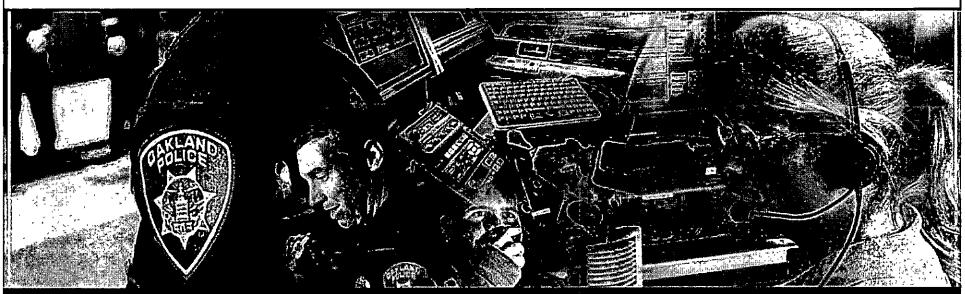


Comparison Report December 17, 2013





#### Introductions

RCC Consultants, Inc.

Tom Gray, Vice President & General Manager, Western Region

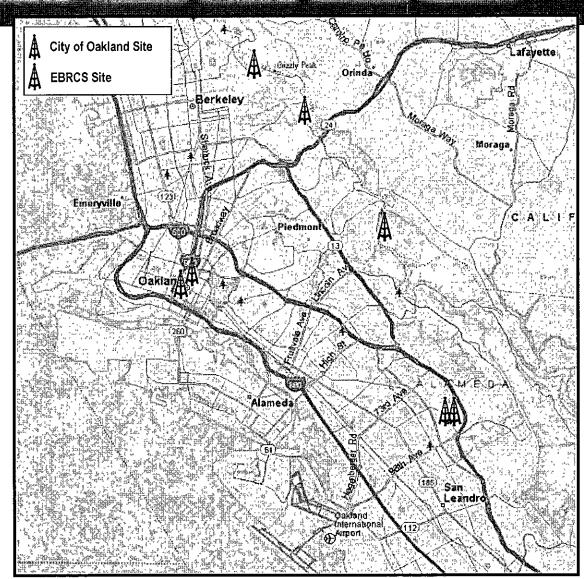


### Focus of the Report

- Perform a Side by Side Comparison of Coverage provided by Oakland and EBRCS P25 Radio Systems
- Perform a Radio Feature Portability Test, to verify how Oakland radios will work on the EBRCS system
- Develop a Business Case analysis of pros, cons, and costs of staying or moving
- Look at Microwave System issues

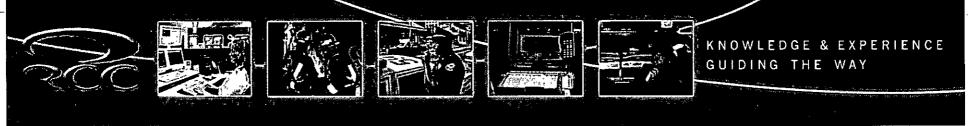


- Measured signal level, bit error rate, DAQ
- Tabulated results statistically
- Graphically displayed results in MapPoint



- Signal Strength Results
- Measurement of signal available
- Over 34,000 samples taken throughout Oakland service area
- Results were very similar

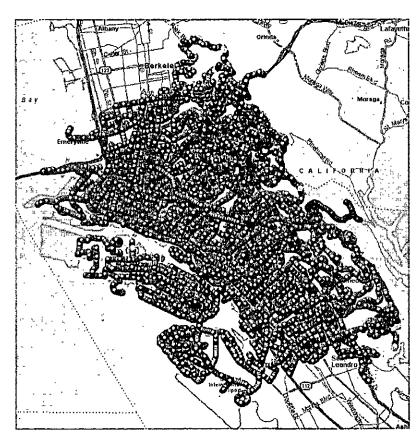
Usage Type	Target Signal Level	Percentage of Area Coyered by OAK	Percentage of Area Covered by EBRCS
Mobile at			15.7
Trunk Level	-108 dBm	99.59%	99.64%
Portable at Head Level	-105 dBm	99.49%	99.14%
Portable on			
Belt	-95 d <b>B</b> m	97.77%	97. <b>2</b> 0%
Portable on Belt in 10dB	05.4P.s	90.91%	91.00%
Building Portable on Belt in 20dB	-85 dBm	30.3 1.70 ,	91.00.70
Building	-75 dBm	67.58%	69.08%



	Percentage of	Percentage of
BER	Area Covered by OAK	Area Covered by EBRCS
<b>0.0</b> to 1.00%	97.3 <b>8</b> %	95.40%
1.01 to 2.00%	1.19%	2.01%
2.01 to 2.60%	<b>0</b> .26%	0.52%
2.61 to 5.00%	0.40%	0.72%
5.01% to 8.00%	0.22%	0.65%
8.01% or greater	0.56%	0.70%



## Signal Strength



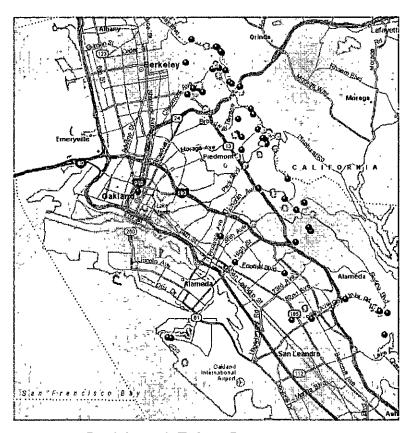
Oakland P25 System



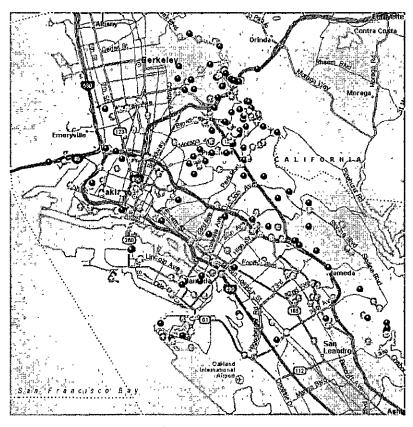
EBRCS P25 System



### BER Testing

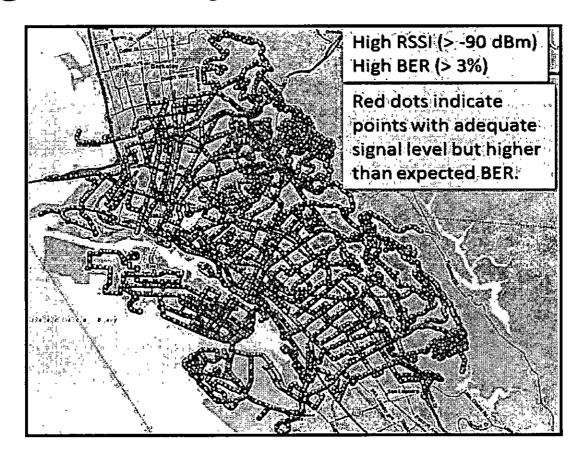


Oakland P25 System

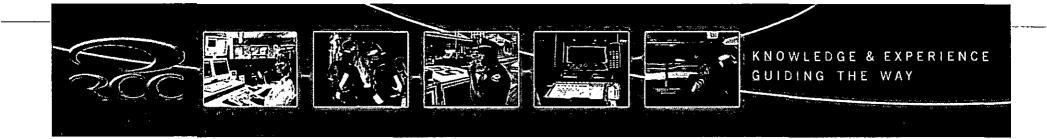


EBRCS P25 System

# Original City BER 2012 Report



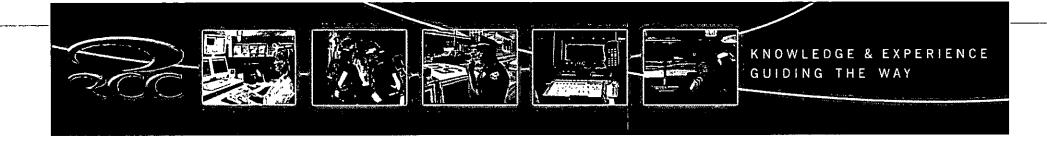
- High BER in High Signal area
- We observed slightly higher BER on EBRCS
- Oakland has been aggressively pursuing reports of interference, and working with a specialist and an FCC attorney to respond to interference from commercial cellular carriers
- Interference mitigation MUST be aggressively pursued on large public safety systems.



## Radio Feature Portability

### Radio Feature Portability Testing

- Performed tests found, the majority of radio features worked on both systems.
  - Motorola consoles do not clear emergency alerts from declaring Harris radios
  - Could not get Oakland radios to roam on EBRCS system
  - Were unable to test failure modes on a working system (without impacting active users)



## **Business Case Analysis**

# Business Case Analysis Known Costs

- Moving to EBRCS:
  - One-time Joining Fee: \$540,000
    - (all users: 1500 OPD, 700 OFD, 500 PWA)
  - Ongoing Usage Fees: \$1,004,400 per year
- Staying on Oakland:
  - One-Time Improvements: \$1,375,000
    - (all users: 1500 OPD, 700 OFD, 500 PWA)
  - Additional Ongoing Backbone Support Costs:
     \$235,000 per year

# Business Case Analysis Known Costs

#### Either Way:

- Radio Shop capabilities must be upgraded or outsourced
  - \$ TBD (believe the budget already has sufficient funding)
- Public Safety User Radios must be Replaced:
  - \$15-20 million

#### Business Case Analysis

#### Most significant issues:

- Ongoing support and maintenance
  - Number one reason mentioned by those who favor moving to EBRCS
  - EBRCS has a known budget, a maintenance plan, and active oversight of the radio system.
  - Both internal and external interviewees cited this as the primary EBRCS advantage
  - (more important than coverage, more important than interoperability)

- Ongoing support and maintenance
  - The City has indicated that it has a 3 step plan to shore up it own radio system, and appears to be making excellent progress along those lines.
  - However, that system is currently being maintained by Harris and DWC personnel, absent a formal maintenance agreement
  - That Contractor's role must be formalized, or must be taken over by the Radio Shop.

- Ongoing support and maintenance
  - Radio Shop staff still are not adequately trained or equipped to maintain the Oakland system independently
  - Must add staff
  - Must get factory training for City staff

- Ongoing support and maintenance
  - That responsibility does NOT simply go away if the City chooses to move to EBRCS.
  - EBRCS will maintain the radio backbone and the radio consoles, but NOT the end user radios

# Business Case Analysis

#### Most significant issue:

- City has 3 options for subscriber maintenance (even if it decides to move to EBRCS!):
  - Upgrade its own internal staff and capabilities
  - Formalize a maintenance relationship with a contractor for supplemental support
  - Outsource its radio maintenance duties to a third party (A contractor or another government entity)

### Business Case Analysis

Most significant issue:

- Ongoing maintenance and operation is the key issue from RCC's perspective.
- IF Oakland stays on its own system, RCC recommends forming a Radio System Management Board, with reps appointed by Police Chief, Fire Chief, CIO, and City Administrator



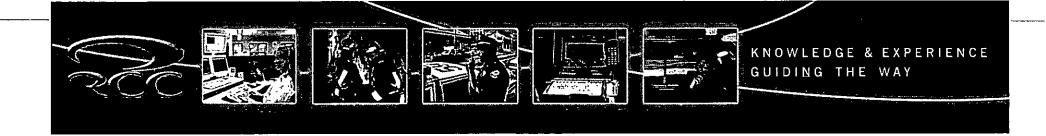
- Sustainability is the key
- The City's ability to self-maintain (or monitor contractors) is a significant issues identified by the interviewees, and in RCC opinion



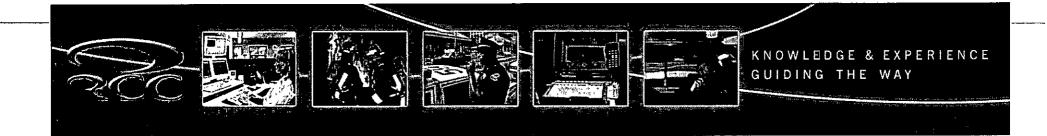
## Microwave Study

### Microwave Study

- Net result: RCC does not see any compelling need to merge the two networks
- The networks could remain independent, as each serves a different purpose for a different entity
- City microwave could be used to provide path protection for the Seneca site



#### Q & A / Discussion



#### **Thank You for Your Time**