the City. The Elmhurst District Board will review the proposed change in use on December 15 and make a verbal report on the action taken to the City Council on December 16.

V. Request for Proposals (RFP) for FY 2004-05 Funds

The City's Request for Proposals for CDBG funding for FY 2004-05 was available during the week of August 1, 2003. The CDBG Office did a mailing of over 800 applications to individuals and/or organizations from the mailing list that is currently on file. This mailing list includes individuals and/or organizations previously requesting information from the CDBG Office, individuals who are currently serving on CDBG Boards for each District, all providers who are currently receiving CDBG Funding and Councilmembers and aides. The CDBG Application was available on the City of Oakland Website for anyone to download and complete. Also, there was an advertisement in the Oakland Tribune announcing the availability of the CDBG

Application. This advertisement included all the information on how to obtain an application via the City of Oakland Website or to call the CDBG Office and request a copy.

VI. Proposed Allocation of FY 2004-05 Funds By Program Category

The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) has not yet notified the City of Oakland of its 2004-05 entitlement amount; however we do have a projected entitlement amount of \$10,106,000. Staff recommends the proportional allocation as follows with the provision that actual dollar amounts in each category may change once HUD notifies the City of its 2004-05 entitlement.

	FY	2003-04	FY 2004-05		
Program Area	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	
Housing Programs	38%	\$3,816,340	36%	\$3,616,340	
Economic Development	25%	\$2,510,750	24%	\$2,410,750	
Public Service/Infrastructure	22%	\$2,263,010	25%	\$2,563,010*	
Administration	15%	\$1,515,900	<u>15%</u>	\$1,515,900	
Total	100%	\$10,106,000	100%	\$10,106,000	

^{*} This amount reflects the allocation of \$200,000 from Housing and \$100,000 from Economic Development to violence prevention programs.

In addition to this allocation, \$1,800,000 in program income is anticipated to be generated from repayment of housing rehabilitation loans. Of this amount, it is recommended that 80% be allocated to housing activities and 20% to economic development activities.

In relation to the allocations listed above, there has been much discussion around targeting funding for specific services within the Neighborhood Programs allocations. The concern that critical services needed in each district were not receiving adequate funding or any funding brought about this discussion on targeting funding. This year the services considered critical and designated as a funding priority are programs that provide services around violence prevention. The decision on whether or not to have funding specifically designated to certain services is a policy decision the City Council would need to make. Since adding an allocation requirement will further restrict the ability of District Boards to choose programs and will make the process more complex, we do not recommend implementation of any additional allocation formulas. However, since the Mayor, City Manager and City Council have set services for violence prevention as a funding priority, there is a recommendation that \$300,000 be set aside to address the area of violence prevention. A Request for Proposal/Qualification will be available requesting proposals for programs to provide services for violence prevention. In order to set the \$300,000 aside, there is a reduction of \$200,000 from the Housing allocation which will affect the ability to fund housing activities aimed at owner occupants such as

Rebuilding Oakland Together, Eden Council for Hope and Opportunity (ECHO) and others. There is also a reduction of \$100,000 from the Economic Development allocation which will affect the ability to fund Spanish Speaking Unity Council, Oakland Committee for Urban Renewal (OCCUR) and others. The \$300,000 set aside will increase the Neighborhood Programs allocation, since the funds will ultimately fund violence prevention which falls under that allocation category.

Also, as part of efforts to respond to the Gibson report recommending changes to the way housing services are provided, we recommend allocation of \$400,000 to cover a range of services that provide direct assistance to tenants, including Landlord/Tenant Counseling, legal assistance, fair housing, etc. A number of service providers have submitted individual proposals as part of a collaborative effort to provide tenant services.

There are a number of guiding principles around priorities for awarding CDBG funds. Each proposal submitted will receive a screening to determine that it is complete, to ensure compliance with federal eligibility regulations, to determine the reasonableness of cost and to ensure that each proposal addresses a City Council established priority need. The CD District Boards, the seventeen member CAC, as well as City staff, will utilize the results of the evaluation performed by the Evaluation Consultant; neighborhood commercial revitalization (NCR) efforts; affordable housing developments; and geographical balances in service delivery areas.

SUSTAINABLE OPPORTUNITIES

Economic: As noted in this report, a significant portion of CDBG funds is used to promote economic development, employment, public facilities and infrastructure for the benefit of low and moderate income communities.

<u>Environment:</u> Many activities funded by federal housing and community development grants address such issues as removal of blight, and abatement of environmental hazards such as lead-based paint and other building conditions. Housing rehabilitation and new construction programs encourage contractors to use green building techniques, including energy-efficient design, use of recycled building materials, and water-conserving fixtures and landscaping.

<u>Social Equity:</u> By definition, these programs are targeted to improving conditions for low and moderate income communities.

DISABILITY AND SENIOR CITIZEN ACCESS

Many of the grants and loans funded by federal housing and community development grant funds are used to provide housing, facilities and services for senior citizens and persons with disabilities. All new housing constructed with federal funds must provide accessibility features for persons with disabilities.

RECOMMENDATION

Based on the analysis in the 2000 Consolidated Plan and the above information, staff recommends that FY 2004-05 CDBG funds be allocated in similar proportions that were used for the FY 2003-04 programs, as follows:

Program Type	Percentage	Anticipated Allocation
Housing	36%	\$3,616,340
Economic Development	24%	\$2,410,750
Neighborhood Programs	25%	\$2,563,010
Administration	15%	\$1,515,900

It is further recommended that from the estimated program income of \$1,800,000, 80% is allocated to housing activities and 20% to economic development activities and that \$300,000 is set aside for violence prevention services with a RFP made available at a later date.

ACTION REQUESTED OF THE CITY COUNCIL

Staff requests that the City Council accept this report and approve the attached resolution providing allocations among program categories for fiscal year 2004-05 based on the FY 2003-04 allocation of \$10,106,000 and for the allocation of an estimated \$1,800,000 in program income and setting aside \$300,000 for violence prevention services.

Respectfully Submitted,

DAN VÄNDERPRIEM

Director of Redevelopment, Economic Development and Housing

Prepared by:

Roy L. Schweyer, Director

Housing and Community Development

Michele Byrd, Manager CDBG Programs

Attachments

APPROVED AND FORWARDED TO THE COMMUNITY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

Office of the City Manager





OAKLAND CITY COUNCIL

10.	RESOLUTION No.	C.M.S.	
	INTRODUCED BY COUNCILMEMBER _		

RESOLUTION ALLOCATING AN ESTIMATED AWARD OF \$10,106,000 OF COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUNDS FOR FY 2004-2005 BETWEEN THE CATEGORIES OF HOUSING, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, NEIGHBORHOOD PROGRAMS AND ADMINSTRATION; ALLOCATING AN ESTIMATED \$1,800,000 IN PROGRAM INCOME TO HOUSING AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES; AND SETTING ASIDE \$300,000 FOR VIOLENCE PREVENTION SERVICES.

WHEREAS, the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) will award an estimated \$10,106,000 of Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds to the City of Oakland for the 2004-2005 fiscal year; and

WHEREAS, in addition to this award, it is anticipated that \$1,800,000 in program income will be generated from repayment of housing rehabilitation loans; and

WHEREAS, the Mayor and City Council have made violence prevention a priority for the City; and

WHEREAS, the City Council has established the Citizens Advisory Committee to recommend programs for funding to the City Manager; and

WHEREAS, citizens have provided information about the needs that should be addressed by these funds; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED: That the allocation of funds for the fiscal year 2004-2005 shall be as follows:

Housing	36%	•	\$3,616,340
Economic Development	24%		\$2,410,750
Neighborhood Programs	25%		\$2,563,010
Administration	15%		\$1,515,900

and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED: That 80% of program income be allocated to housing activities and 20% to economic development activities, and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED: That \$300,000 will be set aside from the Neighborhood Programs Allocation for violence prevention services with a Request For Proposal made available at a later date, and be it

COMMUNITY & ÉCONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CMTE
DEC 9 2003

	at provide funding in proportion to the l	Advisory Committee is directed to recommend low to moderate income population throughout
IN COUNCIL	., OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA,	, 2003
PASSED BY	THE FOLLOWING VOTE:	
AYES-	BROOKS, BRUNNER, CHANG, QUA	N, NADEL, REID, WAN AND
	PRESIDENT DE LA FUENTE	
NOES-		
ABSENT-		
ABSTENTIC	N-	
	Attest:	
		CEDA FLOYD
		City Clerk and Clerk of the Council of the City of Oakland, California





Executive Summary

akland allocated \$12.5 million¹ through the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program for fiscal year 2002/03. The overall goals of this federal program are to:

- Benefit people with low- and moderate-incomes Ф
- Aid in the prevention or elimination of slums or blight, and
- Meet community development needs having particular urgency

Within those parameters, communities have wide latitude to tailor programs to address local conditions and needs. Accounting for 45% of the grant, Oakland's first priority was housing, including the development of affordable housing, rehabilitation of housing, rental assistance for low-income families, housing for seniors and other people with special needs, the prevention and reduction of homelessness, landlord-tenant mediation, and fair housing enforcement. Economic development programs, such as technical assistance to young businesses, façade improvement, and public benefit commercial loans to support business expansion and job creation and retention comprised 25% of the funds. Neighborhood/public service programs including anti-crime, employment training, hunger relief, senior services, substance abuse services, youth services totaled 18%. Last, the remaining 12% of CDBG funds were spent on administration.² To deliver 61 different projects, Oakland contracted with more than 40 community-based organizations and also funded City programs operated by Community and Economic Development Agency (CEDA) and other city agencies such as Oakland Parks and Recreation and Public Works.

As it has since 1999, Oakland selected Gibson & Associates (G&A) to evaluate the CDBG program comprehensively. Unlike previous years when every CDBG-funded program was evaluated, Oakland requested that G&A focus on the 24 programs that had the highest funding levels, histories of unresolved issues, or were newly funded in 2002-03. (See selection criteria in Section VI.) In addition, CEDA specifically asked for an in-depth review of six programs that serve renters and asked that for the 24 programs being evaluated, we deepen the scope of the

² City of Oakland Consolidated Plan Action Plan, July 1, 2002 – June 30, 2003, COMMUNITY & ECONOMIC

¹ The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) granted the City of Oakland \$10,043,000 and the City contributed an additional \$2,466,443, primarily from loan repayments, loan interest, and reprogrammed funds.



evaluation by increasing the level of field research, client interviews, and program observation. At the request of CEDA and the City Council, we are providing greater detail on the programs' operations and less on CEDA's administration of the CDBG grant and a variety of formats to make the report findings more accessible. As a result, three 'summary' tables were developed, one summarizing findings for all projects (below and in Section VII), another providing an update on all prior evaluation recommendations (Section V), and a Individual Project Synopses format used for all 24 projects evaluated providing a detailed summary of findings for each project (Section VII).

For each program, we answered five questions developed by the City Council and CEDA.

- Did the project maintain and report data adequate to evaluate their goals and objectives?
- Did the project deliver services as described in the goals and objectives?
- Did the clients benefit from services?
- Did the community benefit from services?
- How does the project leverage its fiscal resources?

In preparing answers to these questions, G&A evaluators met with program managers, usually on multiple occasions and observed the programs in operation. Evaluators attended workshops and seminars as well as events in the community that the programs organized or in which they were presenters or major participants. Evaluators also reviewed CDBG contracts, scopes of services, program data and files, and results of agency conducted client satisfaction surveys. Additionally, wherever possible we conducted direct interviews with clients to obtain an independent assessment of satisfaction. Individual program evaluations with one-page summaries are contained in Appendix A and are also available separately at the end of the project overview. Our comprehensive report on the six housing service programs for renters is in Appendix B.

II. Housing Development, Rehabilitation, and Service Programs

Finding #1: Housing rehabilitation programs repair unsafe conditions for the low-income homeowner and preserve the community's housing stock. CDBG programs rehabilitated 55 homes, but the cost ratio for the City-operated Home Maintenance and Improvement Program (HMIP) is high. Determining exact costs is difficult because several programs are paid through one pool of HMIP funds. Since January 2003, completion rates in HMIP have slowed dramatically, averaging an additional 100 days more over the same period a year ago.



HMIP, which is one of the largest CDBG programs with \$2.7 million in CDBG funding, is one of the most improved programs over the last four years. Its huge backlog of uncompleted projects and unprocessed applications, some of which had been pending for years, has been eliminated. Until recently, completion times for processing loan applications and the construction projects themselves had been decreasing consistently with client satisfaction rising. Although HMIP will meet its goals for generating applications and completing projects for 2002-03, we noted over the last six months an alarming increase in the time necessary for these critical tasks, a situation that if not remedied, will likely lead to backlogs once more.

Recommendation #1. Analyze and address the causes of the increasing delays in the HMP. Make transparentine costs associated with HMP and other GEPA centilitiation programs. Consider a more intensive evaluation of GEPA-goested renabilitation, a programs that assesses their strategic direction and compares their with besign action found elsewhere.

Finding #2: Affordable housing property development, especially on currently vacant or blighted lots, occurs slowly and to succeed requires flexible solutions and methods combined with a tough-minded goal-oriented approach. CDBG-funded programs had limited success this year and two of these programs, the Vacant Housing Program (VHP) and San Antonio Community Development Corporation (SACDC) have strategies and efforts that have not been successful and should be reassessed.

For 2002-03, only VHP delivered any affordable housing—21 units, of which one was a 17 unit senior development (Downs Memorial) on formerly vacant lots. The developer began work on 20 of these units in 1999. CEDA and that same developer have renegotiated a proposal presented originally in 1999 for 15 particularly vexing vacant lots. He will develop 22 homes on them, 16 of which will be "affordable." The other six will be sold at market rates.

SACDC was unable to make any progress on two sites that it has been attempting to acquire or otherwise devise a development plan for at least three years. No written plans were developed, as called for in the SACDC objectives, to bring these properties to a decision point. A list of vacant or underutilized properties, another objective, lacked the required photos and necessary detail to be of value.



Recommendation #2: VHP should continue its efforts to combine affordable and market, rate units on these difficult blighted lots. Private developers are searching for underutilized properties in Oakland and VHP should consider whether allowing market rate projects might be the best way to make progress. Affordable housing could be pursued in areas where these unusually challenging conditions are not present. VHP should seek an explanation of why the City Attorney has not pursued receivership cases pending for more than 8 months. SACDC's property development activities must be more sharply focused as well as having the flexibility and initiative to shirt resources, away from a particular property that cannot be moved forward. It must develop a plan for bringing its efforts on these two properties to resolution.

Finding #3: Two first-time homebuyer programs have performed well, assisting 83 mostly low-income Oakland residents to become homeowners and counseling approximately 100 others on predatory lending and managing mortgages in default.

Recommendation #3:: As both these programs have exceeded homeovereship apals and demonstrated positive benefits for both cherissand the community, they medicentifued CDBG support

II.a. Housing Services for Renters at Risk in Oakland

At the request of CEDA, Gibson & Associates (G&A) analyzed the most effective ways to organize and deliver housing related services that target renters at risk, compared that with the cluster of housing services funded through CDBG in Oakland, and is making recommendations for improvements to Oakland's model. The full text of the report and supporting documentation is in Appendix B. CDBG funds (\$465,750 in 2002-03) six community based organizations to provide a variety of services.

As part of its report, G&A analyzed Oakland's rental market, conducted individual evaluations of the six Oakland CDBG-funded programs, and researched effective structures and practices found elsewhere in the U.S. G&A began by conducting an extensive literature review for best practices in fair housing and homelessness prevention. This review led to the identification of nine providers who were able to document outcomes related to housing stability and the prevention of homelessness in communities with comparable demographic and market conditions. G&A researchers then conducted a series of interviews with program staff from each agency.



Finding # 4: Housing services for renters in Oakland receive only 7% of the overall CDBG housing funds.³ The City uses 56% of its HOME program resources to support renters.

Finding # 5: Oakland's housing situation is extreme with rental rates that force tenants to pay too high a proportion of their income. Further, the rental market has a low vacancy rate with generally older housing in danger of deterioration owned by landlords who themselves are often financially unable to address rehabilitation needs.

Finding # 6: Based upon the research methods described above and in more detail in the

full report, G&A has found that effective housing services:

Are organized comprehensively—each agency provides more than one service component, but targets services clients who can benefit most

Set measurable standards and goals for increasing housing stability and track and report progress regularly

Find and maintain stable housing as a first step—often becoming brokers with landlords

Educate both tenants and landlords on rights and responsibilities

Perform comprehensive assessments of selected clients to identify and address the range or depth of needs

Help clients set long term goals, budget, plan, and gain access to additional services

Provide selective case management support to ensure housing stability

Monitor and follow-up with clients for six months or more

Finding # 8: Agencies are mostly meeting their CDBG contractual objectives.

Finding # 7: Current housing services for renters in Oakland are in high demand.

Contractually established goals for the numbers of individuals to be served and units of services provided are being met and often exceeded. Even though these objectives are being met, any agency would have difficulty documenting the extent to which any of these services resulted in longer-term housing stability.

Finding # 9: Agencies providing housing services to renters do not document community benefits from services.

³ See Resource Allocation – Oakland CDBG Housing Funds section of appended report: *Housing Renters at Risk in Oakland: An Evaluation of CDBG – Funded Housing Services for Renters*, Gibson & Associates, May 2003.



Finding # 10: Agencies do not document client benefit nor collect the necessary client satisfaction data.

Client satisfaction data could demonstrate how clients' lives are appreciably improved as a result of the service being delivered. However, none of the programs collect an adequate sample, despite contractual requirements to do so.

Finding # 11: The delivery of housing services to renters is fragmented because so many agencies are involved, creating the following problems:

Access is impeded
Administrative costs are increased
Limited client needs assessments are performed
Limited follow-up occurs

Finding # 12: Funding for rental services is limited and little is targeted to cultivating relationships with landlords to increase willingness to rent to low-income residents.

Recommendation #4: Housing services to renters should continue; but be restructured consolidating services, reducing administrative overhead, and facilitating easier, less confusing entry points into the system.

To reduce or eliminate the present fragmentation of services and the funding of multiple and duplicative administrative costs, G&A recommends that CEDA implement the following recommendations.

Recommendation 4 a. Fund one agency to provide authorising services in caldand

Having two fair housing programs delivering nearly identical services to almost identical clients simply adds administrative overhead into this service component in addition to increasing the difficulty for clients to access.

Recommendation 4.b. Centralize services to reduce client confusion and assess difficulties.



One comprehensive agency with the responsibility to keep, update, and make accessible a comprehensive and accurate housing-related service referral list would reduce the inappropriate referrals occurring presently, providing its staff could master the subtleties of all the housing services.

Recommendation 4.c. Consider developing a Request for Proposal to fund a single "collaborative" or one agency to provide all five services currently available:

Recommendation 4.d. Consider increasing resources for rental assistance guarantees

Rental assistance is a well-documented contributor to housing stability, and our interviews with model programs bore out the importance of rental assistance in the overall constellation of services.

Recommendation 4.e. Require outcome-oriented goals and objectives and tracking of a significant sample of clients to document effectiveness and expand the practice of conducting test calls to assess the ease of access to the point of entry, to the appropriate housing services for each renter.

Recommendation 4.f. Develop and implement outcome oriented program standards and approaches.

These standards should quantify the number of clients housed over a period time, compliance with dispute resolution agreements, rigor of fair housing investigations, quality of information and referrals, and standards for returning phone calls. Programs should be funded at a level that enables them to address these standards.

Recommendation 4:g. Creatively use CDBG programs and other initiatives to increase low-income housing in Oakland

Programs such as the Access Improvement Program for the disabled could be marketed to landlords and housing rehabilitation programs extended to rental units. Programs that couple



tenant training in rights and responsibilities with incentives for increased landlord participation in the affordable rental housing market have shown good results, as have programs that link rehabilitation assistance to landlord commitments to continue to rent at rates affordable to lowincome tenants.

Implementation of these recommendations will bring Oakland's assistance efforts in line with the most effective programs we found. They will maximize and focus resources in ways that will have the greatest potential for breaking the circle of crisis for some Oakland low-income tenants and ameliorating it for others.

III. Economic Development Programs

Complementing CDBG's housing efforts are activities to promote economic growth. The 2002-03 grant supports programs that address three economic development priorities articulated in the Consolidated Plan:

Attract, retain, and expand job opportunities
 Revitalize neighborhood commercial areas
 Stimulate private investment to foster Oakland's business growth

Four of its primary CDBG efforts to accomplish these objectives are part of this evaluation: Neighborhood Commercial Revitalization (\$2,207,283); Oakland Business Development Corporation (\$315,000); Oakland Small Business Growth Center (\$225,000); and San Antonio Community Development Corporation (\$80,000). Among the outcomes from this year's efforts were 50 business façade improvements, 40 loans to businesses that lack access to traditional financial institutions, eight jobs created for low-income residents, and 137 people employed through the resident companies at the Oakland Small Business Growth Center.

Finding #14: Economic development programs are supporting job creation and retention in Oakland, but improved documentation of results is necessary.



Recommendation #8: Oakland Small Business Growth Center and Oakland Business at Development Corporation should increase efforts to document job creation and retention as well as other positive effects of their efforts on the community.

Finding #15: CEDA's efforts to revitalize neighborhoods are yielding mixed results:

- Neighborhood Commercial Revitalization (NCR) is widely recognized among merchants as effective in improving both the appearance and business environment in commercial districts, however, merchant associations would like more direct interaction with senior City executives.
- While proving extremely effective in many neighborhoods, the façade improvement program may require adjustments to increase effectiveness in the most distressed commercial areas.
- While performance <u>may</u> have been affected by delays in contract development, San Antonio Community Development Corporation's (SACDC) revitalization program performed inconsistently and must improve the delivery of its contracted services.

NCR is meeting or exceeding objectives across a spectrum of activities and receives consistently high marks from merchant associations and façade improvement clients. NCR received overwhelmingly positive responses from clients who testified to the value of NCR staff support and the effects of the new façade on the neighborhood and their businesses. Across the city, NCR supports 15 merchant associations and estimates that it assists approximately 200 businesses each quarter through those activities. Five of the seven association members responding to a client satisfaction survey "strongly agreed" or "agreed" that business conditions had "dramatically" improved. The other two were "neutral."

Members of four associations asked that either senior CEDA managers or other managers, (e.g., from the planning commission), provide periodic briefings to merchant associations. We also recommended that City officials make time to visit merchant associations last year.

An amendment to the contract that NCR manages for San Antonio Community Development Corporation (SACDC) was not approved until December 6, 2002 for a program year that was to begin July 1, 2002. In part, the delay is attributable to time required to negotiate moving SACDC from a program start date of May 1, to a start date of July 1. An advance of a payment for one month of services was made to help 'bridge' services while the new contract was developed. SACDC asserted that despite this advance, delays in generating a contract



adversely affected its performance, as SACDC had neither authority nor adequate funds to undertake some of the activities in its scope of services. CEDA staff asserted that the delay in obtaining a contract should not have affected performance.

Even considering any possible impact resulting from the contract delays, SACDC's overall performance was weak in several critical areas. While SACDC achieved a few successes in restarting the merchant association, helping local businesses obtain loans, and initiating a tree-planting program, its business technical assistance program fell short of the numerical objective of 20 businesses assisted and with a few exceptions, addressed minor issues such as parking tickets. A multilingual business directory was not published and an ongoing street sweeping program was not implemented. A program to certify local businesses to bid on government procurement contracts failed to draw interest and no substitute initiative was developed.

Recommendation #9: NCR should explore alternatives for financing merchant contributions to the Façade Improvement Program in severely distressed commercial additions to the Façade Improvement Program in severely distressed commercial additions. It should also examine whether current City policy requiring removal of visible security features, such as iron gates and bars, should be relaxed in those areas. Senior City executives, especially those from CEDA and the Planning Commission, should make additional efforts to visit merchant associations during the year.

Recommendation #10: CEDA and NCR must deliver future contracts to SACDC in a timely manner. SACDC's Technical Assistance Program should focus on business development issues such as financial and strategic planning; cash flow management. Inventory management, and staffing: It should be marketed more aggressively to a companies of a suitable size and sophistication level to utilize it. SACDC should develop a strategic and action plan to address the revitalization needs of Sar Antonio and work with the City to ensure that programs suitable to San Antonio merchants are availables.

Finding #16: Private investment is encouraged through these CDBG programs, though comprehensive documentation is not readily available.

Both Oakland Small Business Growth Center (OSBGC) and Oakland Business Development Center (OBDC) clearly encourage private companies to invest in Oakland, often in neighborhoods lacking important services. OBDC's clients, distributed throughout the City, include important services such as small restaurants, dry cleaners, bookstores, or hair salons. OSBGC clients are primarily located in its Hegenberger Road location, but are investing and



hiring to build their businesses so they may relocate in their own sites. Through NCR, facades are remodeled, streets improved, merchant associations created and nurtured, business improvement districts formed to address local issues, and blight reduced, all of which encourages investment. One of SACDC's successes this year was assisting a local business obtain a \$1.6 million rehabilitation loan for a property on International Boulevard.

IV. Social Service Programs

Even though social service programs account for only 18% of the total CDBG grant, the broad diversity of services provided makes general findings difficult. Housing and Community Development share a narrower range of program strategies and outcomes than social service programs that serve newborns to seniors, homeless individuals, elementary school children, new immigrants and individuals challenged by a range of disabilities and conditions. Services range from drop in library services, food distribution, tutoring, drug treatment, job training, and recreation. Such a breadth resists generalizations. Nevertheless, several attributes and trends warrant mention.

Finding # 17: All funded social service agencies have improved their data collection and reporting procedures as a result of the CDBG evaluation. Client satisfaction data gathering is also much improved and as a result project summaries are richer, more detailed, and better able to answer City Council evaluation questions.

Finding # 18: Social service programs generally leverage funds well to increase the value-added from their CDBG grant.

Finding # 19: CDBG funds provide critical support services to Oakland families and individuals to address domestic violence and the absence of parental support.

Finding # 20: Immigrant support services are providing critical assistance, but would benefit from increased focus in job training programs and better documentation of educational achievement.

Much can be said of the vast majority of social service agencies evaluated this year. While certainly areas exist in which most programs could improve their effectiveness, given the challenges posed by the populations served and the conditions under which community based agencies operate, the City should feel comfortable that the vast majority of its CDBG funds for social services programs are well spent.



V. CDBG Administration & Evaluation

The 2001-02 CDBG evaluation contained an extensive report on the City's administration practices. With the exception of contracting procedures, which continue to cause delays in project implementation, this year's evaluation did not focus on administration. Nonetheless, we note the following:

Finding # 21: CEDA has successfully addressed many problems noted in past year's evaluations: 1) contract language is consistent and objectives are measurable; 2) no funding delays occur once contracts are generated; 3) the clients' low-moderate income status is documented; and 4)some performance measures for City programs have been aligned with more meaningful measures.

In meetings with CEDA staff in June, researchers were told of several changes to the contract process that should reduce the delays in the future. Specifically, two-year contracts are being initiated, which will reduce the number of contracts being processed each year. In addition, changes are being made to the RFP to allow the proposal itself to serve as the contract scope of work. The number of signatures required on a contract has been reduced. Finally, Moving Oakland Forward has taken a leadership role in trying to find other ways to reduce the time required to process contracts.

Nonetheless, for the period being evaluated in this report, delays executing contracts were still prevalent. As the table that follows illustrates, far too much time was required to process contracts for the 2002-03 program year. Table I summarizes the amount of time taken to develop, submit and obtain approval of a completed contract to CEDA with all the appropriate attachments, assurances, scope of work, etc. Column 4 lists the number of days from the beginning of the program year (July 1) until a contract has been approved by the City. Column 5 lists the number of days it took for a contractor to submit appropriate and completed documents to process the contract through the City approval process. Column 6 lists the number of days required for the City to obtain all the required approvals for a completed contract. CEDA is to be commended for generating this data as it provides a valuable benchmark against which future progress can be measured.

Taken together, the entire process requires an average of 153 days, or almost five months for a 12-month program year. This time frame does not fully capture the time involved in developing contracts, as agencies are notified of funding earlier in the spring and begin developing their



contracts in May and June. This table, based on CEDA's information, does not include all the projects for which a contract was developed. Researchers were given differing interpretations of the causes of these delays. While acknowledging that the system is too complex and that the CDBG program lacks an adequate number of staff to process contracts expeditiously, CEDA staff also point to community based agencies that frequently submit documents incorrectly and/or fail to respond quickly to requests for clarification or revisions to contracts. On the other hand, representatives from community based agencies interviewed during May asserted that delays were most often the result of the City's complex contract requirements, unresponsive staff, and protracted bureaucratic processes. Interviews with agencies contracted through the Oakland Fund for Children and Youth indicated that they had little difficulty getting contracts processed.

Table 3: Summary of Number of Days from St						
of days from July 1 to required to submit a co				ys required by the City	to move contracts	
through the signature process once a comple Col. 1	cea contract n	Col. 3	Col.4	Col. 5	Co!. 6	
	Carrier Contract		Days Lapsed	Day's Required by		
	Years 2		From July 1	Contractors to Submit	Dave Lair-offen	
	WICDBG-	Contract Year		Complete Contract	Rec't by CEDA To	
Contractor	Funding	Begins	Approval	Company of the Compan	Final Approval	
	Unknown	1-Jul-02	84	16	E THE APPROVE	
A safe place Alameda county comm. Food bank	12	1-Jul-02	153	101	52	
	8	1-Jul-02	221	148	73	
Alameda county health care foundation	5	1-Jul-02	141	81	60	
Alzheimer's services of the east bay	3	1-Jul-02	107	78	2	
Bay area community services	14	1-Jul-02	44	18	25	
Camp fire boys and girls			Need Approval			
Castlemont culinary arts academy	First					
Castlement teen center acquisition	First	1-Jul-02				
East bay central american refugee committee	First	1-Jul-02	141	105	35	
Family violence law center	13	1-Jul-02		93	48 35	
Fred Finch Youth Center	First	1-Jul-02	78			
	1	1		executed by public wor	ks and will require a	
Friends of Perlata Hacienda Historical Park	Unknown		memorandum of		, <u></u>	
Girls inc.	First	1-Jul-02	170	134	35 36 26	
Grandparents and relatives as second parents	First	1-Ju⊦02	141	105		
Healthy babies	3	1-Jui-02	272	246	25	
International institute of the east bay	First	1-Jul-02	107	80	27	
Jobs consortium	5	1-Jul-02	141	108	33 34	
La clinica de la raza	Unknown	1-Jui-02	141	107	34	
Laurel jujitsu	First	1-Jul-02	272	227	45	
Law center for families	Unknown	1-Jul-02	189	108	81	
Legal assistance for seniors	9	1-Jul-02	58	16	42	
Life long medical	9	1-Jul-02	170	134	35	
Oakland ReLeaf	First	1-Jul-02	Letter sent 1/22	and 2/4 specifying info	rnation required.	
Phase III	First	1-Jul-02	77	_16	ଖ	
Project Re-Connnect	10	1-Jul-02	134	73	ଖ	
Project Seed (6 Contracts)	19	1-Jul-02	182	17	165	
San Antonio CDC	14	1-May-02	215	175	40	
			Requesting Con	tract put on pending st	atus due to	
Schuman-Liles Clinic	First	1-Jul-02	2 extended medical leave of Executive Director			
Spanish Speaking Citizens Foundation	Unknown	- 1-Jul-02	272	17	255	
Sports4Kids	first	1-Jul-02	141	109	32	
St. Mary's Center	5	1-Jul-02	154	116	38	
The First Place Fund for Youth	First	1-Jul-02	107	84	23	
United Indian Nations	First	1-Jul-02	233	207	26	
Total Days		1 2 2 2	4,286	2,761	1,525	
Average Days		 	153	99	54	



On the surface, OFCY has a very similar task to that of CDBG, contracting with 56 community agencies and with funding of roughly the same amount as CDBG. However, it was outside the scope of work for researchers to conduct a detailed examination of why OFCY contracts are processed more quickly. There may well be good reasons why CDBG contracts take longer than OFCY, but G&A's research last year indicated that every other jurisdiction we reviewed processed contracts much more expeditiously. We recommend that CEDA and/or Moving Oakland Forward explore these issues. A more detailed discussion of the contract issue can be found on pages 54-61. It is recommended that City Council staff review these pages carefully.

Finding # 22: Despite CEDA efforts to improve the contract process, the time required to complete contracts is unnecessarily long and extremely complex, requiring an average of 5 months to fully process a contract. This is clearly the most serious problem CEDA management faces in administering the CDBG program and adversely affects program performance and CBO morale throughout.

Finding # 23: Under City regulations, no service is to be provided until an executed contract is in place, a regulation that is broadly ignored and tacitly acknowledged by City staff. Strict enforcement of these regulations would lead to the complete collapse of CDBG services in Oakland. No funds are paid to any of the CBOs until a contract is executed, creating annual cash flow crises, some of dire proportions, throughout the CBO community.

Finding # 24: Even agencies with many years of CDBG experience and whose contracts vary less than 5% in content from the content of previous years, have significant difficulty processing contracts.

Finding # 25: The number of department approvals in Oakland far exceeds the number required in other jurisdictions. Eight weeks required simply to route a completed contract through the approval process is unwarranted and unreasonable when compared with other public entities.

Finding # 26: The City has presented no reasonable justification for the complexity of the contracts, the number of signatures required, or the mounting disruptive delays. As researched and documented thoroughly in last year's evaluation report, other cities and public jurisdictions process contracts in a reasonable time frame. These jurisdictions are just as concerned about their liability and accountability.⁴

We fear that with cuts in CDBG administrative staffing, delays may become still more prevalent. The new CDBG Program Manager has made progress in documenting the time expended in the contract process and is clearly committed to making improvements, but so many departments outside her authority are involved in the process that expecting her alone to repair this system is unrealistic and unfair.

⁴ lbid. pps. 30-35.



Recommendation # 11: Forward Evaluation Report references to the contract process to Moving Oakland Forward. We encourage Moving Oakland Forward to consider the following changes that would likely significantly improve the contract process:

- Meet with staff from with one or more of the public agencies that manage more efficient contracting processes (e.g. OFCY, City of Hayward, Alameda County, Department of Speral Services), to determine how process contracts more efficiently and more quickly and adopt appropriate procedures.
- 回。Ensure at least three weeks notice to agencies for any mandatory meeting relating 表 to the application or contracting process.
- Eliminate at least four required signatures on CDBs contracts.
- Establish a system that reassigns CEDA staff (for one or two months) to review contract packets and provides any necessary support to ensure that contracts are processed within 60 days.
- Use the performance review process to identify benchmarks for how quickly, contracts should be processed and approved, make specific individuals accountable for these benchmarks and reassign staff who consistently impede, rather than expedite the contract process. At a meeting with CEDA staff reviewing a draft of this report, staff indicated that this step has been taken. We are encouraged by this development.
- Establish an 8-week City deadline to process and approve all CDBG contracts.

This Year's Evaluation

Since 1999 G&A has provided the City of Oakland with a comprehensive assessment of the CDBG program, including a thorough review of the administration and all of the funded projects. Based on feedback from City Council and CEDA, G&A pilot tested a new evaluation system for 2002-03.

Goals:

- Develop a more accessible format for presenting evaluation findings, recommendations, and the status of implementation of prior recommendations.
- □ Focus evaluations on a smaller sample of CDBG-funded agencies to provide more in-depth analysis of program activities.
- Recognize and address the needs of the different audiences (City Council, CEDA, Community Development District Boards and Individual Project Managers of CDBG-funded programs) for the evaluation.
- Integrate evaluation/monitoring functions, expanding the scope of the City's monitoring process to ensure sufficient review of projects that are not evaluated.



- Conduct one extensive evaluation of a cluster of related programs and services to assess how well they are delivered.
- Submit the evaluation and monitoring reports in June to allow information to inform the development of the next year's year's contracts, eliminating a year's gap between evaluation findings and contract generation.

Finding # 27: Changes in this year's evaluation have produced a more accessible evaluation report that also provides more client outcome data and richer project summaries. Yet, integration of evaluation and monitoring has not been fully realized and the monitoring process while significantly improved, does not as yet examine the quality of program operations or their impact on clients or neighborhoods.

Recommendation # 12: The City should continue the scope of current evaluation. And that has yet to occur.

The city thest with the City Manager selecting another programs for project evaluations, and implementating the calling for quarterly meetings to review. To implementation of recommendations approved by the City Council: To progress in the implementation of recommendations and maximize the City Council. To selecting the city councils. To progress in the city councils. To progress in the city councils of the city councils. To progress in the city councils. To progress in the city councils. To progress in the city of the city councils. To progress in the city of the

Although progress was made in finding ways to integrate the evaluation and monitoring process, G&A does not believe that the CEDA monitoring process has advanced sufficiently to ensure that programs not being evaluated but operating below standards will be identified. The monitoring process remains largely focused upon verifying that City and HUD legal requirements regarding program policies and expenditures are met and that proposed services were delivered. As yet, monitoring does not examine the quality of program operations or the impact upon the clients or community.

As in past years, the evaluation contract was not implemented until over half of the program year had passed. This limits the time frame for evaluators to work with projects to be evaluated, limits the level of field research, and restricts the time available for conducting client interviews and program observation. It also limits the amount of time agencies have to produce data for the evaluators. As a result, this year well over half of the programs provided their data after the deadline stipulated in their scope of work. This compromises the quality of the evaluation.

VI. Individual Program Summaries



Most projects delivered services as proposed and adequately documented their service activities. Agency services range widely in their mission and activities and comparisons among most of them are frequently misleading. The comparisons are between the agency's performance and its own objectives. Please see Section VI for the one-page synopses of each project evaluated and the full evaluations in Appendix A for the details of the objectives, services provided, data collected, and client and community benefits established.

In Table 2 below, a finding of "established" indicates that the client produced data that strongly indicates community or client benefit while "likely" under either "client" or "community" benefit suggests we received sufficient evidence that interventions and/or services of the type and quality being provided will likely result in positive outcomes. "Unknown" indicates that we do not have adequate current project year data to support the finding that the client group served by the project experienced benefits that are quantifiable. Our individual project reports specify the outcomes (benefits) to be expected and the preferred methods of tracking or documenting these outcomes. Frequently the number of clients served column contains a range. Many agencies deliver several types of services to different clients within the project. The minimum number listed reflects clients who receive the most intensive level of service. Table 2 presents a very general appraisal of how projects performed in relation to City Council evaluation questions. Section VII provides a more detailed, one-page analysis for each program that may prove more useful for assessing the degree to which a program has met its goals and objectives and achieved measurable client and community impact.

Agency Name	CDBG Funds 200- 03	Data Reported	Services Delivered	client Benefit	Community Boneit	Riscal Resources Leveraged
ACORN Housing Corporation	\$30,000	Yes	Delivered	Established	Established	Yes
East Bay Central American Refugee Committee	\$34,000	Yes	Partially delivered	Short term benefits established	Likely	Yes
Lao Family Community Development	\$100,000	Yes	Exceeded objectives	Established	Established	Yes
Grandparents and Relatives as Second Parents	\$74,118	Yes	Delivered as proposed	Short term benefits established		Yes



	CDBG					Fiscal
[[15 6 6 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Funds 200-	Data	Services		Community	Resources
Agency Name	03:	Reported	Delivered	Client Benefit	Benefit	Leveraged
				Short term		
First Place Fund for			Delivered as	benefits	· 	
Youth	\$ 73, 7 25	Yes	proposed	established	Established	Yes
Phase III. Substance		•		Short term		l
Abuse Recovery			Exceeded	benefits		İ
Program	\$60,000	Yes	objectives	established	Likely	Yes
				_		
_ ,, ,,, ,			D-11	Short termi		
Family Violence Law Center	\$54,912	Yes	Delivered as proposed	benefits established	Likely	Yes
Ceritei	\$34,51Z	162	proposed	established	Likery	103
International Institute of			Delivered as			
the East Bay	\$32,000	Yes	proposed	Likely	Likely	Yes
				Short termi		
Girls, Inc. of Alameda			Exceeded	,		
County	\$48,500	Yes	objectives	established	Likely	Yes
•						
Life Enrichment Agency						
- Technical Literacy	647449	Partial	Partially delivered	Likely	Likely	Yes
Program	\$17,143	raiuai	uelivered	Likely	Likely	163
				j		
Community Development			Delivered as			
Corporation of Oakland	\$40,599	Yes	proposed	Likely	Likely	Yes
CEDA Home					:	
Maintenance			Partially			
Improvement Program	\$2,700,00	Yes	delivered	Established	Established	Yes
			Few services			
CEDA – Vacant Housing Program	\$245,000	Partial	delivered as proposed	Likely	Likely	Yes
riogiam	\$245,000	Faiuai	ргорозео	LIKOTY	Likery	
				i		
Rebuilding Together with			Delivered as			
Christmas in April 5	\$50,000	Yes	proposed	Established	Likely	Yes
CEDA Najahharhard			ļ			
CEDA – Neighborhood Commercial			Delivered as			
Revitalization	\$2,207,283	Yes	proposed	Established	Established	Yes
5010 B. 4.14 1.1			Delivered		į	
ECHO- Rental Assistance Program	\$60,764	Yes	Delivered as proposed	Established	Likely	Yes
riogiani	φου, <i>ι</i> ο φ	100	proposed	Lotabiloried	Linery	, 63
Center for independent			Partially		Ì	.)
Living- Housing	\$99,750	Yes	delivered	Likely	Likely	Unknown
				ļ		
			Danis alle		į	l
Į	,		Partially	1	1	I

⁵ In this project the major deliverable, (i.e., renovation of 20 private homes of Oakland seniors) was scheduled to occur after the evaluation research and data collection period, and so the client and community benefit was determined likely but indeed would, based on past performance, have been otherwise established.



Agency Name	CDBG Funds 200- 03	Data Reported	Services Delivered	Client Benefit	Community Benefit	Fiscal Resources Leveraged
Sentinel Fair Housing	\$130,000	Yes	Delivered as proposed		Likely	Yes
EDEN I & R - Housing	\$50,000	Yes	Delivered as proposed	Likely	Likely	Yes
East Bay Community Law Center – Housing	\$99,750	Yes	Exceeded objective	,	Likely	Yes
Oakland Small Business Growth Center	\$225,000	Yes	Delivered as Proposed	Likely	Yes	Yes
Oakland Business Development Corporation	\$315,000	Yes	Delivered as Proposed	Established	Established	Yes
San Antonio Community Development Corporation	\$80,000	Partial	Partially delivered	Unknown Minimal, at best		Yes

VIII. Conclusion

Over the past four years of evaluation, Oakland can take pride in the significant assistance that CDBG-funded programs have rendered to the community. No single program can address, let alone remedy, all of the community's housing, economic development, or social service needs, but the programs now are clearly targeting priority issues. All the programs are much more highly focused on measurable objectives and outcomes than in 1999 and provide data to demonstrate their effectiveness. We have identified several critical deficiencies that require focused remediation efforts, primarily the City's contracting procedures and its structure for funding services to renters at risk. The issues are defined and concrete solutions proposed for further action.

Former Health, Education, and Welfare Secretary John Gardner noted:

Excellence is not a gift from the gods. It is a human trait that is acquired only by relentless training and ruthless self-assessment. We do not do a good job because we already have virtue or excellence. It's the other way around. We do a good job because we have met a whole range of standards, over and over again, and because we know how to tackle the task of meeting new ones. We are what we repeatedly do. Excellence is not a glamorous or singular achievement. It's a habit.



VII.a.

Individual Project Synopses

This section contains a synopsis of each of the 24 CDBG projects evaluated in the 2002-03 year. Each of these summaries also is displayed as a "face sheet" appearing at the front of the individual project evaluation report in Appendix A. These one-page summaries were developed in response to City Council requests for a more accessible and abbreviated summary of program performance.

Agency	Project	Page
ACORN Housing	Homeownership Counseling, Education & Support	74
Center for Independent Living	Disabled Housing Search & Counseling	75
Community Development Corporation of Oakland	Acquisition & Rehabilitation, Vacant Lot Development & Community Fair Housing	76
CEDA	Home Maintenance & Improvement Program	77
CEDA	Neighborhood Commercial Revitalization	78
CEDA	Vacant Housing Acquisition & Rehab Program	79
East Bay Central American Refugee Committee	Youth & Family Enrichment Program	80
East Bay Community Law Center	Housing Advocacy Project	81
ECHO	Rental Assistance Program	82
Eden Information & Referral	Housing Outreach/Information Access	83
Family Violence Law Center	Domestic Violence Prevention Project	84
First Place Fund for Youth	Emancipation Training Center	85
Girls, Inc.	GIRLStart	86
Grandparents & Relatives as 2 nd Parents	Getting A Grip	87
Housing Rights, Inc.	Comprehensive Fair Housing Services	88
International Institute of the East Bay	Caregivers Job Training & Placement	89
Lao Family Community Development	Multilingual Homeownership Center	90
Life Enrichment Agency Oakland Parks & Rec.	Technology Literacy Program	91
Oakland Business Development Corporation	Small Business Lending	92
Oakland Small Business Growth Center	Small Business Incubator	93
Phase III	Substance Abuse & Recovery Program	94
Rebuilding Together	Rebuilding Together/Christmas in April	95
San Antonio Community Development	Small Business Neighborhood Commercial	96
Corporation	Revitalization	
Sentinel Fair Housing	Fair Housing Services	97

7

COMMUNITY & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CMTE

DEC 9 2003

ACORN Housing Corporation

	Homeownership Counse	eling,		
ACORN Housing Corporation	Education and Support	\$30,000	Cityw	ride
Agency	Project	2002-03 Fund		ricts
Project Description: Prov	ides comprehensive housing co	unseling to first time homebuyers with	n low and moderate incomes	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
		Evaluation Findi	ings	
Objectives	Services — Partially delivered two objectives, exceeded one	Data - Adequate to evaluate progress on goals an objectives	Client Benefit - Established	Community Benefit -
Assist clients to obtain loans; correct mortgage delinquencies; and overcome problems caused by predatory loans	Provided 18 first – time homebuyer workshops for 159 clients	Records of clients' finances, loan applications and approvals	☐ Clients Interviewed reported that ACORN was instrumental in helping buy homes	☐ 65 families with low-incomes have been assisted in purchasing homes.
1	Provided delinquency and default counseling to ten people	Documentation of predatory lending claims	One third of the attendees at the homebuyers workshop were surveyed and uniformly reported that the workshops were helpful	Homeownership brings stability and increased civic responsibility to a community.
	Counseled 33 homeowners on ways to avoid predatory lending and obtain reasonable terms on financing	 Evaluator review of ten client files for verification of above documentation 		The community benefits when families who are subject to predatory lending and then housing loss, are protected from these practices
	Cl Counseled 26 recipients of predatory loans and assisted 6 people to refinance	☐ Sign-in sheets from homebuyer workshops to document attendance		
Evaluator's Recommendation	15;			Signature of the second of the
☐ Consider devoting	more resources to predatory lending	Where the objective was not met.		
	sical space is quiet enough to condi	그런 문장물들이 많다는 그 중에 그는 그 가을 바쁜데 물리를 받았다. 아이들 때 모든 것		
	こくしん タグライン いんめいちゃく 二級 どうごうきしょこうじょ			
	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 2 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	ore help understanding the home buying pr	- 38 C - G - G & - A S G & S C C S S	
	三 ぜっこくさき マーカー かいちつがく こもにないほうしつはつ (紙に)	ncluding the predatory lending counseling	program	
Q Routinely request c	lient permission to disclose names t	o evaluator for interview.		
* 1				

Center for Independent Living

		Center for independent	Living			
,	Disabled Housing	Search &				
Center for Independent Liv	ing Counselin	g \$99,750	City	wide		
Agency	Project	2002-03 Fund				
	consumers" (clients) with disabilitie	s to find or retain affordable and accessibl	e housing	11010		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	the state of the s	4 10 111 d 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	o nodalilg.			
		Evaluation Find	inas			
Objectives	Services - Partially delivered	Data - Adequate to evaluate progress	Client Benefit - Likely			
Colectives	Oct vices — Partially delivered	on goals and objectives	Client patient - rikely	Community Benefit - Likely		
	☐ Provided Individual	☐ Client satisfaction feedback	☐ Agency reported that 25 housing	7, 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3 - 3		
Provide housing search &	counseling for 230	(questionnaire results) from 9% of	placements were made.	☐ Historically, CIL has played a		
counseling services for	Individuals and 5 housing	clients	pracements were made.	seminal role in introducing and		
persons with disabilities.	skills workshops per year.	Cilenta	☐ Client satisfaction information from	getting national legislation		
porocito tritir disabilitios:	onina workanopa per year.	Project manager verbal report of	9% of those served documents a	passed for accessibility for		
		25 housing placements made	high level of satisfaction with quality	people with disabilities and the		
		23 Housing placements made	of the staff and services provided by	East Bay is a community that is		
•			CIL staff.	considered a model of		
	☐ Provided transportation in	Monthly narrative summaries from	75% clients reported CIL helped	accessibility as a result.		
	the form of 36 trip vouchers.	the executive director of CIL	them arrange an appointment with a	☐ Likely, an increased housing for		
	the form of 50 (hp vouchers.	the executive director of CIE	them arrange an appointment with a	persons with disabilities will		
			landiord, look at potential housing	result in a decrease in		
			and/or fill out a housing application	homelessness for this		
	☐ Increased the collaboration	Client files with names removed		population.		
	with other agencies to	Cheff tiles with flames removed	☐ Consumers & landlords receive	☐ Likely the community benefits		
1	increase available housing		advocacy regarding their rights &	from access to information and		
!	for clients with disabilities.		responsibilities.	education		
į.	for chents with disabilities.			}		
77.	☐ Increased community	U One-on-one telephone interviews	<u></u>			
	knowledge of CIL housing &					
		with clients & site observation of				
	Independent living services	housing "workshop"				
: 1	through a variety of media			·		
Evaluator's Recommendation	and outreach activities.					
Evaluator's Recommendation			어디어의 경화된 것이다. 프랑인 이렇게 다쳤다			
☐ Continue collaborat						
Continue collaborat	non with Eddil to K to suste housing	parapase resources and approach and to	educate landlords about housing issues spe	cific to the disabled community,		
incirrand asculutii	anon enncation and increasing the D	umber of available wheelchair accessible u	ınits.			
☐ Measure knowledge						
measure knowledge	gained from housing skills worksho	? (5)				
☐ Continue providina	alternative formate for the CDRO			STATE AND A STATE OF THE STATE		
Continue providing	alternative formats for the CDBG cil	ent satisfaction survey, such as large print	and/or Braille and making materials available	e in Spanish, Chinese and other		
languages spoken i	ay Guarita. An isang manganan ng Managanan ng mga katang mga mga mga mga mga mga mga mga mga mg					
☐ Work more intensiv	ale with diantial all the far it t					
possible.	ail, wirri Alaspian cileuta iot Múotti to	onaing seatch of poneing discumination p	ased on disability is the presenting issue. Lo	nger term tracking of clients where		
possible.						

Community Development Corporation of Oakland

Community Developmen Corporation of Oakland Agency	Housing Fa	d Community air \$40,599 2002-03 Fur	ding Dist	Dakland ricts
Project Description: The	development of affordable housi	ing and revitalization of neighborhoo	d commercial districts.	
		Evaluation Find	dings	
Objectives	Services - Delivered as proposed	Data - Adequate to evaluate progress on goals and objectives	Client Benefit - Likely	Community Benefit - Likely
Concentrate housing development efforts on smaller vacant lots or those with severely dilapidated structures	☐ Developing eight to ten units of housing in Oakland	Detailed records are maintained or all project activities. They include extensive files of applications for financing and regulatory approvalby the City and State of California.	Cakland's low- and moderate – income residents who eventually inhablt the affordable housing units.	The community will benefit from the completion of these housing development projects, which will otherwise not have occurred.
Improve three Oakland properties that could lead to the development of 10- 12 units of housing	☐ Developing two additional single family dwellings	Records of exhibitors and number of attendees of Housing Fair	☐ The project is on track with the development efforts of these affordable housing units.	When housing becomes available in a neighborhood, it often leads to the "synergistic' effect of the upgrading of other properties in that neighborhood.
Provide general public with information about resources such as: housing, banking, schools, emergency food and first time home buying	☐ Funded and organized the North Oakland Community Housing and Information Fair with 22 exhibitors and attended by over 100 people			
Evaluator's Recommendation				
			developed, to increase the number of housing	units by 33.
The state of the s			developed, to increase the number of housing petion 202 grants from HUD and/or tax credits	units by 33.

		<u>lome Maintenance Improv</u>	ement	Program		
Community and Economi						
Development Agency Agency	Program Project	2.7 m 2002-03 F			wide ricts	 -
		des hiring and management servi	ces of co	ntractors to rehabilitate the homes		eniors and disabled residents
of Oakland.					0, 5,	mora and disabled lesidelits
		Evaluation Fire	ndinc	S		
Objectives	Services - All but one service delivered as proposed	Data - Adequate to evaluate the progress on goals and objectives		ent Benefit - Established		mmunity Benefit -
Originate 60 loan applications	HMIP exceeded the number of loan applications received and processed (82 loans as of March 2003, vs. a projected 60).	Records of loan applications an approvals maintained and verified by the evaluator		35 homeowners will have dangerous safety and unhealthful conditions in their homes ameliorated.	٥	Preserving the quality of the housing stock in areas where the most vulnerable residents live
Assess project viability for eligible loan applicants ad provide full written evaluation within 30 days	HMIP determining project viability and found 37 to be feasible.					
Complete 35 home rehabilitation projects	HMIP is on track, having completed 28 rehabilitation projects by March 31, 2003.	☐ Records verifying income levels loan recipients ☐ Before and after photographs	of 🚨	These homeowners (i.e., seniors and people with disabilities) with low incomes will be able to remain in their homes.	u u	Enabling seniors with low incomes to avoid the need for expensive assisted living residences
Maintain an average of 180 days or less between loan closing and project completion	The average number of days between loan closing and project completion is 308, a third longer than projected.	☐ Records of loan application processing schedule and time between loan approval and proj completion	ect 0	90% of clients surveyed rated the staff support from HMIP positively.	۵	Perhaps enhancing housing values in surrounding community
Survey client satisfaction	☐ A good sample of clients (between 33 – 50%) was surveyed for their satisfaction.	☐ Results of client satisfaction survey reported	a	Most clients were extremely pleased with the construction work in their homes.	ū.	Perhaps stimulating neighbors to improve their properties
					- 121 - 1-42	A STATE OF THE STA
				Operate the program as efficiently as j	leeoc	ole; 2). Maximize the dollars tha
reach the residents in need;	and 3). Minimize the administrative of	osts. In order to do this G & A recom	mends:			· 新介 · ·
					, í:	
 Reduce the project 	completion times to the goal of 180	days from final loan approval.				
☐ Explore the use of	software to simplify writing construc	tion specifications.	Mary Service			Service Control of the Control of th
	normal programme and the company of	NAMES OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P	w for a cl	ear assessment of each project's efficie	neu a	nd offentlymans valetly, to it.
cost,				A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	ney d	im origonizationa relative to Its
City Council and se	nior CEDA executives review HMIP p	performance regularly				
			y inform	ants, and determining how it measures	again	st the most effective practices for
	client satisfaction data, perhaps thro	ugh periodic focus groups or intervie	ws with c	lents.		

Neighborhood Commercial Revitalization

Community and Economi		Neighborhood Co				0,1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Development Agency (CEI Agency	JA)	Revitalization (Project	NUK	\$2,207,283 2002-03 Fund		Cityw Distr		
Project Description: NCR	atter	npts to remove blight and impro	ve th			ifteen of Oakland's commercial districts		
				Evaluation Find	ind	as — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		
Objectives	as	prvices - 100% delivered	on g	ta – Adequate to evaluate progress		ient Benefit – Established		ommunity Benefit – ablished
Overcome obstacles to economic revitalization in 15 business districts in Oakland	0	On track to complete 50 façade improvements by June 30, 2003 Provided technical assistance to 18 merchant associations	0	Status report on implementation of façade improvements		80% Façade improvement clients were surveyed – very satisfied with services	a	Merchant associations believe that business and physical climate of neighborhoods improved
Stimulate strategic partnerships with business, property owners, and community organizations	a	Monitors implementation of five streetscape improvement projects in East Oakland	a	Merchant meeting agendas and promotional material. Contracts for activities on improvement projects	a	Telephone Interviews with evaluator – businesses improved	0	More vibrant retail sector leads to improved use of local goods and services
Reduce blight and improve physical appearance of property within districts	٥	Developed and monitored contracts to provide assistance to small businesses including cost-free architectural design	٥	Status memo on technical assistance to Business improvement Districts		50% of merchants were surveyed very satisfied	a	Growing businesses provide employment opportunities and tax revenues
: : : : !	0 0	Leveraged funding for Fruitvale and Eastlade Main Street improvements Provided technical assistance to five Business Improvement Districts Coordinated two	0 0	Shopping profile data Urban planning studies Before – after photos Client satisfaction – 2 surveys			0	Façade renovations in one are inspiring to neighbors to do the same
☐ Explore additional ☐ Re-examine require ☐ Examine complaint	e in r linan men s abo	nerchant association meetings cing in neighborhoods where ec	tures ays.	in neighborhoods where security fea	tures	s aré warrantéd.		

CEDA Vacant Housing Acquisition and Rehabilitation Program

Vacant Housing Acqu Rehabilitation Pr Project Ing gap financing, transfer lots	rogram \$245,000 2002-03 Fund	City	wide			
	2002-03 Fund					
ing gap financing, transfer lots		ing Dist	tricts			
Project Description: Providing gap financing, transfer lots to private developers, and seek court-appointed receivers to rehabilitate the most difficult blighted vacant properties in Oakland.						
	Evaluation Find					
SETVICES — Many services vere not able to be delivered as proposed	Data — Partial data available to evaluate progress on goals and objectives	Client Benefit - Likely	Community Benefit - Likely			
Applications for gap financing have not been processed as outlined in the objective. Three applications have been submitted. The program did not attract many applicants.	Status of project activities written up within memos	Oakland residents will eventually inhabit renovated or constructed housing that is affordable.	☐ This year 17 of the proposed 30 units of housing on formerly vacant or blighted lots were improved.			
Receivership objective was partially met. By June 5, 2003 there were 17 units in five structures under construction and four additional units being rehabilitated after court proceeding. A partnership formed in 1999 with a private developer will yield 21 housing units.	☐ Data not organized by project objective	☐ There are 17 units of affordable housing under construction in what were vacant or blighted lots.	The units delivered this year by private developer in coordination with this project, increased the community's affordable housing stock.			
Land Trust has been established, but took more time than expected and no construction on property has begun as of June 5, 2003.	Data delivered in June, months after due date for evaluation, making it impossible to follow-up with site visits or interview developers	There were an additional 21 housing units (16 "affordable" housing units) delivered through a partnership between CEDA and a private developer.				
referred to City Attorney for receive ordable and market rate housing in quested data during the evaluation to evaluators organized by objective	vership court action are awalting filings 8 – n setting housing development objectives. period. ve	13 months later.	objectives,			
	Applications for gap financing have not been processed as outlined in the objective. Three applications have been submitted. The program did not attract many applicants. Receivership objective was partially met. By June 5, 2003 there were 17 units in five structures under construction and four additional units being rehabilitated after court proceeding. A partnership formed in 1999 with a private developer will yield 21 housing units. Land Trust has been established, but took more time than expected and no construction on property has begun as of June 5, 2003. of both gap financing and private eferred to City Attorney for receiverdable and market rate housing in uested data during the evaluation of evaluators organized by objective evaluators or evaluators organized by objecting the second construction of the construction of the construction of property has begun as of June 5, 2003.	Data — Partial data available to evaluate progress on goals and objectives Applications for gap financing have not been processed as outlined in the objective. Three applications have been submitted. The program did not attract many applicants. Receivership objective was partially met. By June 5, 2003 there were 17 units in five structures under construction and four additional units being rehabilitated after court proceeding. A partnership formed in 1999 with a private developer will yield 21 housing units. Land Trust has been established, but took more time than expected and no construction on property has begun as of June 5, 2003. Data not organized by project objective ere not able to be delivered as objectives Applications for gap financing have not been processed as outlined in the objective. Three applicantions have been submitted. The program did not attract many applicants. Receivership objective was partially met. By June 5, 2003 there were 17 units in five structures under construction and four additional units being rehabilitated after court proceeding. A partnership formed in 1999 with a private developer will yield 21 housing units. Land Trust has been established, but took more time than expected and no construction on property has begun as of June 5, 2003. Data delivered in June, months after due date for evaluation, making it impossible to follow-up with site visits or interview developer. Die both gap financing and private sector rehabilitation programs as the incentives do not appear sufficient to achieve the eferred to City Attorney for receivership court action are awaiting fillings 8 – 13 months later. Trable and market rate housing in setting housing development objectives.				

East Bay Central American Refugee Committee

		ot Day Central America	in Kelugee C	ommicee	
East Bay Central American Re	efugee	A D	004.000	Fruitval	
Committee Agency	Youth & Family Enrich Project	ment Program	\$34,000 2-03 Funding	Anto	
				Distr	and other community members in
need.	wac youtharaniny resources, cinc				and other community members in
		<u>Evaluation</u>			
Objectives	Services — Partial	Data - Available to evaluate pon goals and objectives	benefit	nt Benefit — Likely, short term	Community Benefit - Likely, short-term benefits established
Provide enriching activities for children/youth & families	Weekly meetings for 40-60 youth held including; Soccer, academic tutoring, art classes, ESL (English as a Second Language)	No school records were a at this time to document in graduation rates or acader performance.	nproved se nic tal be	arent feedback indicates CRECE ervices decrease children's risk- iking behavior. Other possible enefits include leadership skills, nproved academic performance.	Nutritional stability provided by the food distribution program and free health care screenings may possibly result in a less demand for emergency medical and other social services.
Increase access to vital information/resources (i.e. health, education, housing, employment, immigration, ESL)	☐ Health care presentations made	☐ List of participants, youth/ interviews, program flyers sign-in sheets. ☐ 100% of youth/parents rep services met their needs.	, photos, ac pr re- ort th	amilies with very low-income with coess to food distribution rograms will have more available esources to pay their rent. They are lerefore, less likely to become comeless.	Staff reports that "There's a lot of networking and people getting to know other families, community building, and the community is proud that they take care of themselves."
Increase food stability of clients	Emergency Food distributed to 140 families each week	Food distribution statistics group results, client satisf survey results, USDA mon summary reports.	action fo thly	00% of clients report increased ood stability. 00% of participants report they (& self families) benefit from services	 Possible increased employment or long - term educational/social outcomes
Increase employment opportunities for clients	The sewing project was delayed due to limited space at current location. A sewing teacher was hired in April 2003. 15 clients enrolled in the class.	Employment placement su results of interviews condo with workers/employers, c ads placed in the East Bay Express, sewing class sign	ucted for opies of de	hort-term work provided income or 15 workers. No data available to etermine long-range outcomes.	
Evaluator's Recommendation	ns:				
☐ Continue to explore ☐ Should additional fi ☐ Explore with the younged to the project could be continue its efforts ☐ Continue to work work work work work work work wor	ung people, how to better meet their cation, current events, substance ab xpand academic tutoring to other yo i to recruit tutors from local colleges rith its participant's achools and teac	ling. Sexpanded (i.e. additional field tri needs for transportation and wh use prevention, gangs, learning h uth who need help. Shers to document academic impi g, childcare, house cleaning), mo	at new project acti now to get into coll rovement rovement pre jobs, higher pay	10 (10 to 10 to	responsive to vouth's self-stated
1					

East Bay Community Law Center/Housing Advocacy Project

East Bay Community Law C		cy Project \$99,750		
Agency	Project	2002-03 Fund	ing Dist	ricts
Project Description: Provide	legal advice and assistance to no/to	ow-income people with housing issues.		
		Evaluation Find		
Objectives	Services - Yes, services met and exceeded projections.	Data - Sufficient to evaluate progress on goals and objectives	Client Benefit - Likely.	Community Benefit – Likely.
Operate the Housing Advocacy Project to provide housing legal services to multiple sites in Oakland.	☐ Tenant workshops for 326 clients/year	☐ Client satisfaction data from 115 AC partnership clients & 13 CDBG client satisfaction surveys. ☐ Fliers for monthly workshops ☐ Police officer training outline.	Interviews with a very limited (10%) number of clients suggest a high level of benefit and satisfaction with services.	☐ EBCLC proposes to benefit the community by helping clients, at risk of eviction and homelessness to maintain their housing.
Assist low-income residents of Oakland in becoming more healthy, secure, productive and hopeful by helping them remain in safe, affordable and decent housing.	Operate Low Income Eviction project at the AC courthouse for 485.	☐ Intake forms ☐ Monthly reports to CEDA ☐ Articles & press releases ☐ Client demographic information	Information from 26% of clients served at the courthouse reveal satisfaction with services at the time they delivered.	Likely, individuals & families with access to the legal system are less likely to be displaced from their homes and require social services that assist the homeless.
Answer incoming calls "in- person."	Provide direct legal representation for 73 clients/year.	☐ One-on-One interviews with ten clients.		☐ Providing equal access to the law for low-income clients. ☐ Protect rights of those with low-income in danger of homelessness.
				Provide opportunity /experience for law students to understand & serve the needs of those with low incomes.
Evaluator's Recommendation	ns:			
EBCLC has historically been	able to track service delivery (i.e. th	e type of services and number of cilents it	serves) more readily than it has been able to	track outcomes. As mentioned above.
1		The state of the s	porting of outcome data. This effort is strong	·
evaluation and program desi				27
i nieden beite fer in Mageren genage	ख्यान महानगर, महन्त्रनहरू स्थान ह ा।			
☐ Continue development	of database for tracking and reportin	g Information.		
☐ Collect client satisfaction	nn surveys from all clients served wh	enever possible and at minimum a 30% sa	mple.	
<u>'</u>				
Ask all clients if they wo	ould be willing to agree to speak with	i evaluators if requested.		
<u> </u>		<u> A MARINE DE L'ARTE L'ARTE DE L'ARTE DE L'ARTE L'A</u>	Control of the Contro	

ECHO Rental Assistance Program

ECHO		Rental Assistance	Proc	ram \$60,764		City	vido	
Agency		Project		2002-03 Fund	ing	Dist		
Project Description: The	Rent	tal Assistance Program prov	ides	rental guarantees an other assist	anc	e to renters who are at risk of losing		r housing.
· .								
				Evaluation Findi	ind	as		
Objectives	Se	rvices - Delivered	Da	ta - Data was sufficient to evaluate	_	ient Benefit - Established	Co	ommunity Benefit - Likely
· ·	ser	vices and exceeded most		gress on goals and objectives		Medical and the state of the st		Andrew Control of the
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ob	ectives .	a Port		<u> </u>	50% 的复数多数数据 50% 40% 60% 60% 60% 60% 60% 60% 60% 60% 60% 6	prog.	
Provides counseling, rental deposit guarantees to secure housing or assist with eviction prevention,	0	Provided pre-screening for 619 tenants with low income, slightly below target on objective	0	Screening document reviewed	0	Clients are able to maintain housing for at least several months ~ six months (as ECHO tracks these outcomes)	۵	Rental assistance is associated with long – term housing stability
follow-up after housing placement, credit references and collection	٥	Placed rental guarantees for 98 households – on target or may exceed objective						
Provides 98 rental assistance guarantees	۵	Provided information and referrals for 435 households – exceeded objective	٥	Updated demographic statistics on clients reviewed	٥	Survey respondents say the program met their needs and staff was knowledgeable	a	This project is likely preventing homelessness, the human and financial costs of which are very high
	a	Provided support counseling for 274 households, exceeded targeted objective	٥	Client satisfaction survey of 15% of clients (30% would be better)				
:	٥	Provided two public service announcements about program	ם	Client interviews with 12 clients by evaluator				
Evaluator's Recommendation					91 (F) 91 (F) 1 (A) 2 (H)		なない。	
15 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1000	FOR THE CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT	S . # 40°	least 30% clients, on an annual basis.			\$5.75E	
5 P. C.	3.3 47.13	permission to be interviewed b	3 4 6	はず たく ニーバイン だいばだく ルー・こうばつ ひゃんしきなけないが カーバン れあい			ध्या भ सुक्र	
☐ Collect outcome d	ata o	n guarantee reciplents six or mo	ore m	onths after the approval, to assess the	e imp	pact of this service on overall client hous	ing s	tåbility.
							があるまという	
<u> </u>		进行中心学教育等等。	1500					

Eden Information & Referral/Housing Outreach & Information Access

		on & Kelenamiousing Outle		
Eden Information & Referra		mation Access \$50,000 2002-03 Fundi	Citys	
Agency	Project			
physical health of individuals	i and increase access to permanent, & families.	subsidized transitional and temporary nou	ising for low-moderate income in order to ma	intain stability, mental health and
		Evaluation Findi	ngs	
Objectives	Services - Delivered as proposed, on track for completion	Data – Adequate to evaluate progress on goals and objectives	Client Benefit - Likely	Community Benefit - Likely
Assist low-income individuals and familles to find and retain stable housing that will contribute to their self-sufficiency and improved quality of life.	Increased the number of HUD eligible Oakland residents contacting the agency for information and referrals regarding stable & affordable housing by 250.	 Database - client intake samples for clients in search of housing Database housing information (intake information about landlords with available units) 	□ It is currently undocumented whether the information provided by EDEN 1 & R led clients to housing, temporarily or long-term. 98% of those in search of housing report they received the help they needed & information was better than that they received elsewhere	It is likely the community benefits when homeless and/or near homeless families and individuals are better able to locate affordable housing & are potentially stably housed.
Conduct outreach activities to identify property owners in order to increase the pool of affordable housing.	© EDEN has exceeded the number of available units it proposed to add to its database by 250%.	December 2002 monthly monitoring report	At risk, homeless, or near-homeless clients (often with domestic violence victims and/or have health problems such as HIV) are assisted in their search for temporary and/or long-term housing.	Community based organizations have access to the housing data for the clients they serve.
	☐ Identified and educated property owners to increase the pool of affordable/available housing. ☐ Added 450 new housing units to housing database. ☐ Conducted outreach activities to identify property owners in order to increase the pool of affordable housing.	□ Referral statistics from FY July 2001-June 2002 for the housing I & R service: CHAIN, Cal WORKS & Work Solutions phone lines □ Documentation (materials & presentations) regarding outreach activities to landlords	Other benefits may include referral to necessary social services (i.e. legal assistance, medical & psychiatric support services).	☐ Landlords are also educated about the need for lower move-in costs and subsidized housing programs and other barriers low-income renters face.
	Answer main phone number (510) 537-2710 in person during regular business hours.	 Documentation regarding service delivery was more than adequate, however, follow up information on the status of clients' housing status was not sufficient to know the actual outcome these services have on the community. 	 82% of landlords listing properties rated the service as very satisfactory. 	
about collection of outcome to update contact information satisfaction survey that inclu	data for the its clients. One information in the information on the three, six modes information on the three, six modes	on and Referral agency has its cilents "reg prize of for grocery vouchers, movie pass of hand twelve - month status of clients an	· [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4] [4]	nation and that entally a commitment.
☐ The agency should ☐ Continue to set and ☐	modify its goals and objectives to in implement high standards for "qual	clude follow-up with clients to determine o ity control" over the referrals they make.	utcomes of their housing search.	agenge of vigarious and file file for the second se
With additional funding Eden	should make efforts to:			
		EN I & R to ask if they have tenants who c	ame to them through EDEN I & R.	
	<u> NASAN N NASAN NA</u>	<u> </u>	<u>Stade Stiffshick fit Hear (67) (4) will de Stiff</u>	어떻게 하는 사람들이 가지 살았다. 사는 모든 네

Family Violence Law Center

Family Violence Law Cent	er Domestic Violence Pre	vention Project \$59,911		Oakland Oakland			
Agency	Project	2002-03 Fund	ling Dis	tricts			
Project Description: Provide	legal and emotional support service	es to women and children who are the victi	ms of domestic violence.				
Objectives	Services - Ali services delivered as proposed	Data - Sufficient to evaluate progress on goals and objectives	Client Benefit - Short-term client benefits established	Community Benefit – Likely.			
Reduce incidence of repeat domestic violence for 90% of clients	□ Provided legal clinics	U Weekly clinic summary Intake forms Schedule of appointments Database tracking Observation of service delivery Client satisfaction information from 50% of clients	94% of clients do not experience repeat violence by abuser.	Likely services such as these result in decreased crime, homelessness, unemployment and less the need for expensive publicly funded emergency medical and police interventions.			
Provide counseling, legal information and referrals. Assist clients to pursue legal remedies	Provided direct legal representation		☐ 100% satisfaction with staff & services	☐ Women with low-incomes gain equal access to the legal system.			
Provide advocacy for clients with law enforcement agencies and family court	Provided referrals to other necessary social services to 200 clients	☐ Referral list	Clients with low-income benefit from legal services they might not be able to afford otherwise.				
Provide services for a total 200 clients	Provided counseling & support groups for clients	Summary of support group attendance Sign-In sheets Database summary	Community counseling and referral may help to break cycle of domestic violence & contribute to reduced homelessness for victims and their children.				
Evaluator's Recommendations: Continue to evaluate and implement client feedback (i.e. moving to a more convenient location near public transportation lines): Continue to follow-up on clients via telephone and mail every six months to determine their status regarding domestic violence and need for ongoing services and share this information							
with CDBG evaluators		a valuable tool that could be used to more	arding domestic violence and need for ongole consistently collect evaluation data. Clients				

First Place Fund for Youth

		That have fund for t		
				ke/San
				, Central
			East O	akland, Oakland.
First Place Fund for Youth	h Emancipation Train		North C	Dakland
Agency	Project	2002-03 Fundi		ricts
Project Description: Provide	s specialized support services for fo	ster care youth, including: emancipation p	lanning, housing assistance, life skills works	hops, financial assistance, case
management and counseling				
		Evaluation Findi		
Objectives	Services -Services delivered	Data – Sufficient data to evaluate	Client Benefit - Yes, short-term	Community Benefit -
	as proposed	progress on goals and objectives	client benefits established.	Established
m. 1 == hlannana 8	Described by such a specimens	Database reports and	☐ Clients believe the services provided	☐ Clients are more likely to
Reduce homelessness & housing instability among	Provided housing resources & search assistance	feedback survey for supported housing program	by this project result in a smoother and more successful transition from	find/maintain stable housing (i.e. reduced homelessness)
former foster youth	a seni oli nealemin-	participants	foster care to independence.	than foster youth without
		<u> </u>	<u></u>	access to these services.
Increase rate of high	☐ Emancipation Specialist	☐ Client case management files	☐ Increased in housing stability –	☐ Improved educational and
school graduation or GED completion among youth	services delivered to 25 youth	summary from the database,	tracked upon client's exit from	employment for participants (i.e.
exiting the foster care	youth	Including goals & notes for each client. Client names	project	increased financial
system	☐ Emergency utility	were removed to protect		independence and employment stability).
	assistance delivered to 24	confidentiality		stavinty),
, !	youth	1	1	
	☐ Transportation service	☐ Copies of utility bill	☐ Improved academic achievement	<u> </u>
	delivered to 48 youth	assistance, utility assistance	improved academic achievement and educational outcomes – tracked	Possible reduction in domestic violence and other criminal
1		& food assistance request	upon client's exit from project	activities amongst participants.
1	☐ Food assistance delivered	forms		man anning mittaniffat fren eigelemiten.
	to 30 youth	D Database report		
1	☐ Recreational activities & community center	☐ ` Sign-in sheets ☐ Intake and service request	☐ Clients report "stabilization" of their lives, improved decision-making	[
i J	resources and referrals	forms	skills and feeling a "sense of	1
,		1	community" and belonging.	1
1 V 200 W 2 W 2 W 2 W 2 W 2 W 2 W 2 W 2 W 2				
Evaluator's Recommendation				
☐ Continue use of dat	labase that tracks both programmati	c inputs and youth outcomes,		
□ Continue use of form	mer clients as volunteers to help wil	h screening process for new clients.		
		pation in both voluntary and mandatory act	n. Metale	
والمتحدد المتحدد				
		美国的 自身的最后的		
		Switcher of Jackson 1936 - Transcriptor or 1 to 500 Steams Country with their	AN THE COME AND A CONTRACTOR OF SERVICE AND A SERVICE OF THE CONTRACTOR OF THE SERVICE OF THE SE	<u> </u>

Girls' Inc.

Girls, Inc.	GIRLStart	\$48,500		Centra Oakl		
Agency	Project	2002-03 Fund		Distr	ricts	
Project Description: GIRLSta	art is a daily, after-school and summe	er literacy intervention program for "at-risk	" first and second g	raders, at Lockwood Eler	menta	ary School in East Oakland.
		Evaluation Find	ngs			
Objectives	Services - Service delivery exceeded projections	Data - Adequate to evaluate progress toward goals and objectives		- Short-term benefits	Со	mmunity Benefit - Likely.
Increase academic achievement and self- esteem for 10 "at risk" first & second grade girls	Provided after-school literacy/educational enrichment program at Lockwood Elementary School. (i.e. homework assistance. special art/literacy projects)	☐ Student/Parent/Teacher survey & interviews for 40% of participants	☐ GIRLStart im reading/acade	proved emic ability, and s confidence and self-	۵	It is likely the community benefits when teachers are supported in their classroom and when schools with low performance levels are provided with free academic support for students at-risk.
Improve reading skills for 95% of participants based on Lockwood's reading level benchmarks		Assessments and evaluation of student performance from participant's classroom teachers (using "Open Court" scoring) to establish a benchmark for each individual for participants	impact on par	uantifiable, a positive ticipants' attitude ol and learning is also	0	GIRLStart provides a safe place for participants to be after school and during the summer, while their parents are working.
Clients will have a more positive attitude towards school and learning			youth develop known to be o peer relations of community of the youth to	ivities are grounded in oment principals conducive to positive hips, the development , heightened abilities o take positive risks, of friendships and ict resolution.		GIRLStart provides an enriching environment for children from familles with low income that might night be able to afford such activities for their children.
Evaluator's Recommendation Collect standardized tes		hool necessary to document the Impact of	Its reading literacy i	ntervention		
	back from parents and teachers					
1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	[157] [C]。今许[174][C]。2005年[188][2005年[188][2005][2015	irticipants who receive their education in S	panish.			
and the second s	The second state of the second states at the contract that the second states at	ng on literacy skill instruction behavior ma	J. P. M. J. C. J. P. 1897. Phys. (247) 3550 (1998) 1277, 40. 2	velopment, best practice	្ត s and	other relevant topics).
1	lemic data on student performance f	化酸铁矿 建铁铁矿 化氯化铁矿 医眼球 医眼球 医电压性 "不是""不是这个话,我们就没有一样的人				

Grandparents & Relatives as Second Parents

East Elmhurst	icts	Community Benefit - Likely	National statistics suggest this form of kinship care is becoming commonplace & nearly 2.4 million (or more) grandparents in the United States are raising their children's children.	 ☐ May promote more stable and healthy families. 	☐ May reduce need for some social services for grandparents & the children they are raising.	 Children with stable family environment likely experience better educational outcomes. 	e ducational and personal	
Oaki	Districts titve caregivers.	Client Benefit - Short Term benefits	Clients report learning tools to better cope and receiving help unavailable elsewhere. Clients report the project contributes greatly to their ability to successfully parent their	96% of clients stated that GRP helped them to better understand their grandchild's behavior.	-	1 100% of cilents were satisfied with the overall services they received.	ly.remain with their grandparents?) What a	els the needs of all
\$74,118	Agency runding roles for grandparents and services for grandparents and other "skipped generation" relative caregivers.	iluate progress	Sign-in sheets Sign-in sheets Workshop evaluation form Support Group Schedule Upcoming events memo to participants Buddy System By-Laws memo to participants	1	Grant Results Report for Peer Support Program for Custodial Grandparents of At-Risk-Children (from the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation Website)	C) Focus group conducted by C) evaluator	Verse funding base. Ges (t.e. now long do children successfu	Continue to survey the grandparents meds for referrals to outside counseling and respite. Provide additional activities for older children. Continue to be responsive to clients and explore ways to create a support group environment that meets the needs of all.
Get	rruled s peer support and services for gran	Services - Services	derivated as proposed Derovided support group meetings, health education workshops, parenting education workshops, crisis and peer counseling		☐ Provided overnight respite activities		uator's Recommendations: ☐ Continue to focus resources on its plan to develop a more di ☐ Collect data that will document the long-term impact of servi	Continue to survey the grandparents needs for generals to o Provide additional activities for older children. Continue to be responsive to clients and explore ways to cre
Grandparents & Relatives as 2 nd Parents	Project Description: Provides	Objectives	Provide support services that empower 22 grandparents and relative caregivers with the tools to cope with the challenges and stress of parenting traumatized children or young relatives	85% of support group members will attend 75% of group meetings.	85% of support group members will receive four hours of health education 85% of support group members will receive four hours of parenting education.	85% of clients will rate supportive services as very helpful.	Evaluator's Recommendations: Continue to focus resoi Collect data that will do	Continue to be resp

Housing Rights, Inc.

Housir	Housing Rights, Inc.	Comprehensive Fair Housing Services		Citywide	ide
	Agency	Project	2002-03 Funding	ng Districts	cts
Proje with (ect Description: Hous children. The agency	sing Rights, fnc. provides housin / also educates Oakland resident	Project Description: Housing Rights, inc. provides housing counseling and investigates housing discrimi with children. The agency also educates Oakland residents about fair housing rights and responsibilities.	Project Description: Housing Rights, inc. provides housing counseling and investigates housing discrimination complaints from people with disabilities and families with children. The agency also educates Oakland residents about fair housing rights and responsibilities.	with disabilities and families
			Evaluation Findings	ngs	
ŏ	Objectives	Services - Delivered as	Data - Partially available to evaluate progress	Client Benefit - Unknown	Community Benefit - Likely
Provide invest comparing disability with c	Provide counseling and investigate discrimination complaints for people with disabilities and families with children.	☐ Provided housing counseling to 260 people	Detailed case files are maintained but were not made available for evaluator to review for verification	There was too little information to determine client benefit. Of the nine people interviewed by the evaluator, positive feedback was given about the services received.	☐ Education about enforcement of fair housing laws benefits the broader community
Provir educa rights	Provide community education on fair housing rights and responsibilities	☐ Investigated 21 fair housing cases, exceeding objective	☐ Client satisfaction data was sparse - only three clients filled out questionnaires	One client reports HRI helped him find a lawyer; another reported HRI helped obtain moving expenses from his landlord. One client asked HRI for help obtaining a Section 8 Certificate, but there were none; another testified to the benefits of the education on rent laws.	As landlords and tenant become knowledgeable about their rights and responsibilities, disputes are less likely to occur or erupt into legal action
		☐ Provided education and outreach as proposed	Evaluator contacted 9 people who gave positive feedback on the services they received, but this constitutes 4% of the clients counseled.		
	_	Conducted targeted outreach to schools as proposed			
Evalu	Evaluator's Recommendations:	•		aluator's Recommendations.	
•	Survey a minimum of 30	% of clients (those receiving counse	ling and complaint investigation) for their s	satisfaction with the services.	
	Seview response system set goals and standards	n to telephone calls, and set standar for documenting the knowledge to b	ds for returning calls and e-mails, measure e gained in workshops or counseling sess	Poerformance	
ם יים סייס	Obtain client permission let standards for rigor o	routingly to talk to independent eval of investigation to gather evidence in	luator fairhousing complaints and perform inter-	one many and for the formation of the fo	
· B					

International Institute of the East Bay

International Institute of the East Bay	st Bay Careoivers Job Training & I	& Placement \$32,000	West Oakland	akland
Agency		200;		lots
Project Description: Prov	ide English language classes ar	id childcare career development/job pl	Project Description: Provide English language classes and childcare career development/job placement and for immigrant and refugee women.	women.
		Evaluation Findings	ngs	
Objectives	Services - Services delivered as proposed	Data - Adequate to evaluate progress on goals and objectives	Client Benefit - Likely	Community Benefit - Likely
Provide job training/placement services & career development workshops (career & personal development for 16 low- income immigrant and refugee women.	D Provided 20 hours/week of vocational training (i.e. childcare, English language classes & professional development workshops)	 Client intake/case files Job placement records for past two years □ Attendance records 	Clients unanimously report increased childcare skills, learned skills that helped them adapt to a new culture, find employment and improved English.	Cl IIEB services may reduce the number of immigrants needing public assistance.
Improve clients' ability to function in a new culture, increase clients' English fanguage skills & help clients improve their self-esteem.	Provided job placements-Graduation had not yet occurred; therefore no job placement information was available at the time of this evaluation	English assessment test results	Other benefits are likely but not possible to quantify at this time (i.e. vocational training leading to increased employability and wage earning potential; emotional support from peers and teachers; improved English language skill; improved ability to function in a new culture and increased self-esteem).	C Project staff reports the community benefits from approximately 2,000 hours of donated labor provided by clients who work as interns at local childcare centers. The quality of childcare at these facilities may increase due to the presence of IIEB interns.
75% of clients will complete the project.		 Graduation records were unavailable at the time of the evaluation. However project is on track. 		■ May increase the number of immigrants who are able to function more comfortably and effectively in their new home.
Provide internship & Job referral.		Client satisfaction survey/focus group results from 100% of participants Internship evaluations Quarterly employment service summary Job placement Information was unavallable at the time of the evaluation		
Evaluator's Recommendations Though many of the pa actively explore the positive care). Compile and review intermed the classic knowledge their classic.	Though many of the participants have limited English lang actively explore the possibility of offering these new types (elder care). Compile and review internship placement evaluation data in knowledge their classroom learning in the workplace. Focus on securing new sources of funding training to acco.	anguage skills they expressed a desire for es. of career training that would lead to mo the state of the stat	uator's Recommendations Though many of the participants have illusted English language skills they expressed a desire for other types of career training with greater earning potential. Therefore, IIEB should actively explore the possibility of offering these new types of career training that would lead to more profitable careers. (i.e. hursing, cooking/baking, computer skills, janitorial skills, elder care). Compile and review internship placement evaluationidata in order clearly understand successful patierns of learning and to better assess how well their students are able to apply knowledge their classroom learning in the workplace.	ning potential. Therefore, IIEB should king, computer skills, janiforial skills, well their students are able to apply
Continue conductin	g Intake Interviews and English lan	llage assessments as a baseline for evalue	tion of client progress, convening focus gro	ps and surveying client satisfaction.

Lao Family Community Development

Districts Two and Five -Citywide	nicts aking and low-to moderate-income		Community Benefit – Established	☐ Housing and neighborhood stability through increased	homeownership					
	sistance to limited-English-s	sbu	Client Benefit – Established	☐ 17 Oakland residents purchased homes in Oakland this year.		☐ Six homeowners refinanced their homes.	☐ Six homeowners received help to avoid "predatory lending practices."	Clent satisfaction surveyed with large sample of clients, results of which were universally positive.		
ship Center \$100,000	prehensive homeownership education	Evaluation Findings	Data - Adequate to evaluate progress on goals and objectives	☐ Confirmation of home purchases by banks.	-	Records of workshop attendees.	☐ Number of outreach brochures distributes.		iluator's Recommendations: ☐ Continue aggressive marketing, and consider a wider variety of outrach strategies. ☐ Review and revise method of collecting client satisfaction data, to be less "mediated" by the project staff,	
nent Multilingual Homeownership Project	Project Description: The Center is new and provides comprel households in Oakland.		Services - All delivered beyond contractual obligations	 Outreach activities exceeded projections 	Home buying workshops were conducted and exceeded projected numbers of attendees (over 332 people attended as of March 2003)	Counseling on home buying to 112 people (exceeded projection of 50 people) was provided.	Clambre-approvals occurred for 31 people as of March 2003, exceeding projection of 20.	☐ Follow-up with client to the home purchase stage was done with 14 clients (exceeding projection of 8 clients).	uator's Recommendations: ☐ Continue aggressive marketing, and consider a wider variet ☐ Review and revise method of collecting client satisfaction de	
Lao Family Community Development Agency	Project Description: The Consenoids in Oakland.		Objectives	Homeownership for clients (mostly low- and moderate-		-			Evaluator's Recommendations: Confinue aggressive marketing Review and revise method of c	

Life Enrichment Agency

Depa	Department of Parks & Recreation	Tecl]		akland
Prolect	Agency 1 Description: Provide	Project Description: Provide elementary and middle school students	2002-03 Funding	ng Districts	icts
			ans with access to computers and compute	with access to computers and computer literacy tutoring/instruction at two Oakland Recreation Centers.	l Recreation Centers.
			Evaluation Findings	ngs	
o O	Objectives	Services - Partial, Delivered at 50% of sites.	Data - Partial. Data available for 50% of sites.	Client Benefit – Likely	Community Benefit - Likely.
Provide com tutoring and ten people es Oakland Dep Parks and Re Center sites.	Provide computer literacy tutoring and instruction to ten people each at two Oakland Department of Parks and Recreation Center sites.	☐ Served an average of 10 students per month at Poplar Recreation Center	☐ Sign-in sheets, client feedback & client interviews from Poplar Recreation Center.	☐ 50% of clients report they benefited from services, which met their needs and improved computer skills.	☐ Provides a safe, educational and wholesome after-school environment for its clients.
Install DeFren	Install a computer lab at DeFremery Recreation Center	Cl Served an average of 5 students per month at DeFremery Recreation Center	No data available from DeFremery Recreation Center at the time of this evaluation. Service delivery was delayed.	 50% of clients report staff is knowledgeable, respectful and that they would recommend the project to others. 	Other community benefits are possible to achieve but difficult to quantify. They include a reduction in violence, crime, delinquency, gang involvement,
	-	☐ Computer lab installation delayed due to need for infrastructure upgrade	O No data is currently available to assess whether this new project achieves its goals (i.e. academic enrichment, skill building, and improved self-esteem).		merring and drug use.
	=		Clients, parents & Interviews with	And the second s	
Evaluaț	ਠੁ	's Recommendations:			
J G		Determine potential infrastructure problems (i.e. expensive	nity's awareness of this project and increasive electrical re-wiring of older buildings) pr	s awareness of this project and increase enrollment (at minimum) to projected levels. electrical re-wiring of older buildings) prior to the allocation of resources to that site.	
	Revise goals and ot reflect that.	Jectives to suit each site cunique of	aracteristics. If the project is to function a	Revise goals and objectives to suit each site sunique characteristics. If the project is to function a "drop-in" service with individualized tutoring, the proposal should accurately	the proposal should accurately
ā :		ction of all project participants, their	Survey client satisfaction of all project participants, their parents and teachers throughout the project year,	Soct year.	
<u> </u>		Track academic performance, which will require closer colla conducted to help gauge the Impact of the project on the par	Track academic performance, which will require closer collaboration between project staff and teac conducted to help gauge the impact of the project on the participant's academic performance.	boration between project staff and teachers. Perhaps telephone interviews or informational meetings could be ticipant's academic performance.	mational meetings could be
<u> </u>		Administer pre and postities to measure acquisition of skill	skills. These tests should be administered	s. These tests should be administered at the beginning and end of each session.	・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・

Oakland Business Development Corporation – Small Business Lending

Oakland Business Development Corporation (OBDC)	nent Small Business Lending	Lending \$315,000		Cilvavido
Agency	Project	200		Districts
Project Description: OBD development in Oakland.	OBDC administers three loan programs desid.	designed for companies that lack access to	traditional capital markets, with an o	Ill goal of stimulating commercial
		Evaluation Findings	ings	
Objectives	Services - Likely to be delivered or exceeded	Data - Sufficient to evaluate this	Client Benefit - Established	Community Benefit -
Administer the NEDF loan	☐ 83% of NEDF loans	C Evaluator interviews with 12	Counseling regulating good loan	Established
program for short – term	processed several more	clients.		
long-term loans up to	□ 70% of Micro Loans	Client satisfaction survey of 10%	Clients surveyed agreed that OBDC	These are businesses that
\$60,000	processed but objective could be met.	of clients.	prompt, improved their business	would have difficulty attracting loans otherwise.
			SALIS.	
Administer Micro Loan program for short and	☐ EEC loan objective, loan	Case files for all loans reviewed by		☐ Eight low-Income jobs have
long- term loans up to \$10,000	provision of workshops likely not to be met due to		GDC.	been created.
	late authorization by City.		businesses.	
Assume responsibility for EEC Loan program	Marketing commercial loans to businesses exceeded objectives.	C) Records of marketing and community presentations kept and reviewed by evaluator.	☐ Vital business expansions, inclusion of technology, have occurred as a result of OBDC.	The technical assistance provided by OBDC has resulted in responsible business
	Exceeded objective to package and fund SBA loans. (28)	☐ Hours of counseling and technical assistance records reviewed.	☐ Safety conditions were addressed as a result of OBDC.	ducino no de la companya de la compa
Evaluator's Recommendations: Continue marketing for the	tions; for the EEC and perform analysis o	or's Recommendations. Continue marketing for the EEC and perform analysis of Industries and businesses offer greatest potential for business growth.	otential for business growth.	
Consider raising the	Consider raising the number of loans and lowering the amount for loans in the SBA prog	Consider raising the number of loans and lowering the amount for loans in the SBA program.		
	Be rate to client satisfantion survey	Ivalii Vioan applications received.		
. –				
3				
	STATE OF THE PARTY			

Oakland Small Business Growth Center

Cakland Small Business Grown Center	rowth Small Business Incubator	ncubator \$225,000	C. Property C. Company	, in the second
Agency	Project	200		and a second
Project Description: Thi assistance.	This Center provides assistance to smal		e space, entrepreneurlal training	other forms of technical
		Evaluation Findings	ngs	
Objectives	Services - Delivered as proposed		Client Benefit - Lıkely	Community Benefit - Short term benefit established
Enable small and growing businesses to become self-sustaining within two or three years.	0 0	Monthly progress reports documented seminar activities, technical assistance, marketing and advertising	Business owners interviewed report benefiting from OSBGC.	GSBDC fosters small business growth in Oakland with its concornitant economic and tax generation and increased employment
	on business practices Charles 87 hours of management and technical assistance to partners	Report of occupancy status on numbers and types of businesses at center	Two of the businesses 'graduated' from the Center to a larger space and are likely to continue to increase both revenue and employment over	☐ The Center's partners currently employ 137 people, an estimated 80% of whom are low income.
	Conducted marketing and advertising for small businesses in the program	☐ Interviews by evaluator of participants in seminars		☐ The Center's partners currently generate \$22.6 million in revenue.
	Sought additional grants and supportive services	Records of additional grant solicitations, resolution of rent arrearage paid by the City		
Evaluator's Recommendations: C Consider expanding set	ons: seminars to include areas where by		's Recommendations: Consider expanding semiliars to inclining prease whose briefingers and the prease whose briefingers are also prease whose	
	Quantify the Center's goals and objectives. Survey client satisfaction and develop an evaluation pla	Quantify the Center's goals and objectives. Survey client satisfaction and develop an evaluation plan to Include Interviews with client, past and present.	olanning, managing inventory and growth, budge present	idgeting and financing).
Develop a method	to document longer term status of bu	sinesses, to determine if they have become	Develop a method to document longer ferm status of businesses, to determine if they have become self-sustaining within two or three years as proposed by the Center	roposed by the Center.

Phase III Substance Abuse and Recovery Program

Phase III Agency	Substance Abuse & Recovery Program Project	covery Program	\$60,000 2002-03 Funding	West Oakland	akland
ition: Provide	Project Description: Provide residential, faith-based, substance abuse rehabilitation services in West Oakland	abuse rehabilitation	services in West Oaklar		
		Evalu	Evaluation Findings	ngs	
Objectives	Services - Services exceeded objectives	Data - Sufficient to evalue on goals and objectives	Sufficient to evaluate progress is and objectives.	Client Benefit - Short-term benefits established	Community Benefit – Likely
Assist 25 substance abusers and former substance abusers to overcome their abuse and reintegrate into the community.	☐ Provided residential treatment and support services for 25 clients.	Case files for 60 cilents Class sign-in sheets Referral forms Client evaluation forms	60 clients sheets on forms	☐ Clients remain clean & sober while residing in a supportive environment.	Long-term benefits to the community depend on the clients' ability to maintain sobriety and live productive lives after leaving Phase III.
80% of clients will rate services as effective or very effective.			Client interviews, opinion/feedback questionnaires	1 100% of clients report benefits (I.e. community, camaraderie, support, role models, empowerment activities and a "sense of hope")	May help to reduce drug addiction, crime and homelessness in West Oakland.
60% of the clients will graduate from the program and be working or full time students.		Graduation Programs & Graduation Certificates ce satisfactory completion of Phase III were not yet avail the time of this evaluation.	Graduation Programs & Graduation Certificates certifying satisfactory completion of the Phase III were not yet available at the time of this evaluation.	Staff reports that, after one year with Phase III, all client's have a three month exit plan and are either working or in school full-time.	 Provide a "referral hub" for community members in need of substance abuse information and services.
40% of clients will remain clean and sober for six months after completion of program.		O No substance abuse relaps or information documenting employment is avaitable for current or past clients at thi	No substance abuse relapse rates or information documenting employment is available for current or past clients at this time.		☐ Clients are encouraged to "give back" to the community as part of their recovery.
Evaluator's Recommendations:	's Recommendations: Collect and document outcomes for clients who have graduated from the program.	aduated from the pr	ogram,		
dule phone in flon and other substantial ad	Schedule phone interview at 6 and 12 months to see if former clients are still employed and/or in school and free from substance abus addiction and other long - term benefits for clients (i.e. better employment outcomes, improved family relationships, housing stability) With substantial additional funding Phase III could add staff (i.e., licensed in-house medical diagnostic and referral staff for clients. Im	ormer clients are still better employment o	l employed and/or in so utcomes, improved fan thouse medical diagnos	Schedule phone interview at 6 and 12 months to see if former clients are still employed and/or in school and free from substance abuse. This would confirm a reduction in drug addiction and other long - term benefits for clients (i.e. better amployment outcomes, improved family relationships, housing stability). With substantial additional funding Phase III could add staff (i.e., licensed in house medical diagnostic and referral staff for clients immediate modifications and staff for clients.	rould confirm a reduction in drug
re client sugg y, more meeti fresh food Inc	Explore client suggestions for program expansion inclu facility, more meetings and more staff/counselors for the more fresh food included in meals.	iding: additional spo e women, more job d	rts, physical exercise p levelopment services, n	Explore client suggestions for program expansion including; additional sports, physical exercise programs, additional N.A and A.A. meetings more meetings at the residential facility, more meetings and more stafficourselors for the women, more job development services, more field trips and recreational/social activities, more reading/academic tutoring, more fresh food included in meals.	more meetings at the residential les, more reading/academic tutoring,

Rebuilding Together

Rebuilding Together	Rebuilding Together/Christmas In April			Citywide
Agency fact Description: Heaviel	Project	2002-03 Funding	Ing	Districts
Ject Description: Use Vol	rioject Description: Use Volunteer resources to repair and renovate	vate low-income, eiderly/senior owner occu	low-income, eiderly/senior owner occupied homes and other nonprofit facilities in Oakland.	Jakland.
		Evaluation Findings	ings	
Objectives	Services -Service delivery was on target.	Data- Adequate to evaluate progress on goals and objectives.	Client Benefit - Likely	Community Benefit - Likely
Improve the safety, property retention & ability to remain in homes for low- income senior and disabled Oakland homeowners	Solicited sponsors, recruited volunteers, processed applications to homeowners and referral sources	□ Database report/assignment of resources documenting the total number clients impacted by the rehabilitation of the community agency sites □ List of 2002/03 sponsors □ List of 2002/03 sponsors □ Documentation of volunteers trainings - including date, number of volunteers and location Schedule of weekend work in April	Likely clients' homes will be safer & injuries will be prevented.	Likely will improve the appearance of neighborhoods & reduce blight.
Improve the appearance of neighborhoods and reduce blight	☐ Reviewed applications, previewed and selected homes, informed homes their status, trained house captains	☐ Before and after photos from previous years ☐ Rehabilitation data was not yet available for 2002-2003 due, as final workday had not yet occurred at the time of the evaluation.	☐ Likely clients will be able to retain their property.	
Provide rehabilitation work for 20 individual households and 3 community-based organizations	☐ Scheduled workdays for rehabilitation work for April	O No data is yet available to document clients' homes will be safer, injuries will be prevented & clients will be able to retain their property. However, anecdotal comments from last year's clients suggest safety is increased. □ Contact information for last year's clients suggest safety is increased.	Based on the fact that the service delivery is on track, and based on previous year's outcome data, there is every reason to believe that the clients of the 2002-03 services will benefit from the renovations and rehabilitation of their properties.	
		homeowners & 3 community based organizations).	ľ	
Evaluator's Recommendations: Document the outcomes of Collect data that will docum	s. of its physical improvement work: ument long-term increase in safety	Mriury prevention and the exact nature of u	luator's Recommendations: Document the outcomes of its physical improvement work Collect data that will document long-term increase in safetylinjury prevention and the exact nature of unsafe conditions corrected by the work	
who are actually able to continue to explore new	ge "In place" as a direct result of the ways to increase and diversify, fund	e services they receive. Ing by exploring new public, private and to	who are actually able to age "in place" as a direct result of the services they receive. Continue to explore new ways to increase and diversify, funding by exploring new public, private and foundation support that might allow for program expansion.	M expansion.

San Antonio Community Development Corporation

San Antonio District District	Breakdown es, and coordinate the community	Community Benefit –	Sidewalk sweeping program began late and was not sustained.	☐ No documentation for property development activities	☐ Tree planting programs appear to be underway and will likely improve the neighborhoods.			
	al assistance to local business	Client Benefit - Unknown	La Businesses interviewed believed that a program like SACDC is an important resource in the community, even if the help it provided to them was small	☐ Little progress has been made on property development objectives over the last three years	Cl Attendees at the Financial Resource Workshop were pleased	Client satisfaction survey was not implemented reliably	The project should shift resources away from properties that cannot be advanced. Squire strategies leading to resolution.	
horhood lization \$80,000 2002-03 Funding	a's attractiveness for investment, provide technic Evaluation Findings	Data - Partially available and sufficient to evaluate this project.	E-mails from Executive Director describing efforts and tracking implementation on all objectives			Documentation was delivered long after agreed-upon deadlines	's Recommendations: Property development activities need a sharper focus, and the project should shift resources away from p Both Miller Avenue housing development site and Library require strategies leading to resolution. Analyze reasons why the contract was delayed eight months. Focus the Technical Assistance program on business development issues.	
Small Business Neighborhood Commercial Revitalization Project	gthen the San Antonio – Fruitvale ares strict.	Services - Partially achieved and frampered by late contract	ø,	Property development activities were seriously hampered by the delay in receiving contract (8 months). However there are other significant barriers, (i.e., need for selsmic retrofit) to development	Conducted 17 of the proposed 20 preliminary assessments of needs for financing and TA by San Antonio area businesses Tree planting by 12 businesses	Technical assistance workshop on special topics related to small business growth held and attended by 14 businesses	r's Recommendations: Property development activities need a sharper focus, and the p Both Miller Avenue housing development site and Library requit Analyze reasons why the contract was delayed eight months. Focus the Technical Assistance program on business developm	
San Antonio Community Development Corporation Agency	Project Description: Strengthen development efforts in this district.	Objectives	Provide counseling to new businesses	Advance commercial development on three specific properties and serve as an information clearinghouse for the status of vacant or underutilized sites			Evaluator's Recommendations: Deporty development Both Miller Avenue hou Analyze reasons why the	

Sentinel Fair Housing

	Sentinel Fair Housing	Fair Housing Services		Citywide	ide
	Agency	Project	2002-03 Funding	ig Districts	icts
P. C	ject Description: SFH	Project Description: SFH provides comprehensive rental pro	roperty owner and tenant counseling.	perty owner and tenant counseling, mediation, and fair housing counseling and enforcement services in	and enforcement services in
Š O	Cakiano.				
			Evaluation Findings	ugs	
	Objectives	Services - Delivered as	Data - Sufficient to evaluate progress on coals and objectives	Client Benefit - Unknown	Community Benefit - Likely
Con inve	Conduct fair housing education, counseling and investigations in connection with rental, asies, mortgage lending and insurance discrimination complaints.	sed intake, counseling rvestigation of 58 laints (as of March	Monthly reports on education and outreach efforts	Insufficient data to determine this No records of dispute resolution agreements made available, or results of fair housing investigations	It is likely that both landlords and tenants become more knowledgeable about their rights and responsibilities and that disputes are less likely to occur
			☐ Detailed case files are maintained, but not available for evaluator to review	Gur client satisfaction questionnaires were collected from the clients receiving core services. This is less than 10% of the clients surveyed, too few draw any conclusions	() It is likely that habitability issues in rental units are remedied, and deterioration of multifamily housing stock halted
	_		Evaluator Interviews with clients	 □ SFH surveyed attendees of workshop 98% of whom rated SFH highly □ Individual clients interviewed believed the program and staff served them well 	☐ When a tenant is able to remain in an affordable apartment as a result of SFH services, the community goal for providing and retaining affordable housing supported
		☐ Provided 12 fair housing law training sessions and disseminated 1200 pieces of educational material	Cilont evaluations of three workshops	G & A Independent phone test calls revealed that telephone access to service is poor	
ુ ∰ □	Evaluator's Recommendations:	uator's Recommendations: Collect more client satisfaction data			
· 🗖 · 🗖	Review current responsi	e system to telephone inquires to ensing dispute resolution agreements in	ure that phone calls are returned.		
00	Set goals and standards Obtain client permission	for documenting knowledge to be ga for documenting knowledge to be ga	lied at workshops.	Set goals and standards for documenting knowledge to be gained at workshops. Obtain client bermission routinely to talk to independent available.	
. 🗆	Set standards for rigon o	investigations to gather sufficient e	vidence in fair housing complaints and per	Set standards for rigon of investigations to gather sufficient evidence in fair housing complaints and perform internal monitoring to see that they are met	riet.

PART I:

NARRATIVE REGARDING ANNUAL PERFORMANCE

Narrative A: Non-Housing Community Development

Resources used for economic development, public services and infrastructure activities included Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), Community Services Block Grant (CSBG), U.S. Department of Agriculture/Head Start, Economic Development Initiatives (EDI), HUD 108 Loan Guarantees, Job Training Partnership Act, State Gas Tax, State Library Grant, Local Tax Revenues and Oakland Redevelopment Agency.

1. Funds Made Available During Program Year

Federal Resources for Non-Housing Community Development Activities

PROGRAM

a. Community Development Block Grant

The City received \$10,043,000 in Community Development Block Grant funding, plus program income of \$1,987,193. In addition, \$479,250 in unused CDBG funds reallocated from prior grant years were used to augment the funds allocated for public service and economic development. The total funding received from all these sources is \$12,509,443.

b. Community Services Block Grant

The City received \$788,847 in CSBG funds to provide community service programs.

c. Head Start

The City's Office of Health and Human Services received \$14,121,285 to provide child care and tutorial programs.

d. Department of Agriculture/Healthy Start

The USDA provided \$366,060 to fund lunch programs for children in the Head Start program.

State Resources for Non-Housing Community Development Activities

PROGRAM

a. Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA)

This Federal grant provides Citywide information on job opportunities and job training provides support to Redevelopment Agency projects. The City received approximately \$7,961,776.

Local Resources for Non-Housing Community Development Activities

PROGRAM

a. General Fund

The City's general fund provides job placement services to Oakland residents. Job training agencies including those funded under JTPA and CDBG refer their clients to the "Hire Oakland" program for job placement. The Port of Oakland operates a similar program for its Port tenants.

The employment component of the City's Contracting and Employment Services placed Oakland residents on City construction contracts.

The Port of Oakland's Employment Resources Development Department (ERDP) placed unemployed and underemployed Oakland residents with Port tenants including positions with the International Longshoremen's & Warehousemen's Union.

b. Redevelopment and Private Investment

The City's primary redevelopment area, the Central District, represents a substantial public investment. Funds will be available to implement redevelopment. The investment will leverage additional associated private investments. Several construction projects have been completed or are underway.

COMMUNITY & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT CMTE

DEC 9 2003

2. Economic Development

Economic development activities are expected to result in jobs for residents of low-and moderate-income areas in Oakland.

Activities

(A) Business Development Program

The Business Development Program is a part of the City of Oakland's Community and Economic Development Agency, Economic Development Division. Business Development staff is responsible for implementing programs that retain and attract businesses and increase employment throughout the City of Oakland's Community Development Districts. Business Development staff accomplishes these goals by serving as the point of entry for prospective and existing businesses seeking capital, workforce, energy efficiency programs, training and technical assistance, business incentives and real estate products (site location assistance, environmental services, etc.) and permit streamlining. Business Development coordinates business retention, expansion and attraction efforts and oversees the development and implementation of Oakland's retail attraction strategy. A contract with the Oakland Commerce Corporation (OCC), a non-profit technical assistance provider, supplements staff resources, specifically with industrial business outreach and job retention. This contract is not funded using CDBG funds.

(B) Neighborhood Commercial Revitalization

The Neighborhood Commercial Revitalization (NCR) Program is a part of the City of Oakland's Community and Economic Development Agency, Economic Development Division. NCR staff is responsible for implementing programs to improve the physical and economic condition of targeted commercial corridors throughout the City of Oakland's Community Development Districts. NCR staff utilizes the framework of the National Trust for Historic Preservation's Main Street Program to develop revitalization strategies for neighborhood commercial districts. The multi-pronged Main Street approach focuses on Organization, Design, Promotion, Economic Restructuring and Cleanliness/Safety. The following activities are implemented by NCR staff based on the Main Street approach:

- Organization- staff works to organize property owners and merchants to address problems that adversely affect the viability of the commercial district and to coordinate the delivery of city services.
- Design- staff implements the Commercial Property Façade Improvement Program that
 offers architectural design assistance and matching grants to rehabilitate and improve the
 façade of commercial buildings. Urban design concept plans for pedestrian and
 streetscape improvements are developed to create business and pedestrian friendly
 environments along high trafficked corridors.
- Promotion- staff assists merchant associations to plan and implement events to promote shopping in NCR areas. NCR co-sponsors festivals, develops business directories and

- supports the City of Oakland's Shop Oakland campaign which promotes shopping in Oakland.
- Economic Restructuring- staff developed and maintains a database of economic conditions in NCR target areas. The database includes land uses, zoning, property ownership, list of businesses, retail sales and property taxes, vacant properties list, ½ and 1 mile demographic information, etc. This information is used to identify locations for perspective new businesses and development projects, business attractions, market analysis and to identify trends.
- Cleanliness and Safety- the relationship between the appearance of an area and public safety is emphasized by staff to merchant and community groups. Working with merchants associations and community organizations NCR staff coordinates cleanup events on commercial corridors. Staff also coordinates with Code Compliance to reduce the number of blighted properties with the Façade Improvement Program. Education and outreach are the principle activities of this initiative.

(C) One Stop Capital Shop (OSCS)

The OSCS is a multi-service center that provides personalized technical and financial assistance to small business owners to attract, retain and expand Oakland's economic base. This is accomplished by providing business skills training, technical support and financing to develop and implement successful business strategies to capture and multiply the benefits of Oakland's expanding local economy The mission is accomplished through operating an Entrepreneurial Skills Development, Technical Assistance, Business Financing, coordinating Service Delivery with other CEDA business service units, leveraging the City's limited resources by promoting the investment of public and private sector financial institutions, and coordinating service delivery with business service organizations in the private sector. OSCS administers several CDBG and HUD Section 108-funded loan programs and works in cooperation with the U.S. Small Business Administration, private lenders and technical assistance service providers to deliver its services.

(D) Oakland/Berkeley Recycling Market Development Zone (RMDZ)

The Oakland/Berkeley Recycling Market Development Zone (RMDZ) program offers a targeted loan fund and intensive technical and market development assistance to firms that use recycled materials in their production process. The RMDZ encompasses all of the industrial zoned land in Oakland and Berkeley, with Oakland accounting for 90% of the manufacturers in the Zone.

Economic Development Activities and Accomplishments

LOCATION			
	DESCRIPTION OF		
CEDA Area	ACTIVITY	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS
Business Development Bu	Business Development activities;	Assist 200 businesses to remain in	Assisted 409 businesses to remain in Oakland,
Citywide	provides management technical, referral, energy efficiency and	Oakland; retain 1,200 Jobs; attract 40 new businesses and create	retained 4,304 Jobs in Carland, attracted 22 new businesses and created 516 jobs, many of
	financial assistance to retain and	2,000 jobs.	which benefited low and moderate income
.ú ·	increase employment and		residents and neighborhoods.
ÖÖ	develops and implements Oakland's retail attraction		
str	strategy.		
National Development Council Tr	The National Development	Assist OSCS staff with	NDC has assisted staff as an integral advisory
<u>ŏ</u>	Council (NDC) is a national	approximately 4 projects when	resource with review and development of
Citywide co	consulting firm that provides	considering complex financing	complex financing structures for
te	technical assistance to eligible	structures	approximately 8 or more projects.
ne	neighborhood and small business		
ch	clients of the Community and		
五	Economic Agency. NDC is an		
ini	integral advisory resource to		
<u> </u>	CEDA's OSCS when considering		
03	complex financing structures for		
<u>H</u>	HUD-108 finances projects.		
Z	NDC will be an important advisor		
to	to OSCS and NCR when		
de	developing financing structures		
fo	for projects developed under N-		
P.	Prep.		

ACTIVITY NAME	and the second s		
LOCATION	DESCRIPTION OF		
CEDA Area	ACTIVITY	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS
Neighborhood Commercial	NCR staff works with businesses,	Complete 40 façade improvement	Completed 50 façade improvement projects;
Revitalization	property owners, community	projects; Provide assistance to 15	Provided assistance to 18 merchant
	groups in 15 NCR areas to	neighborhood merchant	associations, provided information to
Specific NCR Target Areas	improve the physical and	associations; Assist in the	approximately 200 small businesses a quarter;
	economic condition of the	establishment of 1 new BID;	Assisted in the establishment of the
	commercial district. The is	Assist in the renewal and	Lakeshore/Lakepark BID and the
	accomplished through the	reauthorization of the 4 existing	reauthorization of the Montclair and
	collection and analysis of baseline	BIDs; Monitor the implementation	Rockridge BIDs and facilitated the City
	economic data; organizing and	of 6 streetscape improvement	Council acceptance of the Fruitvale BID
	assisting merchant associations;	projects and Maintain baseline	annual report; Monitor implementation of five
	implementing the Commercial	economic data for 15 NCR areas.	streetscape improvement projects in East
	Property Façade Improvement		Oakland where more than \$18 million of
	Program; designing and		public funds are being invested and
	constructing streetscape		Maintained baseline data on 15 NCR areas.,
	improvement projects; assisting		
`	with the establishment of		
	Business Improvement Districts		
	(BIDs); developing business		
	directories and other materials to		
	promote shopping and to market		
	NCR areas as locations for new		
	businesses and investors		

CEDA Area CEDA Area	TO NOTATION OF		
	DESCRIPTION OF		
	ACTIVITY	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS
	NCR works with the East bay	Fruitvale Main Street:	<u>Fruitvale</u>
Street	Asian Local Development	Coordinate with NCR to complete	Completed 7 façade improvement projects,
Specific NCR Target Areas C	Corporation (EBALDC) and	8 façade projects; coordinate with	coordinated the painting of a mural on 35 th
	Spanish Speaking Unity Council	NCR to install public art in	Avenue, installed 8 new mosaic planters and
1)	(Unity Council) to coordinate	commercial districts; organize	facilitated the completion of designs for
<u>u</u>	revitalization activities in the	Annual Dia de Los Muertos and	decorative street banners; organized Cesar
Ξ	Eastlake and Fruitvale NCR areas.	Cesar Chavez festivals; update the	Chevez Day of Service and Learning Festival
ET.	Eastlake and Fruitvale are	Fruitvale business directory and	and 7th Annual Dia de los Muertos Festival
P	designated California Main Street	provide assistance to merchant	and provided organizational development
18	areas. Main Street utilizes a four	associations.	assistance to the Foothill-Fruitvale Merchants
	pronged approach to revitalize		Association.
0	older commercial districts	Eastlake Main Street:	<u>Eastlake</u>
ii.	including; Organization,	Conduct outreach activities to	Conducted outreach to merchants for Eastlake
<u>ai</u>	Promotion, Design and Economic	merchants for city sponsored	Streetscape project and Façade Improvement
<u> </u>	Restructuring. EBALDC and the	projects; coordinate 8 meetings of	Program; coordinated meetings of the Main
<u>n</u>	Unity Council coordinates with	the Eastlake Merchants	Street committees; coordinated with NCR on
	NCR staff to implement the	Association during contract term;	the completion of 4 façade improvement
fa	façade improvement program	coordinate meetings of Main	projects; facilitated merchant association
H	merchant organizing and public	Street committees; coordinate with	meetings and provided leadership training;
.I	improvement projects.	NCR to market façade	developed a multi- lingual business directory;
		improvement program and provide	coordinated with City staff and City Council
		translation services as needed;	office to resolve issues associated with
		coordinate with City staff and	problem properties and uses in Eastlake;
		property owners to resolve code	organized the 2002 Eastlake Unity Festival
		compliance issues; organize and	and assisted in organizing the East Bay
		implement 1 festival event in the	Festival.
		Eastlake district.	

CEDA Area OBDC is a primary referral for Corporation SUCS clients requesting loans of less than \$100,000. The funds being requested through their special provides SUCS clients requesting loans of less than \$100,000. The funds being requested through their special provide loan packaging assistance, and to offer one-on-one management and technical assistance in connection with revolving loan funds. One Stop Capital Shop Development and operation of a small Business Growth Development and operation of a small business Growth Center Center Tetention propean, the Small Business Growth Center One Stop Capital Shop SUCS provides owners of small SUCS provides owners owners SUCS provides owners owners SUCS provides owners SU		
ACTIVITY OBDC is a primary referral for OSCS clients requesting loans of less than \$100,000. The funds being requested through their application for contract provides OBDC to continue this type of lending, to provide loan packaging assistance, and to offer one-on-one management and technical assistance in connection with revolving loan funds. Development and operation of a small business, attraction and retention program, the Small Business Growth Center OSCS provides owners of small businesses and entrepreneurs in Oakland with training, resources and information to assist in the success of their small businesses. The OSCS also provides direct commercial business expansion, attraction and retention with the goal of creating jobs for Oakland residents. Businesses located in one of Oakland's three Enhanced Enterprise Communities (EEC) of West Oakland, East Oakland, and San Antonio/Fruitvale are also	OF	
OBDC is a primary referral for OSCS clients requesting loans of less than \$100,000. The funds being requested through their application for contract provides OBDC to continue this type of lending, to provide loan packaging assistance, and to offer one-on-one management and technical assistance in connection with revolving loan funds. Development and operation of a small business, attraction and retention program, the Small Business Growth Center OSCS provides owners of small businesses and entrepreneurs in Oakland with training, resources and information to assist in the success of their small businesses. The OSCS also provides direct commercial business expansion, attraction and retention with the goal of creating jobs for Oakland residents. Businesses located in one of Oakland, sthree Enhanced Enterprise Communities (EEC) of West Oakland, East Oakland, and San Antonio/Fruitvale are also	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS
being requested through their application for contract provides OBDC to continue this type of lending, to provide loan packaging assistance, and to offer one-on-one management and technical assistance in connection with revolving loan funds. Development and operation of a small business, attraction and retention program, the Small Business Growth Center OSCS provides owners of small businesses and entrepreneurs in Oakland with training, resources and information to assist in the success of their small businesses. The OSCS also provides direct commercial business expansion, attraction and retention with the goal of creating jobs for Oakland residents. Businesses located in one of Oakland's three Enhanced Enterprise Communities (EEC) of West Oakland, East Oakland, and San Antonio/Fruitvale are also	Provide 12 NEDF loans and 6 EEC Section 108 loans. Technical and referral assistance to eligible	Approved 2 and funded 1 EEC Section 108 loans. Approved 12 NEDF loans and funded 8 of them. Technical and referral assistance to
OBDC to continue this type of lending, to provide loan packaging assistance, and to offer one-on-one management and technical assistance in connection with revolving loan funds. Development and operation of a small business, attraction and retention program, the Small Business Growth Center OSCS provides owners of small businesses and entrepreneurs in Oakland with training, resources and information to assist in the success of their small businesses. The OSCS also provides direct commercial business expansion, attraction and retention with the goal of creating jobs for Oakland residents. Businesses located in one of Oakland's three Enhanced Enterprise Communities (EEC) of West Oakland, East Oakland, and San Antonio/Fruitvale are also	clients	eligible clients.
packaging assistance, and to offer one-on-one management and technical assistance in connection with revolving loan funds. Development and operation of a small business, attraction and retention program, the Small Business Growth Center OSCS provides owners of small businesses and entrepreneurs in Oakland with training, resources and information to assist in the success of their small businesses. The OSCS also provides direct commercial business expansion, attraction and retention with the goal of creating jobs for Oakland residents. Businesses located in one of Oakland's three Enhanced Enterprise Communities (EEC) of West Oakland, East Oakland, and San Antonio/Fruitvale are also	ype of	
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Development and operation of a small business, attraction and retention program, the Small Business Growth Center OSCS provides owners of small businesses and entrepreneurs in Oakland with training, resources and information to assist in the success of their small businesses. The OSCS also provides direct commercial business loans for the purpose of business expansion, attraction and retention with the goal of creating jobs for Oakland residents. Businesses located in one of Oakland's three Enhanced Enterprise Communities (EEC) of West Oakland, East Oakland, and San Antonio/Fruitvale are also	onnection S.	
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Business Growth Center OSCS provides owners of small businesses and entrepreneurs in Oakland with training, resources and information to assist in the success of their small businesses. The OSCS also provides direct commercial business loans for the purpose of business expansion, attraction and retention with the goal of creating jobs for Oakland residents. Businesses located in one of Oakland's three Enhanced Enterprise Communities (EEC) of West Oakland, East Oakland, and San Antonio/Fruitvale are also	operation of the City's small	and business services to micro-enterprise
OSCS provides owners of small businesses and entrepreneurs in Oakland with training, resources and information to assist in the success of their small businesses. The OSCS also provides direct commercial business expansion, attraction and retention with the goal of creating jobs for Oakland residents. Businesses located in one of Oakland's three Enhanced Enterprise Communities (EEC) of West Oakland, East Oakland, and San Antonio/Fruitvale are also	business incubator project.	businesses.
businesses and entrepreneurs in Oakland with training, resources and information to assist in the success of their small businesses. The OSCS also provides direct commercial business loans for the purpose of business expansion, attraction and retention with the goal of creating jobs for Oakland residents. Businesses located in one of Oakland's three Enhanced Enterprise Communities (EEC) of West Oakland, East Oakland, and San Antonio/Fruitvale are also	Intake assessment and technical	The OSCS has assisted over 1,200 clients.
Oakland with training, resources and information to assist in the success of their small businesses. The OSCS also provides direct commercial business loans for the purpose of business expansion, attraction and retention with the goal of creating jobs for Oakland residents. Businesses located in one of Oakland's three Enhanced Enterprise Communities (EEC) of West Oakland, East Oakland, and San Antomio/Fruitvale are also	assistance to 1,000 clients;	Approximately 600 individuals attended one
and information to assist in the success of their small businesses. The OSCS also provides direct commercial business loans for the purpose of business expansion, attraction and retention with the goal of creating jobs for Oakland residents. Businesses located in one of Oakland's three Enhanced Enterprise Communities (EEC) of West Oakland, East Oakland, and San Antonio/Fruitvale are also	workshop classes to over 600	or more of 25 different business skills
0 4-	individuals; fund loans up to \$3	development workshops and seminars offered
o ¥_	mm; increase employment	by business consultants and owners.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	opportunities and newly create 100 line line for low-to-moderate income	The FEC Revolving Loan Fund made \$2 7mm
<u> </u>	Oakland residents; oversight	in loans to businesses that created 77 jobs for
4 _	management of the Oakland	low-to-moderate income Oakland residents.
	Business Development	Staff provided oversight and management of
	Corporation, Small Business and	the Oakland Business Development
	Growth Center, Ultimate Staffing	Corporation, the Oakland Small Business
	of a Neighborhood Property	the National Development Council.
	Redevelopment Program (NPReP)	•
designated low interest business Neighbor financing programs Revirali	usiness Neighborhood Commercial Revitalization (NCR) unit	

ENHANCED ENTERPRISE COMMUNITY REVOLVING LOAN FUND (PROVISIONS FOR BUSINESS ASSISTANCE)

ACTVITY NAME	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	CATEGORY OF RESDIENTS	PROGRAM AND RESOURCES	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACCOMPLISHMENTS
New Oakland Cattle	EEC Funded	Benefit low-moderate		To assist applicant to	Provided working capital for
Company		income residents	HUD 108 EEC: \$375,000	expand business	livestock purchase (herd
			HUD EDI: \$150,000	operations.	expansion). Loan is fully
					approved but not yet funded.
United Market	EEC Funded	Benefit low-moderate		To assist applicant to	Loan fully approved but not yet
		income residents	HUD 108 EEC: \$145,000	expand business	disbursed.
			EEC EDI: \$105,000	operations.	
Upland Sports Group	EEC Funded	Benefit low-moderate		To assist applicant to	Approved and disbursed. Loan
		income residents	HUD 108 EEC: \$ 99,999	expand business	for professional level (racing)
				operations.	bicycle supply shop.
Nellie's Restaurant	EEC Funded	Benefit low-moderate		To provide funds to	Loan approved but not yet
	:	income residents	HUD 108 EEC: \$ 95,000	expand business.	funded.

3. Public Services and Infrastructure(Neighborhood Improvements)

(A) Public Services

In keeping with the goals established by the Oakland City Council and the Five-year Consolidated Plan Strategy, the City of Oakland allocated FY02-03 funding for public service activities to be carried out through 30 subrecipient agreements with 25 private, nonprofit agencies that serve low- and moderate-income persons in the seven Community Development Districts of Oakland. In addition, 7 City-administered programs were funded. The activities are in the categories identified in the Strategic Plan for Non-Housing Community Development Needs contained in the Consolidated Plan for July 1, 2000 to June 30, 2005. The number of programs by category are as follows:

Anti-Crime	4
Employment Training	2
Hunger Relief	2
Senior Services	7
Social Services	2
Substance Abuse Intervention and Prevention	2
Youth Services	13

One of the subrecipient agreements was not implemented during FY02-03. The agreement for Oakland ReLeaf/Urban Forestry Program (in the Youth Services category) has been delayed pending submission of required data by the subrecipient.

Because of staff reductions, two of the City administered activities were partially implemented during FY02-03.

- The Office of Parks and Recreation/Hip Hop Urban Dance Program is underway and has served 10 of 136 youth.
- The Office of Parks and Recreation/Technology Literacy Program is underway and has served 227 of 240 youth.

(B) Infrastructure (Neighborhood Improvements)

Consistent with the Five-year Strategy to meet the needs of low- and moderate-income Oakland residents, funds from the FY02-03 grant were allocated for 3 private, nonprofit agencies to assist with affordable housing development, design and construction of a community activity center, leasehold improvements for a health care center, capital improvements to a multi-service community center; and commercial façade and street improvements. In addition, renovations were done to two 2 City owned recreational facilities.

CDBG Infrastructure (Neighborhood Improvements) and Public Services (summary)

ACTIVITY NAME LOCATION CEDA Area	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	ONEYEARGOALS	ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS
		808 individuals	901 individuals
Famity Violence Law Center Laurel Jujitsu-American Judo & Jujitsu	Crisis counseling Support services		
Federation • Law Center for Families	Self-defense skills Anger management training		
	Outreach and education		
Employment Training	Employment training and placement	91 individuals	92 individuals
 International Institute of the East Bay Jobs for Homeless Consortium 			
Hunger Relief	Food purchase & distribution	64,369 individuals	87,497 individuals
* Alameda County Community Food Bank	•	`	
 CEDA Supplemental Hunger Program 			
Seniors	Case management	5,232 individuals	3,128 individuals
Aging, Health & Human Services/Senior	Information & referral		
Companion Program	Needs assessment		
 Alzheimer's Services of the East Bay 	Counseling & support services		
 Bay Area Community Services 	In-home companion services		
 Grandparents & Relatives as Second 	Legal services		
Parents	Day care		
 Legal Assistance for Seniors 	Outreach & education		
 Life Long Medical Care-Over 60 Health 	Medical & social services		
Center	Hot meals		
St. Mary's Center	Respite for caregivers		
Social Services	Computer training	3,935 individuals	2,148 individuals
East Bay Central American Refugee	Family support and assistance		
Library Services/Golden Gate Library			
Computer Lab	TO STORY THE PROPERTY OF THE P		
Substance Abuse	Residential and day treatment	90 individuals	87 individuals
realiny babies Project Phase II	Support services		
I most in	NCICITAIS		

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ACTIVITY NAME LOCATION CEDA Area	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F	ACCOMPLISHINENTS
	Work experience and career preparation Case management Tutoring and academic assistance Cultural and life enrichment Computer instruction Health care Tree planting and care Sports and fitness programming Housing search assistance Counseling and support services Recreational activities Safety monitoring	13,994 individuals	13,653 individuals
Neighborhood Improvements (Infrastructure) Friends of Peralta Hacienda Historical Park Park Recreation/Bushrod Recreation Center Basketball Court Lighting Parks & Recreation/Bushrod Recreation Center Storage Shed Spanish Speaking Citizens' Foundation Schuman-Liles Clinic	Community activity center design and construction Improvements to recreational centers Improvements to multi-service center Improvements to health center	5 Facilities	3 Facilities

* City Administration projects

Narrative B: Fair Housing

Summary of the Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing

The City of Oakland's Community and Economic Development Agency completed an Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing (AI) in 1997. (A revised AI is under development. Preparation of this update was deferred until 2000 Census data was available that would allow for an analysis of more recent demographic data than was available for the 1997 AI.) The following narrative is a summary of this analysis.

Oakland is a City with considerable ethnic and racial diversity. It is also a City with a large number of minority and low-income households that face particular problems securing decent housing, as do families with children and persons with disabilities. Patterns of racial clustering and segregation and readily identifiable, suggesting that discrimination continues to be a serious problem and an impediment to fair housing choice.

Information provided by fair housing organizations provides additional evidence of discrimination, as revealed in both individual complaints and systemic fair housing audits.

The most significant barrier to fair housing, however, is the lack of affordable housing. Because minorities are more likely than non-minorities to be low-income, the housing problems of low-income people are most acutely experienced by minority households. The lack of funding and suitable sites for the development of new affordable housing thus serves to limit fair housing choice.

Adding to the difficulty of providing affordable housing is a rising sentiment of opposition to the development of new assisted rental housing. This opposition, while based on fears of safety, traffic congestion, and reduced property values, is often based on misperceptions of the type of housing that is proposed any by stereotyped impressions of the characteristics of the households that will occupy the housing.

Discrimination in lending is also a problem, as revealed by the analysis of rates of mortgage loan approvals and denials reported in annual data collected under the Home Mortgage Disclosure Act.

To some extent, City zoning and land use practices may also act as a barrier to housing choice for some persons with disabilities.

Actions Taken to Overcome Impediments to Fair Housing

The narratives and table on the following pages summarize actions taken in the 2000-2001 program year to overcome impediments to fair housing. The table identifies impediments described in the AI and specific actions taken to remove those impediments.

Actions to Affirmatively Further Fair Housing

- 1. The City and Redevelopment Agency require that all projects that receive public assistance, whether funded with federal or non-federal funds, comply with the City's Affirmative Fair Marketing guidelines. A copy of these guidelines is included in each year's Consolidated Plan Action Plan.
- 2. In response to two complaints regarding discrimination against persons with disabilities and compliance with federal accessibility requirements, in 2000 the City and HUD entered into a Voluntary Compliance Agreement (VCA). During the 2002-03 program year, the City developed a plan for marketing accessible units to people with disabilities who require accessible features as part of the Voluntary Compliance Agreement (VCA). Input was received from the Oakland Mayor's Commission on Persons with Disabilities which includes representatives of local organizations serving people with disabilities, such as the Center for Independent Living and Community Resources for Independent Living. The City has received verbal approval from HUD for this plan.
- 3. Efforts to increase private lending activity in minority areas through community reinvestment efforts.

The City continues to be an active participant in efforts to ensure that lenders comply with their obligations under the Community Reinvestment Act. The City has a linked-banking ordinance that limits the City's banking business to lending institutions that are meeting community credit needs.

4. Efforts to improve housing conditions and housing opportunities within areas of minority concentration through the use of targeted investment of federal resources.

The City's lending programs for rehabilitation of owner-occupied housing are targeted to the seven Community Development Districts, which have the highest concentrations of minority households.

To provide greater housing opportunities for minorities, the City gives higher ranking to applications to develop new housing in areas with low concentrations of poverty, which are also areas with lower concentrations of minorities.

PESTONSIBLE ORGANIZATION PESCREPTION OF COMPULSIMENTS	IMPEDIMENT			
Promote greater awareness of need presentations, public education Reach and Education Reach	ACTION	DESCRIPTION OF		ACTUAL
using Housing of Affordable housing tours, proposition to the Siting of presentations, public education Reach and Education Reach and Education Recording of Northern Realinst Persons with housing services and housing for low-income persons with physical and mental disabilities disabilities Provide housing services and disabilities Recommended to the persons with physical and mental disabilities disabilities Provide information, referrals, counseling and/or accessible van rides to 250 people with disabilities	RESPONSIBLE ORGANIZATION	ACTIVITY	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACCOMPLISHMENTS
using presentations, public education for and benefits of affordable housing. It acach and Education In Organizations Sing Association of Northern Against Persons with housing services and housing rights counseling to persons with persons with physical and mental disabilities disabilities Provide information, referrals, counseling and/or accessible van rides to 250 people with disabilities	Community Opposition to the Siting of	Affordable housing tours,	Promote greater awareness of need	The City participated in a number
ng Organizations sing Association of Northern Against Persons with housing services and housing for housing, investigation and disabilities bendent Living Counseling Counseling Counseling Counseling Counseling and/or accessible van rides to 250 people with disabilities	Affordable Housing	presentations, public education	for and benefits of affordable	of activities designed to increase
ng Organizations sing Association of Northern Against Persons with housing services and housing-rights counseling to persons with physical and mental disabilities disabilities Provide housing services and housing for housing for housing for disabilities disabilities Provide information, referrals, counseling and/or accessible van rides to 250 people with disabilities	Community Outreach and Education		housing.	public awareness of the need for affordable housing and mublic
sing Association of Northern Against Persons with Provide housing services and housing-rights counseling to persons with physical and mental disabilities disabilities Provide information, referrals, counseling and/or accessible van rides to 250 people with disabilities				acceptance of new housing
Against Persons with housing services and housing services and housing-rights counseling to persons with physical and mental disabilities disabilities housing and/or accessible van rides to 250 people with disabilities	East Bay Housing Organizations			developments. The City provided
Against Persons with housing-rights counseling to housing-rights counseling to persons with physical and mental disabilities disabilities and mental disabilities disabilities hendent Living housing services and housing services and housing services and housing services and housing for housing for housing for disabilities disabilities disabilities housing services and housing for housing	Non-Profit Housing Association of Northern			assistance to East Bay Housing
Provide housing services and housing services and housing for low-income persons with persons with physical and mental disabilities disabilities Provide housing services and housing for low-income persons with persons with physical and mental disabilities Provide information, referrals, counseling and/or accessible van rides to 250 people with disabilities	California			Organizations for its annual Affordable Housing Week which
Provide housing services and housing for housing for housing-rights counseling to persons with physical and mental disabilities disabilities housing and or accessible van rides to 250 people with disabilities				included tours, presentations and
Provide housing services and housing for housing-rights counseling to persons with physical and mental disabilities disabilities Provide information, referrals, counseling and/or accessible van rides to 250 people with disabilities				similar activities.
housing-rights counseling to low-income persons with persons with physical and mental disabilities disabilities disabilities Provide information, referrals, counseling and/or accessible van rides to 250 people with disabilities	Discrimination Against Persons with	Provide housing services and	Facilitate access to housing for	Provided housing search
persons with physical and mental disabilities disabilities Provide information, referrals, counseling and/or accessible van rides to 250 people with disabilities	Disabilities	housing-rights counseling to	low-income persons with	counseling services were to 389
Provide information, referrals, counseling and/or accessible van rides to 250 people with disabilities		persons with physical and mental	disabilities	individuals. Provided information
Provide information, referrals, counseling and/or accessible van rides to 250 people with disabilities	Education, counseling, investigation and	disabilities		and referral sources to 325
counseling and/or accessible van rides to 250 people with disabilities	advocacy		Provide information, referrals,	individuals, 339 individuals made
pendent Living rides to 250 people with disabilities			counseling and/or accessible van	phone calls seeking advice. 359
	Center for Independent Living		rides to 250 people with disabilities	individuals were provided with
these individuals received technical assistance, and 145 were referred to legal services or housing advocacy organizations. 52 contacts were made to agencies informing them of CIL's services. 8 van or cab services were arranged. 19 media contacts were made; 18 public speaking engagements were made; and 1,346 flyers were distributed.	Housing Rights			discrimination counseling. 65 of
assistance, and 145 were referred to legal services or housing advocacy organizations. 52 contacts were made to agencies informing them of CIL's services. 8 van or cab services were arranged. 19 media contacts were made; 18 public speaking engagements were made; and 1,346 flyers were distributed.				these individuals received technical
legal services or housing advocacy organizations. 52 contacts were made to agencies informing them of CIL's services. 8 van or cab services were arranged. 19 media contacts were made; 18 public speaking engagements were made; and 1,346 flyers were distributed.				assistance, and 145 were referred to
organizations. 52 contacts were made to agencies informing them of CIL's services. 8 van or cab services were arranged. 19 media contacts were made; 18 public speaking engagements were made; and 1,346 flyers were distributed.				legal services or housing advocacy
made to agencies informing them of CIL's services. 8 van or cab services were arranged. 19 media contacts were made; 18 public speaking engagements were made; and 1,346 flyers were distributed.				organizations. 52 contacts were
of CIL's services. 8 van or cab services were arranged. 19 media confacts were made; 18 public speaking engagements were made; and 1,346 flyers were distributed.				made to agencies informing them
services were arranged. 19 media contacts were made; 18 public speaking engagements were made; and 1,346 flyers were distributed.				of CIL's services. 8 van or cab
contacts were made; 18 public speaking engagements were made; and 1,346 flyers were distributed.				services were arranged. 19 media
speaking engagements were made; and 1,346 flyers were distributed.				contacts were made; 18 public
and 1,346 flyers were distributed.				speaking engagements were made;
				and 1,346 flyers were distributed.

IMPEDIMENT ACTION RESPONSIBLE ORGANIZATION	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS
Discrimination in Rental Housing General Tenant Issues with Disparate Impact on Minorities	Provide free legal assistance with housing related problems	Tenant workshops, telephone and in-person counseling to 400 people, and information distribution	Held 22 tenant workshops. Counseled 607 individuals though the Low Income Eviction Project. Provided 95 individuals with legal
Counseling, education and advocacy East Bay Community Law Center			representation.
Discrimination Against Families with Children	Investigate cases of housing discrimination against families	Facilitate access to housing for families with children	Provided counseling to 395 households and legal assistance to
Education, counseling, investigation and advocacy	With Charles	420 information and referrals	housing referrals. Investigated 40 fair housing cases, of which 4 were
Housing Rights, Inc.		Investigate 30 tair nousing cases	referred to HUD of DFER. Distributed 9,342 information packets. Held 44 fair housing workshops.
Discrimination Against Protected Classes	Investigate, mediate and refer in cases of housing discrimination	Facilitate access to housing for low-income persons	Provided fair housing information and referrals to 2,789 people.
Education, counseling, investigation and advocacy		2,600 information and referrals	Held 34 community engagements and 12 law training workshops.
Sentinel Fair Housing		Investigate 65 fair housing cases	Conducted 10 Oakland housing discrimination tests. Distributed
		(A portion of the funding for this organization is supporting eviction prevention activities)	2,773 sets of educational materials.

IMPEDIMENT ACTION RESPONSIBLE ORGANIZATION	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS
Discriminatory Lending Practices Education, advocacy, legislation City of Oakland	Reduce incidence of "predatory lending practices" that have a disparate impact on minority households	Not specifically identified in Action Plan	Anti-predatory lending legislation was adopted by the City Council to prohibit predatory lending practices and prohibit the City from banking with firms engaged in predatory lending. The ordinance has been challenged in court; an appeal is pending.
Increase Access to Housing for Persons with Disabilities Education, marketing City of Oakland	Provide updated information to persons with disabilities about federally-assisted accessible units available in the City. The City intends to contract with a consulting firm that will develop a marketing plan	The City intends to contract with a consulting firm that will develop a marketing plan to: Identify and track accessible units developed or available in City-funded projects. Identify and inform prospective disability-related organizations and individuals of the availability of the units using a variety of media formats. Identify policies that subrecipients must follow to assure that accessible units are advertised and filled by qualified disabled occupants whenever possible.	The City received verbal approval from HUD on its affirmative marketing policies to be used by developers of assisted housing to reach persons with disabilities.

IMPEDIMENT ACTION RESPONSIBLE ORGANIZATION	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS
Increase Success Rates for Recipients of	Monitor trends affecting success	Track movements of Section 8	A softening of the rental market
Section 8 Rental Assistance	rates. Because the significant	recipients. Provide training and	has resulted in a significant
	majority of Section 8 participants	assistance in housing search	increase in success rates for
Outreach, education	are minorities, improving Section	techniques.	Section 8 recipients.
	8 success rates will expand		
Oakland Housing Authority	housing opportunities for		The City mapped the location of
	minority households.		all Section 8 vouchers –
			participants are using vouchers
			throughout all areas of the City
			that have rental housing stock.

Narrative C: Affordable Housing

This narrative describes actions taken to preserve, improve and expand the supply of affordable housing for low- and moderate-income households. It also includes information on actions undertaken to meet the needs of non-homeless persons needing supportive housing.

Information on actions to address homelessness may be found in Narrative D: Continuum of Care, and in the program-specific narrative for the Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG) program.

Additional information on assistance to homeless and non-homeless persons with AIDS may be found n the program-specific narrative for the Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS (HOPWA) program.

1. Funds Made Available

The following is a listing of new Federal grant funds that were made available to the City in FY 2003-2004, and how those funds were allocated among uses. Although these funds were allocated during the fiscal year, the commitments and expenditures that were made by the City included funds received and obligated in prior years.

A summary of *allocations* of housing funds made during the fiscal year for housing development and first-time homebuyer activities, using both Federal and non-Federal funds regardless of the year the funds were first made available, is included in Section F: Leveraging and Match. Section F also includes a listing of other funds (local government, private, and Federal funds made available to entities other than the City for housing activities) that were made available.

Detail on actual *commitments* and *expenditures* of Federal formula grant funds is contained in the IDIS system.

Listings of specific commitments made with HOME, Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG) funds and Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS (HOPWA) funds are included in the Program-Specific Narratives for each of those programs.

Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)

The City allocated \$5,620,250 in CDBG funds for housing activities, including housing rehabilitation programs, homeless programs and a number of housing services.

Rental Rehabilitation Program

A total of \$593,277 was received in program income (loan repayments) derived from loans made under the now-discontinued Federal Rental Rehabilitation Program. These funds were allocated to provide additional funding for the Home Maintenance and Improvement Program (HMIP) to provide loans for rehabilitation of owner-occupied homes.

CAPER Narrative, FY 2002-03 (Public Review Draft) Narrative C: Affordable Housing

<u>HOME</u>

The City received a total HOME grant of \$4,918,000. Funds were allocated to the following uses:

Housing Development	4,180,300
Administration/Monitoring	491,800
CHDO Operating Support	245,900
TOTAL	\$4,918,000

Emergency Shelter Grant (ESG)

The City received \$363,000 in Emergency Shelter Grant Funds, of which \$18,150 was used for program administration, and \$344,850 was used to provide grants to providers of emergency shelter and services.

Supportive Housing Program

The City received \$2,070,300 in Supportive Housing Program grants for its Homeless Relief Programs.

In addition, a total of \$3,213,671 was awarded through the HUD SuperNOFA process to other homeless assistance programs located in Oakland.

Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS (HOPWA)

The City received \$1,849,000 in funds under the Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) program. The City is the lead agency for the metropolitan area, and distributed funds to Alameda and Contra Costa counties based on the relative proportion of AIDS cases, as follows:

Alameda County	\$1,479,467
Contra Costa Count	\$469,842
Program Administration	\$19,600
TOTAL	\$1,969,000

2. Characteristics of Persons Assisted with Housing

Information on the racial and income characteristics of persons assisted with housing financed with Federal grant funds is contained in the Integrated Disbursement and Information System (IDIS), a centralized database system maintained by HUD.

Summary information contained in the table included at the end of this Section C includes persons assisted with HOME, CDBG, ESG, HOPWA and other federal funds, for projects and activities completed during the program year.

3. Geographic Distribution of Assistance

Maps showing the geographic distribution of first-time homebuyer, housing rehabilitation, and housing development activities funded with HOME and CDBG funds are included at the end of this section. Maps are also provided for activities assisted with ESG and HOPWA funds. The accomplishment tables in this section provide more specific information on the location of housing activities, regardless of whether Federal or non-Federal funds were used.

4. Efforts to Meet "Worst-Case Needs"

The City has undertaken efforts to assist persons with "worst-case needs." These include:

- Persons with disabilities;
- Households living in substandard housing;
- Low-income households paying more than 50% of income for rent; and
- Households that have been involuntarily displaced by public action.

For persons with disabilities, a principal focus of the City's housing efforts has been the expansion of the supply of affordable housing for persons with AIDS. The City has used HOME and Redevelopment Agency funds, in conjunction with funding from the Section 811 program, for new construction of such housing. Funding for new construction and rental assistance is also provide under the HOPWA program.

The City provides rehabilitation assistance for homeowners who are living in housing that is dilapidated or substandard. The City's code enforcement program is intended to encourage owners to bring their properties up to code. Continued violations of housing code requirements result in liens against the property, providing financial incentives for owners to complete the necessary work. In extreme cases, the City may order a property be closed and the tenants relocated. Under the City's Code Enforcement Relocation Ordinance, the City provides relocation assistance to these tenants and then places a lien against the substandard property for the cost of the relocation.

The City also seeks to expand assistance for low income persons with high cost burdens. City-assisted housing developments require that 10 percent of all units have rents equal to 30 percent of the monthly income of households at or below 35% of median income, in order to provide affordability to a broader range of low income persons, particularly those currently experiencing high cost burdens. The City also uses project-based and tenant-based rental assistance to assist extremely low income households. The City has worked closely with the Oakland Housing Authority (OHA) to expand the use of project-based Section 8. However, federal regulations prohibit the use of project-based Section 8 in census tracts with a poverty rate greater than 20

percent. This effectively excludes the majority of Oakland's rental housing stock. The City and OHA are continuing to seek ways to obtain waivers of this rule.

Affordable housing developments assisted by the City or the Redevelopment Agency require that preference be given to persons who have been displaced by public action.

5. Detailed Status of Housing Activities

The tables on the following pages provide detailed information on all housing activities undertaken by the City, regardless of whether they were financed with federal funds. Information on actions to prevent and reduce homelessness is contained separately in Section D.

CAPER Narrative, FY 2002-03 (Public Review Draft) Narrative C: Affordable Housing

ACTIVITY NAME LOCATION CEDA Area	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS
10211 Byron Elmhurst	Site acquisition of a lot for 50 future rental housing units and a church	Begin predevelopment	No activity on project due to issues in development partnership.
10900 Edes Ave.	Site acquisition of a lot for 20 future homeownership units	Complete acquisition	Acquisition completed. Obtained EPA grant for brownfield clean-up. Started predevelopment work.
1091 Calcot St. Fruitvale/San Antonio	Site acquisition of a lot for 73 future rental housing units	Complete acquisition	Developer withdrew application.
1173 28 th St. Eastlake/San Antonio/Chinatown	Site acquisition of a lot for 47 future live/work loft rental units and a 4,000 sqft. workshop	Complete acquisition	Developer withdrew application.
1574-90 7th St. Western Oakland	Site acquisition of a lot for 12 rental units or 7 town home units.	This project was not included on the Action Plan as it was not initiated until after the Plan was adopted.	Developer withdrew application.
160 14th St. Eastlake/San Antonio/Chinatown	See Madison Lofts.		
2001 Linden St. Western Oakland	Site acquisition of a lot for 8 future rental housing units	Begin predevelopment	Started predevelopment activities
2946 International Blvd. Fruitvale/San Antonio	See Native American Health Center.		
4862-4868 Calaveras Outside of Community Development Districts	Site acquisition of 2 lots for 65 future rental housing units	Begin predevelopment	Started predevelopment activities.
5825 Foothill Central East Oakland	See Foothill Town Homes.		

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ACTIVITY NAME LOCATION CEDA Area	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS
AACWA Homeownership Project Scattered Sites Multiple Areas	New construction of 9 homeownership units	Begin construction	Funding commitment cancelled in October 2002 because the developer was not able to secure all funding commitments within a one-year time frame, as required by the City Council resolution authorizing the project.
Casa Velasco [Casa de las Flores] 3430 Foothill Blvd.	Rehabilitation/preservation of 20 units of existing senior housing. Included minor enlargement with community space and garden.	This project was not included on the Action Plan as it was not initiated until after the Plan was adopted.	Currently under construction. Construction began in February 2003.
Chestnut Court HOPE VI – Ownership Chestnut St. at 24 th St. 32 nd at Martin Luther King Jr. Way 1114 14 th St. 1070 24 th St. 1431 Myrtle St.	New construction of 15 for-sale homes and 3 turnkeys (18 total)	Complete construction by June 2003, begin sales.	The number of units was reduced to 15. The 3 turnkey units (at 1431 Myrtle and 1070 24 th) were eliminated from the project. 14 of 15 units have been completed. Six of those units were sold to first time homebuyers making not more than 80%AMI.
Chestnut Court HOPE VI – Rental Chestnut St. at 24 th St. Western Oakland	New construction of 68 rental housing units of rental housing and redevelopment of 83 public housing units 24 1-bdrm units 41 2-bdrm units 63 3-bdrm units 7 4-bdrm units 6 5-bdrm units 6 5-bdrm units	Complete construction.	Construction and occupancy of Chestnut Court building (72 units). Linden Court building (79 units) will be completed and fully occupied in August, 2003.
Coliseum Gardens HOPE VI - Ownership Central East Oakland	Development of 33 for-sale homes	Issue RFP, select developer and secure financing	RFP issued and developer selected.

ACHVITY NAME LOCATION CEDA Area	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS
Coliseum Gardens HOPE VI - Rental 6745 Brentford St. and offsite Central East Oakland	178 public housing and 442 tax-credit rental units	Obtain HUD approval of Revitalization Plan	RFP issued and developer selected. Redevelopment agency and City have each committed \$1.5 million for Phase I of construction.
Drachma Rental 9 locations Western Oakland	Rehabilitation of 19 rental housing units	Complete rehabilitation	14 units completed, and 9 occupied. Remaining 5 units in final stage.
EBALDC – Homeplace Initiative Prescott Homeownership Program 1311 Campbell St., 1728 14 th St., 820 Peralta Western Oakland	New construction of 3 homeownership units 2 3-bdrm units 1 4-bdrm units	Negotiate and finalize DDA	EBALDC program will not go forward. Instead, Paul Wang Enterprises will develop 1311 Campbell St. site and 820 Peralta St. as 3 bedroom units. In addition, 1728 14th St. is the subject of a promising proposal for two live-work rental units affordable at 80% of median income, with Nick Pukatch, the owner of adjacent vacant lot, as developer.
Faith Housing Corner of 7 th St. and Campbell St. Western Oakland	Land assembly for 70 affordable housing units	Complete land assembly through the Site Acquisition Program	Fourth parcel acquired with Agency funds. Fifth and final parcel to be acquired with LISC loan.
Foothill Town Homes 5825 Foothill Central East Oakland	Site acquisition of a vacant bowling alley and 3 lots for 30 future townhouses for homeownership.	Complete acquisition	Acquisition completed. Predevelopment activities started.
Fruitvale Transit Village 3300-3400 E-12 th St. Fruitvale/San Antonio	Large transit-oriented mixed-use development 10 of 47 housing units to be affordable rental units 4 1-bdrm units 6 2-bdrm units 85,000 sq. ft. commercial 68,000 sq. ft. community center	Start construction of residential units	Construction 80% completed. Construction projected to be completed in October 2003.

ACTIVITY NAME LOCATION CEDA Area	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS
Habitat Fruitvale Avenue 2662 Fruitvale Ave. Fruitvale/San Antonio	New construction of 4 homeownership Units	4 units to be completed by September 30, 2003	Construction on schedule.
Horizon Townhouses – Ownership 9800, 9809-15 MacArthur Blvd.	18 new, affordable 3- and 4-bdrm horneownership townhouse units for families	Complete financing, start construction	Financing completed. Construction documents 90% complete. Project changed to construction of 14 units, rather than 18. Construction projected to start in September 2003.
International Boulevard Family Housing Initiative Phase II 6006 International Blvd. Central East Oakland	New construction of 24 rental housing units 5 1-bdrm units 6 2-bdrm units 11 3-bdrm units 2 4-bdrm units	Complete construction by Jan. 30, 2003	Construction will be completed by January 30, 2004.
Leola Terrace, Phase II 90th Ave. at MacArthur Blvd. Elmhurst	New construction of 4 single-family detached homeownership units Rehabilitation of 8 of the existing units	Begin construction by July 2002 Complete construction by December 2003	The owner/seller of the 4 parcels for the new units terminated the purchase agreement with the proposed affordable housing developer. The non-profit owner subsequently sold the parcels to another developer for market rate housing. Rehabilitation of 8 existing units.
Lake Merritt Apartments 1417 First Ave. Eastlake/San Antonio/Chinatown	Preservation of 55 existing rental units for low-income seniors. Affordability will be extended for 55 years, and the building renovated.	Submit TCAC Application July 2002 Close escrow and acquire property September 2002 Start renovations October 2002 Complete renovations May 2003	TCAC funds awarded August 2002. Escrow closed October 1, 2002. Renovations began late November; completed January 2003. Cost certification under review.
Madison Lofts 160 14 th St. Eastlake/San Antonio/Chinatown	Site acquisition of a lot for 76 future live/work loft rental units and ground floor retail space	Begin predevelopment	Started predevelopment activities.

ACTIVITY NAME LOCATION CEDA Area	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS
Mandela Gateway- Rental 1364 and 1420 7th St. Western Oakland	121 new units of low-income family housing and replacement of 46 dilapidated units at Westwood Gardens OHA and the developer BRIDGE are buying additional sites nearby to provide the 167 new family rental units Project also includes commercial space	Secure remainder of funding Complete construction documents	Acquisition of additional sites completed. Sites incorporated in this 167 unit project. All loans are closed. Construction started in Feb. 2003. (Project formerly known as Westwood Gardens.)
Martin Luther King Jr. Plaza Homeownership Project 5756 Martin Luther King Jr. Blvd. North Oakland	New construction of 11 3-bdrm homeownership units and a neighborhood park	Complete construction by September 2002	Construction completed in August 2002. Sales are projected to be completed in the fall and winter of 2003. Six units are to be affordable at 80% of median income and five units are to be affordable at 120% of median income.
Native American Health Center 2946 International Blvd. Fruitvale/San Antonio	Site acquisition of a lot for 54 future rental housing units and commercial space	Complete acquisition	Acquisition completed. Agency funding commitment for \$2,211,000 obtained. Predevelopment work started.
North Oakland Vacant Lot Program 3881 Martin Luther King Jr. Way 865 43 rd Street Western Oakland and North Oakland	New construction of 2 or 3 3-bdrm homeownership units	Although the developer received an allocation of City funding to develop three affordable homes, rapidly rising development costs have made the intended sales prices unattainable. At present, it is unclear whether the project will ever obtain the sufficient subsidy to proceed as planned	Project has been postponed indefinitely.
NCLT Homeownership Program Land Trust Model 3032 and 3102 Linden St Western Oakland	New Construction homeownership 4 units: 1-1br, 2-2br and 1-3br	This project was not included in the Action Plan.	Construction Complete.

ACTIVITY NAME LOCATION CEDA Area	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS
Northgate Apartments -Rental 2301 Northgate Ave. Western Oakland	New construction of 42 rental housing units 4 4-bdrm units 25 3-bdrm units	Apply for tax credits; if awarded, begin construction	Full financing achieved and construction begun.
Oak Park Apartments 2616 E16 th St. Fruitvale/San Antonio	Rehabilitation of an existing 56-unit apartment complex to reconfigure the building into 32 rental units 8 13-bdrn units 5 3-bdrn units 15 16-bdrn units 4 2-bdrn units 1 Manager's Unit	Start rehabilitation by December 2002	Rehabilitation work started. Construction of Phase I completed. Construction of Phase II projected to start in August 2003 and be completed in July 2004. Project changed to reconfigure existing complex in to 36 rental units, rather than 32.
Oakland Citywide Community Land Trust Ownership Citywide	Development of 40-50 units of new or substantially renovated low-income ownership housing to become part of a community land trust.	This project was not included on the Action Plan as it was not initiated until after the Plan was adopted.	Board of Trustees formed; development consultants hired; fiscal sponsor identified; \$250,000 contract for operating support from the Agency executed.
Oakland Housing Authority Homeownership Program 1430 8th St. 816 Center St. Western Oakland	New construction of 3 4-bdrm homeownership units	Negotiate and finalize DDA	No action taken on project because Oakland Housing Authority has withdrawn its interest. Developer Nick Pukatch is considering developing the sites, but his plans are contingent upon the acquisition of an adjacent privately owned corner site.
Palm Court 10 th St. at Union St. West Oakland	12 for-sale single-family detached housing units	Negotiate loan documents, begin construction	Loan documents under negotiation. Additional Redevelopment Agency action necessary due to uniqueness of developer's (Habitat for Humanity) financing model.

ACTIVITY NAME LOCATION CEDA Area	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS
Palm Villa (formerly MacArthur Park) MacArthur Blvd. between 90 th and 94 th Ave.	New construction of 78 single-family detached homeownership units 4 4-bdrm units 74 3-bdrm units	Complete construction and close on all phases by December 2002	Construction of Phase II completed. 19 units were sold to first time homebuyers. Construction of the 3 rd /final phase is anticipated to be completed in Dec. 2003.
Paul Wang Infill Project 1226 94th Ave. 1063 82nd Ave.	New construction of 3 homeownership units	Complete third unit	Third unit completed and sold.
Rental Housing Acquisition and Rehabilitation Program (R-HARP) Citywide	Assist developer and existing property owners to acquire and/or rehabilitate occupied 3- to 20-unit rental properties located throughout the City. Units to remain affordable for a minimum of 55 years. Rehabilitated units may become rentals or homeownership units	Assist in funding the acquisition and rehabilitation of 15-20 units in occupied rental properties Provide up to \$50,000 per affordable unit	The program was terminated because it was determined to be infeasible. Funds reallocated to Agency's 2002 NOFA affordable housing projects
Santana Apartments 2220 10 th Ave. Eastlake/San Antonio/Chinatown	Capital improvement of 30 existing rental units 6 studios 12 1-bdrm units 6 2-bdrm units 6 3-bdrm units services	Complete capital improvements by September 2002	Capital improvements completed.
Southlake Tower Apartments 1501 Alice St. Western Oakland	Preservation of 130 existing units of very affordable Section 8 senior housing at risk for conversion to market-rate.	Christian Church Homes (CCH), currently manages the property and will appoint the Board of the single-asset ownership entity that will be the final project owner.	CCH acquisition of property complete. City and Agency loans closed.

ACTIVITY NAME LOCATION CEDA Area	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS
Toler Heights New Housing Development (Black Phoenix Housing) 2475 and 2515 98 th Ave. 98 th Ave. at Stearns Ave.	New construction of 6 homeownership units	Construction to be completed by June 30, 2003	Predevelopment proceeding, including construction plans and financing.
UniDev-Workforce Housing Program Citywide	Study into potential for development of 250 or more units of workforce housing on publicly owned land, using minimal public subsidies.	This project was not included on the Action Plan as it was not initiated until after the Plan was adopted.	Funding for Agency contribution to feasibility study secured April 2001; conversations with potential partners underway and on-going.
Vacant Housing Acquisition & Rehabilitation Program (V-HARP)	Assist developers in the acquisition and rehabilitation of I- to 20-unit vacant and blighted residential properties located throughout the City	Assist in funding the acquisition and rehabilitation of 10 to 15 units in vacant blighted properties. Provide up to \$100,000 per affordable unit	1 project completed (1 unit). Program expanded to include vacant sites as well as vacant structures.
	Rehabilitated units may become rentals or homeownership units Units to remain affordable for 55 years if they become rentals and for 45 years if they become homeownership units		New marketing program being developed
Vacant Lot Infill Program (formerly Citizens Housing Scattered Sites) Various locations	New construction of 19-25 homeownership units	Negotiate comparable development scheme with new developer	Paul Wang Enterprises secured as developer for project of 23 scattered site homes. Basic points of DDA completed. One unit transferred to Paul Wang Enterprises and completed in November 2002. Unit was sold to and occupied by a family earning 80% of median income in March 2003.
Westwood Gardens Rental 1364 and 1420 7th St. Western Oakland	See Mandela Gateway.		

ACTIVITY NAME	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS
LOCATION CEDA Area			
Westwood Gardens HOPE VI -	New construction of 19 for-sale	Complete property acquisition	Acquisition complete. Financing and
Ownership	homes		permit approvals largely secured.
8th St. between Kirkham St. and		Begin homeownership counseling	
Center St.			
		Secure financing and permit	
Western Oakland		approvals	

Priority (H-b): Assistance to First Time Homebuyers

ACTIVITY NAME LOCATION CEDA Area	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS
Down Payment Assistance Program for Public Safety Officers and Oakland Unified School District Teachers	Assist first-time Oakland homebuyers employed by the Oakland Police Dept, Fire Services Agency, or OUSD teachers with deferred loans of up to \$10,000 (minimum of \$5,500).	Offer financial assistance to OUSD teachers and Oakland Police and Fire Services Employees to purchase homes.	3 loan applications were received and 3 were approved.
First-Time Homebuyers Mortgage Assistance Program (MAP) Citywide	Assist first-time homebuyers with deferred loans of up to \$50,000.	Offer financial assistance to 50 first-time homebuyers. Continue to offer 24 homebuyer-education classes per year to 900-1,000 potential first-time homebuyers.	64 loan applications were received; 62 were approved; and 2 were withdrawn. 22 homebuyer-education classes were offered.
Lower San Antonio Multilingual Homeownership Center Eastlake/San Antonio/Chinatown and Fruitvale/San Antonio	Assist first-time homebuyers with limited English skills to purchase homes.	Conduct first-time homebuyer workshops and provide on-going bilingual support in the home-buying process to 10-20 buyers.	1819 brochures regarding first-time homeownership were distributed; 358 people attended first-time homebuyers' workshops; and 124 people received individual counseling. 54 loans were preapproved for financing. 14 homes were purchased through the program, and 6 were refinanced. 7 first-time homebuyers received post-purchase

Priority (H-c): Housing Rehabilitation and Neighborhood Improvement

CEDA Area CEDA Area CEDA Program Emergency Repair Program 7 Community Development Districts and max	WHATELY TO NOTHING		
Er ffr ffr stricts an			
stricts	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS
	Emergency repair and rehabilitation financing (minimum loan of \$2,500	60 loan applications will be originated and 50 units will be rehabilitated	23 loan applications were received and 15 were approved. 35 housing units
	and maximum of \$7,500)		were rehabilitated.
Home Maintenance and Housing	Housing rehabilitation financing	60 Ioan applications will be originated	101 loan applications were received
Improvement Program (deferred	(deferred and amortized loans) of up to	and 50 units will be rehabilitated (note	and 36 were approved. 32 housing
\$40,000	\$40,000 for rehabilitation of 1- to 4-	that these units may not be the same as	units were rehabilitated.
7 Community Development Districts unit own	unit owner-occupied properties	for loans originated in this time period)	
Lead-Hazard Control Paint Exterior	Exterior house-painting grants for	New HUD regulations regarding	23 grant applications were received.
Program homeowners	wners	abatement of lead-based paint hazards	38 housing units were repainted. The
		have significantly increased the cost of	number of housing units repainted
7 Community Development Districts		painting homes. The goals for this	includes some applications from the
		program have been reduced	previous fiscal year.
		accordingly.	
		20 single-family detached units will be	
		repainted	
Minor Home Repair Program Grants to	Grants to seniors or disabled for minor	Repair 150 housing units	155 housing units were repaired.
home rel	home repairs. Administered by		
Citywide Alameda	Alameda County.		

Priority (H-d): Rental Assistance for Extremely Low Income Families

ACTIVITY NAME			
LOCATION			
CEDA Area	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS
Family Unification Section 8 Rental	Rental assistance to families and	The Oakland Housing Authority has	The Oakland Housing Authority
Assistance	individuals	instituted a program with CFPS to	welcomed sixteen new families into
		"graduate" families who have	the Family Unification Program.
		successfully reunified. This will	OHA had screened twenty-one, but
		allow more families to be served by	only sixteen were eligible to receive
		freeing up Family Unification	assistance.
		vouchers from the Authority's	
		allocation. 17 new families will be	
		served this year because of this policy	-
HOPE VI 1999 Section 8	Rental assistance for residents living	The Oakland Housing Authority will	The Oakland Housing Authority
	at 1999 HOPE VI sites	utilize existing Section 8 vouchers for	successfully relocated 38 families.
		residents living at Westwood Gardens	Sixteen of those families used
		whose units will be demolished and	existing Section 8 Housing Choice
		rebuilt as part of the 1999 HOPE VI	Vouchers to find units in the
		program	community. The balance transferred
			selected to occupy public housing
			units. The Ground Breaking
			Ceremony for the project was held
			May 28, 2003.
HOPE VI 2000 Section 8	Rental assistance for residents living	The Oakland Housing Authority will	The Oakland Housing Authority
	at 2000 HOPE VI sites	utilize existing Section 8 vouchers for	successfully relocated 74 families.
		residents living at Coliseum Gardens	Forty utilized the Section 8 Housing
		whose units will be demolished and	Choice Vouchers to find units in the
		rebuilt as part of the 2000 HOPE VI	community. The balance selected to
		program	transfer to occupy public housing
			units.

ACTIVITY NAME			
LOCATION			
CEDA Area	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS
Project-Based Rental Assistance	Rental assistance to families and	Project-based vouchers are funded	HUD decided not to grant blanket
	individuals	from the Authority's existing tenant-	waivers such as the one sought by the
		based allocation. The Authority is	Cakiana nousing Aumonity. Instead,
		nonprofits to receive a waiver from	specific projects. The Authority was
		HUD to allow the Authority to utilize	granted a waiver to project base 30
		project-based assistance in Oakland	units at its Mandela Gateway Project.
		1	The Authority is awaiting Board and
			HUD approval of its Project Based
			Voucher Advertising and Selection
			Criteria. Once approval has been
			granted, the Authority will release an
			RFP for 220 project-based units.
Section 8 Mainstream Program	Rental assistance for disabled	To lease all 75 vouchers and to apply	All 75 Mainstream Vouchers were
,	individuals and families	for any new allocations that become	leased. The Oakland Housing
		available	Authority did not apply for new
			funding because it did not meet the
			criteria based on relative need on the
Cootion & Dontol Assistance	Dental accistance to familiac and	Icens 300 new vonchers received	The Oakland Housing Authority has
Program	individuals	from HUD in July 2001	met its goal and issued 300 new
			vouchers to families off the waiting
			list.
Shelter Plus Care Rental Assistance	Rental assistance to families and	The Oakland Housing Authority will	The Oakland Housing Authority and
	individuals	work with Alameda County to apply	Alameda have received continued
		for new funding if available for	funding for the Shelter Plus Care
		Shelter Plus Care	Program. As a result, approximately
			/ 2 Iaimies nave been noused.

Priority (H-e): Housing for Seniors and Other Persons with Special Needs

ACTIVITY NAME LOCATION CEDA Area	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS
1109 Oak St. Downtown	See Oak Street Terrace		
3829 Martin Luther King, Jr. Way Western Oakland	Site acquisition of a lot for 50 units of senior housing with community space on the ground floor.	This project was not included on the Action Plan as it was not initiated until after the Plan was adopted.	Started predevelopment activities.
Access Improvement Program 7 Community Development Districts	Grants for accessibility modifications to 1- to 4-unit properties where owners or tenants have disabilities	Originate grant applications for 12 units Complete rehabilitation work on 10 units	15 grant applications were received and 11 applications were approved. 11 units were rehabilitated.
Armistice Powell Terrace 9507 Edes Ave. Elmhurst	New construction of 28 rental units	Project on hold due to issues of project density and zoning	Multi-family rental project will not be pursued. Instead, a single family development has been approved by CEDA.
Downs United Methodist Church Senior Housing 1027 62 nd St. North Oakland	New construction of 17 rental units 16 1-bdrm units 1 2-bdrm unit 1,815 sq. ft. of community space, supportive and community services	Begin construction March 2002 Complete construction November 2003	Project completed April 2003 and occupied May 2003.

September 29, 2002 HOME-18

ACTIVITY NAME LOCATION			
CEDA Area	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS
Eastmont Court 6850 Foothill Blvd.	19 units of housing for households with a disabled member	Begin construction by March 30, 2003	Development budget gap discovered Fall 2002 when bids from General
Central East Oakland			Contractors were received. Developer applied for additional funding from a
			variety of sources. Received
			Bank (Affordable Housing Program)
			December 2002, HOPWA from
			City HOME funds June 3, 2003.
			Development gap closed by June 2003.
ECHO Home Equity Conversion	Counseling and advocacy for City of	Provide information and referrals,	Provided information and referral
Frogram	Oakland senior homeowners regarding all home-equity plans	conduct group presentations to seniors citywide and counseling to 35 seniors	service to 145 seniors and counseled 41. Made 11 presentations, which
Citywide		interested in home equity conversions	were attended by 116 people.
			Discribilitied 376 information ofocialities. Disseminated 7 press releases/public
			service announcements.
Foothill and 68th St. Housing	See Eastmont Court		

ACTIVITY NAME			
LOCATION			
CEDA Area	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS
Housing Opportunities for Persons With AIDS (HOPWA)	Housing and continued services for individuals and families of individuals	Assist approximately 1,576 persons and/or families with HIV/AIDS shelter.	Assisted approximately 1,340 individuals and families with
Alameda County & Contra Costa	living with HIV/AIDS	transitional housing and permanent	HIV/AIDS shelter, transitional housing
County	Acquisitions of housing units	housing	and permanent housing.
	New construction	Maintain capacity of existing housing	Acquired existing 7-bedroom licensed
	of 7 units of permanent housing for	and support services, including the	service-enriched emergency housing
	persons with HIVAIDS	acquisition of existing licensed service- enriched emergency housing facilities	Began development of 6 set-aside
	Additional units to be announced	for persons with AIDS	HIV/AIDS living units in non-
		Develop additional set-aside of 35	HIV/AIDS targeted housing facilities
		HIV/AIDS living units in non-	and/or sites.
		HIV/AIDS situations	Began construction of 41 projects in
		Begin construction June 2002	Alameda County.
		Reserve funds for technical assistance	Completed construction of a 24-unit
		and address emerging issues	and a 17-unit permanent multi-family
		Continue Project Independence	rental housing in Alameda County.
		(shallow rent subsidy program)	Acquired property for New East
			Oakland Shelter site in Alameda
			County (20 HIV/AIDS dedicated
			units).
			10 units developed and opened in Contra Costa County
Martin Luther King/MacArthur	Site acquisition of a lot for 50 units of	This project was not included on the	Started predevelopment activities.
BART Senior Housing	senior housing with community space	Action Plan as it was not initiated until	
Western Oakland	on the ground floor.	anci ilic rian was auopicu.	
North Oakland Senior Homes	New construction of 65 rental housing	Complete construction by July 2003	Construction completed. Rent-up
(North Oakland Missionary Baptist	units for seniors		started.
Church Semor Housing) 3255 San Pablo Ave.	64 1-bdrm umts 1 2-bdrm umit		
Western Oakland			

ACTIVITY NAME LOCATION CEDA Area	DESCRIPTION OF ACTIVITY	ONE YEAR GOALS	ACTUAL ACCOMPLISHMENTS
Oak Street Terrace 1109 Oak St. Downtown	Site acquisition of a lot for 39 future senior rental housing units	Begin predevelopment	Development received NOFA funding and all other funding commitments. Agency and developer negotiating loan documents. The Building Permit review is in progress.
Percy Abram, Jr. Senior Apartments 6400 San Pablo Ave.	New construction of 46 units 45 1-bdrm senior units 1 2-bdrm manager unit Adjacent to existing Sister Thea Bournan Manor and will include	Complete plans and apply for building permit by June 2003.	Plans are partially completed (less than 50%), but no permits have been acquired. (Project formerly known as Sister Thea Bowman Manor II.)
VOLIN COALUM	community space, social services, staff services coordinator and entry plaza between the buildings		
Sister Thea Bowman Manor II 6400 San Pabio Ave. North Oakland	See Percy Abram, Jr. Senior Apartments		

Households Assisted with Housing Using Federal Funds

Priority Need Category	Households
Renters	
0 – 30% of MFI	13
31 – 50% of MFI	35
51 – 80% of MFI	0
TOTAL	48
Owners	
0 – 30% of MFI	18
31 – 50% of MFI	13
51 – 80% of MFI	5
TOTAL	36
Homeless*	
Single Individuals	0
Families	188
TOTAL	188
Non-Homeless Special Needs	0
TOTAL	0
TOTAL Housing	272
Total 215 Housing	272

See following pages for definitions of "Section 215" Housing.

Racial/Ethnic Breakdown	Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Total Racial/Ethnic
Single Race	5	253	258
White	2	23	25
Black/African American	3	199	202
Asian	0	29	29
American Indian/Alaskan Native	0	2	2
Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander	0	0	0
Multi-Race	4	18	22
American Indian/Alaskan Native & White	0	0	0
Asian & White	0	0	0
Black/African American & White	0	0	0
American Indian/Alaskan Native & Black/African American	0	0	0
Other Multi-Racial	4	18	22

Assisted households must meet all 3 of the following conditions:

- 1. Construction/rehabilitation work was completed and the unit was occupied; or A first-time homebuyer moved into a housing unit; or Rental assistance was provided for an existing housing unit.
- 2. The assistance must have resulted in a unit meeting Housing Quality Standards. Minor repairs (exterior paint, etc.) are not included. Emergency shelter is not included.
- 3. Only activities that were assisted with Federal Funds (HOME, CDBG, HOPWA, etc.) are included. Housing assisted with non-Federal funds, such as Oakland Redevelopment Agency funding, are not included pursuant to HUD instructions.

CAPER Narrative, FY 2002-03 (Public Review Draft)

October 24, 2003 Narrative C: Affordable Housing C-1

Income, Rent and Sales Price Limits for Housing Meeting Section 215 Guidelines as Affordable Housing

Owner-occupied housing must be occupied by households with incomes less than eighty percent of median income, with values less than shown on the following schedule.

Renter-occupied housing must be occupied by households with incomes less than sixty percent of median income, with rents less than shown on the following schedule.

Income Limits

(For Units First Occupied from July 1, 2002 - April 10, 2003)

Income	Household	l Size						
Level	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more
0-30%	\$15,650	\$17,900	\$20,100	\$22,350	\$24,150	\$25,950	\$27,700	\$29,500
31-50%	\$26,100	\$29,800	\$33,550	\$37,250	\$40,250	\$43,200	\$46,200	\$49,150
51-80%	\$40,600	\$46,400	\$52,200	\$58,000	\$62,650	\$67,300	\$67,300	\$76,550

(For Units First Occupied from April 11, 2003 – June 30, 2003)

Income	Household	l Size						
Level	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more
0-30%	\$16,800	\$19,200	\$21,650	\$24,050	\$25,950	\$27,850	\$29,800	\$31,700
31-50%	\$28,050	\$32,050	\$36,050	\$40,050	\$43,250	\$46,450	\$49,650	\$52,850
51-80%	\$44,850	\$51,250	\$57,650	\$64,100	\$69,200	\$74,350	\$79,450	\$84,600

Maximum Rents (\$), including tenant-paid utilities (at time of initial occupancy):

Unit Size	Effective 7/1/02	Effective 4/11/03
SRO	614	668
O BR	819	891
1 BR	888	956
2 BR	1,068	1,149
3 BR	1,224	1,320
4 BR	1,346	1,453
5 BR	1,467	1,584

Maximum Sale Price/Appraised Value

Units occupied or rehabilitated from July 1, 2002 - December 31, 2002:

\$261,609

Units occupied or rehabilitated from January 1, 2003 - June 30, 2003:

\$280,749

Housing and Homelessness Goals and Accomplishments

	5-Year Plan (2000-2005) Goal To	.2005) To Date	FY 2002 - 03 Goal Ac	2 - 03 Actual
Priority A: Preservation/Expansion of Supply of Affordable Housing Rental Housing New Constr and Substantial Rehab: Units Built Rental Housing New Constr and Substantial Rehab: Underway	400	106 641	11	38
	100-200 30-60	119 195 -	96 -	- 1
3 6 3 5	All units n/a	- 191 75 - 307	30 83	160
Priority B: Assistance to First-Time Homebuyers Mortgage and Downpayment Assistance	600 assisted	175	20	65
Housing Counseling Mortgage Credit Certificates	Prepare residents Contingent on Fed Appr.	<u>-</u> 75	- S	32
Priority C: Housing Rehabilitation and Neighborhood Improvement				
Owner-Occupied Housing Rehabilitation: Units Completed Owner-Occupied Housing Rehabilitation: Units Underway	009	123 21	50	32
Rental Housing Renabilitation: Units Completed Rental Housing Rehabilitation: Units Underway Paint Programs for Owner-Occupied Housing: Units Completed	350	- - 243	- 20	38
Paint Programs for Owner-Occupied Housing: Units Underway Minor and Emergency Home Repairs: Units Completed	1,200	731	200	190
Priority D: Rental Assistance to Extremely Low Income Families Tenant Based Rental Assistance	1000 new	1,008	300	300
Project Based Kental Assistance	n/a	ရှ	1	•

	5-Year Plan (2000-2005) Goal To	1-2005) To Date	FY 2002 - 03 Goal Ac	12 - 03 Actual
Priority E: Prevention and Reduction of Homelessness				
Outreach and Information Referral				
Homeless Mobile Outreach Program	10,000 people	5,518	2,000	5,000
Health Care for Homeless	15,000 people	1,742	3,000	•
Other Outreach Services	15,000 people	286	3,000	286
Information and Referral Services	15,000 people	1,340	3,000	1,340
Emergency Shetters and Services				
Existing Year-Round Emergency Shelter System	10500 People	26,971	2,100	6,039
Winter Shelter	59605 people	21,967	11,921	5,945
Emergency Shelter Hotel/Motel Voucher Program	2,000 people	4,257	400	1,973
Transitional Housing				
Existing Transitional Housing Facilities	440 families	501	137	137
Transitional Housing Jobs Campus at Oakland Army Base	Build jobs campus for 50 people	•	11-19	•
Supportive Services Program	900 units supp. Housing	763	150-170	523
Homeless Prevention				
Rental Assistance	430 individuals/families	906	98	131
Eviction Prevention	350 individuals/families	363	20	1
Legal Assistance	3,505 cases	3,463	200	1,440
Housing Counseling	3,300 cases	4,781	670	1,992
Tenant Education Program	275 cases	200	09	
Linked HIV/AIDS				
Service-Rich Housing for PLWAa and Families	55 people	51	-	20
Services and Referral	1,500 people	2,185	300	1,340
Permanent Housing	46 units of housing	138	ත —	40
Priority F: Housing For Seniors and Persons with Disabilities				
Housing Development: Thite Built	150	97E		Ca
Loughing Development: Only Dail.	200	727	•	70
Access Mile Veneral Index Ornalated	R	<u>†</u> 2	ç	
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Priority G: CarEHousing				
Receipt Information, and Counseling to Residents		!		į
Septimes septimes	n/a	2,147	ŧ	1,073
CReferrat, Information, and Counseling to Residents	n/a	9,619	•	2,776
Referred Information, and Counseling to Families w/Children	n/a	1,138	•	713
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