APPROVED AS TO FORM AND LEGALITY

OFFICE OF THE CITY CLERK

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INTRODUCED BY COUNCILMEMBER ____

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ORDINANCE NO. _____C.M.S.

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING CHAPTER 9.56 OF THE OAKLAND MUNICIPAL CODE AUTHORIZING SEIZURE AND FORFEITURE OF VEHICLES USED TO SOLICIT PROSTITUTION OR ACQUIRE A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, TO INCLUDE AS ADDITIONAL GROUNDS FOR SEIZURE AND FORFEITURE THE CRIMES OF PANDERING AND PIMPING, AND TO REQUIRE A PROMPT POST-SEIZURE HEARING.

WHEREAS, in 1997, the City Council of the City of Oakland adopted an ordinance authorizing the seizure and forfeiture of vehicles that create a public nuisance by being used to solicit prostitution or to acquire controlled substances (Ordinance No. 11987 C.M.S. as amended; now designated as Chapter 9.56 of the Oakland Municipal Code); and

WHEREAS, since 1998 the Oakland Police Department has utilized the seizure and forfeiture provisions in areas where illegal prostitution and drug sales commonly occur; and

WHEREAS, the successful enforcement of this public nuisance ordinance reduces nuisance activities, protects the quality of life of Oakland residents and their right to enjoy their property, protects public health and safety and promotes the peace and quiet of Oakland neighborhoods; and

WHEREAS, the ordinance authorizes police to seize nuisance vehicles used in prostitution and drug activity addressed by this ordinance, but does not expressly require a prompt probable cause hearing following seizure of vehicles; and

WHEREAS, the California Court of Appeal, Third Appellate District, recently issued a decision stating that an ordinance providing for the seizure and forfeiture of nuisance vehicles must provide for a prompt probable cause hearing to satisfy procedural due process (O'Connell v. City of Stockton (April 22, 2005, C044400) ___Cal.App.4th_); and

WHEREAS, the Council finds that pursuant to the O'Connell decision an administrative post-seizure hearing should be held promptly, to determine whether probable cause exists that the vehicle was used in violation of the ordinance; and

WHEREAS, the existing ordinance authorizes seizure and forfeiture of nuisance vehicles, but does not require considering whether the registered owner knew or should have known that the vehicle would be used for the prohibited nuisance activity; and

WHEREAS, the City Council finds that regulations promulgated In furtherance of this ordinance should allow any person with an interest in a seized vehicle to request a determination that forfeiture would be inappropriate under the circumstances of a particular case upon a showing of extreme hardship; and

WHEREAS, the existing ordinance does not include the crimes of pandering and pimping in declaring any motor vehicle a public nuisance subject to seizure and confiscation; and

WHEREAS, Article XI, section 7 of the California Constitution grants charter cities the authority to make and enforce within its limits ordinances and regulations pertaining to public safety, health and welfare; and

WHEREAS, the City Council considers that the scope of the existing ordinance authorizing seizure and forfeiture of nuisance vehicles should, in order to further reduce nuisance activity and protect the quality of life of Oakland residents and protect public health and safety, be expanded to include the additional offenses of pimping and pandering;

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF OAKLAND HEREBY ORDAINS AS FOLLOWS:

9.56.010 Definitions.

For the purpose of this Chapter the following words and phrases shall mean and include:

"Nuisance Vehicle" means any vehicle used to agree to or engage in an act of prostitution, pandering or pimping, or to illegally acquire or attempt to illegally acquire any controlled substance; such a vehicle is a nuisance, subject to abatement, seizure and forfeiture.

"Pandering" means procuring another person for the purpose of prostitution, a crime pursuant to California Penal Code section 266i. When involving the use of a motor vehicle, the vehicle is subject to abatement, seizure and forfeiture.

"Pimping" means deriving support or maintenance from the earnings or proceeds of a prostitute, a crime pursuant to California Penal Code section 266h. When involving the use of a motor vehicle, the vehicle is subject to abatement, seizure and forfeiture.

"Prosecuting Agency" means the District Attorney or the City Attorney.

"Prostitution" means the solicitation of, agreement to engage in, or engaging in any act of prostitution, as defined in California Penal Code section 647(b). When involving the use of a motor vehicle, the vehicle may be subject to abatement, seizure and forfeiture.

9.56.020 Nuisance vehicles.

Any vehicle used to agree to or engage in an act of prostitution, or procure another person for the purpose of prostitution (pandering), or derive financial support or maintenance from the earnings or proceeds of prostitution (pimping) or illegally acquire or attempt to illegally acquire any controlled substance, is declared a nuisance, and the vehicle shall be enjoined and abated as provided in this Chapter. Any person or his or her servant, agent, or employee who owns, leases, conducts, or maintains any vehicle (hereinafter referred to as "the property"), used for any of the purposes or acts set forth in this section is guilty of a nuisance.

9.56.030 Declaration by court.

Upon proof that the property was used for any of the purposes set forth in Section 9.56.020, the court shall declare the property a nuisance and order that the property be forfeited, sold, and the proceeds distributed as set forth in Section 9.56.090.

9.56.040 Right, title and interest in property.

All right, title, and interest in any property described in Section 9.56.020 shall vest in the city upon commission of the act giving rise to the nuisance under this chapter.

9.56.050 Procedure for Seizure of Vehicle.

- A. Vehicles subject to forfeiture under this chapter may be seized by any peace officer upon process issued by any court having jurisdiction over the property. Seizure without a court order may be made if any of the following situations exist:
 - 1. The seizure is incident to an arrest or a search under a search warrant;
 - 2. There is probable cause to believe that the property was used in violation of this chapter.
- B. A peace officer seizing a vehicle under this chapter shall complete a receipt in accordance with Section 1412 of the Penal Code and deliver it to the person out of whose possession such vehicle was seized.

- C. An investigation shall be made by the public agency making the seizure as to any potential claimant to a vehicle whose right, title, interest, or lien is of record in the Department of Motor Vehicles of this or any other state or appropriate federal agency. If the public agency finds that any person, other than the registered owner, is the legal owner, and the ownership did not arise subsequent to the date and time of arrest or seizure of the vehicle or notification of the forfeiture proceedings, it shall within three (3) business days of the vehicle's seizure, send a notice of seizure and notice of a hearing under section 9.56.060 to the legal owner at his or her address appearing on the records of the Department of Motor Vehicles of this or any other state or any appropriate federal agency.
- D. A vehicle seized pursuant to this chapter, where appropriate, may be held as evidence in any proceeding brought by the Prosecuting Agency.

9.56.060 Post-seizure hearing.

Upon receipt of a request for hearing within the time periods stated below, the public agency seizing the vehicle shall provide any potential claimant a post-seizure hearing to determine the existence of probable cause to support the seizure. The post-seizure hearing shall be conducted within three (3) business days of the request, or later if the claimant so requests. The public agency will retain the services of an independent hearing officer to conduct the hearing. Failure of either the registered or legal owner, or his or her agent, to request and attend a scheduled hearing within the appropriate time frame shall constitute a waiver of the hearing and shall satisfy due process requirements. The right to a post-seizure hearing provided in this section shall expire should no interest claim be filed pursuant to the time frame provided in section 9.56.080.

- (a) The notice of seizure shall include the following:
- (i) the name, address and telephone number of the agency providing the notice;
- (ii) the authority and reason for the seizure:
- (iii) a statement that in order to receive a post-seizure hearing, the owners, or their agents, shall request the hearing in person, in writing, or by telephone so that the Prosecuting Agency receives it within ten (10) calendar days of the date of the notice;
- (iv) the time in which a claim of interest in the vehicle seized or subject to forfeiture is required to be filed.
- (b) The scope of the hearing shall be: whether probable cause exists that this Chapter was violated. If the hearing officer finds that probable cause exists, the property shall remain in possession of the City of Oakland until final disposition of the property. If the hearing officer finds that probable cause does not exist, the hearing officer may recommend release of the property pending trial under conditions that preserve the City's interest in the property. The hearing officer may consider the

existence of any affirmative defense to the forfeiture if the claimant has filed a claim in accordance with section 9.56.080. The hearing officer shall also consider whether it would be inappropriate for the property to remain in possession of the City under the circumstances of a particular case based upon a showing of extreme hardship.

5. A vehicle seized pursuant to this section, where appropriate, may be held as evidence in any proceeding brought by the Prosecuting Agency.

9.56.070 Forfeiture.

- A. Except as provided in subsection G of this section, if the Prosecuting Agency determines that the factual circumstances do warrant that the vehicle described in Section 9.56.020 is subject to forfeiture, the Prosecuting Agency shall file a petition for forfeiture with the Superior Court of Alameda County.
- B. A petition for forfeiture under this subdivision shall be filed as soon as practicable, but in any case within one year of the seizure of the property which is subject to forfeiture.
- C. The Prosecuting Agency shall cause a notice of the seizure and of the intended forfeiture proceedings, as well as a notice stating that any interested party may file a verified claim with the Superior Court of Alameda County, to be served by personal delivery or by registered mail upon any person who has an interest in the seized vehicle. Whenever a notice is delivered pursuant to this section, it shall be accompanied by a claim form as described in Section 9.56.080, directions for the filing and service of a claim and notice of the availability of a hearing under section 9.56.050.
- D. An investigation shall be made by the Oakland Police Department as to any claimant to a vehicle whose right, title, interest, or lien is of record in the Department of Motor Vehicles or appropriate federal agency. If the Oakland Police Department finds that any person, other than the registered owner, is the legal owner thereof, and such ownership did not arise subsequent to the date and time of arrest or notification of the forfeiture proceedings or seizure of the vehicle, it shall forthwith send a notice to the legal owner at his or her address appearing on the records of the Department of Motor Vehicles or appropriate federal agency.
- E. All notices shall set forth the time within which a claim of interest in the property seized or subject to forfeiture is required to be filed pursuant to Section 9.56.080.

- F. With respect to vehicles described in Section 9.56.020 for which forfeiture is sought and as to which forfeiture is contested, the city of Oakland must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the vehicle was used as set forth in Section 9.56.020. Trial shall be before the court or jury. The presiding judge of the Superior Court shall assign the action brought pursuant to this chapter for trial.
- G. The Prosecuting Agency may, pursuant to this subsection, order the forfeiture of vehicles seized under this chapter. The Prosecuting Agency shall provide notice of the proceedings under this subsection, including:
 - 1. A description of the vehicle;
 - 2. The date and place of seizure;
 - 3. The violation of law alleged with respect to forfeiture of the property;
 - 4. The instructions for filing and serving a claim with the Prosecuting Agency pursuant to Section 9.56.080 and time limits for filing a claim.
 - 5. Notice of the availability of a hearing pursuant to section 9.56.080.
- H. If no claims are timely filed, the Prosecuting Agency shall prepare a written declaration of forfeiture of the vehicle to the city and dispose of the property in accordance with Section 9.56.090. A written declaration of forfeiture signed by the Prosecuting Agency under this section shall be deemed to provide good and sufficient title to the forfeited property. The Prosecuting Agency ordering forfeiture pursuant to this section shall provide a copy of the declaration of forfeiture to any person who received notice of the forfeiture proceedings.
- I. If a claim is timely filed, then the Prosecuting Agency shall file a petition for forfeiture pursuant to this section within thirty days of the receipt of the claim.
- J. Regulations for the administration of this Chapter shall be promulgated by the City Administrator or her designee within 60 days of passage of this ordinance and must be consistent with the requirements of this ordinance.

9.56.080 Interest claim.

A. Any person claiming an interest in the vehicle seized pursuant to this chapter must, at any time within ten days from the date of the notice of seizure, file with the Superior Court of Alameda County a claim, verified in accordance with Section 446 of the Code of Civil Procedure, stating his or her interest in the property. An endorsed copy of the claim shall be served by the claimant on the Prosecuting Agency within ten days of the filing of the claim.

- B. 1. If a verified claim is filed, the forfeiture proceeding shall be set for hearing on a day not less than thirty (30) days therefrom.
 - 2. The hearing shall be before the court or jury
 - 3. The provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure shall apply to proceedings under this chapter unless otherwise inconsistent with the provisions or procedures set forth in this chapter. However, in proceedings under this chapter, there shall be no joinder of actions, coordination of actions, except for forfeiture proceedings, or crosscomplaints, and the issues shall be limited strictly to the questions related to this chapter.

9.56.090 Sale of vehicles.

In all cases where vehicles seized pursuant to this chapter are forfeited to the city, the vehicles shall be sold, or at the city's option a settlement based on the monetary value of the vehicle may be arranged in lieu of forfeiture of the vehicle. The proceeds of any sale or settlement shall be distributed and appropriated as follows:

- A. To the bona fide or innocent purchaser, conditional sales vendor, mortgagee or lien holder of the property, if any, up to the amount of his or her interest in the property, when the court or Prosecuting Agency declaring the forfeiture orders a distribution to that person.
- B. To the Prosecuting Agency for all expenditures made or incurred by it in connection with the publication of the notices set forth in Section 9.56.070, and the sale of the vehicle, including expenditures for any necessary repairs, storage, or transportation of any vehicle seized under this chapter.
- C. The remaining funds shall be distributed as follows:
 - 1. Fifty (50) percent to the local law enforcement entities that participated in the seizure distributed so as to reflect the proportionate contribution of each agency.
 - 2. Fifty (50) percent to the Prosecuting Agency.
- D. All the funds distributed to the local law enforcement entities or Prosecuting Agency pursuant to subsection C of this section shall not supplant any funds that would, in the absence of this subdivision, be made available to support the law enforcement and prosecutorial efforts of these agencies.

For the purposes of this section, "local governmental entity" means any city, county, or city and county in this state.

9.56.100 Severability Clause.

If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase or word in this ordinance is declared unconstitutional or invalid by any court, said ruling shall not invalidate any other portion of this ordinance. The City Council finds and determines that it would have adopted this ordinance without said section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase or word.

Introduction Date: JUN 0 7 200	Intro	duction	Date:	JUN	07	2005
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IN COUNCIL, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, JUNE _____, 2005 JUN 2 8 2005

PASSED BY THE FOLLOWING VOTE:

AYES- BROOKS, BRUNNER, CHANG, KERNIGHAN, NADEL, QUAN, REID, and PRESIDENT DE LA FUENTE $-\wp$

NOES-

ABSENT-

ABSTENTION-

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City Clerk and Clerk of the Council of the City of Oakland, California

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2005 MAY 26 AN 7: 20 APPROVED AS TO FORM AND LEGALITY

INTRODUCED BY COUNCILMEMBER _			City Attomey
ORDIN	ANCE NO.	C.M.S.	

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING CHAPTER 9.56 OF THE OAKLAND MUNICIPAL CODE AUTHORIZING SEIZURE AND FORFEITURE OF VEHICLES USED TO SOLICIT PROSTITUTION OR ACQUIRE A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, TO INCLUDE AS ADDITIONAL GROUNDS FOR SEIZURE AND FORFEITURE THE CRIMES OF PANDERING AND PIMPING, AND TO REQUIRE A PROMPT POST-SEIZURE HEARING.

WHEREAS, in 1997, the City Council of the City of Oakland adopted an ordinance authorizing the seizure and forfeiture of vehicles that create a public nuisance by being used to solicit prostitution or to acquire controlled substances (Ordinance No. 11987 C.M.S. as amended; now designated as Chapter 9.56 of the Oakland Municipal Code); and

WHEREAS, since 1998 the Oakland Police Department has utilized the seizure and forfeiture provisions in areas where illegal prostitution and drug sales commonly occur; and

WHEREAS, the successful enforcement of this public nuisance ordinance reduces nuisance activities, protects the quality of life of Oakland residents and their right to enjoy their property, protects public health and safety and promotes the peace and quiet of Oakland neighborhoods; and

WHEREAS, the ordinance authorizes police to seize nuisance vehicles used in prostitution and drug activity addressed by this ordinance, but does not expressly require a prompt probable cause hearing following seizure of vehicles; and

WHEREAS, the California Court of Appeal, Third Appellate District, recently issued a decision stating that an ordinance providing for the seizure and forfeiture of nuisance vehicles must provide for a prompt probable cause hearing to satisfy procedural due process (*O'Connell v. City of Stockton* (April 22, 2005, C044400) ___Cal.App.4th__); and

WHEREAS, the Council finds that pursuant to the O'Connell decision an administrative post-seizure hearing should be held promptly, to determine whether probable cause exists that the vehicle was used in violation of the ordinance; and

WHEREAS, the existing ordinance authorizes seizure and forfeiture of nuisance vehicles, but does not require considering whether the registered owner knew or should have known that the vehicle would be used for the prohibited nuisance activity; and

WHEREAS, the City Council finds that regulations promulgated In furtherance of this ordinance should allow any person with an interest in a seized vehicle to request a determination that forfeiture would be inappropriate under the circumstances of a particular case upon a showing of extreme hardship; and

WHEREAS, the existing ordinance does not include the crimes of pandering and pimping in declaring any motor vehicle a public nuisance subject to seizure and confiscation; and

WHEREAS, Article XI, section 7 of the California Constitution grants charter cities the authority to make and enforce within its limits ordinances and regulations pertaining to public safety, health and welfare; and

WHEREAS, the City Council considers that the scope of the existing ordinance authorizing seizure and forfeiture of nuisance vehicles should, in order to further reduce nuisance activity and protect the quality of life of Oakland residents and protect public health and safety, be expanded to include the additional offenses of pimping and pandering;

NOW, THEREFORE, THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF OAKLAND HEREBY ORDAINS AS FOLLOWS:

9.56.010 <u>Definitions</u>.

For the purpose of this Chapter the following words and phrases shall mean and

include:

"Nuisance Vehicle" means any vehicle used to agree to or engage in an act of prostitution, pandering or pimping, or to illegally acquire or attempt to illegally acquire any controlled substance; such a vehicle is a nuisance, subject to abatement, seizure and forfeiture.

"Pandering" means procuring another person for the purpose of prostitution, a crime pursuant to California Penal Code section 266i. When involving the use of a motor vehicle, the vehicle is subject to abatement, seizure and forfeiture.

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Deleted: anc the vehicle shall be enjoined and abated as provided in this chapter. Any person or his or her servant, agent, or employee who owns, leases, conducts, or maintains any vehicle (hereinafter referred to as "the property"), used for any of the purposes or acts set forth in this section is guilty of a nuisance. (Ord. 12093 (part), 1998: Ord. 12015 (part), 1997: Ord. 11987 (part), 1997: prior code § 3-23.01)

Deleted: 9.56.020 Declaration by court. ¶ Upon proof that the property was used for any of the purposes set forth in Section 9.55.010, the court shall declare the property a nuisance and order that the property be forfeited, sold, and the proceeds distributed as set forth in Section 9.56.090. (Ord. 12093 (part), 1998: Ord. 12015 (part), 1997: Ord. 11987 (part), 1997: prior code § 3-23.02)¶

"Pimping" means deriving support or maintenance from the earnings or proceeds of a prostitute, a crime pursuant to California Penal Code section 266h. When involving the use of a motor vehicle, the vehicle is subject to abatement, seizure and forfeiture.

"Prosecuting Agency" means the District Attorney or the City Attorney.

"Prostitution" means the solicitation of, agreement to engage in, or engaging in any act of prostitution, as defined in California Penal Code section 647(b). When involving the use of a motor vehicle, the vehicle may be subject to abatement, seizure and forfeiture.

9.56.020 Nuisance vehicles.

Any vehicle used to agree to or engage in an act of prostitution, or procure another person for the purpose of prostitution (pandering), or derive financial support or maintenance from the earnings or proceeds of prostitution (pimping) or illegally acquire or attempt to illegally acquire any controlled substance, is declared a nuisance, and the vehicle shall be enjoined and abated as provided in this Chapter. Any person or his or her servant, agent, or employee who owns, leases, conducts, or maintains any vehicle (hereinafter referred to as "the property"), used for any of the purposes or acts set forth in this section is guilty of a nuisance.

9.56.030 Declaration by court.

Upon proof that the property was used for any of the purposes set forth in Section 9.56.020, the court shall declare the property a nuisance and order that the property be forfeited, sold, and the proceeds distributed as set forth in Section 9.56.090.

9.56.040 Right, title and interest in property.

All right, title, and interest in any property described in Section 9.56.020 shall vest in the city upon commission of the act giving rise to the nuisance under this chapter.

9.56.050 Procedure for Seizure of Vehicle.

- A. Vehicles subject to forfeiture under this chapter may be seized by any peace officer upon process issued by any court having jurisdiction over the property. Seizure without a court order may be made if any of the following situations exist:
 - 1. The seizure is incident to an arrest or a search under a search warrant;
 - 2. There is probable cause to believe that the property was used in violation of this chapter.

Deleted: 9.53.030 Right, title and interest in property. ¶
All right, title, and interest in any property described in Section 9.56.010 shall vest in the city upon commission of the act giving rise to the nuisance under this chapter. (Ord. 12093 (part), 1998: Ord. 12015 (part), 1997: Ord. 11987 (part), 1997: prior code § 3-23.03)¶

Deleted: 9.56.040 Process. ¶
Vehicles subject to forfaiture under
this chapter may be seized by any
peace officer upon process issued by
any court having jurisdiction over the
property. Seizure without process
may be made if any of the following
situations exist:¶

A. The seizum is incident to an arrest or a search under a search warrant ¶
B. There is probable cause to believe that the property was used in violation of this chapter. (Ord. 12093 (part), 1998: Ord. 12015 (part), 1997: Ord. 11987 (part), 1997: prior code § 3-23.04)¶

Deleted: 9.56.050 Receipts. ¶
Receipts for vehicles seized pursuant
to this chapter shall be delivered to
any person out of whose possession
such vehicle was seized, in
accordance with Section 1412 of the
Penal Code. (Ord. 12093 (part), 1998:
Ord. 12015 (part), 1997: Ord. 11987
(part), 1997: prior code § 3-23.05)¶

Deletad: 9.56.060 Evidence. ¶
Property seized pursuant to Section
9.56.040, where appropriate, may be
held for evidence. The District
Attorney or City Attorney shall
institute and maintain the
proceedings. (Ord. 12093 (part),
1998: Ord. 12015 (part), 1997: Ord.
11987 (part), 1997: prior code § 33.06\frac{3}{2}

- B. A peace officer seizing a vehicle under this chapter shall complete a receipt in accordance with Section 1412 of the Penal Code and deliver it to the person out of whose possession such vehicle was seized.
- C. An investigation shall be made by the public agency making the seizure as to any potential claimant to a vehicle whose right, title, interest, or lien is of record in the Department of Motor Vehicles of this or any other state or appropriate federal agency. If the public agency finds that any person, other than the registered owner, is the legal owner, and the ownership did not arise subsequent to the date and time of arrest or seizure of the vehicle or notification of the forfeiture proceedings, it shall within three (3) business days of the vehicle's seizure, send a notice of seizure and notice of a hearing under section 9.56.060 to the legal owner at his or her address appearing on the records of the Department of Motor Vehicles of this or any other state or any appropriate federal agency.
- D. A vehicle seized pursuant to this chapter, where appropriate, may be held as evidence in any proceeding brought by the Prosecuting Agency.

9.56.060 Post-seizure hearing.

Upon receipt of a request for hearing within the time periods stated below, the public agency seizing the vehicle shall provide any potential claimant a post-seizure hearing to determine the existence of probable cause to support the seizure. The post-seizure hearing shall be conducted within three (3) business days of the request, or later if the claimant so requests. The public agency will retain the services of an independent hearing officer to conduct the hearing. Failure of either the registered or legal owner, or his or her agent, to request and attend a scheduled hearing within the appropriate time frame shall constitute a waiver of the hearing and shall satisfy due process requirements. The right to a post-seizure hearing provided in this section shall expire should no interest claim be filed pursuant to the time frame provided in section 9.56.080.

- (a) The notice of seizure shall include the following:
 - (i) the name, address and telephone number of the agency providing the notice;
 - (ii) the authority and reason for the seizure;
 - (iii) a statement that in order to receive a post-seizure hearing, the owners, or their agents, shall request the hearing in person, in writing, or by telephone so that the Prosecuting Agency receives it within ten (10) calendar days of the date of the notice;
 - (iv) the time in which a claim of interest in the vehicle seized or subject to forfeiture is required to be filed.
- (b) The scope of the hearing shall be: whether probable cause exists that this

Chapter was violated. If the hearing officer finds that probable cause exists, the property shall remain in possession of the City of Oakland until final disposition of the property. If the hearing officer finds that probable cause does not exist, the hearing officer may recommend release of the property pending trial under conditions that preserve the City's interest in the property. The hearing officer may consider the existence of any affirmative defense to the forfeiture if the claimant has filed a claim in accordance with section 9.56.080. The hearing officer shall also consider whether it would be inappropriate for the property to remain in possession of the City under the circumstances of a particular case based upon a showing of extreme hardship.

5. A vehicle seized pursuant to this section, where appropriate, may be held as evidence in any proceeding brought by the Prosecuting Agency.

9.56.070 Forfeiture.

A. Except as provided in subsection G of this section, if the <u>Prosecuting Agency</u> determines that the factual circumstances do warrant that the vehicle described in Section 9.56,020 is subject to forfeiture, the <u>Prosecuting Agency</u> shall file a petition for forfeiture with the Superior Court of Alameda County.

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B. A petition for forfeiture under this subdivision shall be filed as soon as practicable, but in any case within one year of the seizure of the property which is subject to forfeiture.

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The <u>Prosecuting Agency</u> shall cause a notice of the seizure and of the intended forfeiture proceedings, as well as a notice stating that any interested party may file a verified claim with the Superior Court of Alameda County, to be served by personal delivery or by registered mail upon any person who has an interest in the seized vehicle. Whenever a notice is delivered pursuant to this section, it shall be accompanied by a claim form as described in Section 9.56.080, directions for the filing and service of a claim and notice of the availability of a hearing under section

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9.56.050.

D. An investigation shall be made by the Oakland Police Department as to any claimant to a vehicle whose right, title, interest, or lien is of record in the Department of Motor Vehicles or appropriate federal agency. If the Oakland Police Department finds that any person, other than the registered owner, is the legal owner thereof, and such ownership did not

the Department of Motor Vehicles or appropriate federal agency.

arise subsequent to the date and time of arrest or notification of the forfeiture proceedings or seizure of the vehicle, it shall forthwith send a notice to the legal owner at his or her address appearing on the records of

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All notices shall set forth the time within which a claim of interest in the Deleted: property seized or subject to forfeiture is required to be filed pursuant to Section 9.56.080. With respect to vehicles described in Section 9.56,020 for which forfeiture Deleted: is sought and as to which forfeiture is contested, the city of Oakland must Deleted: 010 prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the vehicle was used as Deleted: shall have the burden of set forth in Section 9.56,020. Trial shall be before the court or jury. The proving presiding judge of the Superior Court shall assign the action brought Deleted: 010 pursuant to this chapter for trial. The Prosecuting Agency may, pursuant to this subsection, order the Deleted: forfeiture of vehicles seized under this chapter. The Prosecuting Agency Deleted: District Attorney or City Attorney shall provide notice of the proceedings under this subsection, including: **Deleted:** District Attorney or City Attomey A description of the vehicle; Deleted: The date and place of seizure; Deleted: The violation of law alleged with respect to forfeiture of the Deleted: property; The instructions for filing and serving a claim with the Prosecuting Deleted: Agency pursuant to Section 9.56.080 and time limits for filing a Deleted: District Attorney or City Attomey claim. Notice of the availability of a hearing pursuant to section 9.56.080. If no claims are timely filed, the Prosecuting Agency shall prepare a Deleted: written declaration of forfeiture of the vehicle to the city and dispose of the **Deleted:** District Attorney or City Attorney property in accordance with Section 9.56.090. A written declaration of forfeiture signed by the Prosecuting Agency under this section shall be **Deleted:** Dismict Attorney or City Attomey deemed to provide good and sufficient title to the forfeited property. The Prosecuting Agency ordering forfeiture pursuant to this section shall **Deleted:** District Attorney or City provide a copy of the declaration of forfeiture to any person who received notice of the forfeiture proceedings. If a claim is timely filed, then the Prosecuting Agency shall file a petition for forfeiture pursuant to this section within thirty days of the receipt of the **Deleted:** District Attorney or City Attomey **Deleted:** (Ord. 12093 (part), 1998: Ord. 12015 (part), 1997: Ord. 11987 Regulations for the administration of this Chapter shall be promulgated by J. (part), 1997: prior code § 3-23.07)

9.56.080 Interest claim.

A. Any person claiming an interest in the vehicle seized pursuant to this chapter must, at any time within ten days from the date of the notice of

the City Administrator or her designee within 60 days of passage of this ordinance and must be consistent with the requirements of this ordinance.

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accordance with Section 446 of the Code of Civil Procedure, stating his or her interest in the property. An endorsed copy of the claim shall be served by the claimant on the Prosecuting Agency within ten days of the filing of Deleted: District Attorney or City the claim. If a verified claim is filed, the forfeiture proceeding shall be set for Deleted: hearing on a day not less than thirty (30) days therefrom. Deleted: The hearing shall be before the court or jury Deleted: The provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure shall apply to proceedings under this chapter unless otherwise inconsistent with the provisions or procedures set forth in this chapter. However, in proceedings under this chapter, there shall be no joinder of actions, coordination of actions, except for forfeiture proceedings, or crosscomplaints, and the issues shall be limited strictly to the questions related to this chapter, Deleted: (Ord. 12093 (part), 1998: Ord, 12015 (part), 1997; Ord, 11987 (part), 1997: prior code § 3-23.08) 9.56.090 Sale of vehicles. Deleted: ¶ In all cases where vehicles seized pursuant to this chapter are forfeited to the city, the vehicles shall be sold, or at the city's option a settlement based on the Deleted: if cash is paid as monetary value of the vehicle may be arranged in lieu of forfeiture of the vehicle. The Deleted: in lieu of forfeiture of the vehicle, and proceeds of any sale or settlement shall be distributed and appropriated as follows: A. To the bona fide or innocent purchaser, conditional sales vendor, mortgagee or lien holder of the property, if any, up to the amount of his or her interest in the property, when the court or Prosecuting Agency **Deleted:** District Attorney or City declaring the forfeiture orders a distribution to that person. To the Prosecuting Agency for all expenditures made or incurred by it in Deleted: connection with the publication of the notices set forth in Section 9.56.070. **Deleted:** District Attorney or City Attorney and the sale of the vehicle, including expenditures for any necessary repairs, storage, or transportation of any vehicle seized under this chapter. The remaining funds shall be distributed as follows: Deleted: Fifty (50) percent to the local law enforcement entities that Deleted: participated in the seizure distributed so as to reflect the proportionate contribution of each agency. Deletød: Fifty (50) percent to the Prosecuting Agency. **Deleted:** District Attorney or City

All the funds distributed to the local law enforcement entities or

Prosecuting Agency pursuant to subsection C of this section shall not

supplant any funds that would, in the absence of this subdivision, be made

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Attorney

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seizure, file with the Superior Court of Alameda County a claim, verified in

available to support the law enforcement and prosecutorial efforts of these agencies.

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Peleted: (Ord. 12093 (part), 1998: Ord. 12015 (part), 1997: Ord. 11987 (part), 1997: prior code § 3-23.09)

For the purposes of this section, "local governmental entity," means any city, county, or city and county in this state,
9.56.100 Severability Clause.
If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase or word in this ordinance is declared unconstitutional or invalid by any court, said ruling shall not invalidate any other portion of this ordinance. The City Council finds and determines that it would have adopted this ordinance without said section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase or word.
IN COUNCIL, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA, JUNE, 2005
PASSED BY THE FOLLOWING VOTE:
AYES- BROOKS, BRUNNER, CHANG, KERNIGHAN, NADEL, QUAN, REID, and PRESIDENT DE LA FUENTE
NOES-
ABSENT-
ABSTENTION-
ATTEST:LATONDA SIMMONS City Clerk and Clerk of the Council of the City of Oakland, California