# REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF OAKLAND AGENDA REPORT

2008 JUN 26 PM 7: 42

OFFICE OF

THE CITY CLERM

AND

To: Office of the City/Agency Administrator
Attn: Deborah Edgerly
From: Community and Economic Development Agency
Date: July 8, 2008

Re: An Agency Resolution Adopting a Five Year Implementation Plan For The Central City East Redevelopment Project For 2008 To 2013,

A Resolution Authorizing A One-Year Extension Of The Project Area Committee For The Central City East Redevelopment Project To July 29, 2009

#### SUMMARY

Redevelopment staff are requesting two actions with this item:

- 1. Redevelopment Agency approval of a resolution adopting the Five-Year Implementation Plan for 2008-2013 for the Central City East (CCE) redevelopment project; and
- 2. City Council approval of a resolution authorizing a one-year extension of the Project Area Committee (PAC) for the CCE project.

Adoption of the attached Agency Resolution is necessary to satisfy a state redevelopment law requirement that a redevelopment agency adopt implementation plans for each redevelopment project area every five years.

The adoption of the Council Resolution is necessary to address the status of the PAC, which under Redevelopment Law will expire on July 29, 2008, unless extended by City Council.

#### FISCAL IMPACT

The FY 2008-2013 projected budget for the CCE redevelopment project area is as follows:

Plan	Fiscal	Gross Tax	Housing Set	Bond	Administrative	AB 1290	Net Tax				
Year	Year	Increment	Aside	Debt	Costs	(Tax Sharing)	Increment				
1	2008-09	\$28,18 <mark>4,15</mark> 3	\$7,046,039	\$5,582,568	\$3,100,000	\$5,636,831	\$6,818,715				
2	2009-10	\$32,975,459	\$8,243,865	\$5,128,228	\$3,224,000	\$6,595,092	\$9,784,274				
3	2010-11	\$39,707,146	\$9,926,786	\$5,122,572	\$3,353,000	\$7,941,429	\$13,363,359				
4	2011-12	\$47,068,802	\$11,767,200	\$5,123,758	\$3,487,000	\$9,413,760	\$17,277,084				
5	2012-13	\$54,721,614	\$13,680,404	\$5,121,52 <u>3</u>	\$3,627,000	\$10,944,323	\$21,348,364				
Total		\$202,657,174	\$50,664,294	\$26,078,649	\$16,791,000	\$40,531,435	\$68,591,796				

Anticipated Tax Increment

The proposed expenditures for FY 2008-09 Implementation Plan are consistent with the most recent (2007-08) Statement of Indebtedness which is based on County estimates of assessed

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values. The assumed rates of revenue growth and projections for future fiscal years for the project area are based upon a percentage growth in total assessed value of all taxable properties within the redevelopment area, over a 2008 assessed valuation.

There will be no adverse impact on the General Fund or to the funds of the Redevelopment Agency. The resolution only adopts the Five-Year Implementation Plan. No allocation or reallocation of funds is involved.

The City Resolution for the PAC extension is an administrative item that does not carry a fiscal impact on the General Fund. Operating expenses for the Central City East PAC will continue to be covered by Central City East Operations Fund (9540), Central City East Development Organizational (88699), Central City East Repayment Agreement Project (S233310). The expenses include meeting room expenses, meeting material, mailings and other administrative costs. Budgeted dollars for these costs are \$5,000 annually. The actual expenditures for the Central City East PAC meetings and administration have been approximately \$3,500 annually.

#### BACKGROUND

In January 1994, Assembly Bill 1290 (Isenberg) came into effect, dramatically changing redevelopment law in California. Among such changes was a requirement for redevelopment project areas created after January 1, 1995 to produce implementation plans at their creation and every five years thereafter over the life of the redevelopment plan.

The law requires that the content of the implementation plan include:

1. Specific goals and objectives of the Agency for the project area over the next five years;

2. Specific programs, including potential projects and estimated expenditures;

3. An explanation of how these goals, objectives, programs, and expenditures will eliminate blight; and

4. An explanation of how these goals, objectives, programs, and expenditures will fulfill redevelopment law low- and moderate-income housing requirements.

On March 12, 2002, the City Council approved Resolution No. 77006 C.M.S., which called for the formation of a Project Area Committee (PAC) and adopted procedures for the formation of a PAC. The City Council, on June 11, 2002, approved Resolution No. 77190 C.M.S., which certified the membership of the PAC. According to Redevelopment Law, a Project Area Committee maintains its advisory role throughout the period of preparation of the

Item: \_\_\_\_\_ CED Committee July 8, 2008 Redevelopment Plan and for a three-year period after the adoption of the Redevelopment Plan, subject to one-year extensions by the legislative body.

On July 29, 2003, the Central City East Redevelopment Plan was adopted and the Central City East Project Area was created. The first five-year Implementation Plan for Central City East was simultaneously adopted. The PAC has been renewed in previous years, and the current date of expiration for the PAC is July 29, 2008; the first Implementation Plan's five year period is nearing expiration on the same date, and the second Implementation Plan has been drafted.

Agency staff spent several months working with the PAC and outside consultants on the second Implementation Plan. The PAC has reviewed and recommended approval of the Implementation Plan for the Central City East area. In addition to the Implementation Plan, the PAC has been meeting monthly for the last five years and has actively worked on the development of projects and programs for the CCE Project Area. The PAC made several recommendations to Council regarding projects and programs that aligned with the first five-year Implementation Plan's goals and objectives.

Redevelopment law also provides for periodic public review of the five-year implementation plan, as a means to evaluate the progress of the redevelopment project. A public hearing on the implementation plan must be held no earlier than two years and no later than three years after the plan's adoption. Depending upon the adoption date of the Central City East Five-Year Implementation Plan, public hearings must be held between July 2010 and July 2011 for input on potential modifications. The PAC will continue to advise staff and the City Council regarding any potential amendments to the Implementation Plan during the public review process.

# **KEY ISSUES AND IMPACTS**

Extending the PAC for an additional year will allow continued community participation in the decision-making processes regarding how Central City East programs and projects are implemented in the Central City East Redevelopment Project Area. The PAC has shown its ongoing commitment to working with the Redevelopment Agency over the course of the past five years. It is increasingly important to have the PAC's input on how Central City East programs and projects are implemented as additional funds are allocated to the area to revitalize the Central City East Project Area.

The new Implementation Plan, the 2008 - 2013 CCE Implementation Plan (Exhibit A of the Agency Resolution) is based on the estimated increment as provided by the 2007-2008 Statement of Indebtedness (Attachment A of this report). The Statement of Indebtedness is based upon Alameda County supplied numbers regarding the percentage of growth in total assessed value of all taxable properties within the CCE redevelopment area, over a 2008 assessed valuation.

Item: CED Committee July 8, 2008 Future years' increment is based upon a formula that conservatively estimates the growth in the total assessed value of the properties. The future years' numbers submitted in the Implementation Plan are therefore estimates. For future fiscal years, specific projects and funding allocations will be made through the Redevelopment Agency's standard budget process in 2009, for FY 2009-11, and again in 2011, for FY 2011-13.

The following key changes were made to the second five-year Implementation Plan that were not in the first five-year Implementation Plan.

- 1. <u>Funding Category Changes and Additions</u>: The second Implementation Plan has a total of nine (9) funding categories; the first Implementation Plan had eight.
  - The first new addition is a Contingency Fund, created to provide financial support for existing projects or programs that were under-funded only; the funds are not to be directed toward any new projects or programs.
  - A Project Planning category was added to, created to provide funding for the hiring of outside consultants to assist in the production of physical and strategic plans for the project area.
  - A Commercial Security/Crime Prevention Program was created to provide funding with the goal to reduce crime, as well as maintain existing businesses and attract new businesses to the commercial corridors within the project area.
  - The Façade Improvement Program category has been renamed the Façade and Tenant Improvement Program.
  - The Infrastructure Improvements Program and Community Facilities Program categories were combined to form an Infrastructure Improvements and Community Facilities Program category.
- 2. <u>Allocation by percentages</u>: The first five-year Implementation Plan allocated the nonhousing-related funding in a specific amount per each fiscal year. The second Implementation Plan has changed the mechanism, and will disperse the funds based on percentages, similar to how housing-related funds are allocated. This allows for a more flexible system in the allocation of actual increment funds than the first Implementation Plan, which allocated funds based on projections.
- 3. <u>Additions to streetscape projects</u>: Funding was allocated via the Infrastructure Improvements and Community Facilities Program category to provide additional funding to some of the existing streetscape projects spelled out in the first five-year Implementation Plan. The additional funding will be utilized to bridge funding gaps, as well as augment or extend the projects.

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In addition, per California redevelopment law, the CCE Implementation Plan contains a detailed housing component addressing the Agency's housing responsibilities. The housing component contains information regarding housing requirements for the project area, including a complete description of: 1) applicable housing production requirements; 2) applicable provisions regarding the Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund; 3) housing goals and objectives of the implementation plan; 4) estimated Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund revenues and expenditures; 5) anticipated housing program activities; and 6) allocation of housing funds over the previous implementation period.

#### SUSTAINABLE OPPORTUNITIES

*Economic:* The extension of the PAC will have no direct economic impact, but will have a strong indirect influence. The adoption of the Implementation Plan will have a direct economic benefit to the CCE redevelopment area, as the plan outlines how tax increment funds will be used to support various business growth and retention projects and programs, capital improvement projects, housing programs, and operations and maintenance projects, which sustain the economic viability of the project area.

*Environmental:* Extension of the PAC will have no direct environmental impact to the area. The Agency will make an effort to ensure that any development projects completed as part of the Implementation Plan will adhere to the City's sustainable development guidelines, which include criteria for green building technologies, site selection and reparation, water, energy, indoor environmental quality and human factors, materials selection with recycled content or health considerations, and waste and recycling procedures.

*Social Equity:* The extension of the PAC will allow for continued representation of community interests. Social equity is also ensured through active public involvement in the various projects and programs budgeted within the Implementation Plan, delineation of affordable housing set-aside funds for each of the project areas, and sponsorship of public art. In addition, developers of redevelopment projects will, in some cases, be subject to the Agency's employment and contracting programs including local construction employment, local and small local business participation goals, and living wage.

#### DISABILITY AND SENIOR CITIZEN ACCESS

Any projects and programs implemented in the project area will be required to comply with applicable City, state, and federal disabled access requirements. Any new construction that occurs on the properties in the project area will also be required to comply with applicable City, state, and federal disabled access requirements. CEDA Building Services will address such standards during plan check and building inspection.

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#### ACTION REQUESTED OF THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY/CITY COUNCIL

It is recommended that the City Council approve the attached City resolution extending the Central City East Project Area Committee to July 29, 2009; and that the Redevelopment Agency approve the attached Agency resolution adopting the 2008-2013 Implementation Plan for the Central City East Project.

Respectfully submitted,

Dan Lindheim Director Community and Economic Development Agency

Reviewed by: Gregory Hunter, Deputy Director of Economic Development and Redevelopment Larry Gallegos, Central City East Manager, Redevelopment Division

Prepared by: Kimani Rogers, Urban Economic Analyst II Redevelopment Division

# APPROVED AND FORWARDED TO COMMUNITY AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE:

Office of the City/Agency Administrator

Attachment A: Central City East Statement of Indebtedness

Item: \_\_\_\_\_ CED Committee July 8, 2008

#### OAKLAND REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY Statement of Indebtedness

Attachment A

Filed For The Tax Year:

Name of Project Area: Central City East

2007-08

Name of Preparer: Theresa Navarro-Lopez

Based on FY 2006-09 Budget and analysis from 2003 Central City East Preliminary Plan.

			Low-Moderate Ho	ousing Set-Aside	AB 1290			De	bt (from 2nd pa	ige)	City	Estimated	Estimated
Plan	Fiscal Year	Estimated Tax Increment	Mandatory 20%	Voluntary 5%	Pass-Through	School Set-Aside	ERAF Shift	Principal	Interest	Tatel	Repayment	Total Debt	Net Tax Increment
year	Teal	morement	wandatory 20%	Voluntary 5%	Pass-mough	Set-Aside			Interest	Total	from Budget		
5	2007-08	23,486,794	4,697,359	1,174,340	4,697,359			0	1,587,806	1.587,806		12,156,864	11,329,930
6 .	2008-09	28,184,153	5,636,831	1,174,340	5,636,831		···	1,510,000	4,072,568	5,582,568	3.1.2	18,265,437	9,918,716
7	2009-10	32,975,459	6,595,092	1,403,200 1,648,773 c	~ 6,595,092 <sup></sup>	1 4 5 5 3x		1,125,000	4,003,228	5,128,228		19,967,185	13,008,274
8	2010-11:	39,707,146	7,941,429	1,985,357	7,941,429			1,180.000	3,942,572	5,122,572		22,990,788	16,716,358
9	2011-12	47,068,802	9,413,760	2,353,440	9,413,760			1,245,000	3,878,758	5,123,758	2	26,304,719	20,764,083
10 -	2012-13	54,721,614	10,944,323	2,736,081	10,944,323		9 - <sup>1</sup> 3	.1,310,000	3,811,523	5,121,523	•	29,746,250	24,975,364
11	2013-14	62,570,395	12,514,079	3,128,520	13,832,674			1,380,000	3,740,736	5,120,736		34,596,009	27,974,386
12	2014-15	70,233,444	14,046,689	3,511,672	16,652,676		<b>_</b>	1,450,000	3,666,265	5,116,265		39,327,302	30,906,142
13	2015-16	78,416,333	15,683,267	3,920,817	19,663,980	ļ		1,525,000	3,587,978	5,112,978		44,381,040	34,035,293
14	2016-17	86,756,054	17,351,211	4,337,803	22,732,997			1,610,000	3,505,480	5,115,480		49,537,490	37,218,564
15	2017-18	95,592,065	19,118,413	4,779,603	25,984,649	<u>}</u>		1,690,000	3,418,641	5,108,641		54,991,305	40,600,760
16 17	2018-19 2019-20	104,194,530 112,378,100	20,838,906 22,475,620	5,209,726 5,618,905	29,150,356 32,161,910	1		1,780,000	3,324,889 3,223,562	5,104,889 5,103,562		60,303,877 65,359,996	43,890,653
18	2019-20	117,997,005	23,599,401	5,899,850	34,229,667		<u> </u>	1,985,000	3,116,559	5,103,562		68,830,477	49,166,528
19	2020-21	122,716,885	24,543,377	6,135,844	35,966,582		<u></u>	2,095,000	3,003,604	5,098,604		71,744,408	50,972,477
20	2022-23	127,625,560	25,525,112	6,381,278	37,772,975			2,210,000	2,884,421	5,094,421		74,773,786	52,851,775
21	2023-24	131,454,327	26,290,865	6,572,716	39,181,961			2,330,000	2,758,731	5,088,731		77,134,274	54,320,054
22	2024-25	135,397,957	27,079,591	6,769,898	40,633,217	1		2,460,000	2,626,119	5,086,119		79,568,826	55,829,131
23	2025-26	138,782,906	27,756,581	6,939,145	41,878,878	1		2,595,000	2,486,172	5,081,172		81,655,776	57,127,130
24	2026-27	142,252,479	28,450,496	7,112,624	43,155,681			2,740,000	2,338,472	5,078,472		83,797,273	58,455,206
25	2027-28	145,808,791	29,161,758	7,290,440	44,464,404			2,895,000	2,182,467	5,077,467		85,994,069	59,814,722
26	2028-29	149,454,010	29,890,802	7,472,701	45,805,845			3,055,000	2,017,742	5,072,742		88,242,089	61,211,922
27	2029-30	153,190,361	30,638,072	7,659,518	47,180,822	•		3,220,000	1,844,018	5,064,018		90,542,430	62,647,931
28	2030-31	157,020,120	31,404,024	7,851,006	48,590,173		<u> </u>	3,400,000	1,660,744	5,060,744		92,905,946	64,114,173
29	2031-32	160,945,623	32,189,125	8,047,281	50,034,758	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	3,590,000	1,467,225	5,057,225		95,328,389	65,617,234
30	2032-33	164,969,263	32,993,853	8,248,463	51,966,105			3,785,000	1,263,048	5,048,048		98,256,470	66,712,794
31	2033-34	169,093,495	33,818,699	8,454,675	57,148,443	<u> </u>	<b>↓</b>	3,995,000	1.047,659	5,042,659		104,464,476	64,629,019
32	2034-35 2035-36	<u>173,320,832</u> 177,653,853	34,664,166 35,530,771	8,666,042 8,882,693	59,177,565 61,257,415	ļ	<u> </u>	4,220,000	820,227 591,323	5,040,227 5,046,323	}	107,548,000	65,772,832 66,936,652
34	2035-30	182,095,199	36,419,040	9,104,760	63,389,261	<u></u>	<u> </u>	4,455,000	362,375	5,037,375	<u>├</u>	113,950,436	68,144,763
35	2037-38	186,647,579	37,329,516	9,332,379	65,574,404	+		4,910,000	122,750	5,032,750		117,269,048	69,378,531
36	2038-39	191,313,769	38,262,754	9,565,688	67,814,174	1		0	0	0,002,100		115,642,617	75,671,152
37	2039-40	196,096,613	39,219,323	9,804,831	70,109,940			0	0	0		119,134,093	76,962,520
38	2040-41	200,999,028	40,199,806	10,049,951	72,463,099	1	<u> </u>	0	0	0		122,712,856	78,286,172
39	2041-42	206,024,004	41,204,801	10,301,200	74,875,087	1		0	ō	0		126,381,088	79,642,916
40	2042-43	211,174,604	42,234,921	10,558,730	77,347,375			0	0	0		130,141,026	81,033,578
41	2043-44	216,453,969	43,290,794	10,822,698	79,881,471			0	0	0		133,994,963	82,459,006
42	2044-45	221,865,319	44,373,064	11,093,266	82,478,918			0	0	0		137,945,248	83,920,071
43	2045-46	227,411,951	45,482,390	11,370,598	85,141,302			0	0	0	L	141,994,290	85,417,661
44	2046-47	233,097,250	46,619,450	11,654,863	87,870,246	l	<b> </b>	0	0	0		146,144,558	86,952,692
45	2047-48	264,767,475	52,953,495	13,238,374	103,071,954	<u> </u>		0	0	0	ll	169,263,822	95,503,653
Ļ,	Total	5,741,915,118	1,148,383,024	287,095,756	1,873,869,755	0	0	76,300,000	78,357,663	154,657,663	0	3,464,006,198	2,277,908,920

#### OAKLAND REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

Statement of Indebtedness

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Filed For The Tax Year: 2007-08

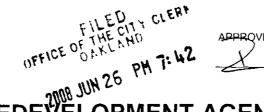
Name of Project Area: Central City East 
 Name of Preparer:
 Theresa Navarro-Lopez

 ,Based on FY 2006-09 Budget and analysis from 2003 Central City East Preliminary Plan.

			Low-Moderate H	ousing Set-Aside	AB 1290			De	bt (from 2nd pa	ige)	City	Estimated	Estimated
Plan year	Fiscal Year	Estimated Tax Increment	Mandatory 20%	Voluntary 5%	Pass-Through	School Set-Aside	ERAF Shift	Principal	Interest	Total	Repayment		Net Tax Increment
		······································	······································				<u></u>						
5	2007-08	23,486,794	4,697,359	1,174,340	4,697,359			0				12,156,864	11,329,930
				1,409,208									
71 221	2009-102	22 32,975,459	6,595,092	1,648,773	6,595,092			1,125,000	228	5,128,228		19,967,185	
8392				1,985,357									
9				2:353,440									
				2;736,081	5 10,944,323		T.S. L. Part A			5,121,523	24421 102		24,975,364
11	2013-14	62,570,395	12,514,079	3,128,520	13,832,674	L	L	1,380,000	3,740,736	5,120,736		34,596,009	27,974,386
12	2014-15	70,233,444	14,046,689	3,511,672	16,652,676		· · ·	1,450,000	3,666,265	5,116,265		39,327,302	30,906,142
13	2015-16	78,416,333	15,683,267	3,920,817	19,663,980			1,525,000	3,587,978	5,112,978		44,381,040	34,035,293
14	2016-17	86,756,054	17,351,211	4,337,803	· 22,732,997			1,610,000	3,505,480	5,115,480		49,537,490	37,218,564
15	2017-18	95,592,065	19,118,413	4,779,603	25,984,649			1,690,000	3,418,641	5,108,641		54,991,305	40,600,760
16	2018-19	104,194,530	20,838,906	5,209,726	29,150,356			1,780,000	3,324,889	5,104,889		60,303,877	43,890,653
17	2019-20	112,378,100	22,475,620	5,618,905	32,161,910			1,880,000	3,223,562	5,103,562		65,359,996	47,018,104
18	2020-21	117,997,005	23,599,401	5,899,850	34,229,667			1,985,000	3,116,559	5,101,559		68,830,477	49,166,528
19	2021-22	122,716,885	24,543,377	6,135,844	35,966,582		<b></b>	2,095,000	3,003,604	5,098,604		71,744,408	50,972,477
20	2022-23	127,625,560	25,525,112	6,381,278	37,772,975			2,210,000	2,884,421	5,094,421		74,773,786	52,851,775
21	2023-24	131,454,327	26,290,865	6,572,716	39,181,961			2,330,000	2,758,731	5,088,731		77,134,274	54,320,054
22	2024-25	135,397,957	27,079,591	6,769,898	40,633,217			2,460.000	2,626,119	5,086,119		79,568,826	55,829,131
23	2025-26	138,782,906	27,756,581	6,939,145	41,878,878			2,595,000	2,486,172	5,081,172		81,655,776	57,127,130
24	2026-27	142,252,479	28,450,496	7,112,624	43,155,681			2,740,000	2,338,472	5,078,472		83,797,273	58,455,206
	2027-28	145,808,791	29,161,758	7,290,440	44,464,404			2,895,000	2,182,467	5,077,467		85,994,069	59,814,722
26	2028-29	149,454,010	29,890,802	7,472,701	45,805,845			3,055,000	2,017,742	5,072,742		88,242,089	61,211,922
	2029-30	153,190,361	30,638,072	7,659,518	47,180,822			3,220,000	1,844,018	5,064,018		90,542,430	62,647,931
28	2030-31	157,020,120	31,404,024	7,851,006	48,590,173			3,400,000	1,660,744	5,060,744		92,905,946	64,114,173
29	2031-32	160,945,623	32,189,125	8,047,281	50,034,758			3,590,000	1,467,225	5,057,225		95,328,389	65,617,234
	2032-33	164,969,263	32,993,853	8,248,463	51,966,105			3,785,000	1,263,048	5,048,048		98,256,470	66,712,794
	2033-34	169,093,495	33,818,699	8,454,675	57,148,443			3,995,000	1,047,659	5,042,659		104,464,476	64,629,019
	2034-35	173,320,832	34,664,166	8,666,042	59,177,565			4,220,000	820,227	5,040,227		107,548,000	65,772,832
	2035-36	177,653,853	35,530,771	8,882,693	61,257,415			4,455,000	591,323	5,046,323		110,717,201	66,936,652
	2036-37	182,095,199	36,419,040	9,104,760	63,389,261			4,675,000	362,375	5,037,375		113,950,436	68,144,763
	2037-38	186,647,579	37,329,516	9,332,379	65,574,404			4,910,000	122,750	5,032,750		117,269,048	69,378,531
	2038-39	191,313,769	38,262,754	9,565,688	67,814,174			0	0	0		115,642,617	75,671,152
	2039-40	196,096,613	39,219,323	9,804,831	70,109,940			0	0	0		119,134,093	76,962,520
	2040-41	200,999,028	40,199,806	10,049,951	72,463,099			0	0	0		122,712,856	78,286,172
	2041-42	206,024,004	41,204,801	10,301,200	74,875,087			0	0	0		126,381,088	79,642,916
	2042-43	211,174,604	42,234,921	10,558,730	77,347,375			0	0	0		130,141,026	81,033,578
	2043-44	216,453,969	43,290,794	10,822,698	79,881,471			0	0	0		133,994,963	82,459,006
42	2044-45	221,865,319	44,373,064	11,093,266	82,478,918			0	0	. 0		137,945,248	83,920,071
43	2045-46	227,411,951	45,482,390	11,370,598	85,141,302			0	0	0		141,994,290	85,417,661
	2046-47	233,097,250	46,619,450	11,654,863	87,870,246			0	0	. 0		146,144,558	86,952,692
45	2047-48	264,767,475	52,953,495	13,238,374	103,071,954			0	0	0		169,263,822	95,503,653
	Total	5,741,915,118	1,148,383,024	287,095,756	1,873,869,755	0	0	76,300,000	78,357,663	154,657,663	0	3,464,006,198	2,277,908,920

Attachment B

85,382,795



APPROVED AS TO FORM AND LEGALITY:

# REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY OF THE CITY OF OAKLAND

RESOLUTION NO. \_\_\_\_\_ C.M.S.

# AN AGENCY RESOLUTION ADOPTING THE 2008 – 2013 IMPLEMENTATION PLAN FOR THE CENTRAL CITY EAST REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT

WHEREAS, Section 33490 of the California Community Redevelopment Law (Health & Safety Code Section 33000, et seq.) requires a redevelopment agency to adopt an implementation plan every five years; and

WHEREAS, the Agency Administrator has prepared and presented to the Agency an Implementation Plan for the Central City East Redevelopment Project for 2008-2013; and

**WHEREAS**, the Agency has held a public hearing and received comment on the proposed Implementation Plan; and

WHEREAS, the proposed Implementation Plan as presented to the Agency sets forth the specific goals and objectives for the Central City East Project Area, the specific programs, projects and estimated expenditures over the next five years, and an explanation of how the goals, objectives, programs, projects, and expenditures will eliminate blight within the Project Area and meet low- and moderate-income housing requirements, as required by law; now, therefore, be it

**RESOLVED:** That the Agency hereby approves and adopts the 2008-2013 Implementation Plan for the Central City East Redevelopment Project attached to this Resolution as Exhibit A; and be it further

**RESOLVED:** That the Agency Administrator or her designee is hereby authorized to take whatever action is appropriate with respect to the Implementation Plan consistent with this Resolution and its basic purposes.

IN AGENCY, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, \_\_\_\_\_, 2008

#### PASSED BY THE FOLLOWING VOTE:

AYES- BROOKS, BRUNNER, CHANG, KERNIGHAN, NADEL, QUAN, REID, AND CHAIRPERSON DE LA FUENTE

NOES-

ABSENT-

ABSTENTION-

Attest:

LATONDA SIMMONS Secretary of the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Oakland

# AN AGENCY RESOLUTION ADOPTING THE 2008 – 2013 IMPLEMENTATION PLAN FOR THE CENTRAL CITY EAST REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT

# EXHIBIT A

# 2008-2013 IMPLEMENTATION PLAN FOR THE CENTRAL CITY EAST REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT

# Central City East 5 Year Implementation Plan

# 2008-2013

"DYNAMIC, EDGY AND DIVERSE"

# -QUOTE FROM CCE VISION RETREAT

City of Oakland Redevelopment Division Community & Economic Development Agency

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#### Attachments

Central City East Sub-Area: Vision and Preferred Allocation Priority Requests

#### FIVE YEAR

#### Implementation Plan

#### 2008-2013

#### Central City East

#### A. Introduction

1

The Central City East Redevelopment Project was adopted by the City Council on July 29, 2003. An initial five-year implementation plan covering July 29, 2003, through July 29, 2008, was adopted at that time in compliance with Article 16.5 of the California Community Redevelopment Law ("CRL"), which was subsequently amended. This is the second five year Implementation Plan for the period of July 29, 2008 through July 29, 2013.

This Implementation Plan is composed of two separate components: a Redevelopment Component and a Housing Component. The Redevelopment Component revisits the proposed goals and objectives of the Redevelopment Plan; defines the Agency's strategy to achieve these goals and objectives; presents the projects, programs and expenditures (other than those relating to low and moderate income housing) that have been developed as a means to achieve the goals and objectives; and describes how the goals and objectives, projects, programs and expenditures will eliminate blight within the Project Area. Article 16.5 also requires that an Implementation Plan explain how the components of the Implementation Plan will implement various CRL requirements regarding low- and moderate-income housing. Generally, the goals, activities, and expenditures included in the Redevelopment Component do not implement the housing requirements of the CRL. The activities that do implement these requirements are contained in the Housing Component. The Housing Component shows how the Agency will meet the statutory requirements for the set-aside and expenditure of tax increment for housing purposes.

This Implementation Plan is a policy statement rather than an unalterable course of action. It has been prepared to set priorities for redevelopment activities within the Project Area for the five-year period covered by this Plan and through to the Project Area's termination. The Implementation Plan incorporates currently known financial constraints of the Agency in developing a program of activities to accomplish revitalization efforts for the Central City East Project Area. However, new issues and opportunities may be encountered during the course of administering the Redevelopment Plan for the Project Area. Therefore, this Implementation Plan may be amended, if necessary, to effectuate its purposes.

The purpose of this Implementation Plan is to provide a clear and reasonable statement of the Agency's near-term intent regarding activities in the Project Area and to establish a nexus between Agency goals and objectives, program activities and the purpose of redevelopment, which is to eliminate blight and to develop and preserve affordable housing.

#### **Reasons for Adoption of the Project Area**

#### a. Request for Assistance

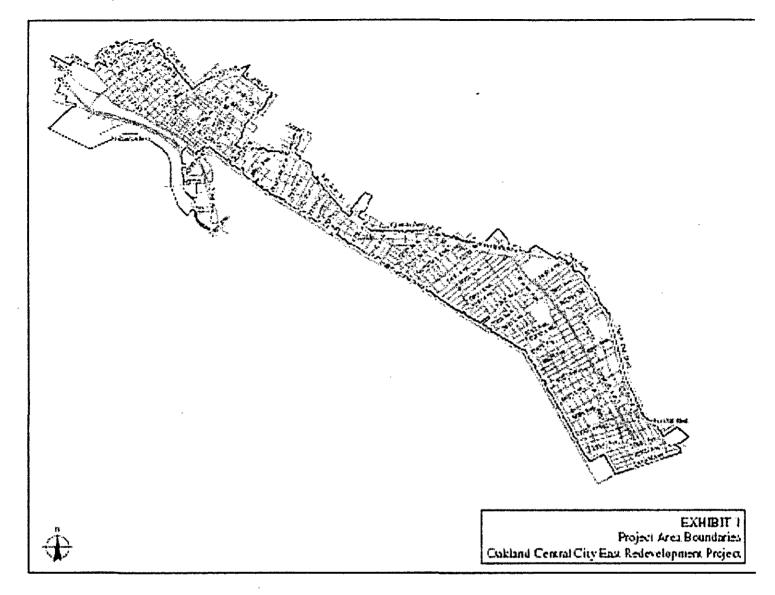
In early 2001, neighborhood groups in the MacArthur Boulevard area from 73<sup>rd</sup> to 106<sup>th</sup> Avenues requested that the City Council include the area in a redevelopment project. Residents were frustrated with deteriorating conditions along the commercial corridors in the central and eastern portions of the City and the impact on the adjacent residential areas. Residents cited deteriorated and vacant buildings, prostitution and drug trafficking as specific problems impacting the area. The merchants joined the request, which included Foothill and Bancroft Boulevards from High Street to 73<sup>rd</sup> Avenue. Later Fruitvale and Eastlake neighborhoods asked to be included.

#### b. Project Area Setting

The Central City East Redevelopment Project (Project or Project Area) encompasses approximately 3,339 acres beginning at the southern border of the downtown and extending east to Durant Street. The linear Project Area borders the existing Coliseum Redevelopment Project on the south along International Boulevard and to the north along MacArthur Boulevard between Durant Street and 73<sup>rd</sup> Avenues. At 73<sup>rd</sup> Avenue, the northern boundary of the Project Area follows Foothill Boulevard in a southwesterly direction to 23<sup>rd</sup> Avenue where the boundary jogs up to 27<sup>th</sup> Street then follows 14<sup>th</sup> Avenue to 20<sup>th</sup> Street and continues along 20<sup>th</sup> Street to the western boundary along 1<sup>st</sup> Avenue. The boundary includes the deletion of one parcel owned by Silveira et. el. along the 5<sup>th</sup> Avenue area, that was included in the original Project Area (Exhibit 1).

Excluding streets and public rights-of-way, the Project Area encompasses 16,675 parcels that comprise approximately 2,410 acres. The Project Area is primarily developed with single-family residences, with retail uses located in the northwest portion of the Project Area adjacent to the downtown, and along International, MacArthur and Foothill Boulevards. In addition, there is small peninsula of industrial uses along Embarcadero just south of the Nimitz (880) Freeway.

Exhibit 1: Project Area Boundaries



#### c. Project Area Demographics

In general, the Project Area has larger but poorer households than the City and Alameda County. These factors have a direct bearing on the ability of residents to address many of the blighting conditions that exist in the Project Area. The 2000 population of the Project Area is estimated to be 92,094. The number of households is estimated to be 27,259, resulting in 3.38 persons per household on average.<sup>1</sup> When compared to the 2.47 persons per household for the balance of City and 2.79 persons per household for Alameda County, it is evident that households in the Project Area are large on average.

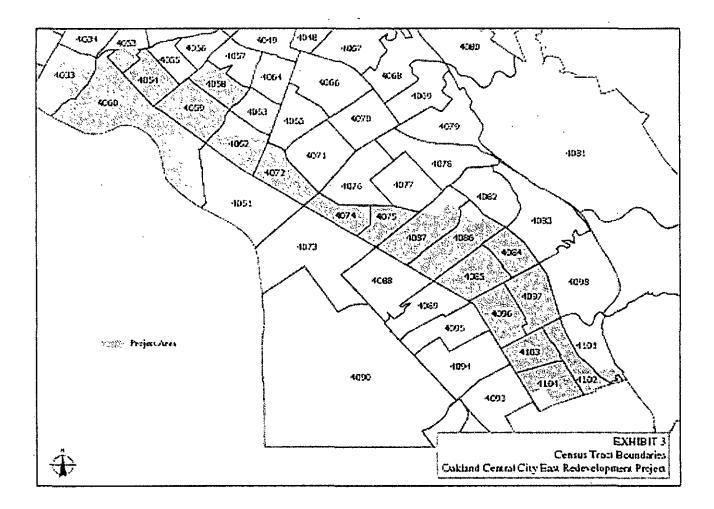
Income, education, and housing characteristics were compiled for 2001 by census tract (including territory outside of the Project Area). The Project Area generally conforms to the Census tract boundaries and is believed to be reflective of condition in the Project Area (see Exhibit 2). Median household income is 15 percent below the median for the City, and 41 percent below the median for Alameda County. Per capita income in the Project Area is 35 percent below the Citywide median and 50 percent below the median for Alameda County. The relatively low per capita income in the Project Area is due to the fact that households in the Project Area are larger (3.07 persons per household vs. 2.65 for the City). Residential Overcrowding, the high cost of housing in the Bay Area and the relatively low incomes of households in the Project Area has made it difficult for households to pay for housing and maintain their properties. In addition, the lack of affordable housing has contributed to the overcrowded housing conditions in the Project Area. The Project Area also has a lower level of home ownership, with only 38 percent of the housing occupied by owners versus 43 percent in the balance of the City and 55 percent Countywide. The tendency of some absentee owners to not maintain their properties is a problem in the Project Area. Code enforcement officials indicate that some of the worst absentee landlords in the City own property in the Project Area. In addition, there are a large number of vacant and abandoned buildings in the Project Area.

The relatively low education levels and high unemployment rate also affects blighting conditions in the Project Area in that many of it's young people have become involved in gangs and crime as a means of earning money and as a source of self-esteem. Overall crime rates and violent crime rates are among the highest in the City.

<sup>1</sup> Source: Hausrath Economic Group for 2000 statistics.

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#### **Exhibit 2: Census Tract Boundaries**



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Another important differentiating factor is the higher level of dependency on public transportation that exists in the Project Area. As shown in Exhibit 3, the percentage of persons without access to at least one automobile is higher in the Project Area than in the City and County. Convenient shopping and adequate local services are critical for the vitality of the neighborhoods in the Project Area.

As discussed in the following section, the Agency, with input from the Central City East Project Area Committee (PAC), has identified a number of goals and objectives to address these blighting conditions.

#### Goals and Objectives

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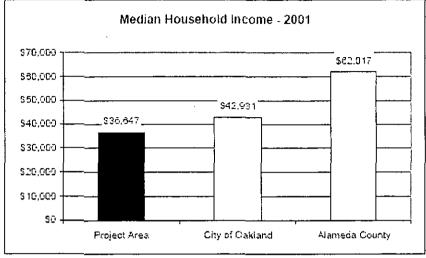
Goals and objectives as described in the Central City East Redevelopment Plan include:

- a. Stimulate in-fill development and land assembly opportunities on obsolete, underutilized and vacant properties in the Project Area.
- b. Stimulate opportunities for adaptive re-use and preservation of existing building stock in the Project Area.
- c. Attract new businesses and retain existing businesses in the Project Area, providing job training and employment opportunities for Project Area residents.
- d. Improve transportation, open space, parking, and other public facilities and infrastructure throughout the Project Area.
- e. Stimulate home ownership opportunities in the Project Area.
- f. Improve the quality of the residential environment by assisting in new construction, rehabilitation and conservation of living units in the Project Area, including units affordable to low- and moderate-income households.
- g. Revitalize neighborhood commercial areas and strengthen retail in the Project Area.

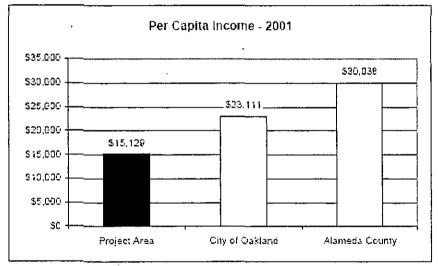
The PAC may develop Equitable Development Criteria that may be considered as part of the potential development plans for the Project Area.

#### EXHIBIT 3 PROJECT AREA DEMOGRAPHICS OAKLAND - CENTRAL CITY EAST REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT

#### Income Characteristics:



Source: Claritas

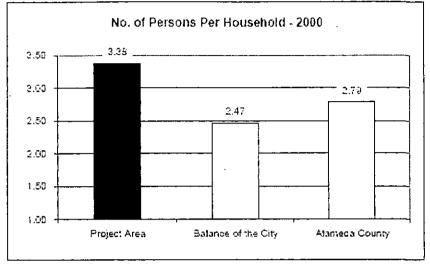


Source: Claritas

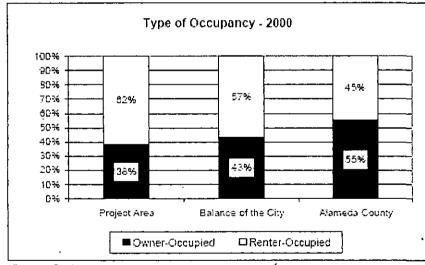
Source: Claritas Prepared by Keyser Marston Associates, Inc. Filename: PA Demographic Charts, Charts; 8/7/02; dvp

#### EXHIBIT 3 PROJECT AREA DEMOGRAPHICS OAKLAND - CENTRAL CITY EAST REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT

#### Housing Characteristics:



Source: Hausrath Economics Group

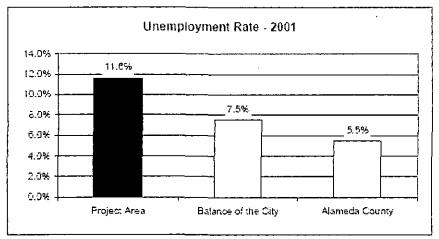


Source: Claritas

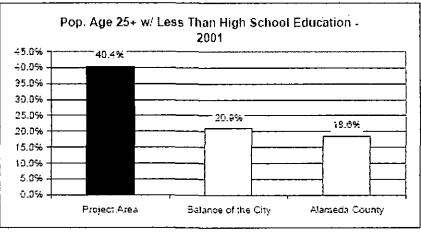
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#### EXHIBIT 3 PROJECT AREA DEMOGRAPHICS OAKLAND - CENTRAL CITY EAST REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT

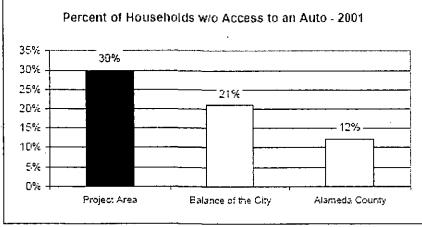
#### Employment, Education & Transportation:



Source: Claritas



Source: Claritas



Source: Claritas

Source: Claritas

Prepared by Keyser Marston Associates, Inc. Filename: PA Demographic Charts, Charts; 8(7/02) dvb

Page 3 of 3 Pages

The Agency proposes to focus its activities in the near-term on eliminating physical and economic blight conditions through the construction of public improvements and utilities, and assisting the private sector in developing vacant and/or underutilized properties. It is the Agency's hope and intent that the Redevelopment Implementation Plan as proposed will encourage further private sector investment in both commercial and residential designated areas.

During the first five-year term of the Project, the Agency has been assisting in projects and programs that have begun to address all of the goals and objectives identified in the Redevelopment Plan. The Agency anticipates the same during this second five-year term as well.

# Specific Programs and Program Actions During the Second Five Years of the Redevelopment Plan and Relationship to Blight Elimination

The Agency anticipates funding the following projects and program during the second five years of the Redevelopment Plan. These projects and programs include most of the projects and programs from the first five-year Implementation Plan. All changes -including additions, subtractions and name changes- were identified in the Report to Council. The degree to which the Agency will actually participate in the projects and programs will depend in part on developer interest and the Agency's ability to attract development that will eliminate blight and meet the goals and objectives of the Redevelopment Plan. The relationship between the goals and objectives, project and program and blight elimination is provided in Exhibit 4.

a. Retail and Commercial Recruitment Program

The Retail Tenant and Commercial Recruitment Program enables the Agency to offer financial assistance in the form of low interest or zero-interest participatory loans and grants within the Redevelopment Project Area. One aspect of this program can be used to assist property owners with rehabilitation of retail and commercial properties to create and improve ground floor retail and commercial spaces and attract new tenants to underutilized and vacant buildings.

Another aspect of this program may include loans to tenants for interior improvements. Some existing community businesses may need capital to expand, replace equipment, or modernize.

By providing theses loans and grants, the Agency will make rehabilitation feasible for many properties and businesses for which improvement would not be considered possible because of the unlikelihood of an adequate return on the investment. This program will also have the effect of attracting businesses, thereby providing a wider range of retail and commercial uses.

b. Façade and Tenant Improvement Program

The Façade Improvement Program provides matching grants to existing businesses for the purposes of storefront improvements and façade treatments. The matching grant can be structured in different ways, e.g., the Agency may provide \$1 of grant for each \$2 of improvement

value, or some other ratio. The business would be required to fund the remaining amount. This program provides assistance to businesses to encourage restoring, modernizing and improving the facades of commercial structures to enhance the attractiveness and visual appearance of the area. Typical improvements would include paint, signage, lighting, awnings, window and door replacement, limited parapet additions, finishes and decorative features designed to highlight building characteristics. Edge treatment grants could also be made available for improvements (such as landscaping and fencing) to the frontage of properties. The Tenant Improvement Program provides a similar service for the interior improvements of commercial buildings that have been vacant for at least six months.

By eliminating physical deterioration and improving the substandard (obsolete) appearance of the retail and commercial buildings and surrounding sites, more patrons will be attracted to the area, which will improve declining retail sales. The increased business activity should slow the rate of business closures and attract new businesses to the Project Area. Also, by improving the buildings, property values should increase.

#### c. Historic Preservation Program

Portions of the Project Area that include significant historic buildings can be made into viable retail, commercial, or residential properties through various Agency-sponsored efforts and Agency assistance.

This program can both preserve important resources and eliminate the hazardous conditions in which people live and work by addressing issues such as seismic safety. Furthermore, rehabilitation of historic buildings provides reuse of valuable properties that may be underutilized or vacant, and preserves the character of an area.

#### d. Project Planning

The purpose of this program is to provide funding for outside consultants to develop plans, both physical and strategic, for the project area. This program will allow for in depth research resulting in plans that address the large and diverse project area but will also allow the development of plans which are specific to subarea that will fit into the large goals and objectives of the CCE redevelopment plan.

#### e. Land Assembly and Relocation Program

The purpose of this program is to assist private, public, and non-profit developers in assembling small, underutilized and/or poorly configured parcels of property into sites suitable for new development. The Agency's efforts in assembling land for private use would be applied in selective cases and only upon selection of a qualified developer. The Agency should avoid land assembly in cases where there is no current agreement with a development entity for

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development of the site. The Agency may assist in the selective assembly of land through voluntary purchase, negotiated purchase, or eminent domain.

Land assembly would likely take place in response to property owner, developer or Agency initiated efforts to assemble property needed for the expansion of existing uses or for the creation of sites capable of development for new uses. Through an Owner Participation Agreement (OPA) or Disposition and Development Agreement (DDA), the Redevelopment Agency may provide land write downs or may grant or loan money to assist new retail, commercial, or housing development or expansion of existing facilities. By expanding existing buildings the Agency will help to reduce the number of inadequate sized buildings, which will in turn accommodate a wider variety of contemporary retail and commercial uses. By assembling small parcels, the Agency will reduce the number of inadequate sized parcels in multiple ownership and provide adequate space to develop contemporary facilities or expand existing buildings to accommodate a wider variety of uses.

The Agency may also choose to participate in the acquisition of property for infrastructure or public facilities purposes that would primarily benefit the Project Area. The program may also include site preparation activities such as demolition and clearance, and assistance for environmental remediation.

The Agency will provide relocation assistance as required by California State Housing and Community Development Regulations and Agency Guidelines. This will ensure that uniform, fair, and equitable treatment is afforded to displaced businesses and residents as a result of the Agency's land assembly and relocation program. Specific details will be provided in the actual Relocation Plan adopted by the City Council.

The use of eminent domain will be restricted as provided for in the adopted redevelopment plan.

#### f. Infrastructure Improvements & Community Facilities Program

Infrastructure improvements cover a variety of public works projects ranging from installation of utilities, traffic capacity projects, mass-transit improvements, parking facilities, new streets, under grounding overhead distribution and communication lines, storm drainage and sanitary sewers, bridges and under- or over-crossings, flood control improvements, pedestrian and bicycle friendly areas, traffic calming, freeway noise walls, and many other assorted capital projects. This may also include streetscape projects including constructing new curbs, gutters and sidewalks where they do not exist or where broken curbs, gutters and sidewalks require replacement; installing street trees and shrubs; constructing both decorative and handicapped accessible crosswalks; constructing new medians with landscaping; adding visual and safety improvements to existing medians; installing street furniture, such as trash receptacles and newspaper racks; and improving area lighting by increasing the number of luminaries, increasing the wattage of individual streetlights or adding pedestrian streetlights.

Improving the infrastructure will help to attract development to the area by eliminating costs that might otherwise be born by the private sector. This should help to increase building activity and

improve property values. Furthermore, public improvements such as parking structures/lots will improve the viability of commercial property, helping to compensate for individual property site deficiencies, and lighting improvements will create a safer environment in which to shop and reduce graffiti.

Community-based projects focus on the need for new or improved community facilities such as parks, community centers, libraries, open space and cultural facilities. Such facilities can be provided in conjunction with public schools to enrich the educational experience. Projects are anticipated for development using Redevelopment Agency and/or other funds from the City, State and Federal governments. These projects are intended to encourage further investment in the neighborhoods and make them more desirable places to visit and live.

By increasing investment in neighborhoods there will be an added benefit of assisting in the rehabilitation of deteriorated buildings and alleviate the existence of substandard structures. Also, by providing additional recreation facilities, certain crimes related to gang activity should be reduced.

#### g. Public/Private Development Program

Public/private coordination occurs when the Redevelopment Agency participates in significant private development projects. Through an Owner Participation Agreement or Disposition and Development Agreement, the Redevelopment Agency may grant or loan money to assist new commercial development or expansion of existing commercial facilities. This program may fund construction, landscaping, façade upgrades, parking improvements and City's Public Work's development requirements (e.g. fire hydrants or traffic mitigation projects, etc.)

By expanding existing buildings, the Agency will help to reduce the number of inadequate sized buildings, which will in turn accommodate a wider variety of contemporary commercial and industrial uses. By assembling small parcels, the Agency will reduce the number of inadequate sized parcels in multiple ownership and provide adequate space to develop contemporary facilities or expand existing buildings to accommodate a wider variety of uses.

#### h. Commercial Security/Crime Prevention Program

Due to the high crime rates in the Redevelopment Area, new programs can be developed to address the need for safer streets and neighborhoods. These programs may include, but are not limited to, lighting improvements, cameras on commercial corridors, security alarms.

By implementing such commercial security and crime prevention programs, the Agency will reduce crime as well as retain and recruit more businesses to the area. In addition the Agency will create safer and more livable neighborhoods for its constituents.

# i. Contingency Fund

Due to various factors that can impact a project or programs financial requirements, a Contingency Fund category was created. All Contingency Funds must be used to support existing projects or programs. The Contingency Funds cannot be used to fund a new project or program.

The Contingency category will supply funds for projects or programs which are suffering from under funding due to an increase in expenses, expansion of scope or other demonstrated occurrences that will delay the project or program.

#### EXAMPLE PROGRAMS AND BLIGHT ELIMINATION CHART

					Proposed	i Redevalopme	nt Programe			
Eligifony Conditions	Typical incluator of Bilghting Condition	Afforcas e Housing Program	Repails Commercia Recruitment Frogram	Façade 3 Tenari instru-emeni Program	Historia Preservation Pregram	Project Flanning	Lato Assembly & Rebostor, Program	Contimential Betainty/Orime Prevention Program	PubliciPitvate Cevelopment Program	Infrastructa Interovemen Communi Facilities Fro
Physical Blight										
Buildings is which it is unsafe or arrhebiny for persons to live or work.	Susicing Code Vicialions	X	X	X	Х	X			Х	X
	Unie nfartes Mesonry Buildings	<b>X</b> .	X	X	Х	X			Х	X
	Unitate and Ohnealiny Site Coacilions	Х	X				X		Х	X
Conditions that prevention substantially filnce the visible use on capabily of our alongs on loss.	Substandard Ceston and/or Construction	X	Х	X	X	X	Х		X	X
	Observed Design	X	X	X	Х	X	Х		X	X
Adjacent or nearby incompatible (and uses that prevent the beviepportent of incoe parcels or other portions of the project area.	Aesideniisi firses Aclasest ta Industrial or Heavy Commensar Uses	<b>x</b>					X		x	
The existence of suborkited lats that are a insubne connersion and whose physical developmenth as been impaired by liter inequals reages and have quale sizes (gues, wesent general wan and zoning standard) and present market conditions.	Lot of inactionate Size and Soupe in Williple Ownership	x	x			x	x		x	x
Economic Blight	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·				·			•
Depresiated of stagnant property values	Depretikled or slagnam 205505 property values	Х	x	X	Х	x	X	x	х	X
	Low Frederic Sales Frices	х	X	X	Х	X	X	X	Х	X
Abnormally nigh business vacanties, sonarmally lownease rates, or shippnemially raga humber of spandstred pullidings	Azendoned Eultangs and Excessive Vacant Lots	x	x	x	x	x	X	х	x	X
A sensus rais of nonessary commercial facilities that are normally found in helpf borhoods, including process stored, thug stared, and back and other lending institution			x	x		x	x		x	
Serious resident al overcritikiting that has they ked in significant public health or salety in solities	Residential Overcrowcing	x			x		X		x	
An excess of bars, I quar slotes, or adult- snented pushesses that has resulted in significant public health, safety of wefare	Erzess of Zars and Horor cutetz		X		·	x	X		х	
angleros	Excess of adult booksibres, Preaters and over adult uses		x			X	х		х	
A fligh crime rate that constitutes a sensult of Treat is the subjects and y and weffare.	righ Grime Raxes	х		X		×		x		x

<u>;</u>-

NOTE The impacts of any specific project as orogram, on bighting conditions is dependent upon the aduat design and intent of the projection program. These programs are examples only,

# Exhibit 4: Relationship between Goals & Objectives, Projects & Programs, and Blight Elimination

Prepared by: Keyser Marston Associates, Inc. Revised by Redevelopment staff

#### Expenditures During the Second Five Years of the Redevelopment Plan

The Redevelopment Plan is prepared with the intent of providing the Agency with the necessary legal authority and flexibility to implement the revitalization of the Project. The Plan authorizes the Agency to finance the Project with financial assistance from any or all of the following sources: (1) City of Oakland; (2) State of California; (3) federal government; (4) tax increment funds in accordance with provisions of the existing CRL; (5) Agency bonds; (6) interest income; (7) loans from private financial institutions; (8) lease or sale of Agency-owned property; (9) donations; and (10) any other legally available public or private sources. For purposes of this Implementation Plan, the identified redevelopment programs are assumed to be funded solely from future tax increment revenues anticipated from the Project Area.

Current provisions of the CRL provide authority to the Agency to create indebtedness, issue bonds, borrow funds or obtain advances in implementing and carrying out the specific intents of a redevelopment plan. The Agency is authorized to fund the principal and interest on the indebtedness, bond issues, borrowed funds or advances from tax increment revenue and any other funds available to the Agency. To the extent that it is able to do so, the City may also supply additional assistance through City loans or grants for various public facilities or other project costs.

Tax increment revenues are the projected funding source assumed to be available to fund the proposed redevelopment programs, administrative costs and loan repayments discussed herein. Summarized below are the tax increment dollars that are expected to be generated within the first five years of the Redevelopment Plan.

	Anticipated Tax Increment											
Plan	Fiscal	Gross Tax	Housing Set	Bond	Administrative	AB 1290	Net Tax					
Year	Year	Increment	Aside	Debt	Costs	(Tax Sharing)	Increment					
1	2008-09	\$28,184,153	\$7,046,039	\$5,582,568	\$3,100,000	\$5,636,831	\$6,818,715					
2	2009-10	\$32,975,459	\$8,243,865	\$5,128,228	\$3,224,000	\$6,595,092	\$9,784,274					
3	2010-11	\$39,707,146	\$9,926,786	\$5,122,572	\$3,353,000	\$7,941,429	\$13,363,359					
4	2011-12	\$47,068,802	\$11,767,200	\$5,123,758	\$3,487,000	\$9,413,760	\$17,277,084					
5	2012-13	\$54,721,614	\$13,680,404	\$5,121,523	\$3,627,000	\$10,944,323	\$21,348,364					
Total		\$202,657,174	\$50,664,294	\$26,078,649	\$16,791,000	\$40,531,435	\$68,591,796					

#### **Exhibit 5: Anticipated Tax Increment**

The Agency worked with the PAC to prioritize the allocation of funds during the second five-years of the Redevelopment Plan. The PAC provided vision and funding priority documents that advised Agency staff as to their preferences for the allocation of funds. The vision and funding priority documents are attached at the end of the Plan. The following are the new percentage allocations of funds for each of the categories listed. The recommendation includes a combination of the Community Facilities category with the Infrastructure category to increase the amount of funds for the second five-years. Below are illustrated the allocation of funds per fiscal year along with specific allocations of funds for the Infrastructure category:

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# Exhibit 6: Projection of Capital Expenditure & Funding Categories

# Projection of Capital Expenditure & Funding Categories Central City East Project Area Fiscal Years 2008-13

Category No.	Funding Categories	% Allocation of Net Tax Increment	Est. Tax Increment for Five Years 2008-13
1	Retail and Commercial Recruitment Program	4.20%	\$ 2,880,000.00
2 ·	Façade & Tenant Improvement Program	2.19%	\$ 1,500,000.00
3	Historic Preservation Program	0.36%	\$ 250,000.00
4	Project Planning	0.66%	\$ 450,000.00
5	Land Assembly and Relocation Program	0.73%	\$ 500,000.00
6	Infrastructure Improvements & Community Facilities Program	65.92%	\$ 45,220,000.00
7	Public/Private Development Program	7.23%	\$ 4,960,000.00
8 .	Commercial Security/ Crime Prevention Program	12.04%	\$ 8,260,000.00
9	Contingency Fund*	6.68%	\$ 4,580,000.00
	Totals:	100.00%	\$ 68,600,000.00

\*Contingency Fund must be used for existing projects and/or programs only. Contingency Fund monies cannot be used to fund any new or proposed projects and/or programs.

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#### Committed Capital Expenditures Central City East Project Area Fiscal Years 2008 to 2013

Streetscape Improvements/Infrastructure Program	Total Funding Allocation FY 2008 to 2013
Streetscape Areas	FT 2008 to 2013
14th Avenue and 23rd Avenue Projects Augmentation	6,000,000
MacArthur Boulevard Project Augmentation (Elmhurst	
Additions and Flagship Project)	7,500,000
MacArthur Boulevard Project Expansion (Central East	
Oakland Additions: MacArthur from 76 <sup>th</sup> Avenue to Parker;	
and MacArthur from Ritchie St to Alvingroom Ct)	3,000,000
Foothill Boulevard Project Expansion (Foothill from 27th to	
High Street)	7,680,000
Total	24,180,000

The following information pertains to the streetscape component:

- 1. Streetscape projects are key to the redevelopment of the Central City Redevelopment Project Area and any proposed amendment to the CCE implementation plan must be presented to and considered by the PAC for its recommendation prior to being considered by Council.
- 2. In particular, the Elmhurst neighborhood area has deferred its redevelopment efforts so all the Central City East neighborhoods could join in the redevelopment effort, and as such should be given priority for funding the MacArthur Boulevard Streetscape Project.
- 3. An account shall be immediately established for funds for the MacArthur Boulevard Streetscape Project and this fund shall receive any unused and uncommitted streetscape funds from the FY 2004-05 fiscal year. Once the budget amount has reached the funds allocated to the MacArthur Streetscape Project, additional funds will be used to replenish funding from areas that previously forfeited funds.
- 4. If any streetscape project is known to be delayed 1 year or more, the CCE PAC and the Agency may re-evaluate the streetscape allocations.
- 5. At the statutorily required implementation plan review period, the CCE PAC and the Agency will review the funding allocations.

As described earlier, the exact distribution will depend on private sector interest and the specific type of assistance requested. Also, as opportunities are presented the Agency may solicit development proposals that will further the goals and objectives of the Redevelopment Plan.

#### C. Housing Component – Central City East

#### I. Implementation Plan Requirements

This Housing Component of the Implementation Plan is required by Article 16.5 of the California Redevelopment Law ("CRL") as contained in Sections 33000 *et seq.* of the California Health and Safety Code. (All citations in this portion of the Implementation Plan are to the Health and Safety Code unless otherwise specified.)

The Housing Component presents those components of the Agency's intended program for the Project Area that deal with the expenditure of funds and activities relating to the production of housing at affordable housing cost to persons and families of low and moderate ("low-mod") income. Low-mod income is defined in the CRL by reference to Section 50093 of the Health and Safety Code, which specifies the following income levels:

- Moderate income, which is defined as household income of 80 percent to 120 percent of median income for the applicable household size (Section 50093);
- Low income, which is defined as income of 50 percent to 80 percent of median income for the applicable household size (Section 50079.5); and
- Very-low income, which is defined as income less than 50 percent of median income for the applicable household size (Section 50105).

Affordable housing cost is defined in Section 50052.5 as shown in the following table. Housing cost for rental housing includes rent plus an allowance for tenant-paid utilities. Housing cost for owner-occupied housing includes principal, interest, insurance, taxes, utilities, homeowner association dues, and maintenance.

Income Level	Rental Housing	Owner-Occupied Housing
Very Low Income	30% of 50% of AMI	30% of 50% of AMI
Low Income	30% of 60% of AMI	30% of 70% of AMI
Moderate Income	30% of 110% of AMI	35% of 110% of AMI, but no less
		than 28% of actual income

#### Exhibit 8: Definition of Affordable Housing Cost

AMI = "Area Median Income," which is the Median Family Income, adjusted for family size, for the metropolitan area (Alameda and Contra Costa Counties combined), as determined by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

The CRL provides that, in addition to the removal of blight, a fundamental purpose of redevelopment is to expand the supply of low-mod housing (Section 33071). To accomplish this purpose, the CRL contains numerous provisions to guide redevelopment agency activities with regard to low-mod housing. These provisions divide a redevelopment agency's housing responsibilities into three major categories:

- The production and/or replacement of low-mod housing depending upon activities undertaken by an agency within its project areas;
- The set-aside and expenditure of specified amounts of tax increment revenue for the express and exclusive purpose of increasing and improving a community's supply of low-mod housing; and
- Preparing reports on how the Agency has met, or preparing plans on how the Agency will meet its responsibilities with regard to the first two items.

This Housing Component is part of the Agency's responsibilities under the third major category. Its contents address how the Agency's plans for the Project Area will achieve many of the housing responsibilities contained in the first and second major categories of Agency housing activities. Article 16.5 requires that the housing portion of an Implementation Plan address the applicable items presented in the list below.

# 1. Production of Housing Based on Activities in the Project Area:

- At least 30 percent (30%) of all new and substantially rehabilitated dwelling units developed by a
  redevelopment agency shall be available at affordable housing cost to persons and families of
  low and moderate income and shall be occupied by these persons and families (Section
  33413(b)(1));
- At least 15 percent (15%) of all new residential dwelling units developed within a project area under the jurisdiction of an agency by public or private entities or persons other than the Agency shall be available at affordable housing cost to persons and families of low or moderate income and shall be occupied by these persons or families (Section 33413(b)(2));
- At least 15 percent (15%) of all substantially rehabilitated units that have received agency assistance shall be available at affordable housing cost to persons and families of low or moderate income and shall be occupied by these persons or families (Section 33413(b)(2)(iii);
- Suitable locations must be identified for replacement housing units rehabilitated, developed or constructed pursuant to Section 33413(a), if the destruction of removal of low-mod units will result from a project contained in the Implementation Plan (Section 33490(a)(3)).

# 2. Set-Aside and Expenditure of Tax Increment for Housing Purposes:

- The set-aside of 20 percent of tax increment in projects adopted on or after January 1, 1977 (Section 33334.2)
- The proportional expenditure of housing funds on moderate, low, and very-low income housing (Section 33334.4)

- The set-aside of 20 percent of tax increment in projects adopted prior to January 1, 1977 (Section 33334.6)
- The transfer of housing funds to other public entities producing housing in the community (a
  possible outcome of the provisions of Sections 33334.12 et seq.).

#### 3. Additional Requirements:

- Estimates of the balances and deposits into the Housing Fund created to hold the Set-Aside of tax increment;
- A housing program identifying expenditures from the Housing Fund;
- An indication of housing activity that has occurred in the Project Area; and
- Estimates of housing units that will be produced in the Project Area for each of the various income categories.

#### II. Applicable Low and Moderate Income Housing Requirements

#### 1. Applicable Housing Production Requirements

The date of adoption, the existence of low-mod housing units, and the potential for residential development are the primary determinants of the practical applicability of the various housing provisions of the CRL. Only the low-mod housing provisions applicable to the project area are discussed below:

#### a. Replacement Housing Obligation

The Agency is required to meet replacement-housing obligations pursuant to CRL Section 33413(a). This Section requires the Agency to replace, on a one-for-one basis, all units removed from the low and moderate income housing stock caused by Agency activities in the Project Area. Article 16.5 requires that if an implementation plan contains projects that could result in the removal of low-mod housing units, the plan must identify locations suitable for the replacement of such housing.

The Agency does not anticipate undertaking or assisting any actions that would result in the demolition or removal from the market of low and moderate income housing. Therefore there is no replacement housing obligation at present.

#### b. Housing Production Obligation

The Agency is required to comply with the housing unit production requirement of the CRL Section 33413(b). Subparagraph (1) of the Section requires that 30 percent (30%) of all housing units developed by the Agency be affordable to low-mod persons.

The Agency does not plan to develop housing in the next five years; rather the Agency will assist in private sector affordable housing development. Thus, the Agency is not anticipated to incur any obligations under this provision of the CRL.

The Agency will assist the private sector in developing affordable housing and it is possible that there will be some residential infill within the Project Area that is not Agency assisted. As a result, the Agency will need to create low-mod housing in order to comply with the provisions of subparagraph (2) of Section 33413(b). Subparagraph (2) requires that 15 percent (15%) of all housing developed in the Project Area (inclusive of restricted units) be low-mod housing. Of these low-mod units, at least 40 percent (40%) must be affordable to persons and families of very-low income.

To determine the number of units that must be developed in order to comply with this requirement, and to identify how much of this requirement will be satisfied by the activities included in this Implementation Plan, a brief review of past and anticipated housing development activity in the Project Area is presented below.

#### c. Housing Construction Activity in the Project Area Prior to July 2008

As shown in the following table, from the inception of the Redevelopment Plan for this Area through June 2008, a total of 335 units had been newly constructed, substantially rehabilitated, or were under development:

	調整の代表が				fordabi	lity Lev	/ela
ProjectiName			N-Year	Very			Above
Project Name	Units	Туре	Completed	Low	Low	Mod	Mod
2524-2528 108th Avenue	3	Family	2004				3
2951-2957 68th Avenue	4	Family	2004				4
8850-8870 MacArthur Boulevard	3	Family	2003				3
9884 MacArthur Boulevard	6	Family	2005				6
Casa Velasco (3430 Foothill Blvd.) <sup>a</sup>	20	Senior	2003	20		1	
District Homes Condos (1515 14th Ave)	18	Homeownership	2004				18
East 12th @ 4th Avenue	5	Family	2005				5
Eastmont Court (6850 Foothill Blvd.)	19	Disabled	2005	18			1
Foothill Family Apartments (6900 Foothill							
Blvd.) <sup>b</sup>	65	Family	2003	45	19		1
Nathan A. Miley Senior Housing Community	69	Senior	2007	50	19		
Oak Park Apartments (2618 E. 16th St.) <sup>c</sup>	35	Family	2004	34			1
Palm Villa (90th-94th St/MacArthur Blvd.) <sup>d</sup>	78	Homeownership	2005			78	
Scattered Site Infill Development - Various							
Addresses	79	Various	various				79
Total	335	I CENTRAL STATES	議会に握いた	117	19	78	121
Percentage	100%	<b>国际的保险</b>	Dian ?	35%	6%	23%	36%

#### Exhibit 9: Housing Production in Central City East, July 2003 – June 2008

a. Casa Velasco, a "substantial rehabilitation" development (as per State Redevelopment law) with new 55 year affordability restrictions, was completed Dec. 2003.

b. According to OCHM and OHA, Foothill Family Apartments was completed in 2001, but the affordability restrictions began in 2003. As a result, these units may not count towards the affordable housing production requirements.

c. Oak Park Apartments, a "substantial rehabilitation" development (as per State Redevelopment law) with new 55 year affordability restrictions, was completed in Sept. 2004.

d. Palm Villa in its entirety consists of 78 moderate income homeownership units. Only 33 of these units were sold after the CCE Redevelopment Plan Adoption date of July 2003 and thus included in the housing production figures.

#### d. Estimate of Future Housing Construction Activity in the Project Area

The Agency estimates that between 2008 and 2013, an additional 1,211 units of housing may be newly constructed or substantially rehabilitated, as shown below.

			的公式高级制		fordabi	lity Lev	∕els, ∀s
iProject Name	Units	Туре	Completion Date ((est.)				Above Mod
442 International Blvd	42	TBD	TBD				42
720 East 11 <sup>th</sup> Street	55	Family	2010	30	24		1
Byron Avenue Homes (10211 Byron Avenue)	10	Homeownership	2011	4	4	2	
Covington Manor (9451 MacArthur Boulevard)	19	Family	TBD				19
Foothill Plaza Apartments (6311 Foothill							
Blvd.) <sup>a</sup>	54	Family	2009	53			1
Oak Knoll Redevelopment Project	960	Homeownership	TBD		72		888
Orchards on Foothill (2719 Foothill Blvd.)	65	Senior	2008	64	[		1
Toler Heights	6	Homeownership	TBD				6
Total	1,211			151	100	2	958
Percentage	100%			12%	8%	<1%	79%

### Exhibit 10: Projected Housing Development in Central City East, July 2008 - June 2012

a. Foothill Plaza Apartments, a rehabilitation project, is in pre-development. Qualification as "Substantial Rehab" will depend on the amount expended on rehabilitation.

### e. Estimated Number of Units Required for Housing Production Obligation

If all 1,211 of the projected units are built, this would bring total production for the ten-year period to 1,546 units. This would generate a housing production obligation of at least 232 units affordable to very-low, low or moderate income households. Of these, at least 93 units would be required to be affordable to and restricted for occupancy by very-low income households.

### f. How the Housing Production Obligation Will be Met

Taking into account both completed and planned affordable units, it is projected that 467 units affordable to very-low, low or moderate income households will be developed, of which 268 will be affordable to very-low income households. This will more than satisfy the Agency's affordable housing production obligation.

All of these units will be located within the Project Area and therefore can be counted on a one-for-one basis toward the production obligation.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> If the production requirement is met with units located outside of the Project Area, two units must be produced to fulfill one unit of housing production obligation.

### 2. Applicable Provisions Regarding Low and Moderate Income Housing Set-Aside

### a. Set-Aside of Tax Increment

The Agency must comply with the Section 33334.2 requirement to allocate 20 percent of the gross tax increment (Set-Aside) to affordable housing activities. The Set-Aside is required to be deposited into a Housing Fund created to hold the monies until expended. Section 33334.2 enables the Agency to eliminate or reduce the annual housing deposit if the Agency makes findings regarding the lack of need for low-mod housing in the City of Oakland, or the sufficiency of less than 20 percent of the Project Area's tax increment to meet the need that does exist.

However, the Redevelopment Agency has adopted a resolution that 25 percent of all tax increment be allocated to the construction of affordable housing. Furthermore, based on the City's commitment to affordable housing production it is unlikely the Oakland would exercise the option to reduce the Set-Aside deposits in any year subject to this Implementation Plan. The projections of deposits into the Housing Fund that are included in the following section assume that the 25 percent Set-Aside will be deposited into the Housing Fund in each of the years covered by the Plan.

### b. Proportional Expenditures of Housing Fund Monies

The Project Area is subject to the Section 33334.4 requirement that the Agency expend Housing Fund monies in accordance with an income proportionality test and an age restriction proportionality test. These proportionality tests must be met every ten years through the termination of the Project Area life. These tests do not have to be met on an annual basis.

#### c. Very-Low and Low Income Housing Expenditures

The income proportionality test requires the Agency to expend Set-Aside funds in proportion to the housing needs that have been determined for the community pursuant to Section 65584 of the Government Code. The proportionality test used in this Implementation Plan is based on the Final 2008 Regional Housing Needs Assessment (RHNA) prepared by the Association of Bay Area Governments. Based on the 2008 RHNA, the City's minimum required allocation for very-low and low-income expenditures, and maximum moderate income housing expenditures are:

Category	RHNA	Threshold
Very-Low Income	1.900	At least 27%
Low Income	2,098	At least 29%
Moderate Income	3,142	No more than 44%
Total	7,140	

Section 33334.4 requires that at least 27 percent of the Housing Fund monies dedicated to projects and programs be spent on housing for very-low income households. In addition, at least 29 percent of these funds must be spent on housing for low-income households, and no

more than 44 percent of the funds can be spent on moderate-income households. However, the Agency is entitled to expend a disproportionate amount of the funds for very-low income households, and to subtract a commensurate amount from the low and/or moderate-income thresholds. Similarly, the Agency can provide a disproportionate amount of funding for low income housing by reducing the amount of funds allocated to moderate-income households. In no event can the expenditures targeted to moderate-income households exceed the established threshold amount.

The Agency will allocate its funds in such a way that these percentages are met over the tenyear period from July 2003 through June 2013 (because different percentages applied to the 2003-2006 period, the City will actually use a weighted average of the percentages for each period). In addition, the City and other entities may provide assistance for the construction of units affordable to very low and low income households that may also be counted toward meeting the requirements of Section 33334.4.

### d. Age Restricted Housing Expenditures

Section 33334.4 also requires that the Agency assist housing that is available to all persons, regardless of age, in at least the same proportion as the population under age 65 bears to the City's total population as reported in the most recent census of the United States Census Bureau. The 2000 Census indicates that 89.5 percent of the City's population is under 65 years of age. As such, at least 89.5 percent of the Agency expenditures on affordable housing projects must be spent to assist projects that do not impose age restrictions on the residents. The following summarizes the allocation of housing fund monies.

Age Category	Percentage of Funds
Senior	10.5% maximum
Unrestricted	89.5% minimum

The Agency will ensure that over the ten-year period from July 2003 through June 2013 not more than 10.5 percent of its expenditures on affordable housing projects are for projects serving seniors.

### e. Transfer of Housing Funds to Other Providers

The Project Area is subject to the CRL provisions requiring the transfer of housing funds to other housing producers in the Oakland area in certain circumstances. Such transfers could possibly occur if the Housing Fund contained "excess surplus." Excess surplus means any unexpended and unencumbered amount in a Project Area's Housing Fund that exceeds the greater of one million dollars (\$1,000,000) or the aggregate amount deposited into the Housing Fund during the project's preceding four fiscal years.

The Agency does not anticipate having an excess surplus during the current Implementation Plan cycle or throughout the subsequent remaining Project Area life.

### 3. Housing Goals and Objectives of the Implementation Plan

The primary goal of the Agency is to comply with the affordable housing requirements imposed by the CRL in a responsible manner. The affordable housing activities identified in this proposed Implementation Plan will explicitly assist in accomplishing the intent of the CRL in regards to the provision of low-mod housing.

The CRL establishes that certain housing expenditures, and preservation and production requirements, be attained during five and ten year increments. The housing production requirement, if applicable, must be met every 10 years, while the proportionality tests must be achieved over the next 10 years, and then again through the end of the Project Area life. It is the Agency's goal and objective for this Implementation Plan to accomplish sufficient activity and expenditures over the Implementation Plan term, and through the term of the Project Area, to comply with the applicable requirements.

### 4. Estimated Housing Fund Revenues and Expenditures

The following table presents the projected future deposits into the Housing Fund. As shown below, approximately \$50.7 million in revenues are projected to be available over the five-year term of this Implementation Plan.

Plan Year	Fiscal Year	Housing:Set
1	2008-09	\$7,046,039
2 .	2009-10	\$8,243,565
3	2010-11	\$9,926,786
4	2011-12	\$11,767,200
5	2012-13	\$13,680,404
Total		\$50,664,294

### Exhibit 11: Estimate Housing Set-Aside Revenue FY 2008-09 through FY 2012-13

These funds are projected to be allocated approximately as follows:

Planning, administration and project management	\$10,100,000
Debt Service on 2006 housing bonds	\$3,100,000
Program activities	\$16,100,000
Debt Service for future housing bonds	\$21,364,000
(primarily for affordable units at Oak to Ninth)	

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### 5. Anticipated Housing Program Activities

The Agency may assist in a variety of programs to provide, improve, and preserve affordable housing such as the following:

### a. Production:

The Agency can make loans and grants from the Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund to non-profit and for-profit developers for the new construction or rehabilitation of affordable housing. Loans can be made on a deferred payment and/or below market interest rate basis.

The Agency can also participate in land acquisition, land cost write-down, developer recruitment, credit enhancement, and other participation to cause affordable housing to be developed. This is normally accomplished after identification of a housing site, development of a housing concept, and issuance of a Request for Proposals for development of housing. Such affordable housing could be rental or ownership housing. The Agency may also acquire land and directly build housing.

### b. Rehabilitation

The Agency may offer low-interest or no-interest loans or grants to assist low- and moderate income homeowners in making repairs to existing residences. Such repairs could consist of correcting health and safety violations, re-landscaping, and re-painting. This preserves the affordability of the housing and extends its lifespan, as well as improving the neighborhood. Additionally, such programs can be extended to owners of rentals properties to make repairs to affordable rental housing. In either case, covenants must be recorded to keep these properties affordable for the time period required by CRL.

#### c. Affordability Assistance:

The Agency may provide direct subsidies to lower the cost of ownership housing or may establish first-time homebuyer programs to assist very-low to moderate income families with mortgage assistance for the purchase of a home. The former would involve the use of long-term restrictions on sales prices to ensure continuing affordability to low and moderate income households. The latter can take the form of a deferred loan with a low interest rate and equity sharing provisions. When the home is sold, the loan and equity share would be used to help another first-time homebuyer.

### d. Preservation of Existing Affordable Housing

The Agency may offer loans, grants or other forms of investment to assist in the preservation of existing assisted housing that is otherwise threatened with conversion to market rate. Such assistance would be coupled with affordability restrictions of 55 years for rental housing and 45 years for owner-occupied housing.

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### e. Allocation to Specific Programs

Based on the recommendations of the Project Area Committee for the Central City East project area, the Agency intends to allocate \$20,000,000 to various housing programs in the following percentages:

Rehabilitation of Owner-Occupied Housing	35%
Rehabilitation of Rental Housing	20%
First Time Homebuyer Assistance	20%
New Construction/Substantial Rehabilitation of Rental Housing	10%
New Construction/Substantial Rehabilitation of Ownership Housing	15%

In addition, it is anticipated that approximately \$17,000,000 will be reserved to pay debt service to support bonds to be issued over the next several years to make funds available for the development of approximately 465 units of very low and low income housing in the Oak to Ninth project and other major developments to the extent necessary. In the event that not all these funds are needed for debt service, they will be allocated for the other programs listed above, in the same percentages as listed above.

### 6. Allocation of Housing Funds over Previous Implementation Period

Between 2003-04 and 2007-08, approximately \$15.2 million was deposited into the Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund for the Central City East project area. These funds were allocated as follows:

Planning, administration and project management	\$2,666,000
Debt service	\$1,238,000
Rehabilitation of Owner-Occupied Housing	\$3,964,000
Rehabilitation of Rental Housing	\$2,265,000
First Time Homebuyer Assistance	\$1,812,000
New Construction/Substantial Rehabilitation of Rental Housing	\$1,246,000
New Construction/Substantial Rehabilitation of Ownership Housing	\$2,038,000
TOTAL	\$15,229,000

In addition, the Agency issued affordable housing tax increment bonds for a total of \$7,328,614, all of which was used to assist in the new construction and substantial rehabilitation of affordable housing.

Attachment 1 Sub Area Priority Lists

## **Central City East Implementation Plan Attachments**

Sub-Area Vision and Preferred Allocation Priority Requests

Redevelopment Agency Staff worked with members of the Project Area Committee to allocate the projected increment for the 2008 – 2013 Central City East Implementation Plan with strong consideration for the community's wishes.

The following are the Vision and Funding Allocation Priorities supplied to Agency Staff by the PAC representatives of the 4 Central City East Sub-Areas.

- 1. Eastlake/San Antonio
- 2. Fruitvale/San Antonio
- 3. Central East Oakland
- 4. Elmhurst

#### Eastlake/San Antonio

Sub Area Meeting Vision and Priorities:

### The Vision:

The projects proposed for the Eastlake / San Antonio area have as a unifying principle the restoration of a charming residential neighborhood.

The overriding priority is crime reduction, without which redevelopment is impossible.

The next piece is streetscapes to define and set the tone for the residential portion of the area. The strategy is to attract residents with disposable income who will improve properties in the area. This will set the stage for more retail and services in the neighborhood. With the Oak to 9<sup>th</sup> project bringing 3,000 waterfront condos our area is primed for this change. We are seeking to leverage off of the changes that the Oak to 9<sup>th</sup> project will bring. There are several ways. One is integrate the neighborhood with the waterfront. This will change the perception of the neighborhood to a more desirable water oriented area. A second is to open the neighborhood to the new Oak to 9<sup>th</sup> residents. This will bring the new residents into our stores and restaurants. We need to provide money for rehabilitation of retail and commercial businesses to attract the new residents.

Our area has an excessive amount of low and affordable housing compared to other neighborhoods in Alameda County. We seek to improve the quality of life for those who live in these buildings by renovating and improving them. This will also make the neighborhood more attractive. We do not want to bring in anymore of this type of housing until other areas have comparable amounts of this type of housing.

A unique asset our neighborhood has is historic homes. For a small investment in historic preservation we can protect and foster the rehabilitation of these homes and restore a charming neighborhood. We also have the last remaining shipping warehouse of its era at 9<sup>th</sup> avenue and we would like to turn that into a community asset with waterfront restaurants and shops. We plan to bring the waterfront bike trails through our neighborhood to improve the quality of life and further tie the neighborhood to the waterfront.

On the practical side our community does not have a single library and we need that for quality of life for students. We also would like to improve our schools.

Lastly, we want to bring in an outside consultant who has national experience in spurring re-development to orchestrate the turnaround so that we do not squander our opportunity.

(Prioritization List on Following Page)

## Attachment 1 Sub Area Priority Lists Prioritization List for East Lake / San Antonio

Priority	Blocks	Cost Per Block	Amount	Percentage	Housing
Crime Reduction			7,000,000	25%	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
14th-23rd &San Antonio Park	20	\$300,000	6,000,000	21%	
5th Ave	6	\$400,000	2,400,000	9%	
(Housing Rehab)				· ·	12,500,000
Historic Preservation			250,000	1%	
Schools			1,000,000	4%	
Youth Resources (Library)			2,500,000	9%	
Waterfront Connections			5,000,000	18%	
Terminal Re-Use			2,000,000	7%	
Bike Trails			400,000	1%	
Commercial/Retail Rehab	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,000,000	4%	
Project Planning			250,000	1%	
					3
Total Excluding Housing		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$27,800,000		

Updated Request as of 4/14/08 from Josh New:

Requested Dollars Percentages	Amount	Percent	
14th and 23rd Ave Streetscape	600000	37.5	
Waterfront Connections	5000000	31.25	
Bike Trails	400000	2.5	
Youth Employment/Scholarships	1000000	6.25	
Libraries	2500000	15.625	
Historic Preservation	250000	1.5625	
Project Planning	250000	1.5625	
Crime Prevention	600000	3.75	
Totals:	1600000	<b>100</b>	

### Fruitvale/San Antonio Sub Area

Proposed Priorities

## Category: REDEVELOPMENT - \$75,000,000

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\$16.000.000

Rank	Project Area	Goals	Objectives	%	
1	Comprehensive plan & implementation strategy	Engage community with clearly stated project tasks, budgets and timelines	<ul> <li>Update &amp; revise Jan. 2007 plan (\$187.5K = 1.0%)</li> <li>Integrate retail enhancement strategy</li> <li>Revisit underground utilities</li> </ul>	1.0	
2	Streetscape Design Construction	Implement proposed streetscape design	<ul> <li>Improve the hard- and soft-scape of Foothill Boulevard</li> <li>Catalyze commercial &amp; retail development</li> <li>Develop a unified street character</li> </ul>	48.0	
3	Street Safety & Improvement	Decrease crime & increase opportunity for economic development	<ul> <li>e crime &amp; increase</li> <li>Street calming deterrents</li> <li>Install 24/7 monitored cameras + 911 operator</li> <li>Install pedestrian crossing lights</li> </ul>		
4	Façade Program	Building improvements to attract new customers & retail business Actively recruit existing retail business owners Assist owners in developing plans, schedules and budgets Assist owners in completing the façade improvement project		3.0	
5			12.5		
6	Miller Library (1449 Miller Avenue)	Adaptive reuse facilities plan for Community Activities	<ul> <li>Rehab &amp; bring up to code existing building for public use</li> <li>Provide fittings, furniture &amp; equipment for community meeting, learning, cultural &amp; performing activities</li> <li>Services for children, youth, adults and seniors</li> </ul>	25.0	

### Attachment 1 Sub Area Priority Lists

### Central East Oakland Sub Area

Five – Year Implementation Plan Priorities March 26, 2008

### The Vision

At the CCEPAC Retreat on February 23, 2008, the Central East Oakland Sub Area developed a number of goals to guide our funding priorities for the next five years. The goals included:

Prosperous Neighborhood Commercial Areas Reduced unemployment Clean & safe streets Attractive Streetscapes along primary corridors A pedestrian-oriented environment Community services for all ages; children, youth, adults and seniors Urban (residential) density along the primary corridors Walkable areas Neighborhood employment centers Attractive architecture and elimination of blight

Most of the focus for the next five years should be on the primary transit corridors – Foothill Boulevard and Mac Arthur Boulevard. The present appearance of these arterials gives an overall depressed impression to the entire area. In some areas blight is unchecked. Speeding, reckless drivers and loitering, particularly at liquor stores has created an environment conducive to crime. Local NCPC's (Neighborhood Crime Prevention Councils) are vigilant in their efforts to work with law enforcement to maintain a sense of safety on the corridors and in the surrounding residential areas. Despite these efforts, the present conditions have proven to deter legitimate retailers and developers, and only a few marginal businesses have attempted to open recently.

Therefore, the priorities are designed to transform the corridors from undesirable areas of blight to viable locations for developers of residential, mixed-use and retail projects. Residents have expressed strong interest in supporting neighborhood commercial uses, and additional homeownership residential opportunities. Our priorities will initially improve the safety and appearance of the street by completing an expanded streetscape program. This should accompany improvements in existing buildings (façade improvements and blight abatement) and ultimately attract new development through incentives and a catalyst project development. Services for children are especially lacking in the east end of the area and a facility should be contemplated that would improve the quality of life of children and parents. The priorities are shown in the chart following on page two.

Central Easi Oakland Sub Area Five – Year Implementation Plan Priorities March 26, 2008 Pg. 2 of 2

### The Priorities

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Rank	ank % budget Category		Objectives (from CCEPAC retreat)	Project Examples/Comments			
1	19% (\$3.4 m)	Infrastructure	<ul> <li>Attractive sireetscapes along primary corridors</li> <li>Clean &amp; safe streets</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Extend Mac Arthur Boulevard streetscape from 76<sup>th</sup> Avenue to Parker Street; and Eastmont Post Office to Alvingroom Ct.</li> <li>Focused blight abatement activities along Mac Arthur; esp. at \$2nd Avenue/Mac Arthur intersection</li> </ol>			
Ĵ	19% (\$3.4 m)	Business Retention & Attraction	<ul> <li>Prosperous neighborhood commercial areas</li> <li>Attractive architecture</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Restore/rehab existing commercial buildings on Foothill/immediately east of Seminary</li> <li>Use Infill Incentive, Revolving Loan Fund, Façade and Tenant Improvement programs as development tools</li> </ol>			
3	31% (\$5.6 m)	Retail/Mixed- Use	<ul> <li>Urban density along primary corridors</li> <li>Walkable areas</li> <li>Attractive architecture; eliminate blight</li> <li>Neighborhood employment centers</li> <li>Prosperous neighborhood commercial areas</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Foothill/Seminary (FAME)</li> <li>Catalyst project at Eastmont (73<sup>rd</sup> &amp; Foothill)</li> <li>Fairfax/Foothili</li> <li>82<sup>rd</sup> &amp; Mac Arthur</li> </ol>			
4	12% (\$2.5 m)	Community Facilities	Services for children, youth, adults and seniors	<ol> <li>Community center for children near Parker School (possible site at 7800 Mac Arthur)</li> </ol>			
5	19% (\$3.4 m)	Community Facilities	Reduce unemployment	<ol> <li>Technology and New Industries Training Center for Adults (New Skills Center)</li> </ol>			

### Elmhurst

Sub-Area Priority List

### **PROJECTS**

### 1. Top Priority - Crime Plan

The Crime Plan would consist of working with the Police Dept. to select a test/target area within Elmhurst. Basically, the Plan would include higher intensity street lights, cameras in public areas, and security alarm systems for each business and residential unit (if police Dept. thinks this is cost effective). Estimated Cost - \$ 6.980.000 Percentage of Total: 43.625%

(External funding sources to be explored; PAC would only be required to financially guarantee the cost).

#### 2. Flagship Project

This would be a significant entrance project that would exhibit a certain quality and grace that would change the image of entering the City of Oakland. Hopefully, to the extent that when leaving San Leandro and entering Oakland one would feel there was a more healthy and elegant area ahead.

Estimated Cost - \$1,000,000 Percentage of Total: 6.25%

### 3. Streetscape Program

This program would consist of continuing the overall theme of improving MacArthur Blvd. from the San Leandro border north and west on MacArthur Blvd. It would include enhancement of the sidewalk area, traffic calming, and under-grounding overhead utilities.

Estimated Cost - \$6,500,000.

Percentage of Total: 40.625%

### 4. Facade Program

This program would continue the improvements along MacArthur Blvd. Generally starting at the San Leandro border and relating to the Streetscape Program.

Estimated Cost - \$1,500,000.

Percentage of Total: 9.375%

#### 5. School Program

The PAC would give the high school \$10,000 for a scholarship and monitor it usage. In return the high school would select an individual to participate and vote on the PAC. The school would require that a class would have to attend and write a report on the PAC.

b) The second high school program (estimated cost also \$10,000) would consist of selecting a group of students for a type of community improvement project, such as graffiti removal, etc.

Estimated Cost - \$20,000. Percentage of Total: 0.125%

#### 6. Tracking System

Create a sophisticated project tracking system that would be updated on the web on a monthly basis. The system would track projects and show benchmark targets, such as funding approved, design, bid, contract award and percentage of completion.

Estimated Cost – None Given

Percentage of Total: N/A

#### 7. Letterhead and Logo

Elmhurst agrees with Redevelopment Director Gregory Hunter that it is time for the PAC to develop its own letterhead and logo.

Estimated Cost - None Given

Percentage of Total: N/A

Attachment 1 Sub Area Priority Lists

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## Update as of 4/9/08 from Elmhurst Sub Area

Gloria Jeffery gave CCE Staff the Elmhurst Sub Area's cuts after the 4/7/08 PAC meeting, where they were told they would only have \$16 million and not \$18.5 M (difference of 2.5) and they are as follows:

1. \$1M subtracted from Streetscape leaving \$6.5M

2. \$1M subtracted from Flagship leaving \$1M

3. \$500,000 subtracted from the Facade Program leaving \$1.5M





# OAKLAND CITY COUNCIL

RESOLUTION NO. \_\_\_\_\_ C.M.S.

### A RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING A ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF THE PROJECT AREA COMMITTEE FOR THE CENTRAL CITY EAST REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT TO JULY 29, 2009

WHEREAS, On March 12, 2002, the City Council approved Resolution No. 77006 C.M.S., which called for the formation of a Project Area Committee (PAC) and adopted procedures for the formation of a PAC for the Central City East Redevelopment Project; and

WHEREAS, On June 11, 2002 the City Council approved Resolution No. 77190 C.M.S. which certified the Central City East PAC; and

WHEREAS, the Central City East Redevelopment Project was adopted by the City Council on July 29, 2003 (Ordinance No. 12528 C.M.S.); and

WHEREAS, pursuant to California Health and Safety Code Section 33386, the PAC is to serve for a three-year period after the adoption of the redevelopment plan; and

WHEREAS, the Council may authorize one-year extensions of the PAC pursuant to California Health and Safety Code Section 33386; and

WHEREAS, the time extension for the PAC for the Central City East Redevelopment Project will expire on July 29, 2008; now, therefore, be it **RESOLVED:** That the City Council hereby authorizes a one-year extension of the Central City East PAC until July 29, 2009.

IN COUNCIL, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, \_\_\_\_\_, 2008

### PASSED BY THE FOLLOWING VOTE:

AYES- BROOKS, BRUNNER, CHANG, KERNIGHAN, NADEL, QUAN, REID, AND PRESIDENT DE LA FUENTE

NOES-

ABSENT-

ABSTENTION-

Attest:

LATONDA SIMMONS City Clerk and Clerk of the Council Of the City of Oakland, California