



AGENDA REPORT

TO: Sabrina B. Landreth
City Administrator

FROM: Katano Kasaine
Director of Finance

SUBJECT: Appropriations Limits for FY 2019-20

DATE: May 22, 2019

City Administrator Approval

Date:

5/23/19

RECOMMENDATION

Staff Recommends That The City Council Adopt A Resolution Establishing An Appropriations Limit For Fiscal Year 2019-20 Pursuant To Article XIII B Of The California Constitution.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Approval of this resolution will bring the City of Oakland (City) into compliance with California Government Code Title 1 (General), Division 9 (Expenditure Limitations), Section 7910(a).

A government entity cannot appropriate the proceeds of taxes it receives in excess of the Appropriations Limit during any fiscal year. The City's Appropriations Limit for FY 2019-20 is \$664.87 million. The FY 2019-20 Proposed Budget appropriates \$640.11 million in proceeds of taxes, which is \$24.76 million less than the Appropriations Limit.

The City should seek to increase the Appropriations Limit during FY 2019-20 – which requires majority voter approval – to ensure that any new proceeds of taxes (general or special) do not exceed the calculated Appropriations Limit in future fiscal years.

BACKGROUND / LEGISLATIVE HISTORY

California Proposition 4 (November 1979) created Article XIII B of the California Constitution, which addresses Limitation of Government Appropriations. Effective July 1, 1980, it created an upper limit on the annual amount of funds that can be appropriated by the State and local governments. The appropriations limit is sometimes referred to as the "Gann limit," after Paul Gann, one of the proposition's authors.

Section 13B.1 states that the annual appropriations limit of "...each local government shall not exceed the appropriations limit of the entity of government for the prior year adjusted for the change in the cost of living and the change in population..." further, section 13B.1.5 states that "the annual calculation of the appropriations limit under this article for each entity of local government shall be reviewed as part of an annual financial audit." Many local government

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Measure B sales tax, gas tax, and state grants and state-mandated cost subventions included in the Grants and Subsidies category. Interest income is prorated so that the interest earned on tax revenue is included as proceeds of taxes.

Most of the City's other revenue sources are classified as non-proceeds of taxes: franchise fees, Landscape and Lighting Assessments (special benefit assessment districts are excluded from the limitation), fines and penalties, license and permit fees, service charges, rentals and concessions, federal grants, Oakland Redevelopment Successor Agency reimbursements (redevelopment agencies are exempt from Article XIII B), internal service revenues, and other miscellaneous revenues. Enterprise funds – sewer service charges and golf course revenues – are also exempt from the limitation. Fund transfers are re-appropriations of revenue received in previous years; these funds were included in the calculation of appropriations subject to limitation in the year they were received and are not counted twice.

The total city appropriations subject to limitation per Article XIII B is \$640.11 million, which is \$24.76 million less than the Appropriation Limit. This amount is derived by taking the City's total proceeds of taxes of \$782.23 million less \$142.13 million of property tax revenue appropriated to service voter-approved debt which is exempted from the appropriations limit.

The City should seek to increase the Appropriations Limit during FY 2019-20 – which requires majority voter approval – to ensure that any new proceeds of taxes (general or special) do not exceed the calculated Appropriations Limit in future fiscal years.

FISCAL IMPACT

There is no fiscal impact associated with this report.

PUBLIC OUTREACH / INTEREST

No public outreach is required for this item apart from the regular noticing requirements. California Government Code Title 1 (General), Division 9 (Expenditure Limitations), Section 7910(a) states that "Each year the governing body of each local jurisdiction shall, by resolution, establish its appropriations limit and make other necessary determinations for the following fiscal year pursuant to Article XIII B of the California Constitution at a regularly scheduled meeting or noticed special meeting. Fifteen days prior to the meeting documentation used in the determination of the appropriations limit and other necessary determinations shall be available to the public."

COORDINATION

This report was prepared by the Finance Department's Budget Bureau.

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OPPORTUNITIES

Economic: No direct economic opportunities have been identified.

Environmental: No direct environmental opportunities have been identified.

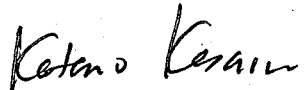
Social Equity: No direct social equity opportunities have been identified.

ACTION REQUESTED OF THE CITY COUNCIL

Staff Recommends That the City Council Adopt A Resolution Establishing the City of Oakland's Appropriation Limit for Fiscal Year (FY) 2019-20 Pursuant to Article XIII B of the California Constitution.

For questions regarding this report, please contact Adam Benson, Budget Administrator at (510) 238-2026.

Respectfully submitted,



KATANO KASAINÉ
Director of Finance

FILED
OFFICE OF THE CITY CLERK
OAKLAND

2019 MAY 23 PM 5:11


City Attorney's Office

OAKLAND CITY COUNCIL

RESOLUTION NO. _____ C.M.S.

RESOLUTION ESTABLISHING AN APPROPRIATIONS LIMIT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019-20 PURSUANT TO ARTICLE XIII B OF THE CALIFORNIA CONSTITUTION

WHEREAS, Article XIII B of the California Constitution (Limitation of Government Appropriations) was passed by the California electorate on November 6, 1979, and became effective on July 1, 1980; and

WHEREAS, Title 1, Division 9 (commencing with Section 7900), of the California Government Code, formally implements methods for governmental entities to establish and define annual appropriations limits, based on annual appropriations for the prior fiscal year, which is fiscal year 2018-19, for fiscal year 2019-20; now therefore be it

RESOLVED: That the annual appropriations limit for the City of Oakland for FY 2019-20 is \$664,870,535 as reflected in Exhibit A; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED: That the growth factors used to calculate the limit are the county population change and the increase in the California per capita income.

IN COUNCIL, OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA,

PASSED BY THE FOLLOWING VOTE:

AYES - FORTUNATO BAS, GALLO, GIBSON MCELHANEY, KALB, REID, TAYLOR, THAO AND PRESIDENT KAPLAN

NOES -

ABSENT -

ABSTENTION -

ATTEST: _____
LATONDA SIMMONS
City Clerk and Clerk of the Council of the
City of Oakland, California

**ARTICLE XIII B APPROPRIATIONS LIMIT
Fiscal Year 2019-20**

Article XIII B of the California Constitution was created by the passage of Proposition 4 in November 1979 and establishes a limit on the amount of tax revenue which can be appropriated by government jurisdictions. This limit is popularly known as the Gann Limit. Each year, the limit is recalculated by multiplying the previous year's limit by adjustment factors for population growth and inflation. Proposition 111, passed in June 1990, gave cities the option of using their own growth or the growth of the entire county in which the city is located as the population adjustment factor. Cities were also given the option of using the increase in California Per Capita Income or the increase in the assessed valuation of non-residential property in the City as the inflation adjustment factor. Cities have the option each year of deciding which factor to use. For 2019-20, Oakland is using the population growth of the County of Alameda and the increase in California Per Capita Income. These adjustment factors must be applied to retroactively recalculate the appropriations limit for 1987-88 (i.e. the base year) and each year thereafter in order to arrive at the limit for 2019-20.

2018-19 Appropriations Limit \$635,449,235

2019-20 Adjustment Factors

County of Alameda Population Change	=	1.0075	(0.75%)
California Per Capita Income Change	=	1.0385	(3.85%)
Combined Change = 1.0075 x 1.0385	=	1.0463	

2019-20 Appropriations Limit \$664,870,535

Not all City appropriations are subject to the limitation of Article XIII B. The intent of Proposition 4 was to restrict only the appropriation of "proceeds of taxes." Determining which appropriations are subject to the limit requires classifying each funding source as either proceeds of taxes or non-proceeds of taxes. Property tax and local taxes are subject to limitation. State taxes that are subvented to the City count against the City's limit if their use is unrestricted, as in the case of sales tax and motor vehicle in lieu. State subventions that are restricted in use are applied against the State's limit rather than the City's, so they are considered non-proceeds of taxes for the City's calculation. This includes Measure B sales tax, gas tax, and state grants and state-mandated cost subventions included in the Grants and Subsidies category. Interest income is prorated so that the interest earned on tax revenue is included as proceeds of taxes.

Most of the City's other revenue sources are classified as non-proceeds of taxes: franchise fees, Landscape and Lighting Assessments (special benefit assessment districts are excluded from the limitation), fines and penalties, license and permit fees, service charges, rentals and concessions, federal grants, Oakland Redevelopment Agency reimbursements (redevelopment agencies are exempt from Article XIII B), internal service revenues, and other miscellaneous revenues. Enterprise funds – sewer service charges and golf course revenues – are also exempt from the limitation. Fund transfers are re-appropriations of revenue received in previous years; these funds were included in the calculation of appropriations subject to limitation in the year they were received and are not counted twice.

ARTICLE XIII B - APPROPRIATIONS SUBJECT TO LIMITATION

FY 2019-20

Revenue	Total	Proceeds of Taxes	Non Proceeds of Taxes
PROPERTY TAX	\$365.90	\$365.90	
STATE TAX			
Sales Tax	88.85	59.14	29.72
Gas Tax	18.07		18.07
Subtotal, State Taxes	\$106.92	\$59.14	\$47.79
LOCAL TAXES			
Business License Tax	99.67	99.67	
Utility Consumption Tax	55.16	55.16	
Real Estate Transfer Tax	82.87	82.87	
Transient Occupancy Tax	33.71	33.71	
Parking Tax	22.32	22.32	
Sugar Sweetened Beverage Tax	10.63	10.63	
Special Taxes	51.62	51.62	
Subtotal, Local Taxes	\$355.99	\$355.99	
LANDSCAPE & LIGHTING ASSESSMENT	19.16		19.16
INFRASTRUCTURE BOND	82.80		82.80
OTHER LOCAL FEES	51.08		51.08
SERVICE CHARGES	234.69		234.69
GRANTS & SUBSIDIES	80.46		80.46
MISCELLANEOUS	135.81		135.81
FUND TRANSFERS	179.82		179.82
SUBTOTAL REVENUES	\$1,612.62	\$781.02	\$831.60
INTEREST (Prorated)	1.28	1.21	0.07
TOTAL REVENUE	\$1,613.90	\$782.23	\$831.67
EXEMPTIONS*		(142.13)	
APPROPRIATIONS SUBJECT TO LIMITATION		640.11	
APPROPRIATIONS LIMIT		664.87	
OVER/(UNDER) LIMIT		(\$24.76)	

* Property tax revenue appropriated to service voter-approved debt is exempted.